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تحتوي النسخة الإلكترونية على معلومات إضافية ونصوص وصور بدقة عالية تسمح بإمكانية تكبيرها ومطالعتها بسهولة.

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط"

المكتبة البريطانية: أوراق خاصة وسجلات من مكتب الهند

IOR/R/15/6/145

٢٧ ديسمبر ١٩٠٨-٠٦ يونيو ١٩٣٥ (ميلادي)

الإنجليزية و العربية في اللاتينية بالأحرف والعربية

ملف واحد (١٠٣ ورقات)

غير معروف

المؤسسة المالكة

المرجع

التاريخ/ التواريخ

لغة الكتابة

الحجم والشكل

حق النشر

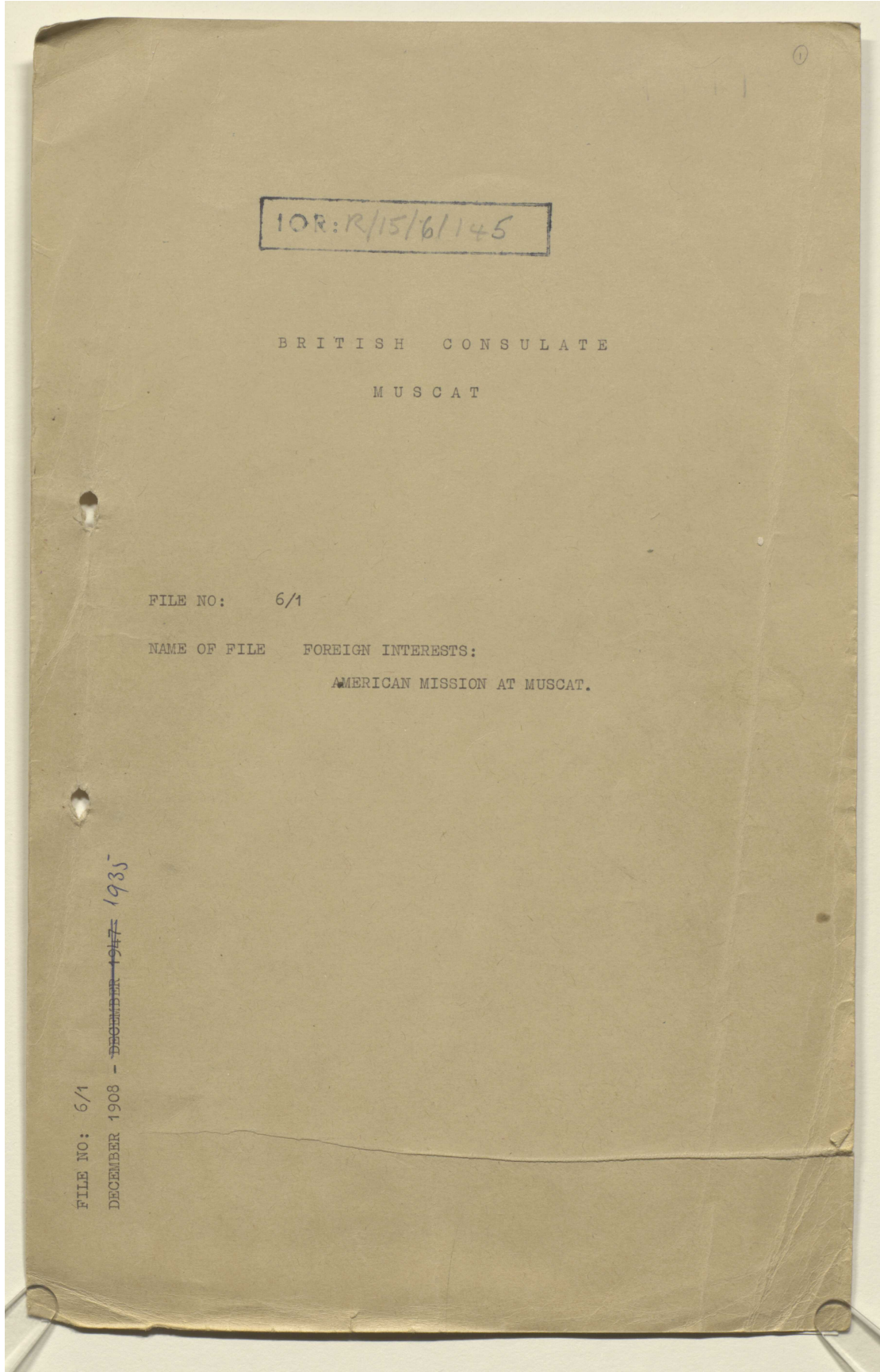


حول هذا السجل

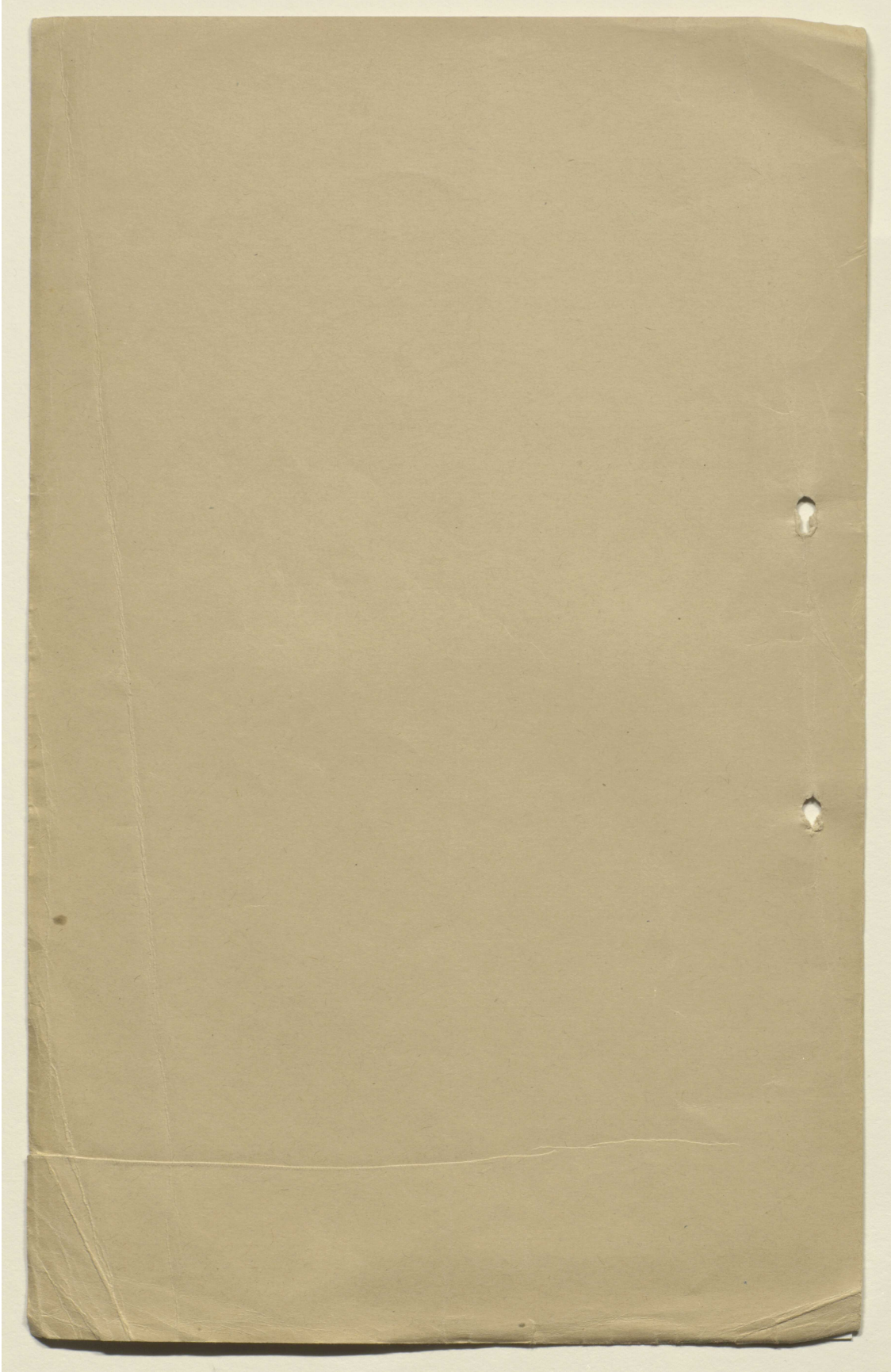
يحتوي هذا الملف على مراسلات بخصوص شؤون تتعلق بالإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط، بما في ذلك
تحركات وأنشطة أعضائها ورغبة الإرسالية في بناء مستشفى في مطرح.

تدور غالبية المراسلات بين مسؤولين في المقيمة السياسية والوكالة والقنصلية البريطانية في
مسقط، ولكن الملف يضم أيضاً قدرًا محدودًا من المراسلات من أعضاء الإرسالية الأمريكية،
مسؤولين دبلوماسيين أمريكيين، مجلس الوزراء في مسقط، والسيد فيصل بن تركي آل بوسعيد، سلطان
مسقط وعمان. بعض الرسائل من السيد فيصل وارده باللغة العربية (مع ترجماتها إلى الإنجليزية).

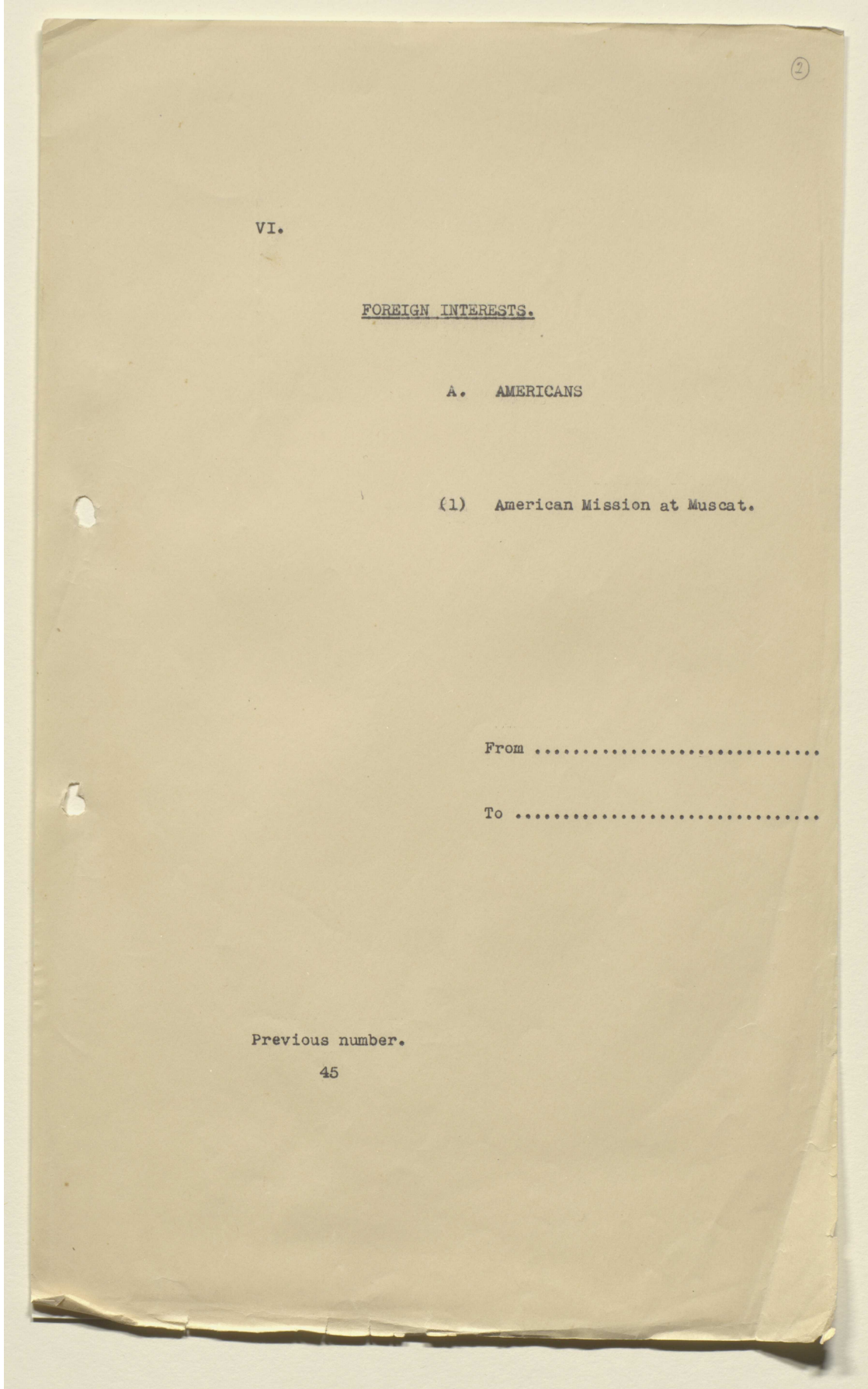
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [أمامي]
(٢١٠/١)



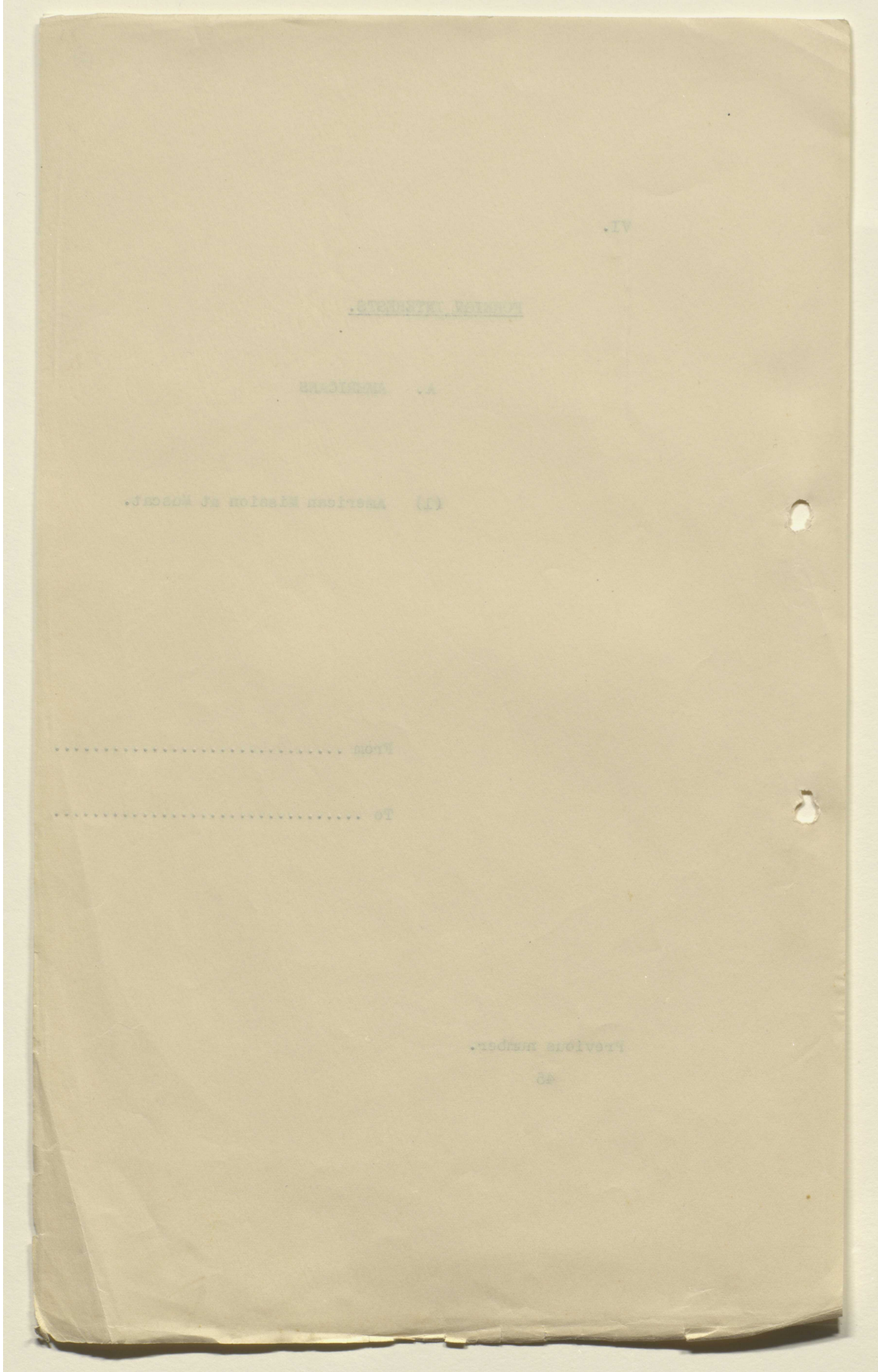
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [أمامي-داخلي]
(٢١٠/٢)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢ و] (٢١٠ / ٣)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢ظ] (٢١٠/٤)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٣] [٥ / ٢١٠]

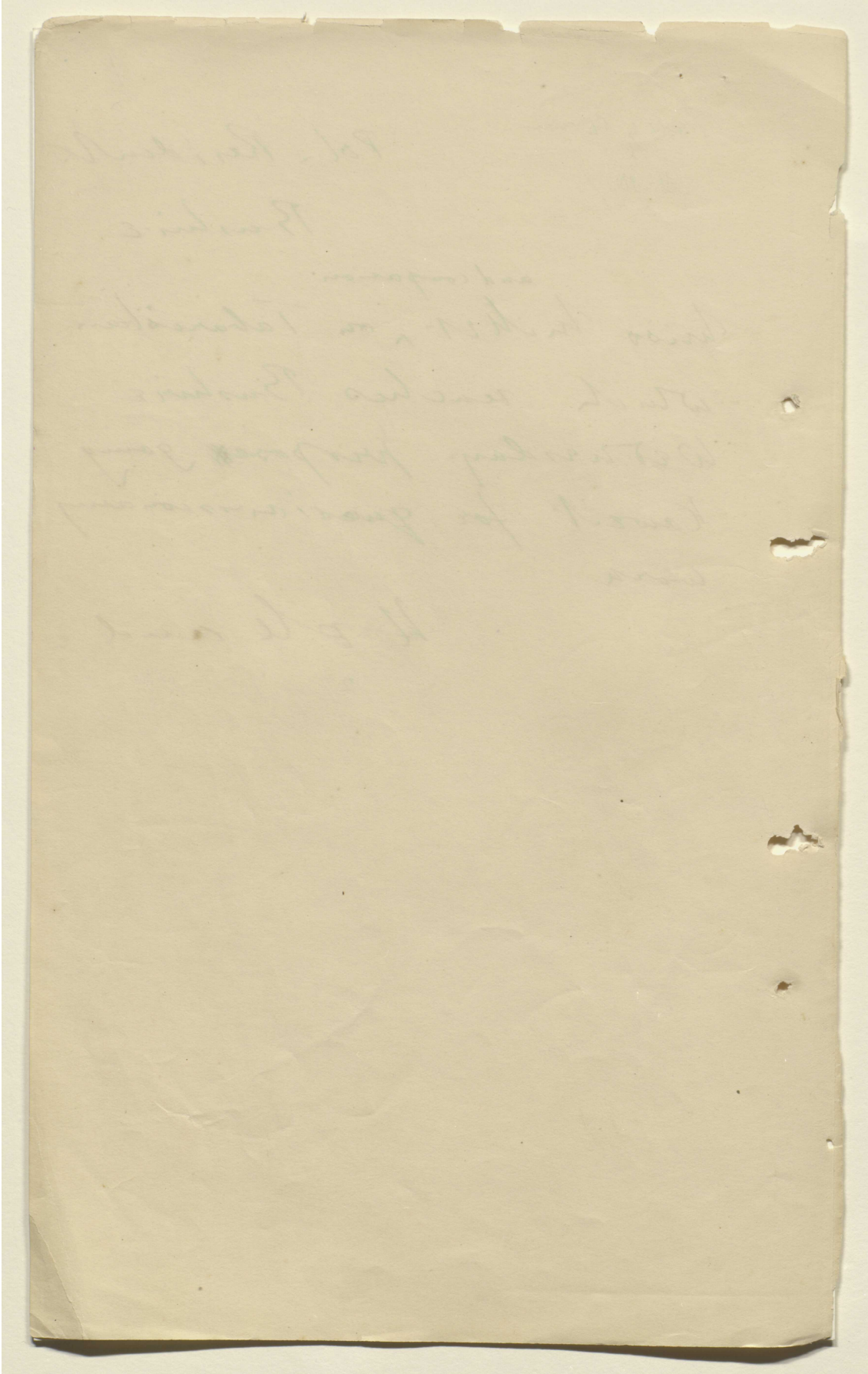
③
1

Telegram
No. 1007

Pol. Resident
Bushire
and companion
Miss Miller on Tabaristan
which reaches Bushire
Wednesday. propose going
Koweit for quasi-missionary
work.

Holland.
27-12-08

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٣ظ] (٢١٠/٦)



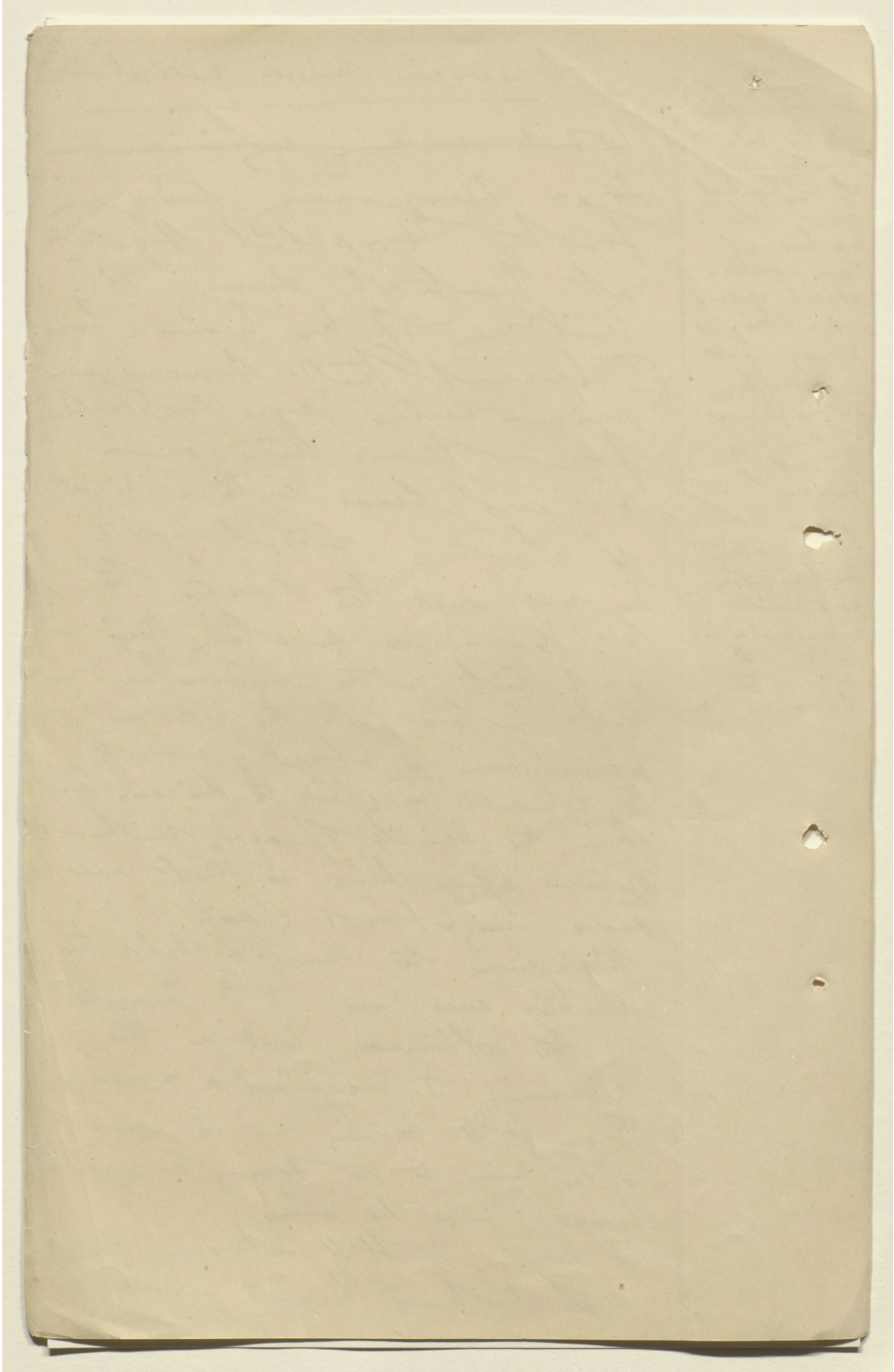
In connection
with the in-
terview
of the medical
work here
we have
been con-
sidering open-
ing a dis-
pensary at
Muscat.
In fact because
of this I
thought of
writing

When making
local enquiries
as to possible
accommodation
for the H.A.
& for the
dispensary

American Mission medical work

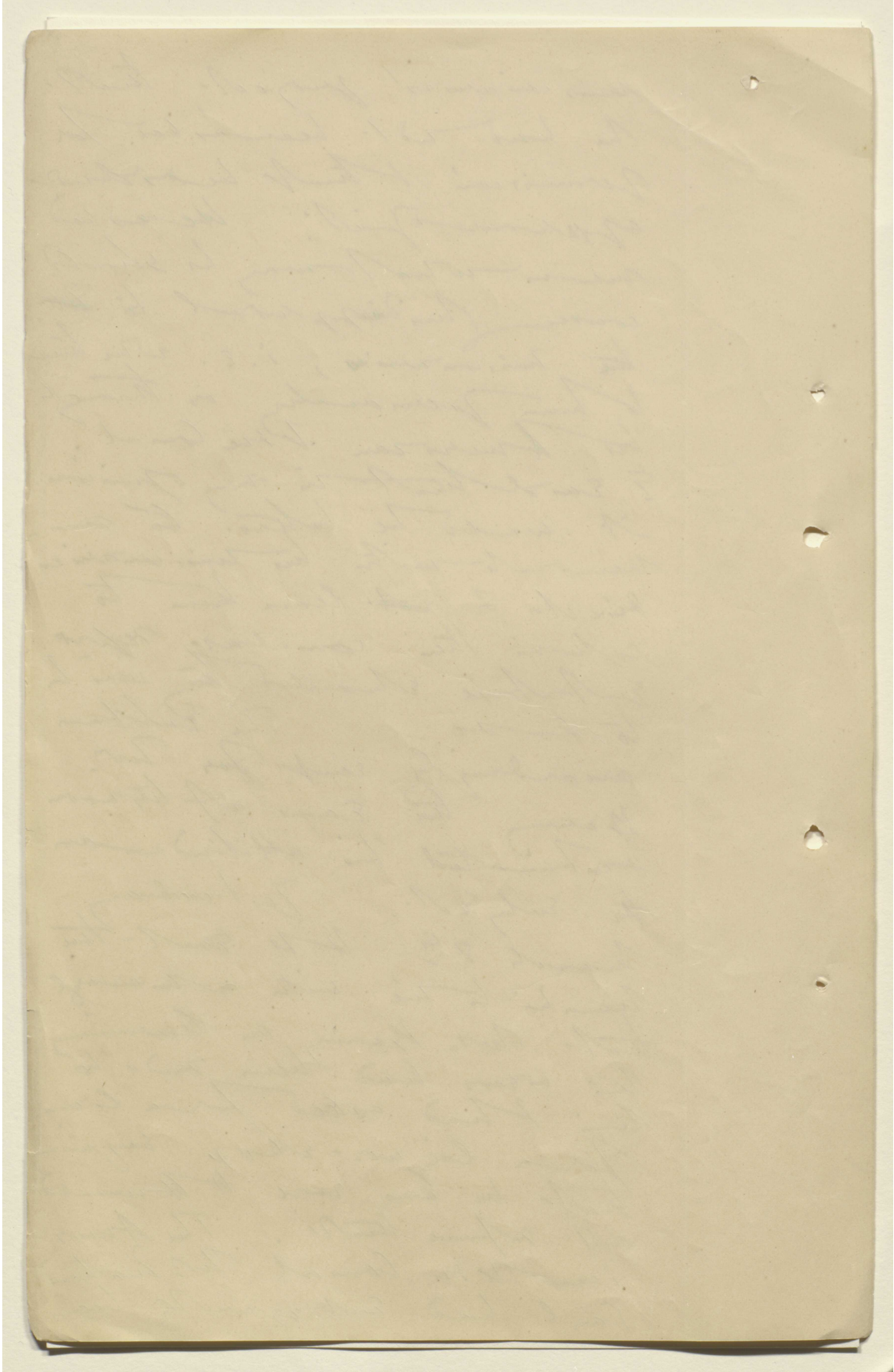
~~While making enquiries as~~
~~to a temporary lodging~~
~~for the Hospital at~~
~~at Muscat during the~~
~~building of his house here,~~
I learnt that American
missionaries were negotiating
for a house there on a
3 years' lease with a view
to starting medical work.
I mentioned the matter to
Mrs. Barry on meeting her. I
said that on the understanding
that he had got the Sultan's
permission to start work
I should be glad to discuss with
him the limits of power, mutual
spheres of action so that our
work might not clash.
We were to meet & talk the
matter over on 5th March
in the afternoon, but in the
morning I received a message
from H.A. asking me to come
& see him in the Agency Surgeon's
house where he was.
I went. H.A. at once said
that he had heard of the

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤ظ] (٢١٠/٨)



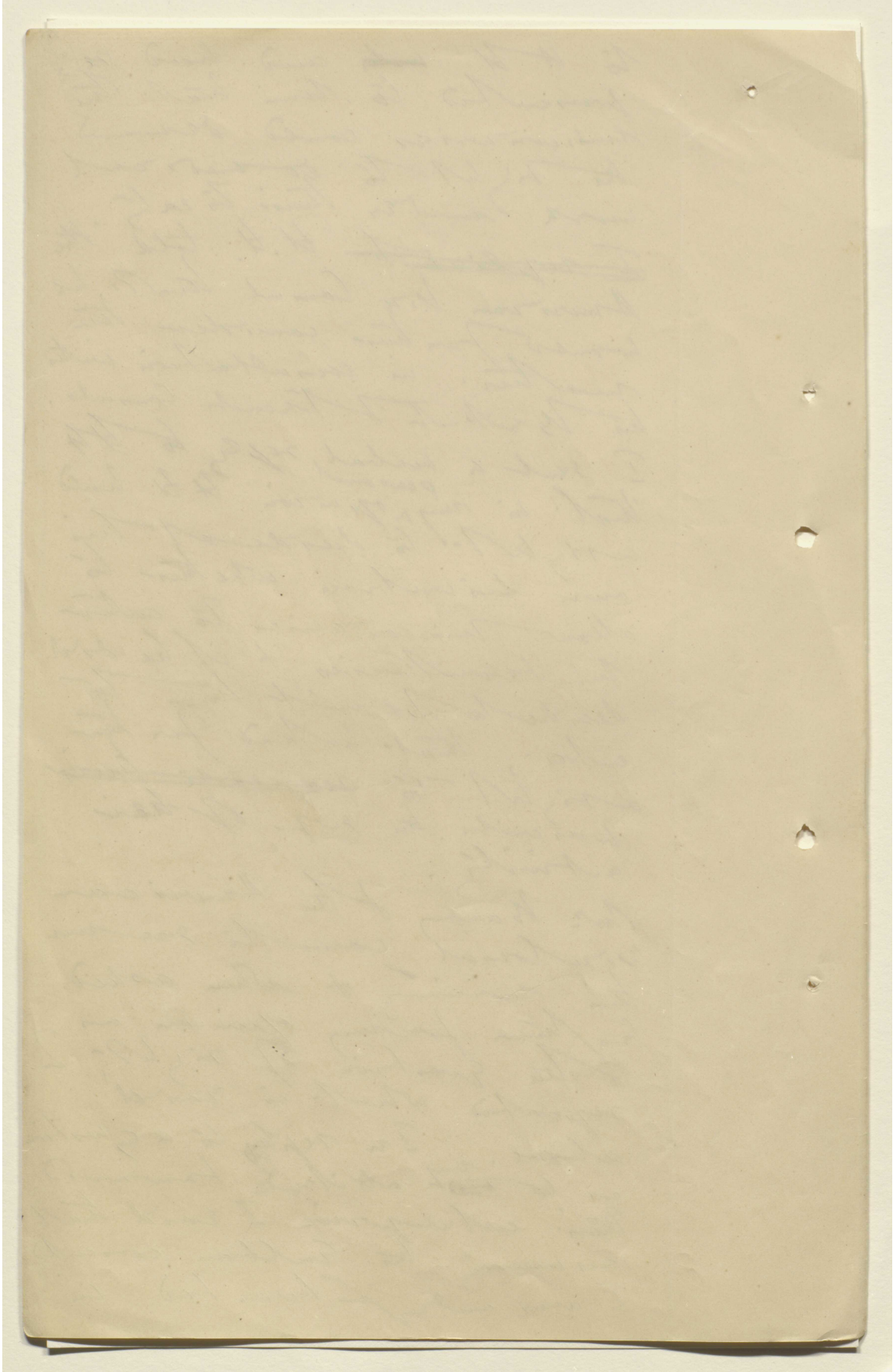
5
missionaries' project. That
he had not been asked for
permission I think he did not
approve of it. He asked
me in what way he should
course (his approval to the
the missionaries, i.e. whether
to him personally or through
the American Vice Consul.
I said that in my opinion
it would be better to com-
municate with the missionaries
direct & not leave them to
take in their consular report.
Embassy should try to wish
to do so. The Sultan
accordingly sent for Mr.
Hannay the same afternoon
& intimated his attitude on
the subject. Yesterday
March 8th 1844 sent the
Hannay to me with a message
that Mr. Hannay on learning
his views had been told to
him I had asked for a license
for a liquor shop saying
that he was sure it would
not refuse that. The Amer-
ican Vice Consul Mr. Mathew
said had subsequently been

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥ظ] (٢١٠/١٠)



to H. H. ~~and~~ and had ⁶ reply
presented to him that the
missionaries could demand
the right to do medical
work under their flag.
~~I replied to H. H.~~ told the
American Vice Consul that he
would further consider the
matter in consultation with
his British & French Consuls.
I sent a verbal reply to H. H.
that in my ^{personal} opinion H. H. had
a right to decide of his
own discretion whether to
allow missionaries to enter
his territories & if he did
decide to permit them to
enter that he had further
a right to ~~regulate their~~
prescribe the scope of their
activity.
Mr. Hanning of the American
Vice Consul came to see me
this morning & when asked
by them for my opinion as to
the question of right I
repeated what is said
above. In reply to a question
as to ~~my~~ attitude toward
their enterprise I said that
assuming the Sultan consented
I was only interested in

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦ظ] (٢١٠/١٢)



ensuring that our respective
opinion & factually did not
clash in truth, and that
this could doubtless be settled
by the discussion which we
were going to hold before
the question of the Sultan's
permission arose.

Mr. Barry asked whether
I should prefer, from a
medical point of view
that the mission should do
medical work in Muscat
rather than in Zanzibar.

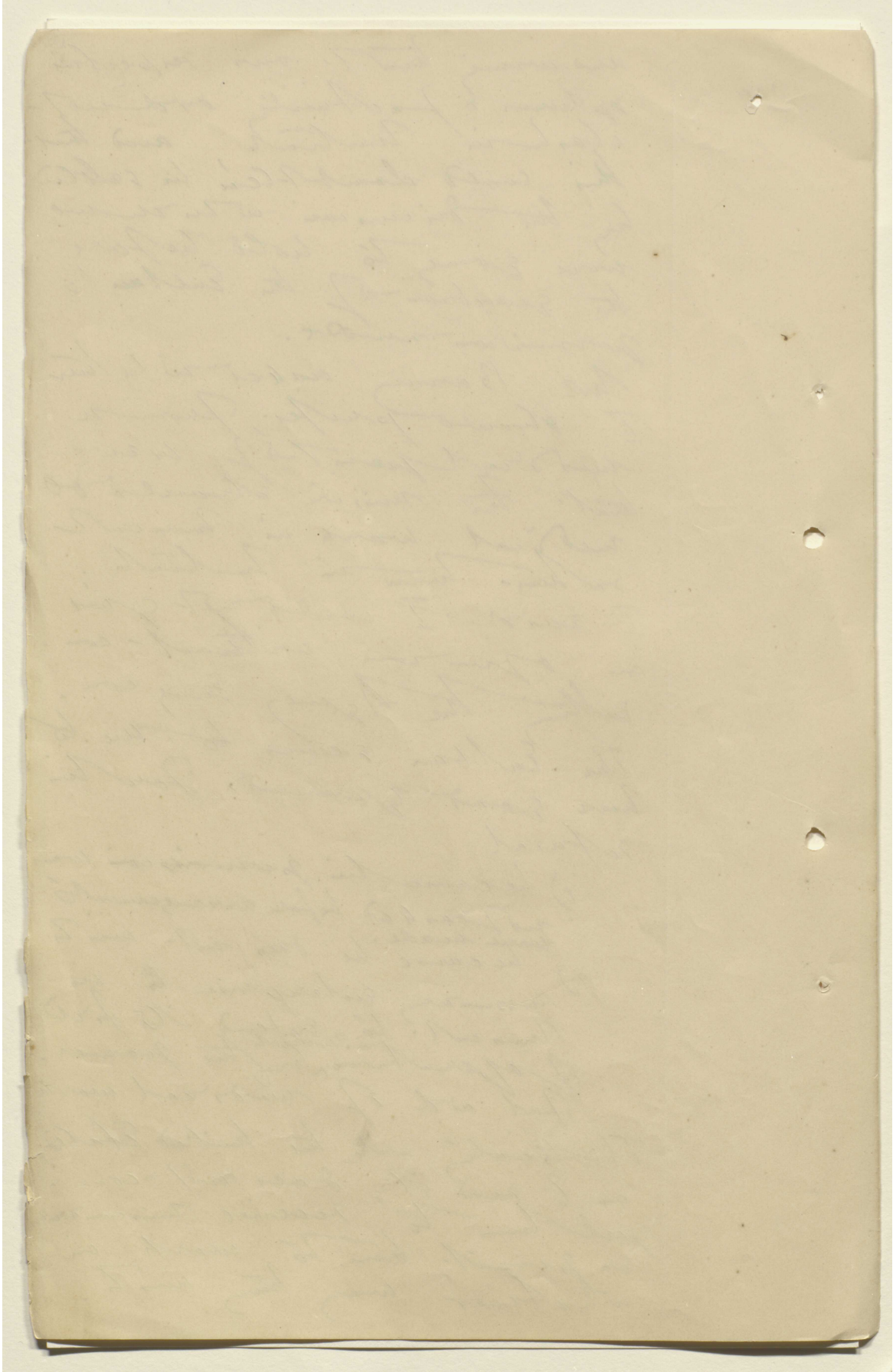
I said I could not give
an opinion without con-
sulting the Agency Engineer.
The Sultan seems to me to
have good grounds for his
refusal

1) because his permission was
not asked before arrangements
were made. because he does not wish

2) missionary enterprise to in-
crease to extend its field
of operations ^{in Muscat} in the power.
But aid of medical work

The treaty with the United States,
as I read it, does not com-
pel him to receive missionaries
or permit them to work in
whatever way they wish.

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧ظ] (٢١٠ / ١٤)



I should have thought that
 on the contrary every inde-
 pendent State had the
 right to decide whether to
 permit mission-ary enter-prise
 & if so within what limits
 it should work.

Confidential

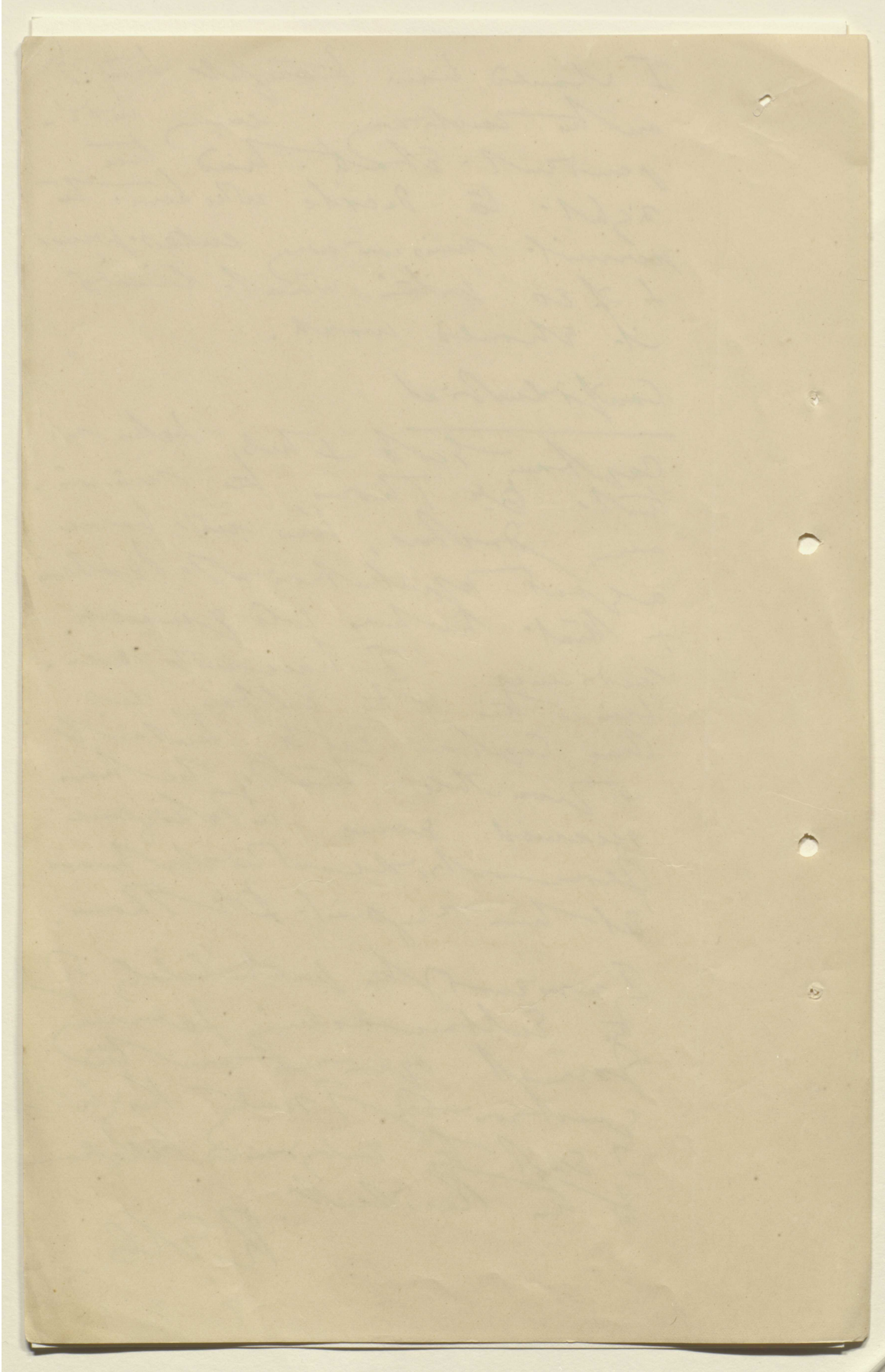
Captain Scott I beg, tells me
 that Dr Thomas the mission-
 ary doctor, has not borne
 a good reputation - Hebrin
 & that he has sold opium
 medicines. I have not men-
 tioned this to the Sultan, nor
 has Captain Scott but it
 is your tale that he has
 received some intelligence
 from outside which has
 set him against Dr Thomas.

In view of the probability of
 the Sultan asking for my
 formal opinion on the
 question of Treaty Right
 I sent my embryonic telegram
 to the Resident.

R. G. B.

9. 3. 09

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨ظ] (٢١٠ / ١٦)



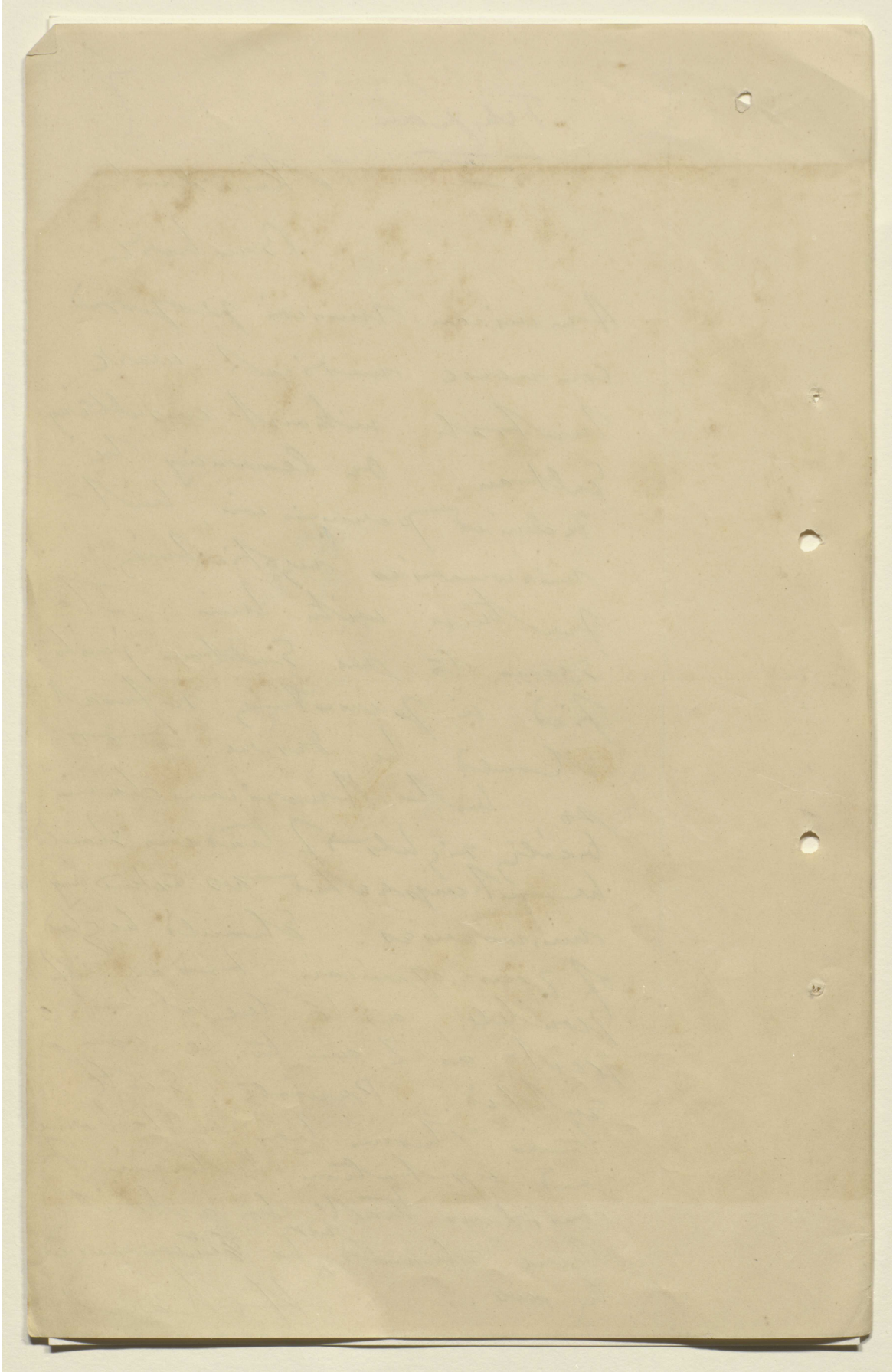
7

Tehran

To Resident.
Basrah

American mission proposed
commence medical work
in Basrah without consulting
Sultan. On learning he
declined permission, but
missionaries negotiating
further with him. It
seems to me Sultan justifi-
fied in persisting refusal
should he desire to do
so but Americans claim
treaty rights of traders should
be interpreted as extending
missionaries. Should be glad
of your opinion, today if
possible, as to legal as-
pect, as I am to be con-
sulted. P. W. Scott
Thomas has not borne
good reputation Basrah. I
consider that his activity
here should ^{not} be ~~discouraged~~
by us. H. Hand

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩ظ] (٢١٠/١٨)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠١]
(٢١٠/١٩)

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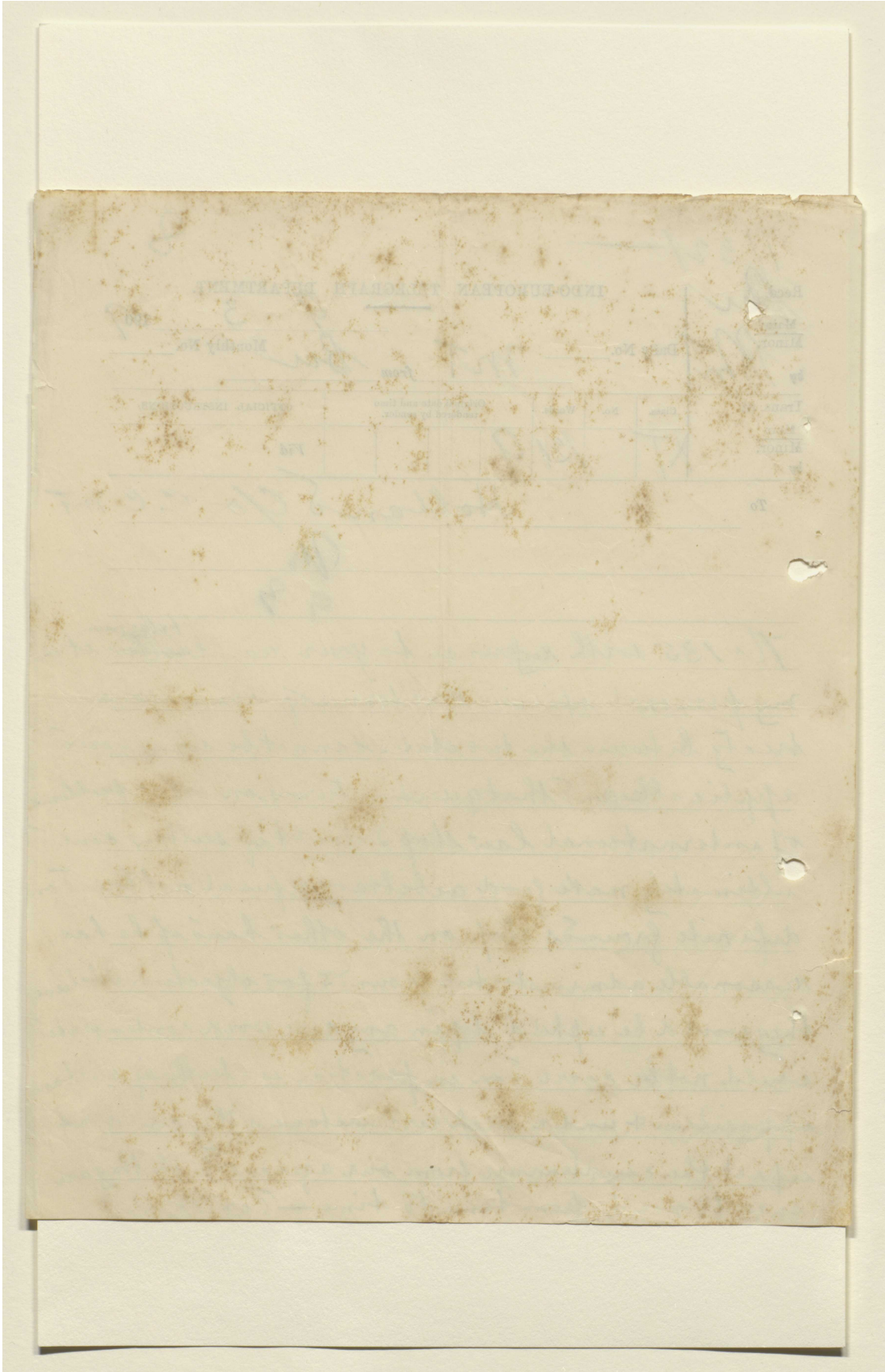
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To Holland Co. C. C. M.

Mo
93

No 135 with reference to your recent ^{telegram} letter it is my personal opinion that terms of commercial treaty between the two states cannot be considered applicable and that question turns on other problems of international law. I doubt if sultan could ultimately make good arbitrary refusal not based on definite grounds. I believe they would be upheld stop in any case work contemplated could not be carried on in practice in teeth of sultan's opposition & under such circumstances they could not expect the countenance from our agency which they are sure to need from time to time. — Cor. Co. A. C.

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠ ظ]
(٢١٠/٢٠)



Telegram 9.3.09 ①

From Resident

136

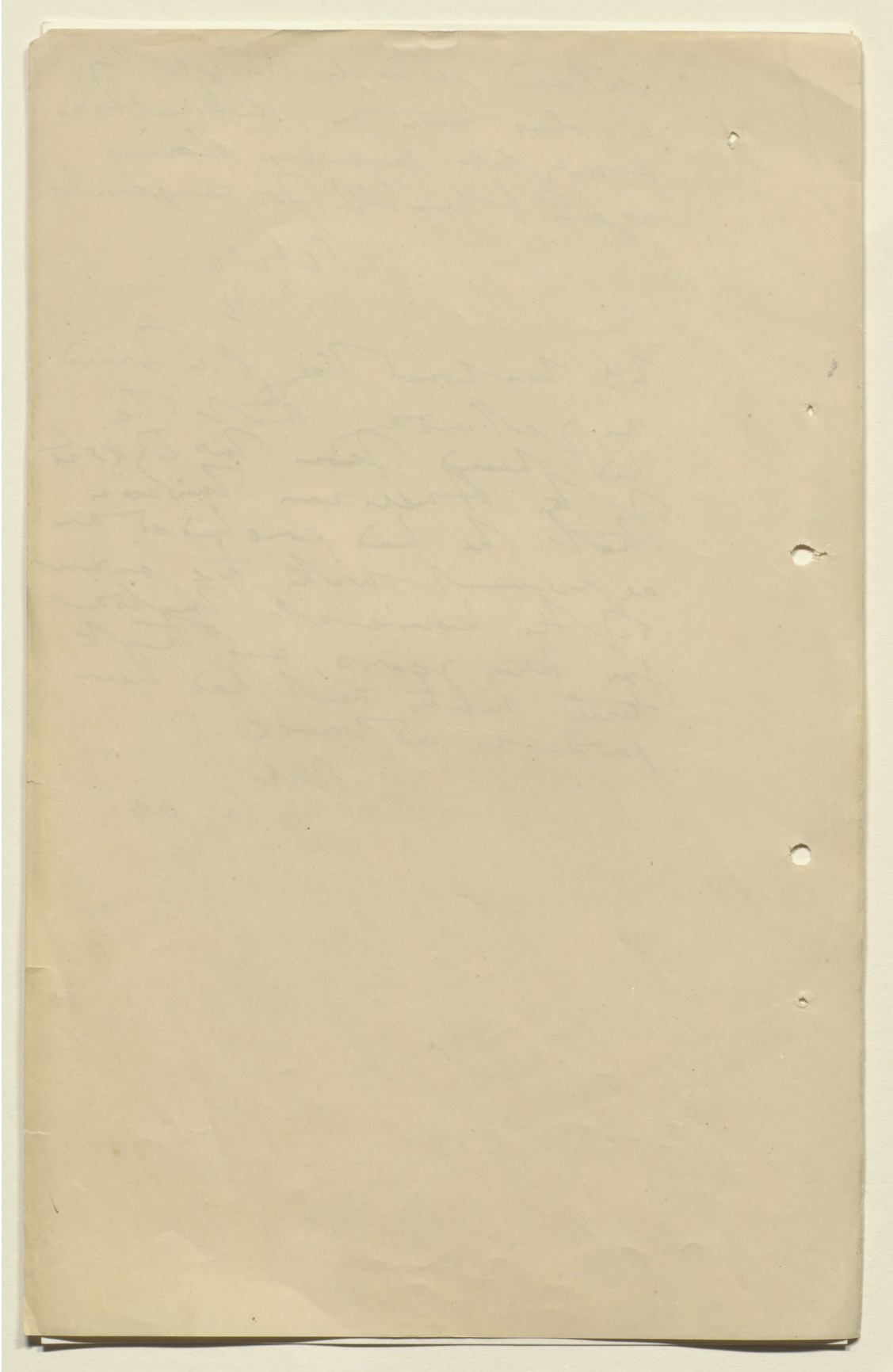
My last telegram. No
personal objection can be
made to Doctor Thomas
whose attitude at
(? Bahrein)
has given rise to no
complaint.

Cox

I informed H H of this
today, & also of the Resid.
ent's personal views with
reference to the American
Treaty.

I gathered that H H was
strongly opposed to allowing
the missionary doctor to
settle at Muscat. This was
partly because his sanction
had not been asked, but
also because he feared that
they might gain undue
influence at Muscat &
because he thought they
might use Muscat as
a base for expeditions

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١١ ظ]
(٢١٠/٢٢)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٢ و]

(٢١٠/٢٣)

inland which might ⁽¹²⁾
induce them in difficulties
towards England claims
against British for compensation.

Re: 16

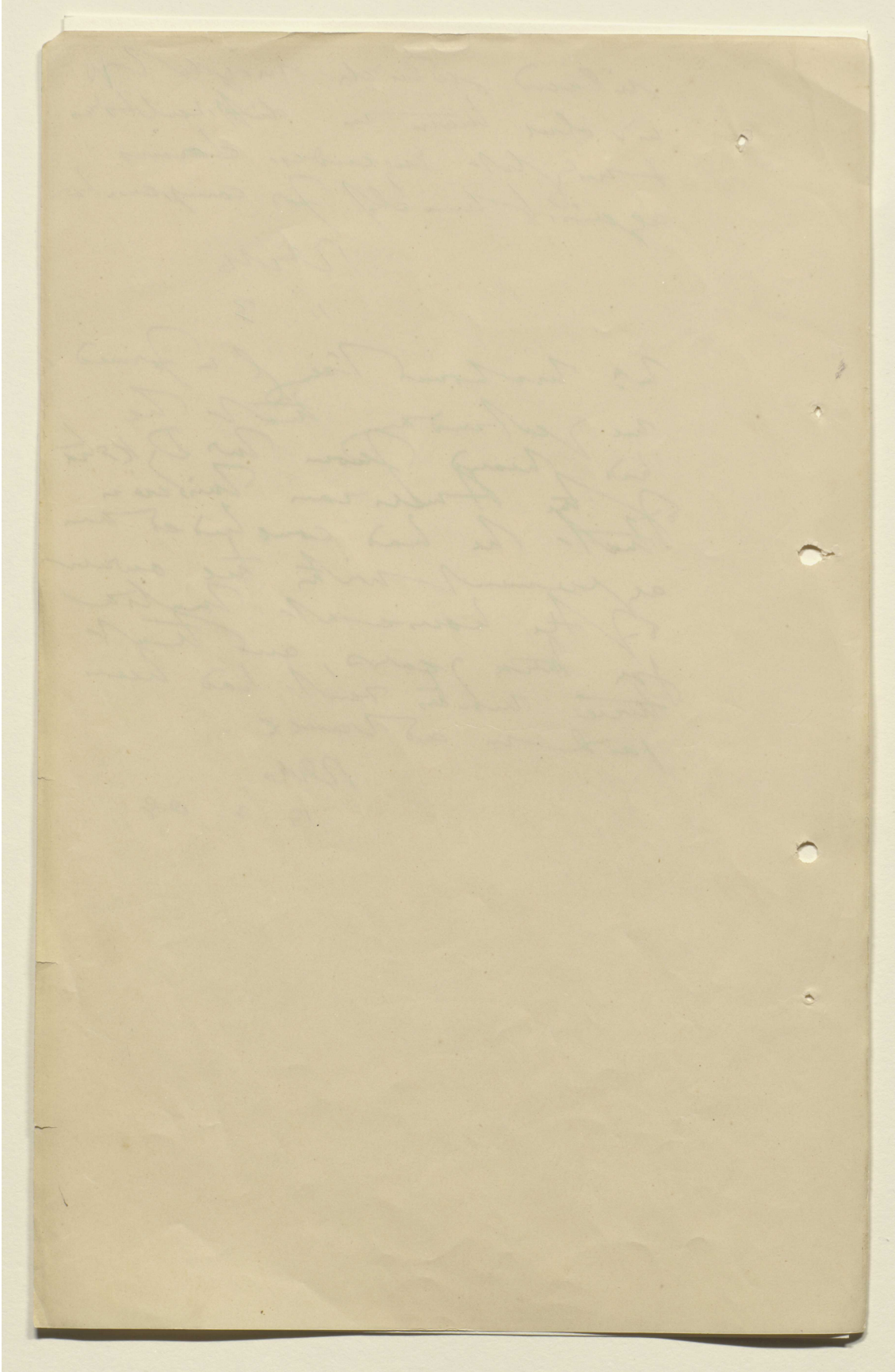
11. 3

Mr. M. Howard King informed
me yesterday that he
had heard from Mr. Dykstra
of the American Mission
that he had concluded an
agreement with the owner
of the house at Mytra
for three years, and that
three months rent had been
paid in advance.

Re: 16

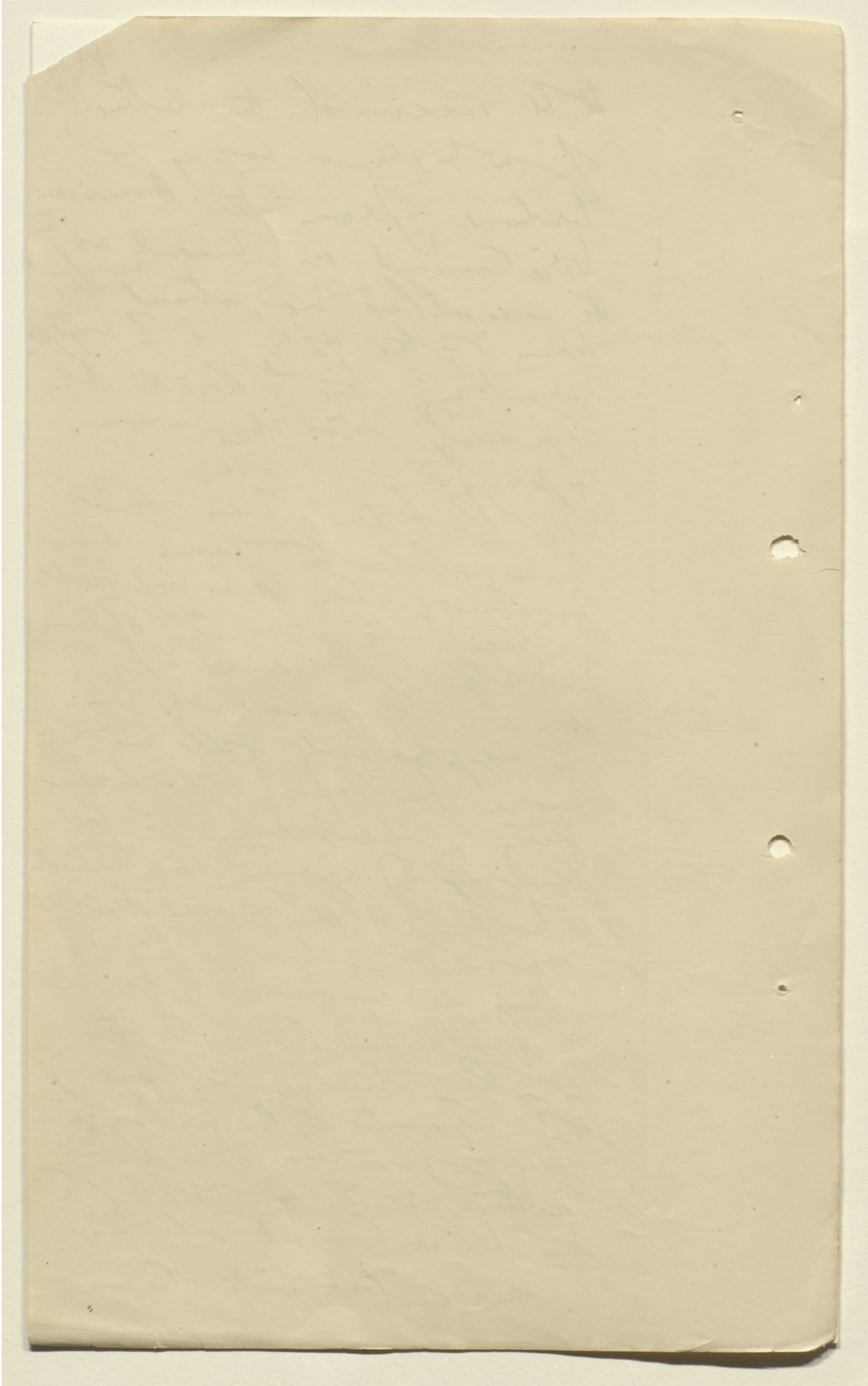
19. 3. 09

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٢ ظ]
(٢١٠/٢٤)



11
13
H.H. received the letter,
of which a copy is
below from the American
Vice Consul on March 25.
He consulted me about the
terms of the reply, & I suggested
something the Resident,
arrived which was
expected.
The Resident has not
been able to come has
further delay was impossible
to see D.E. Thomas
privately in order if
possible to persuade him
to approach H.H. in a
more far-fetched manner
than in declaring his in-
tervention of going to Matruh
whether H.H. permitted
or not.
My endeavours were
unsuccessful (see letter
to the Resident below)
I informed H.H. that, in
my opinion, he had
better send a reply to
the Vice Consul's letter.
I made it quite clear

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٣ ظ]
(٢١٠/٢٦)

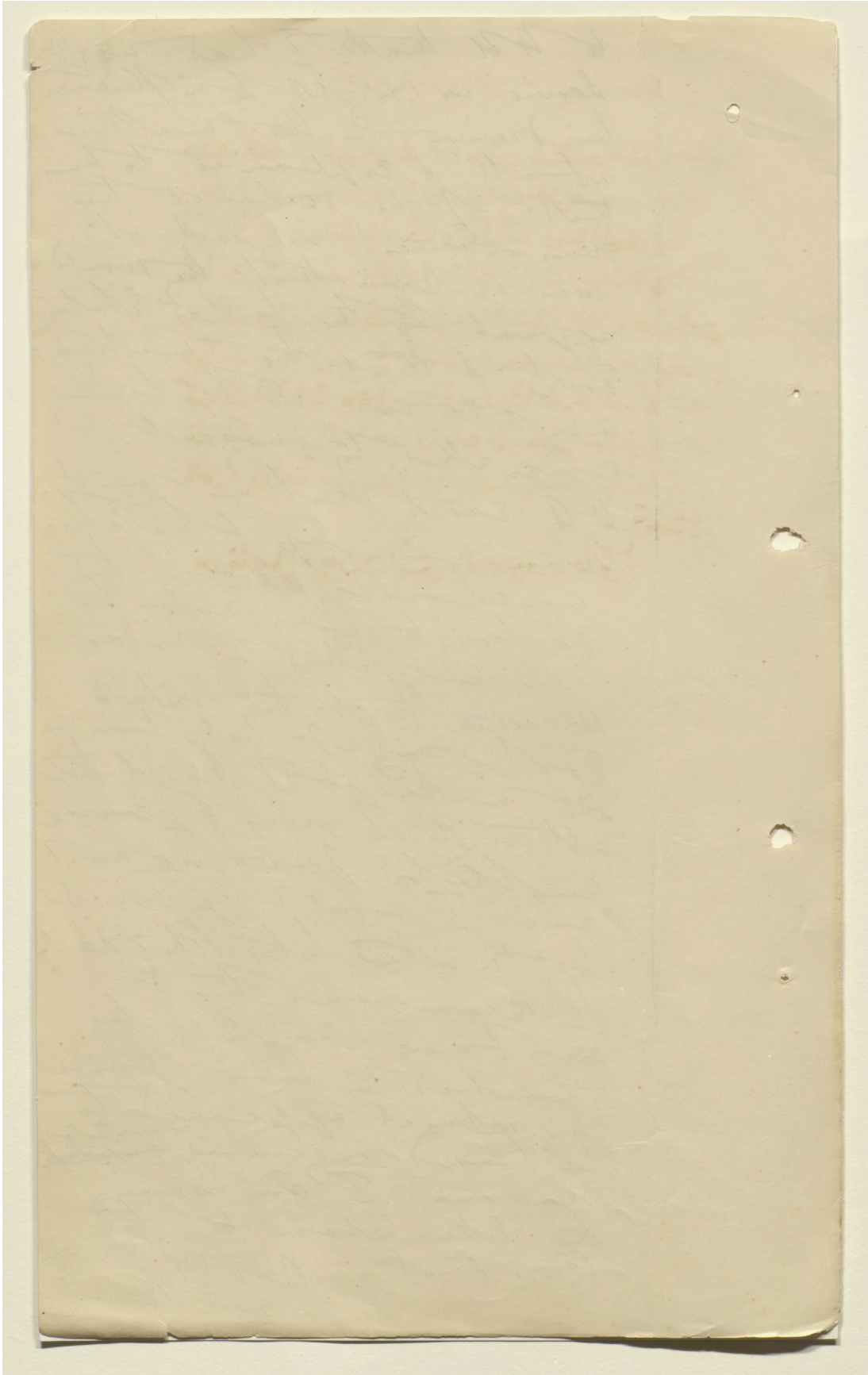


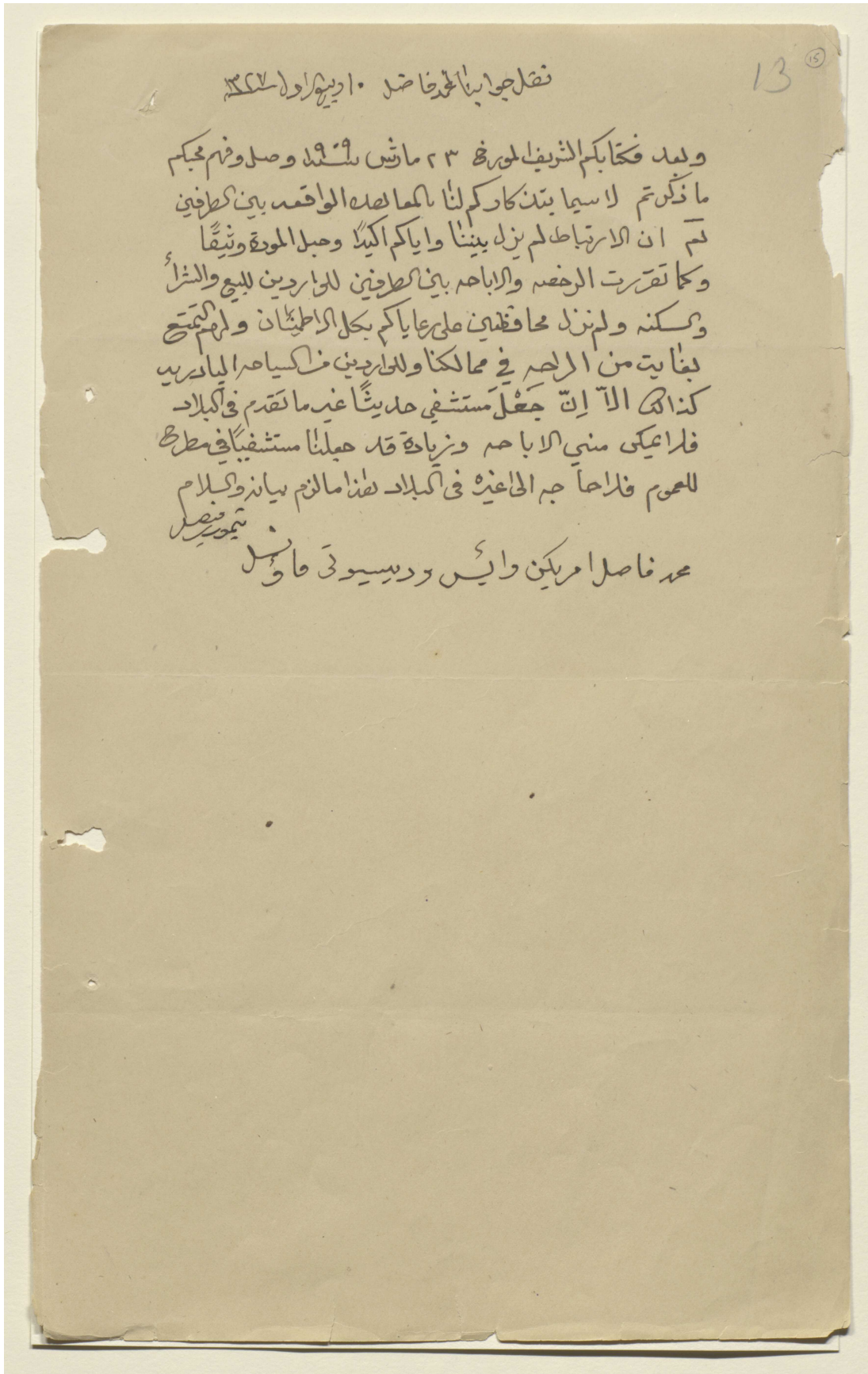
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤ و١]

(٢١٠/٢٧)

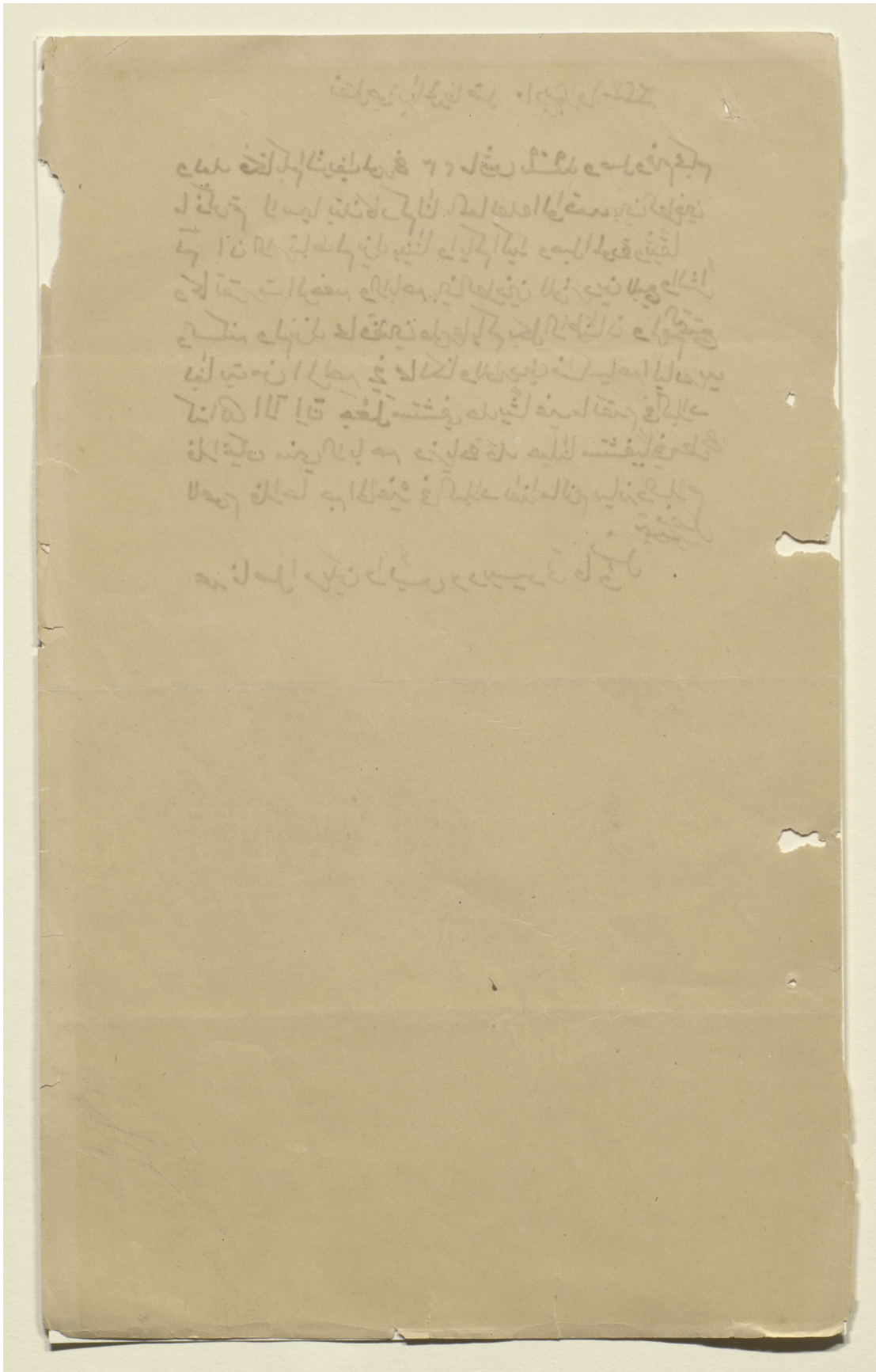
to Mr. that I had no⁽¹⁴⁾
desire or right to influence
his decision in the matter
at all & explained to him
that if he declined the
proposition I regret it
was certain that they would
appeal to the United States
Govt. & that the matter
might end in his being
compulsed to assent.
Mr. said that his mind
was made up that he
would not permit the
doctors to work unless he
were compelled to do so.
He asked that the British
Govt. might help him in
the matter. I said that
although I was of course
unable to promise assist-
ance I would represent
the matter to the Resident.
I recommended that
assistance might be
granted to him, and
his refusal appeared to
be based on genuine ^{administrative} ~~scientific~~
reasons. I am issuing
the letter below to the
Resident. R. M. B.
2-4

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤١ ظ]
(٢١٠/٢٨)

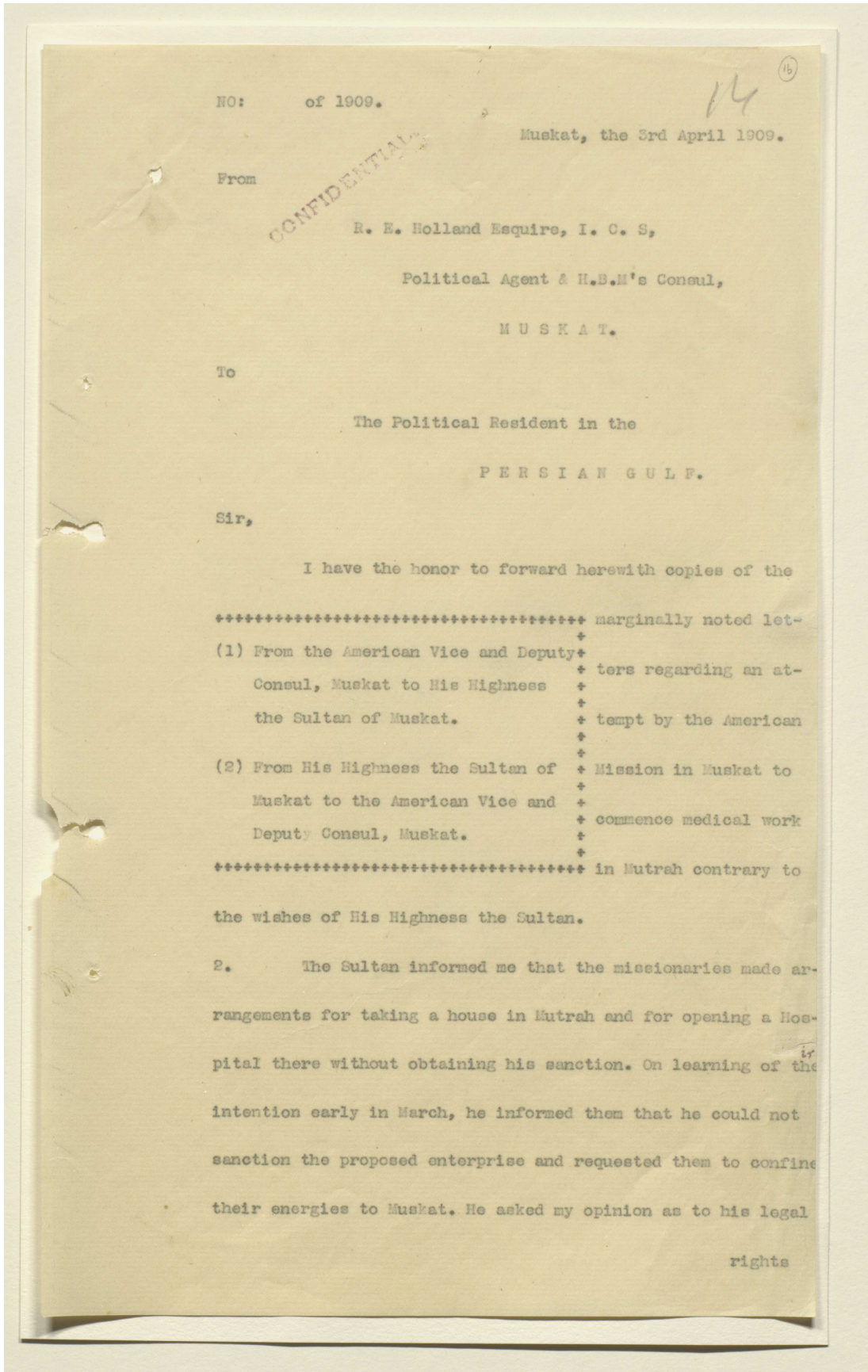




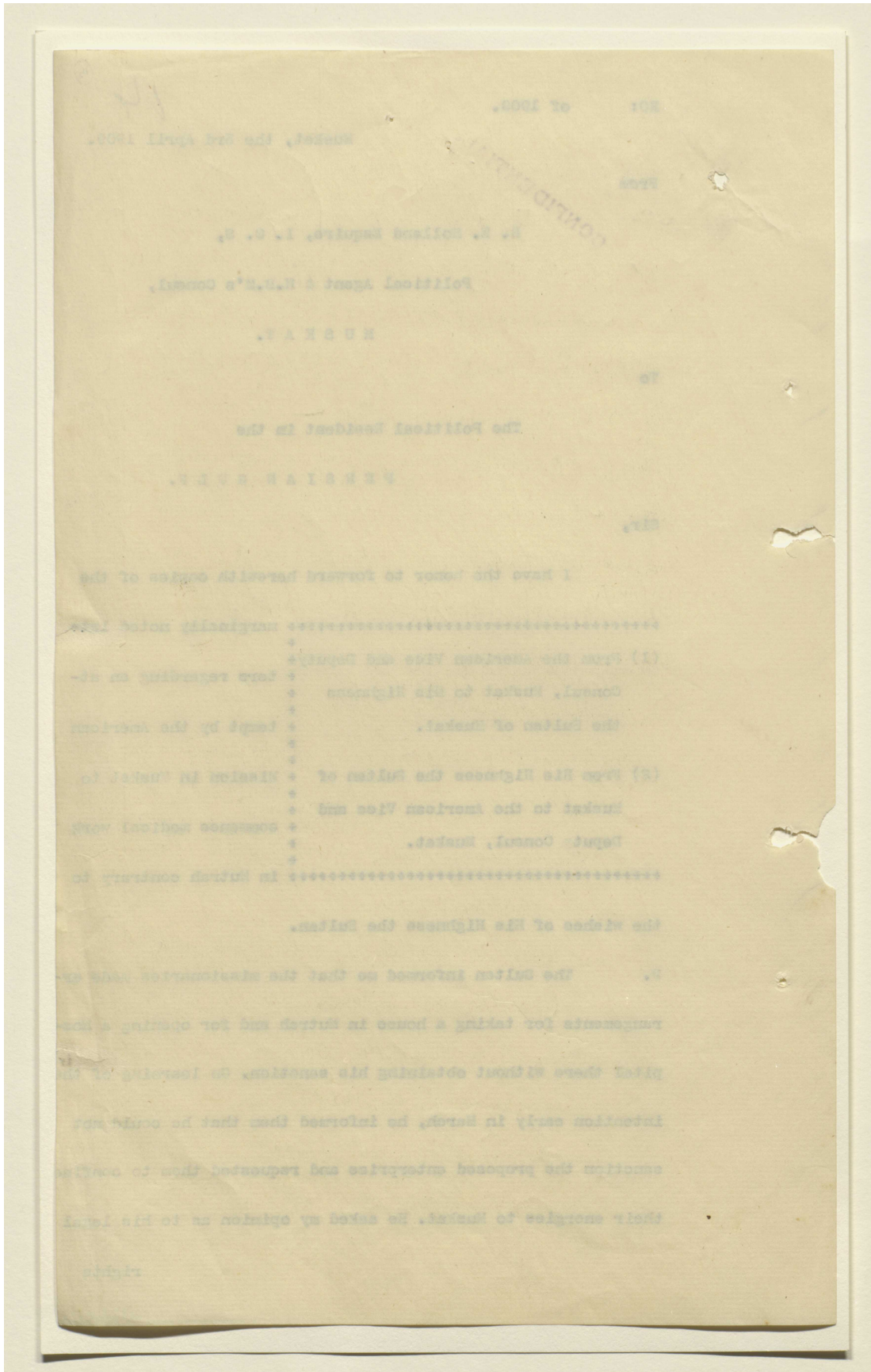
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(٢١٠/٣٠)



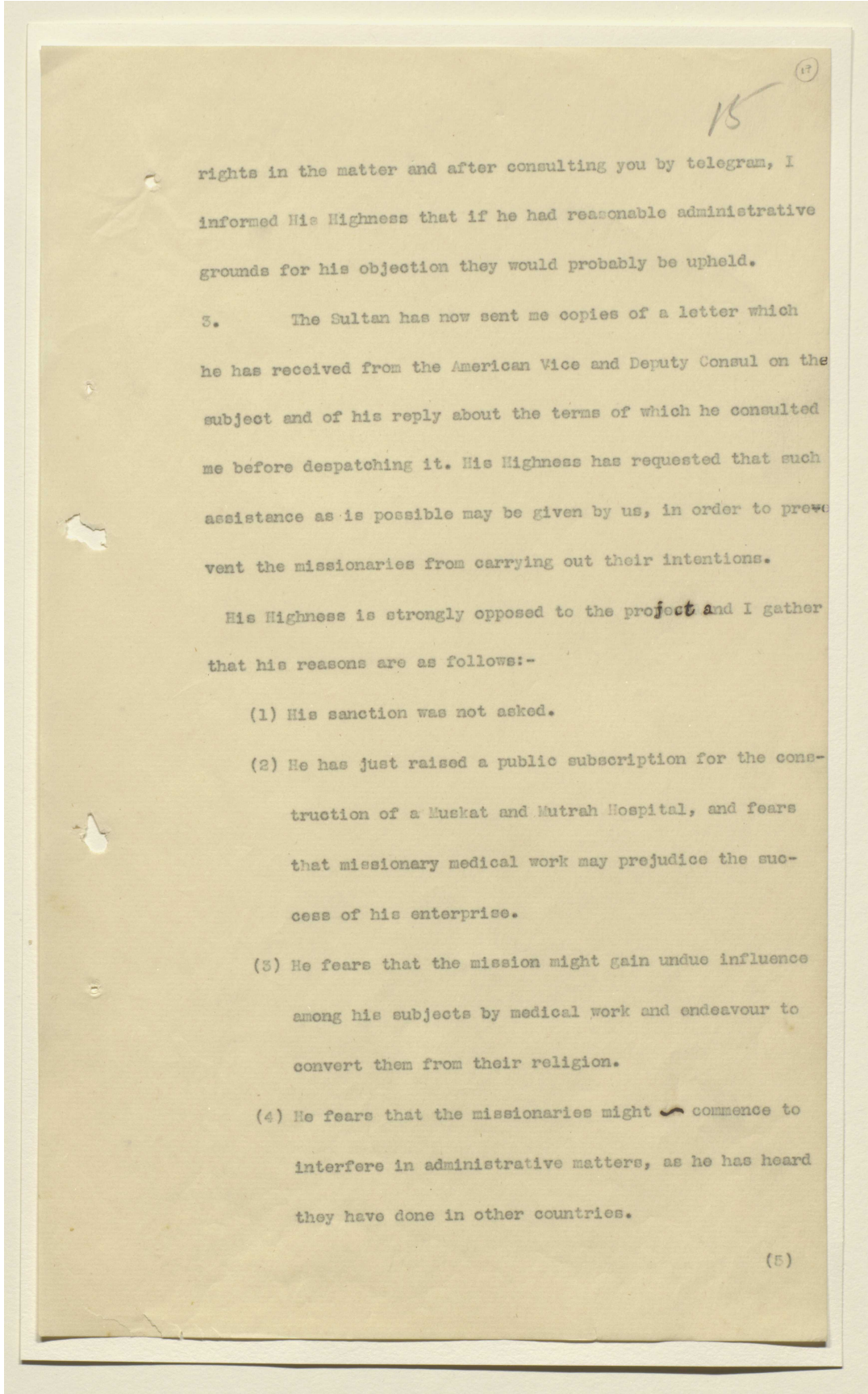
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٦ و]
(٢١٠/٣١)



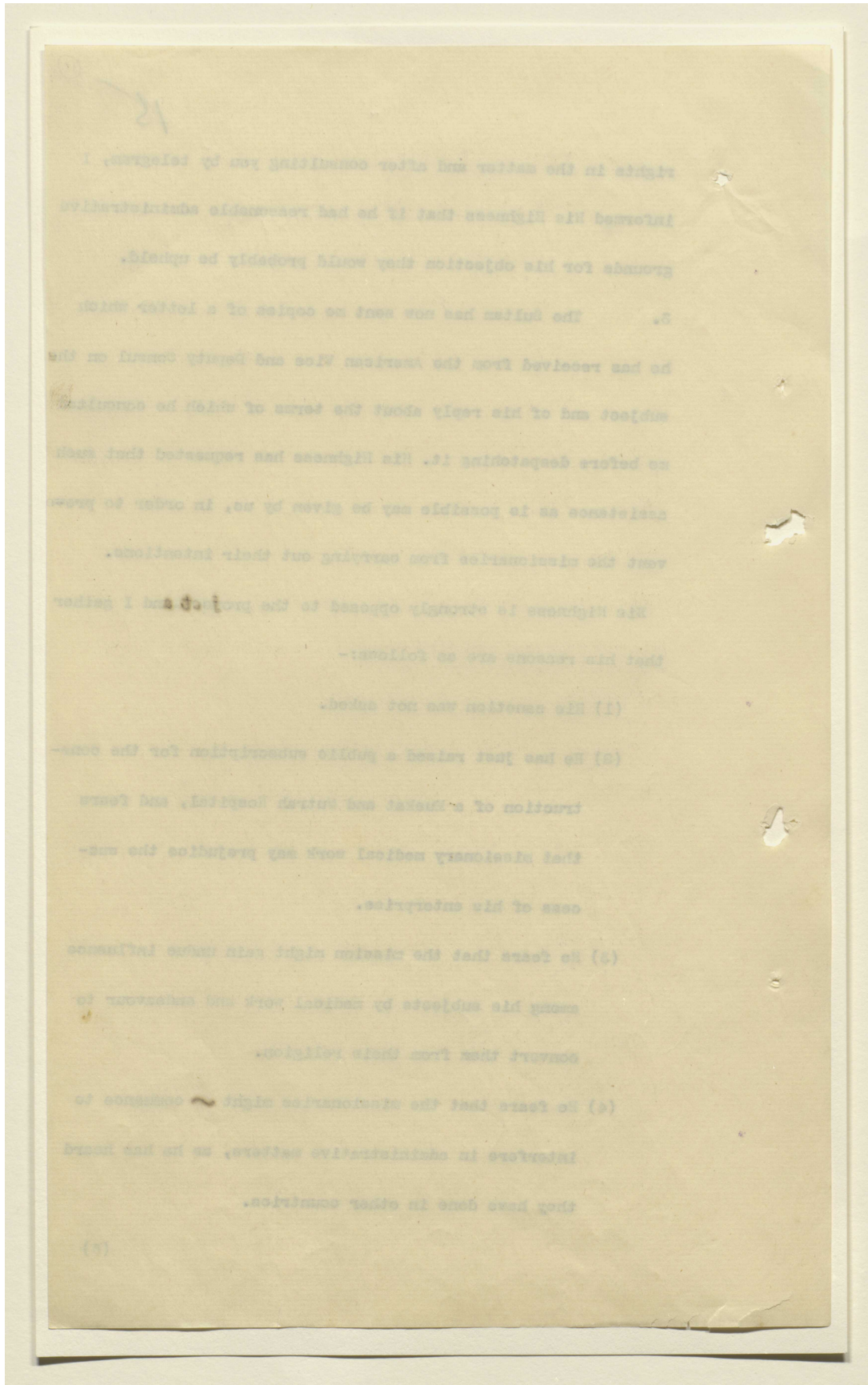
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٦ ظ]
(٢١٠/٣٢)



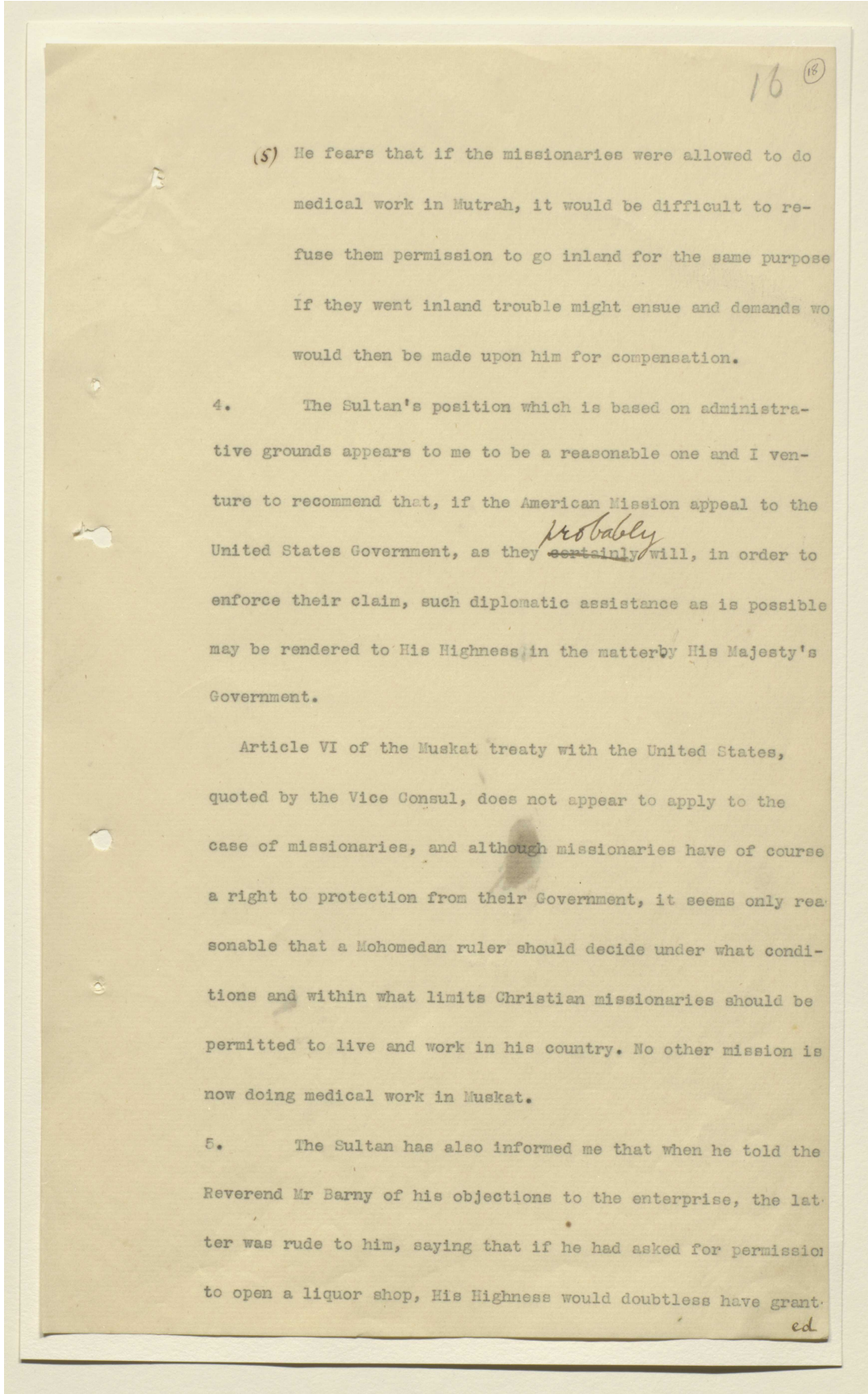
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(٢١٠/٣٣)



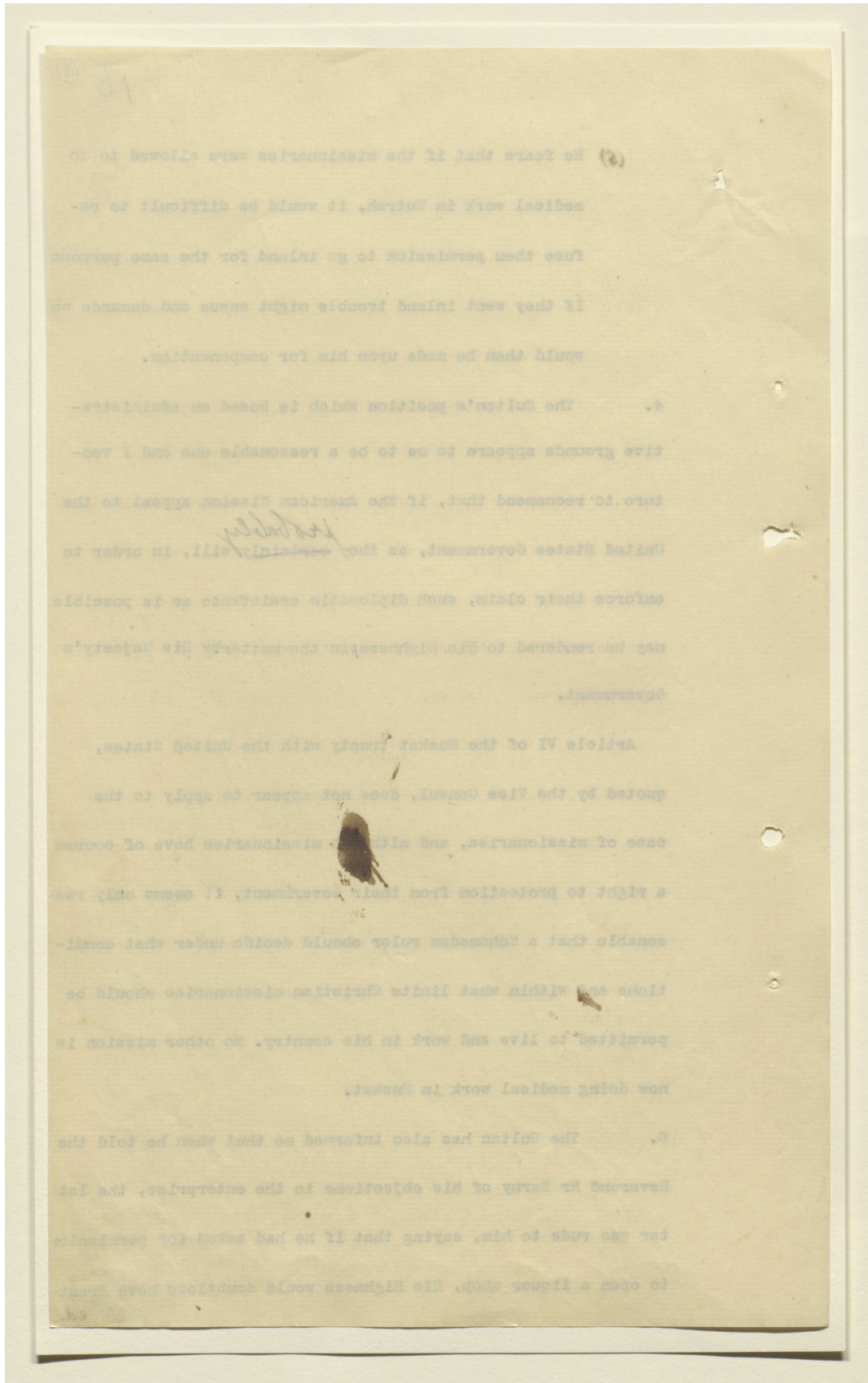
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(٢١٠/٣٤)



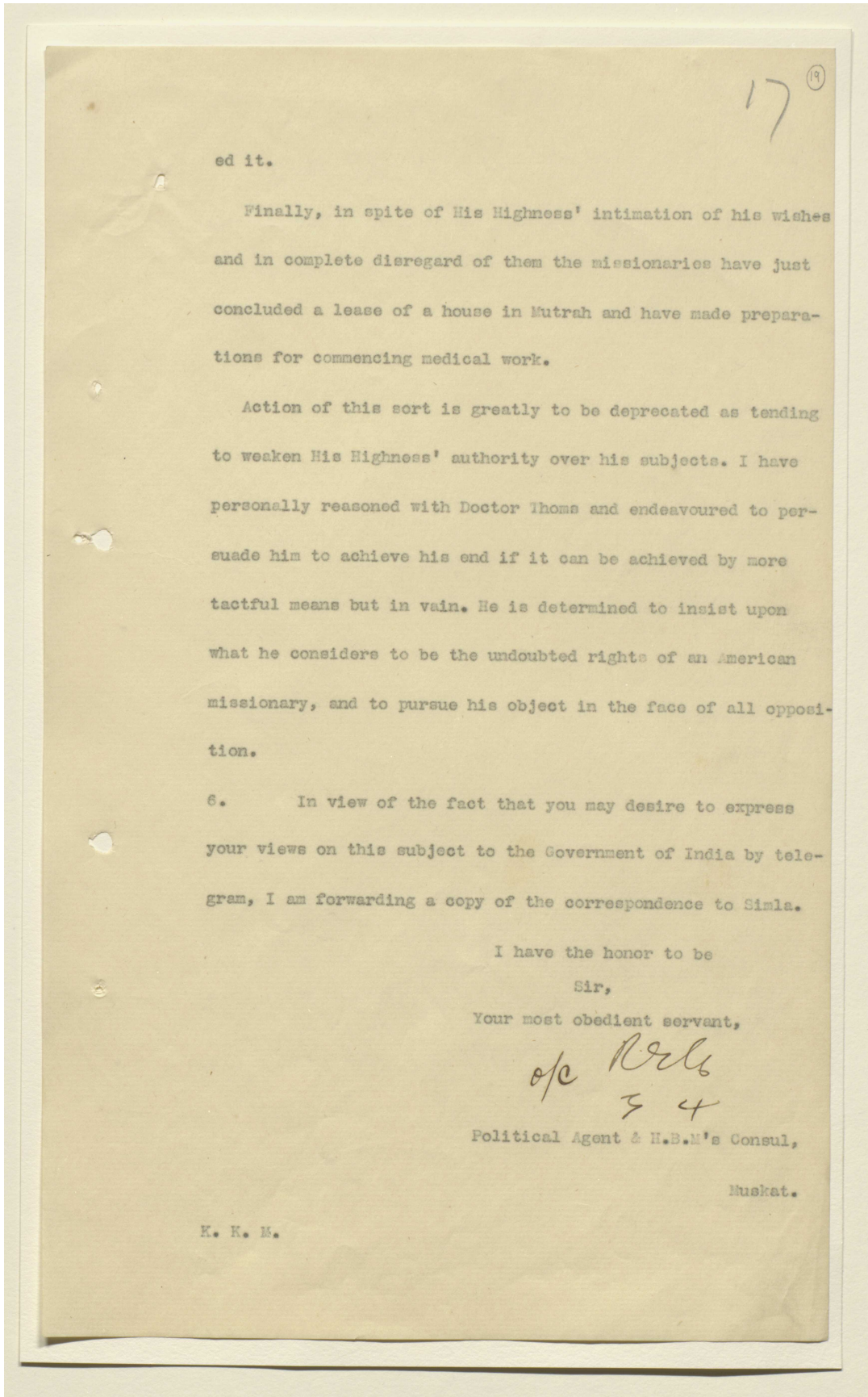
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(٢١٠/٣٥)



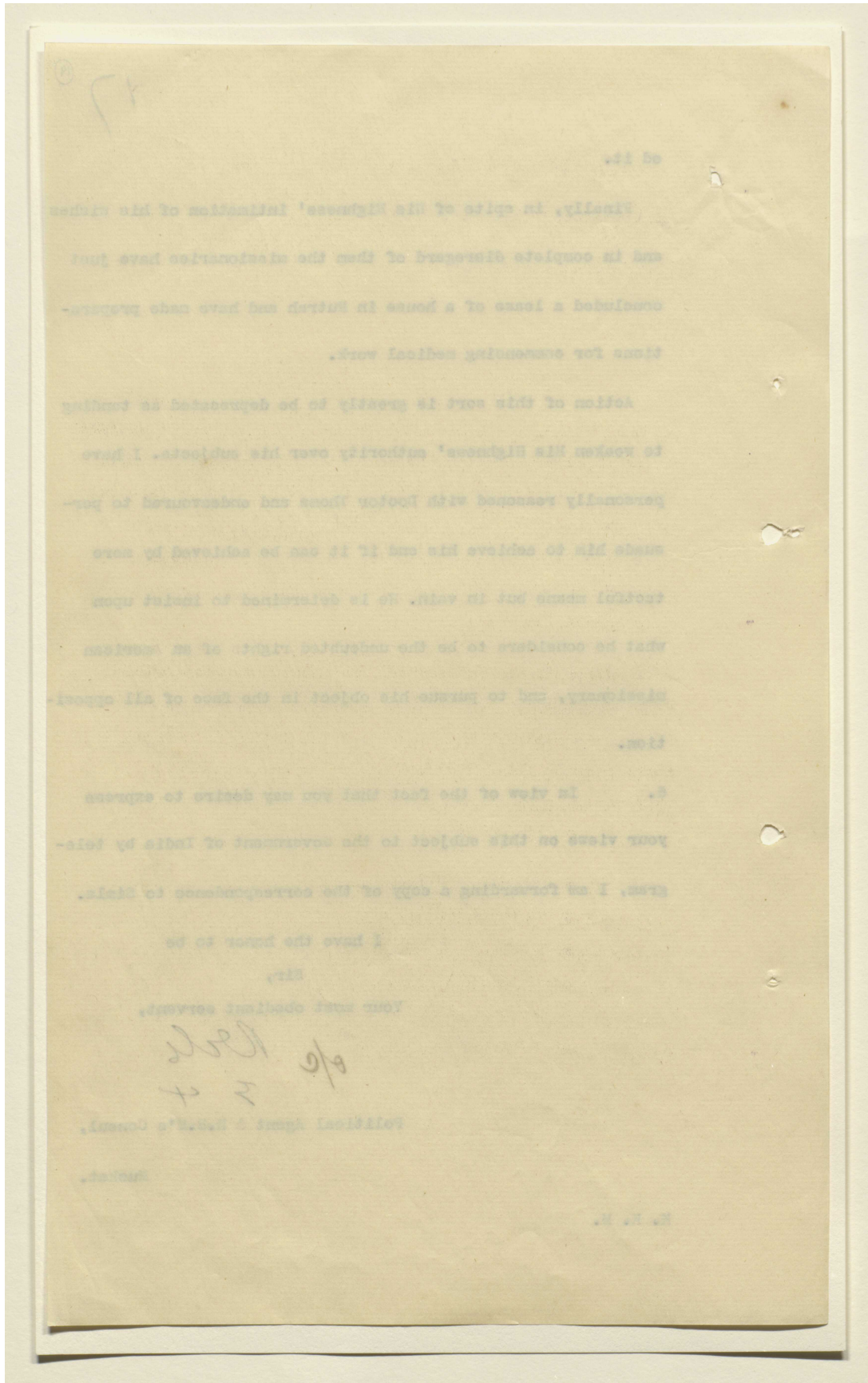
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(٢١٠/٣٦)



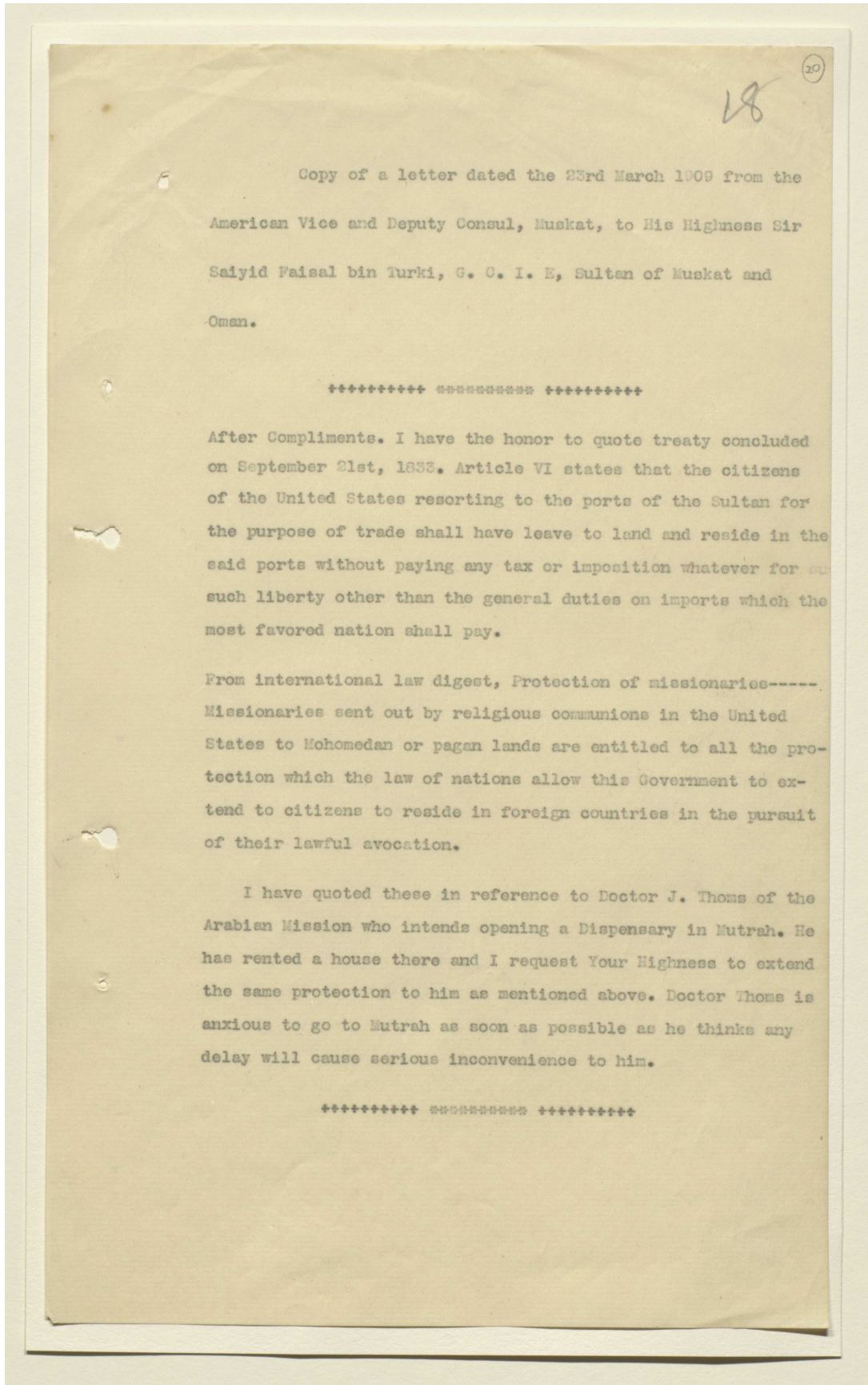
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٥]
(٢١٠/٣٧)



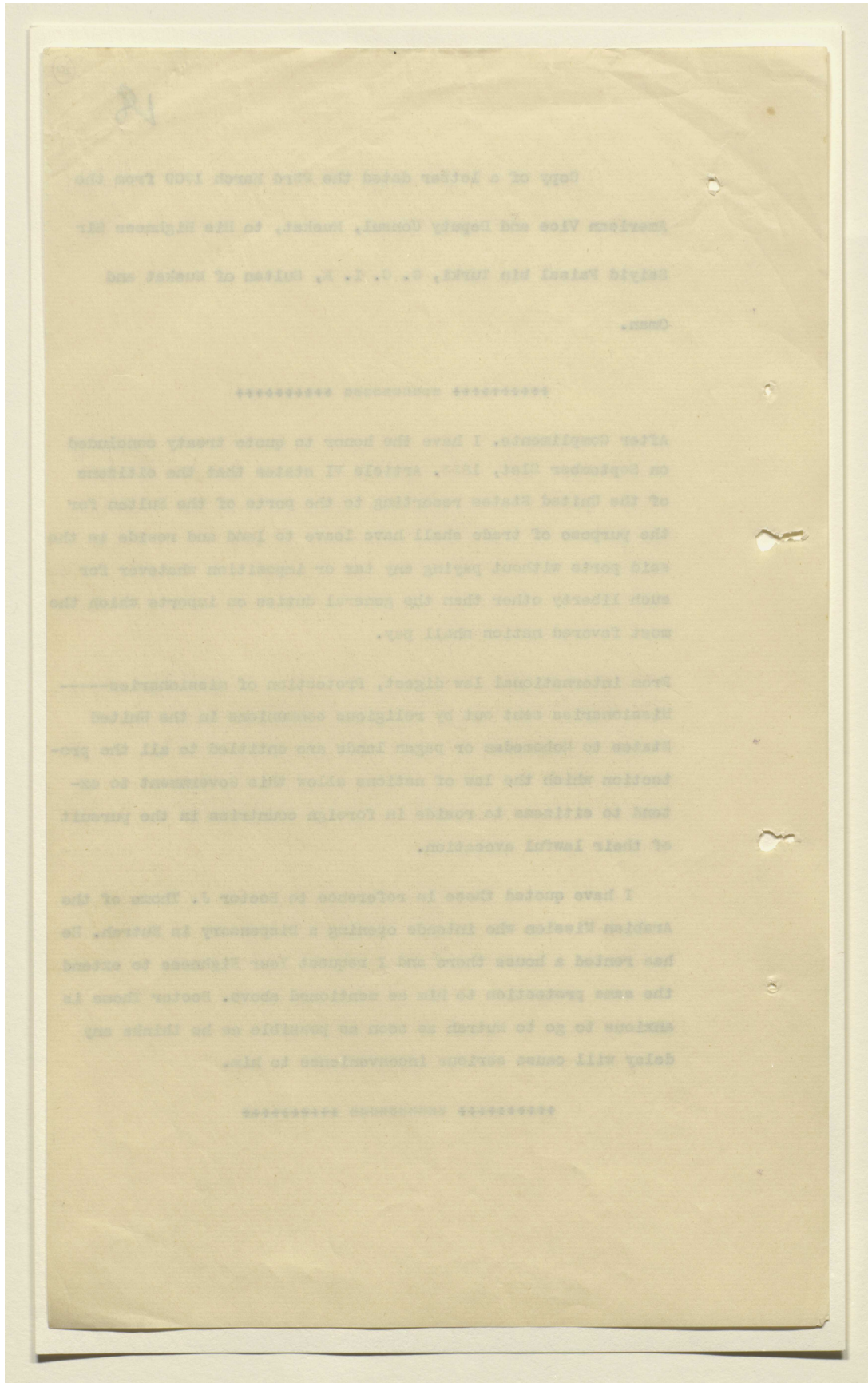
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩ ظ]
(٢١٠/٣٨)



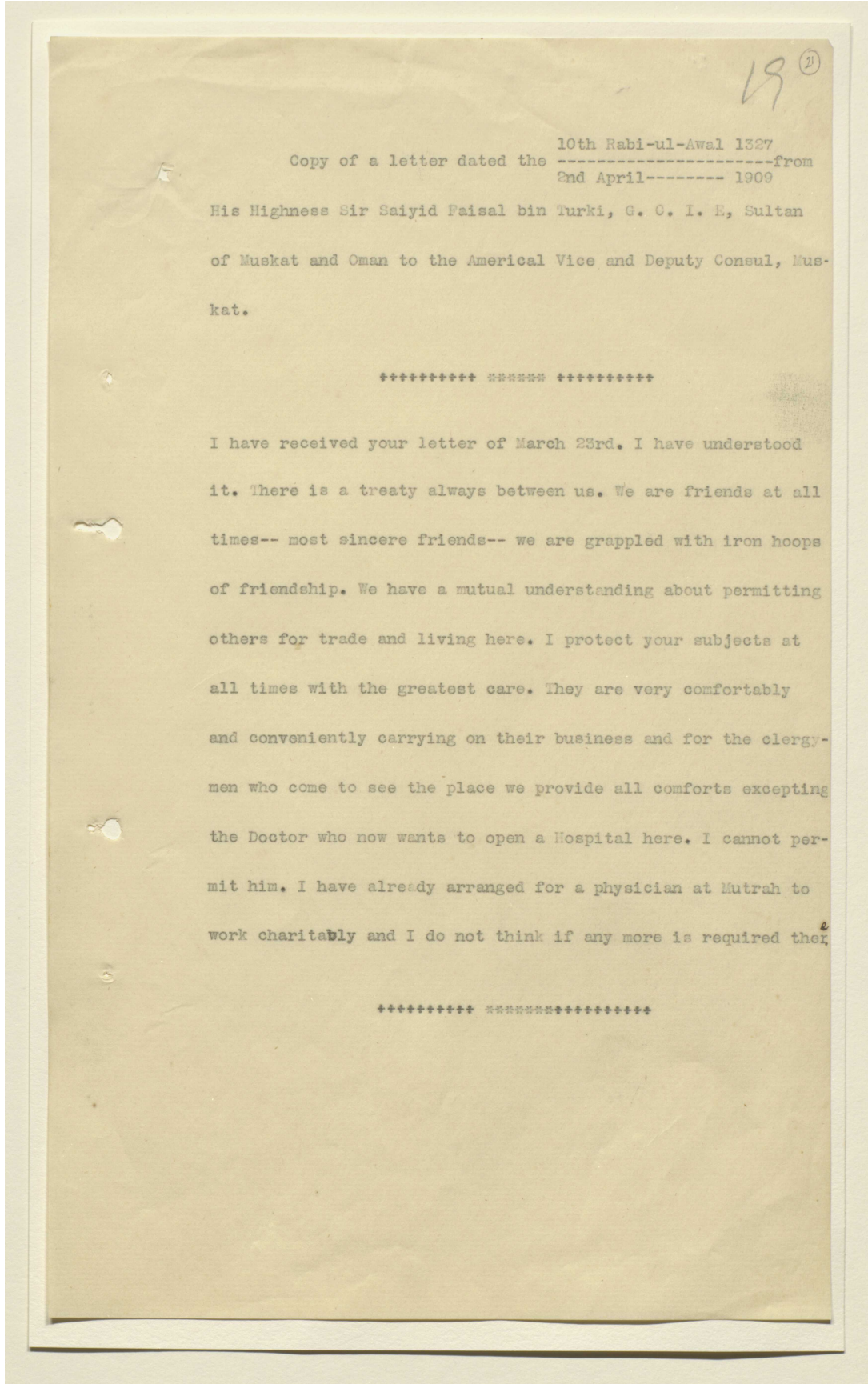
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(٢١٠/٣٩)



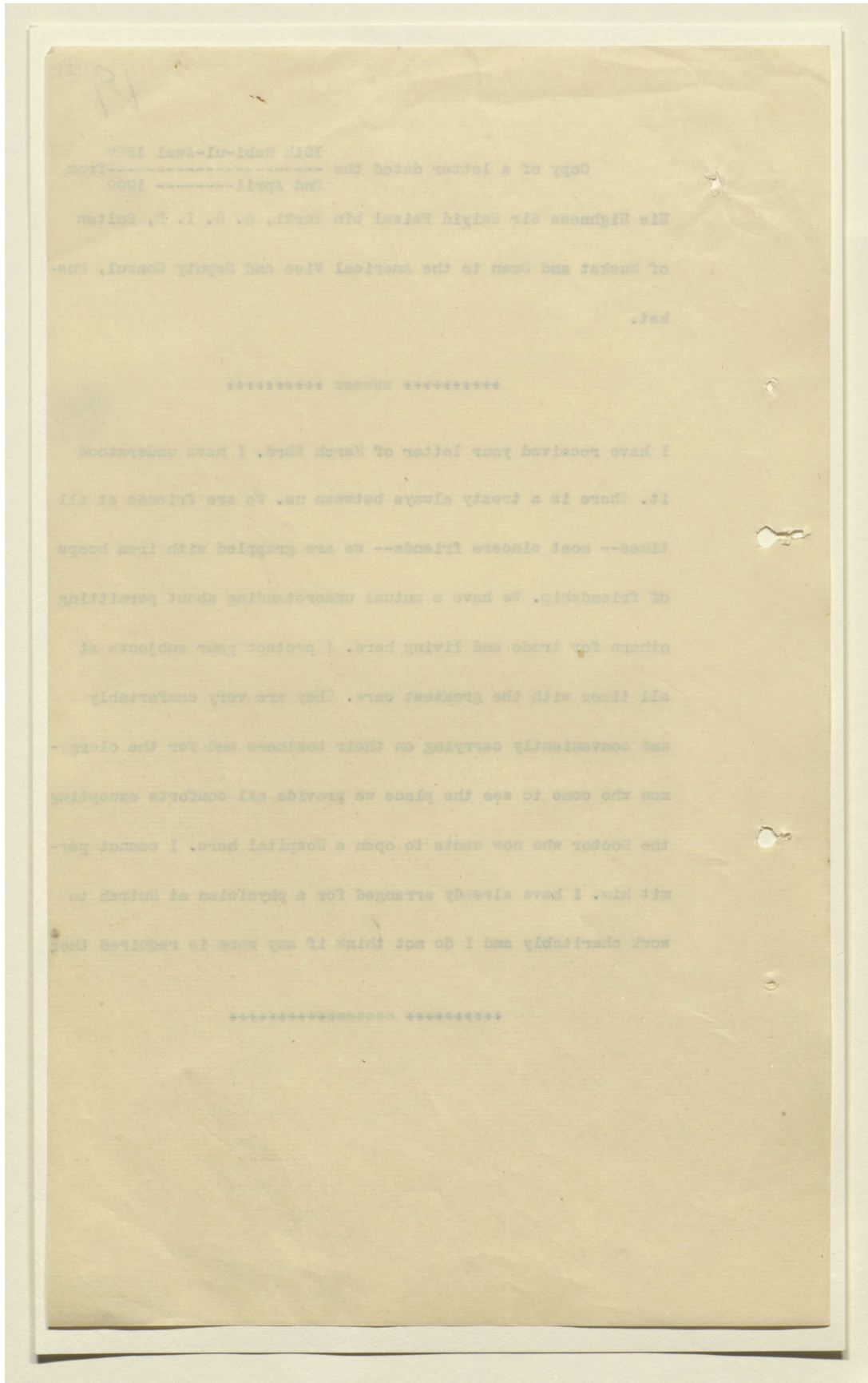
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٠ ظ]
(٢١٠ / ٤٠)



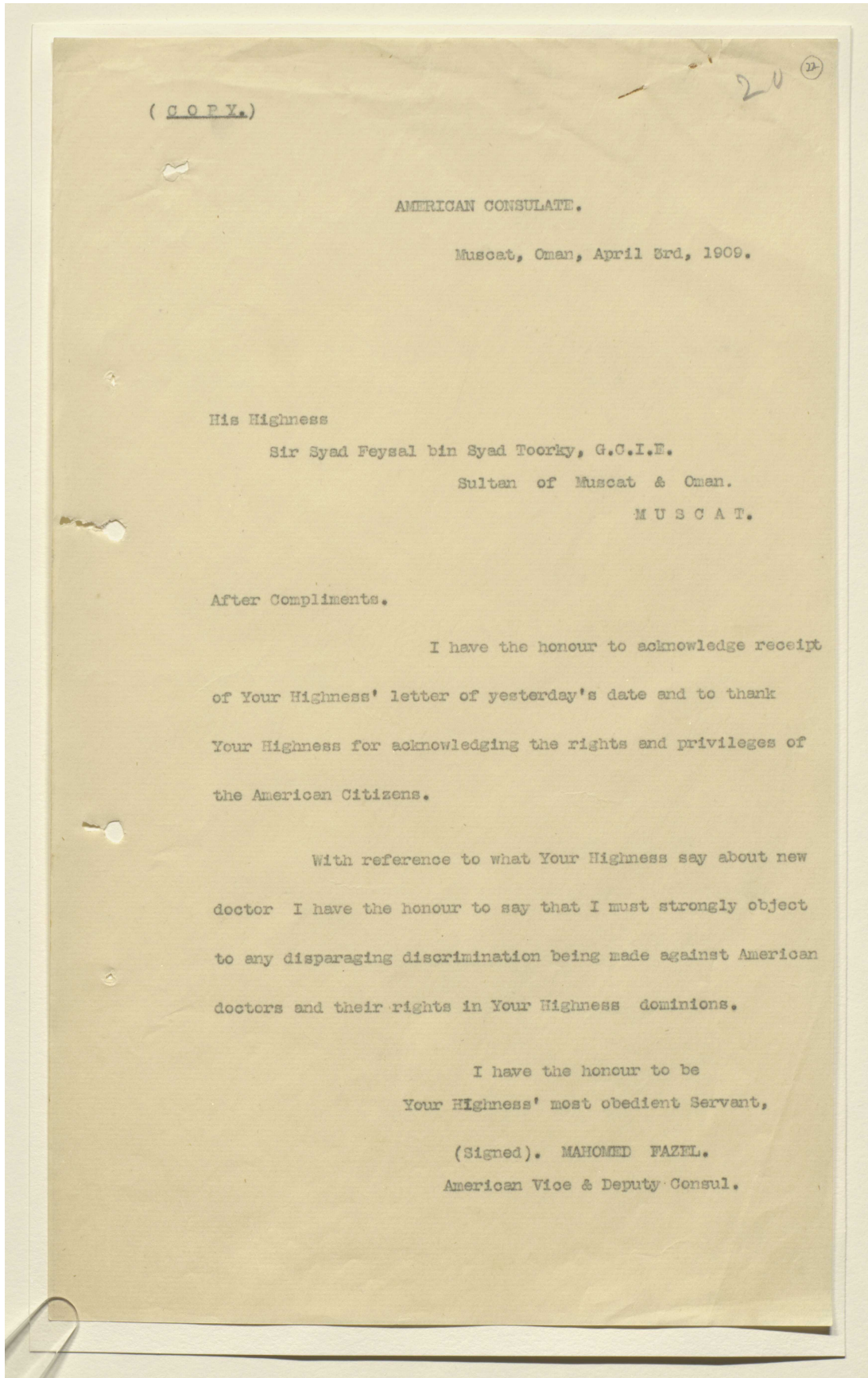
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢١ و]
(٢١٠/٤١)



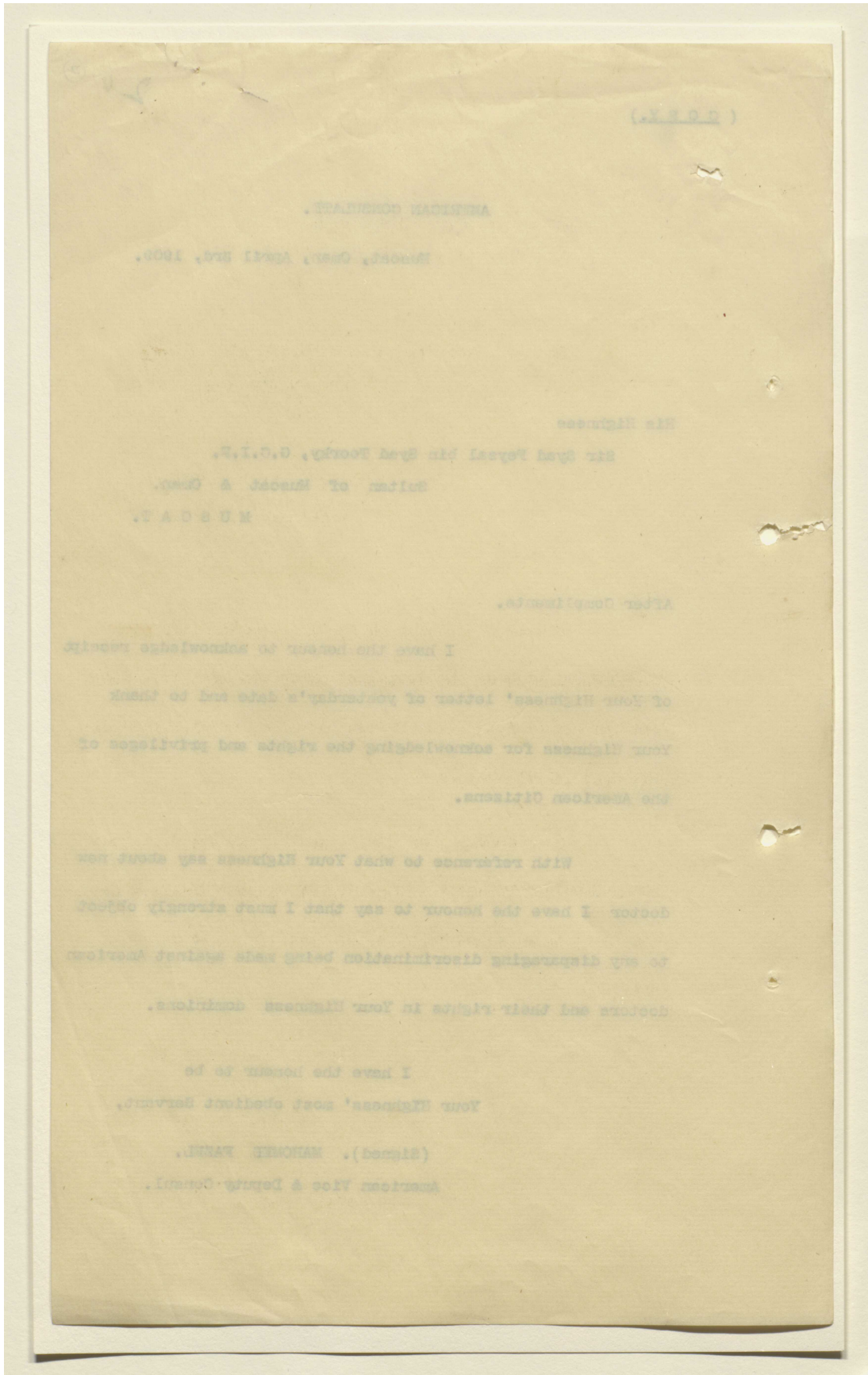
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢١ ظ]
(٢١٠/٤٢)



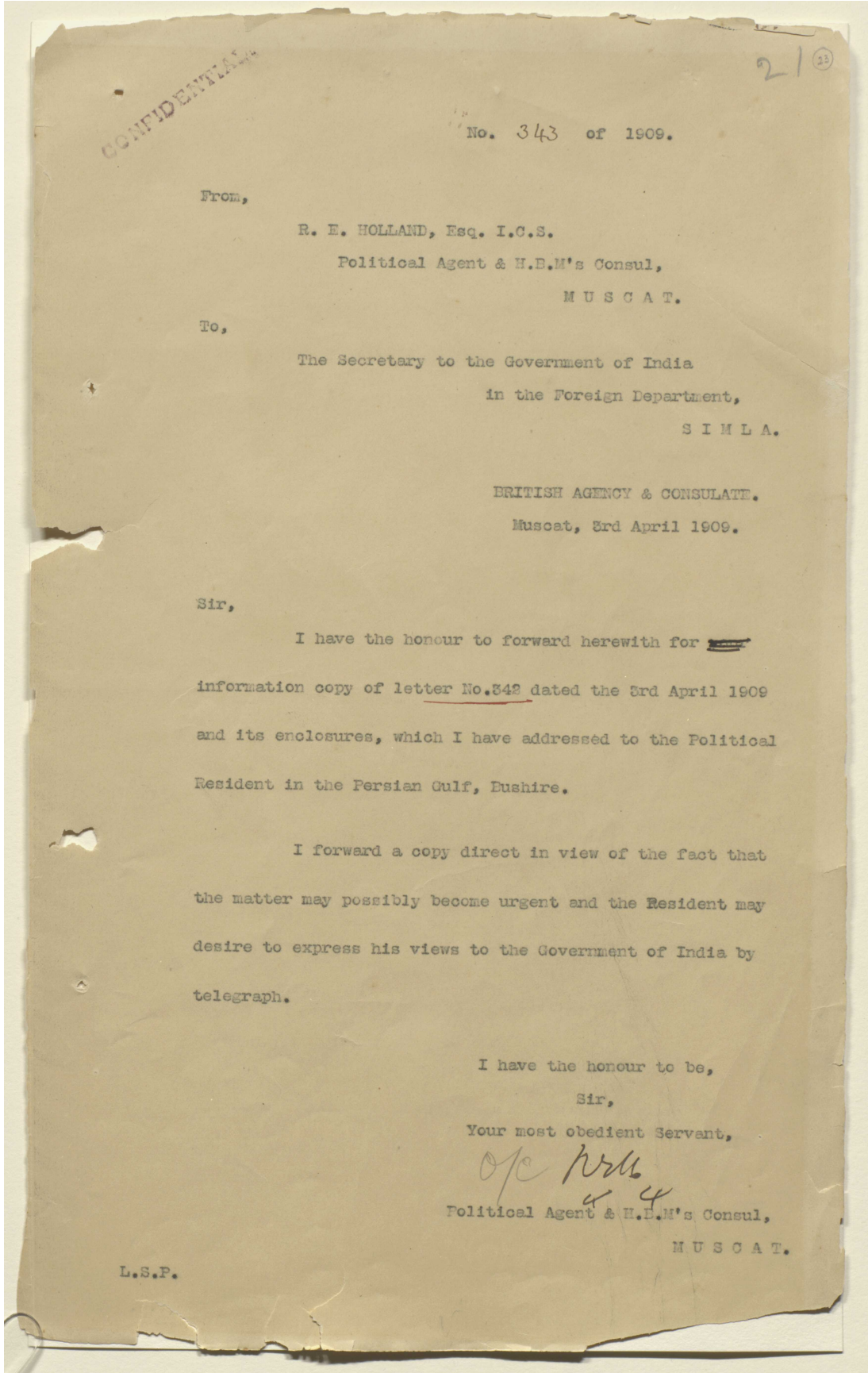
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٢ و]
(٢١٠/٤٣)



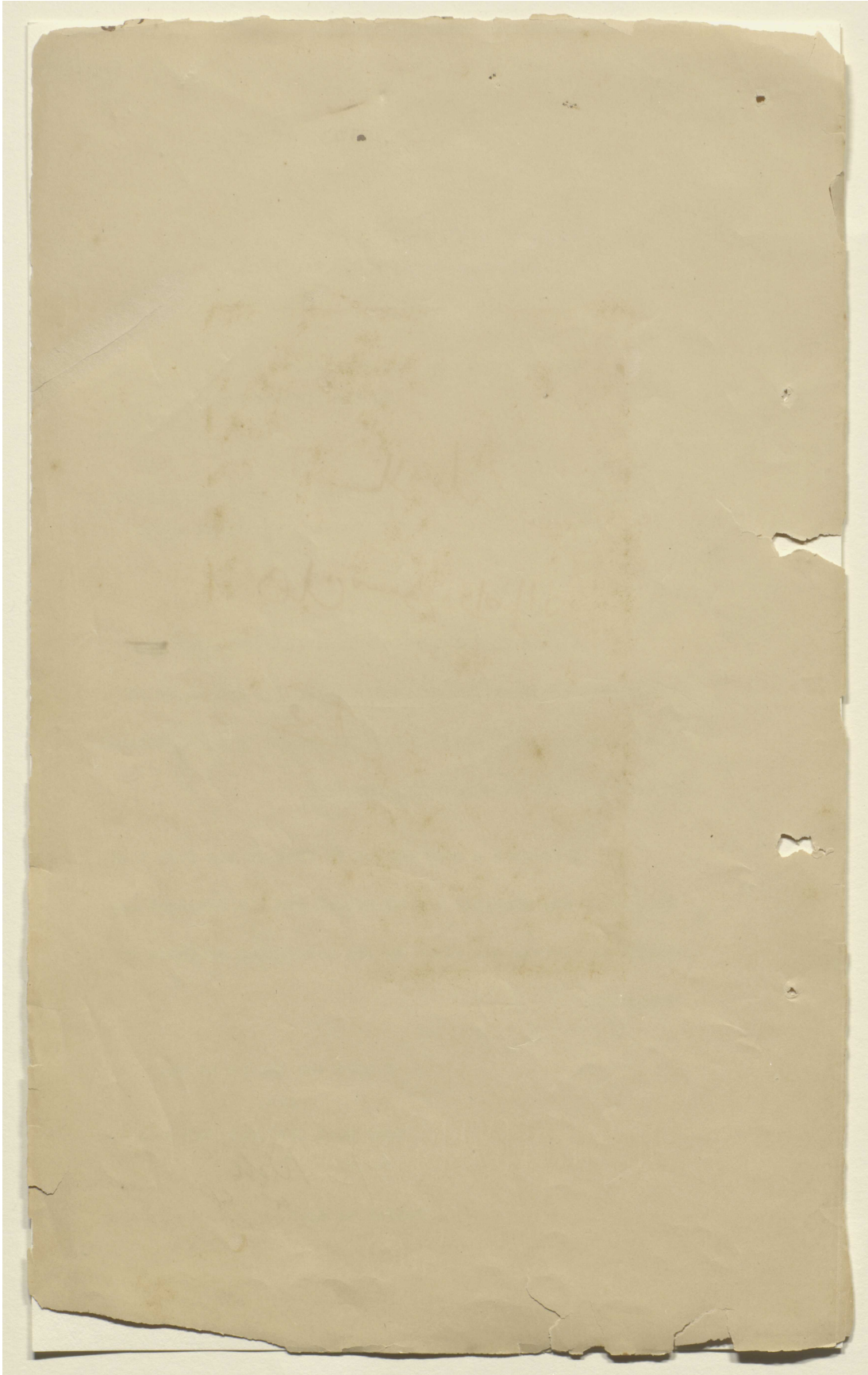
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٢ ظ]
(٢١٠/٤٤)



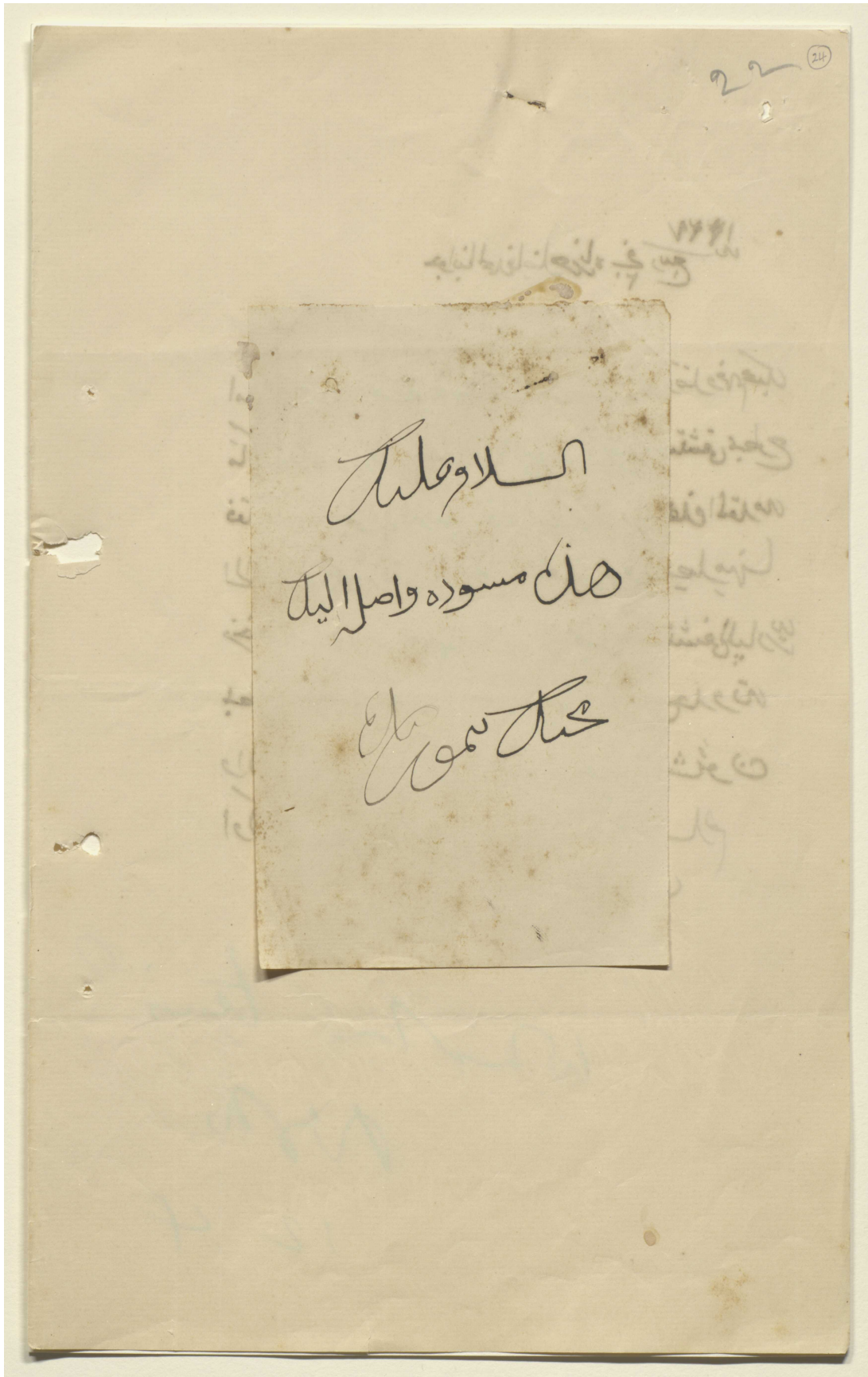
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٣ و]
(٢١٠/٤٥)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [ظ ٢٣]
(٢١٠/٤٦)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٤ و]
(٢١٠/٤٧)



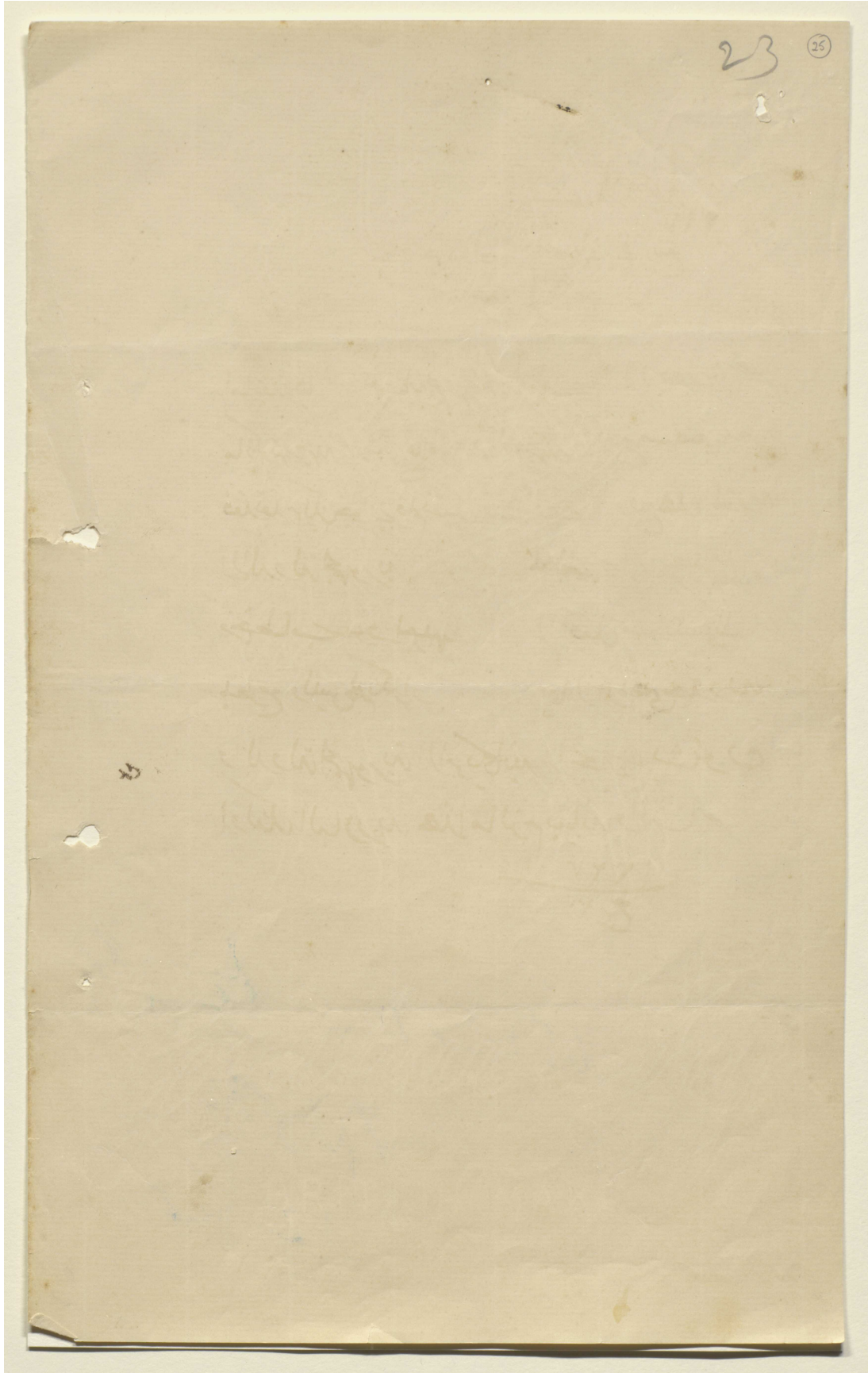
جوابنا للمحمد فاضل حزنه في ربيع ١٣٢٧ هـ

اما بعد فكنا انك الشرفي المرفوع في شهر ابريل ١٩٠٩م وصلوا فم عجبك
ما ذكرته فحدهم الذاخر فاعلم اني لا ابيح له ان يفتح مستشفى بمطرح
فقد تقدم لك جوابي فلم تقبل فاذا ينبغي لك رفع هذه المقدمه
الى الدوله الجمهوريه الامريكانيه المعظمه ومما يصل منها
فخطاب سوف اعيبها لاني لا اقبل مستشفى ليارب
بمطرح وليس لهم تكرار السؤال فيما لا ارتضي حدوده
والدوله الجمهوريه الامريكانيه لا تجوز في بشئون
اولئك الباريد هذا ما لزم بيانته والسلام
١٣٢٧
ح ٣٠

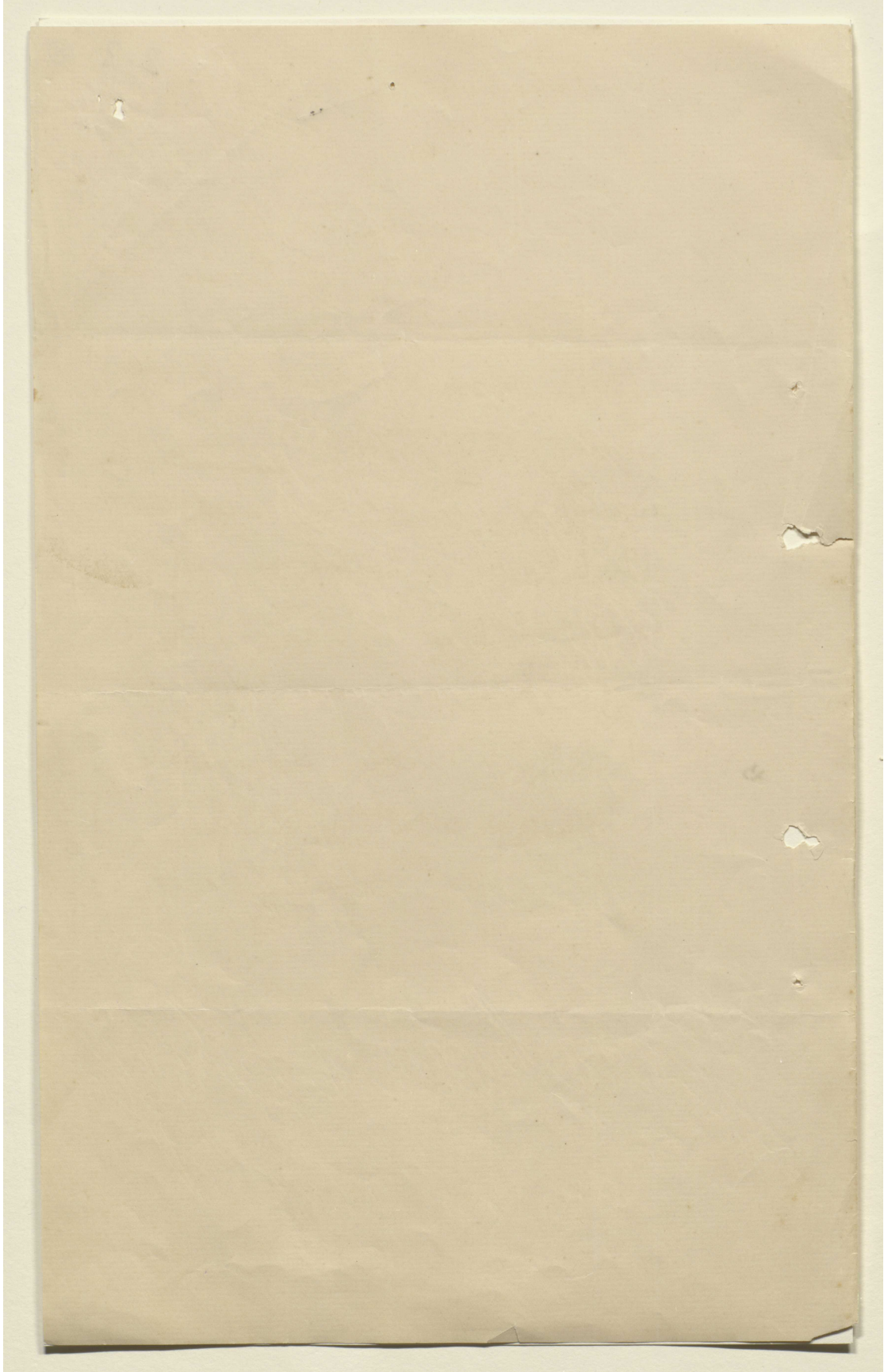
What is this?

12/4

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٥ و]
(٢١٠/٤٩)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٥ظ]
(٢١٠/٥٠)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٢٦]

(٢١٠/٥١)

26

Telegram To Resident
Bussell

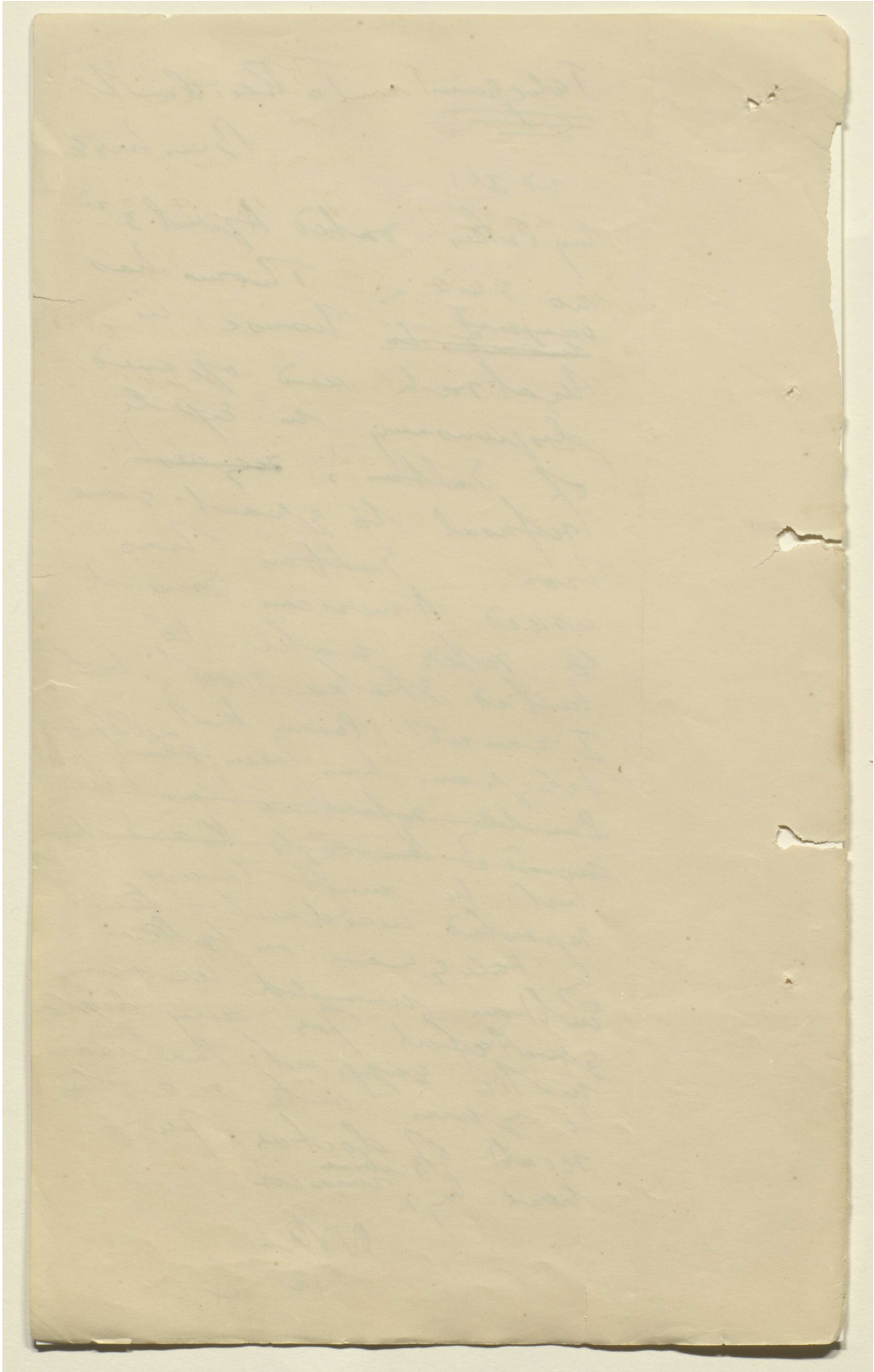
no 361

my letter dated April 3rd
no 342. Thoma has
~~occupied~~ house in
Matrah and opened
dispensary in spite
of Sultan's request
refusal to grant same.
Sultan has
asked American Consul
to refer matter to
United States Govt. but
I cannot learn that ^{by cable} any
telegram has been sent.
~~Possibly reference has been~~
~~made through Karachi~~
but he must have
reported incident either
by telegram or letter.
Sultan would be very
grateful for any diplo
matic support that can
be given with view to
recall of doctor from
here by ^{American} mission.

VW

12. 4

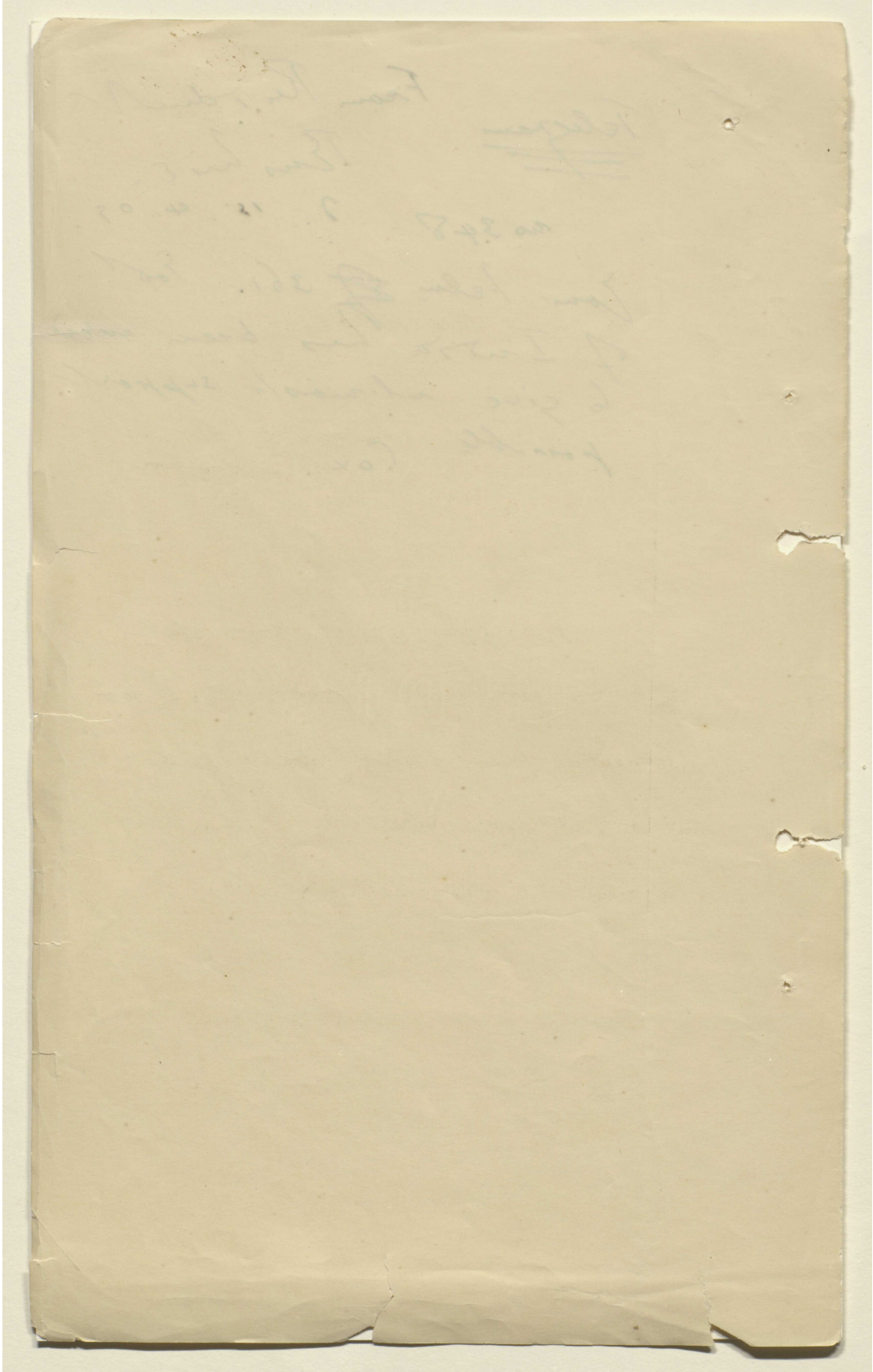
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٦ ظ]
(٢١٠/٥٢)



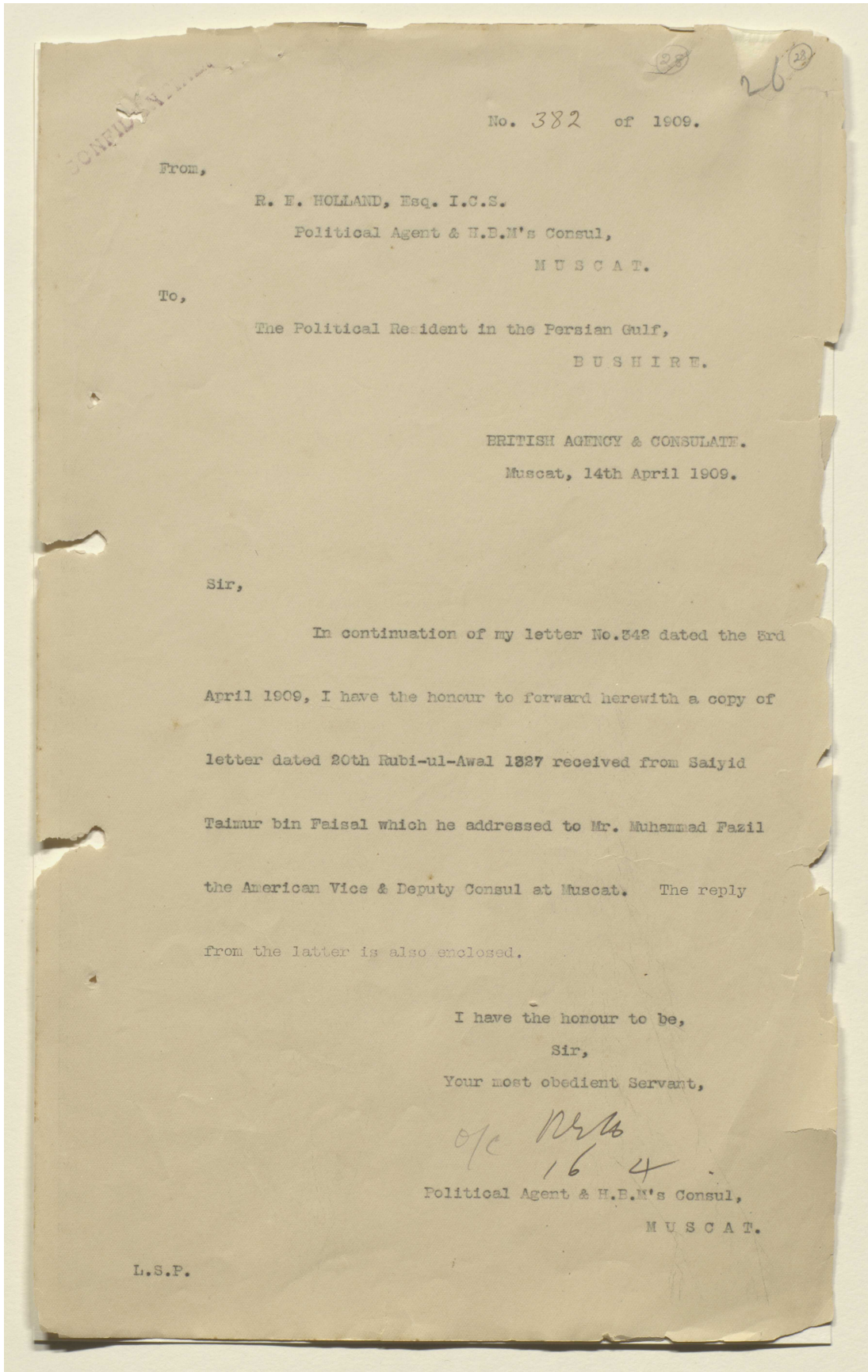
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٧ و]
(٢١٠/٥٣)

27
Telegram From Resident
Bus hire.
no 348 2. 15. 4. 06.
Your telegram of 361. Govt.
of India has been asked
to give utmost support
possible Cox.

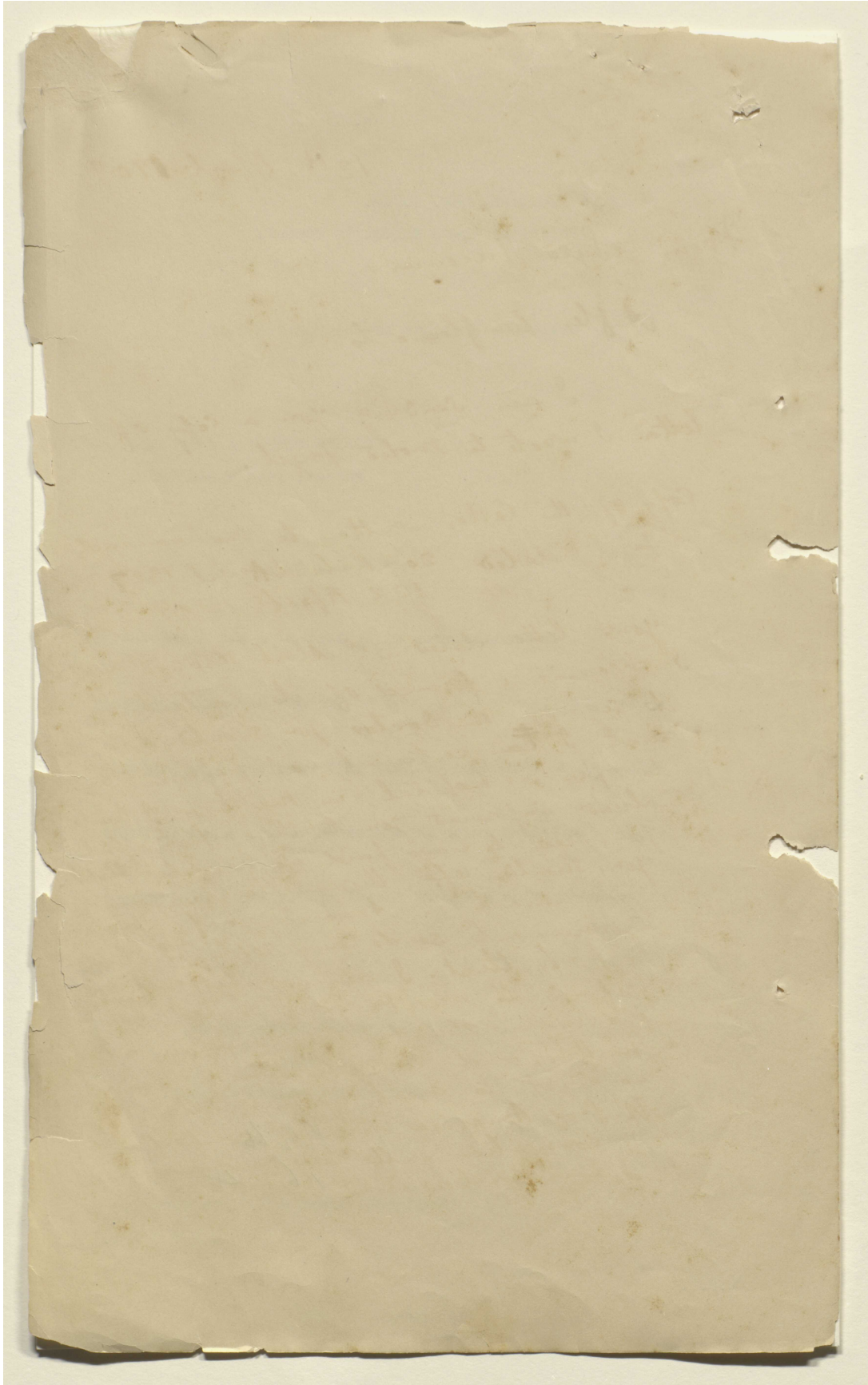
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٧ظ]
(٢١٠/٥٤)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٨ و]
(٢١٠/٥٥)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [ظ٢٨]
(٢١٠/٥٦)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٩ و]
(٢١٠/٥٧)

29
12th April 1909

From Syed Taiem

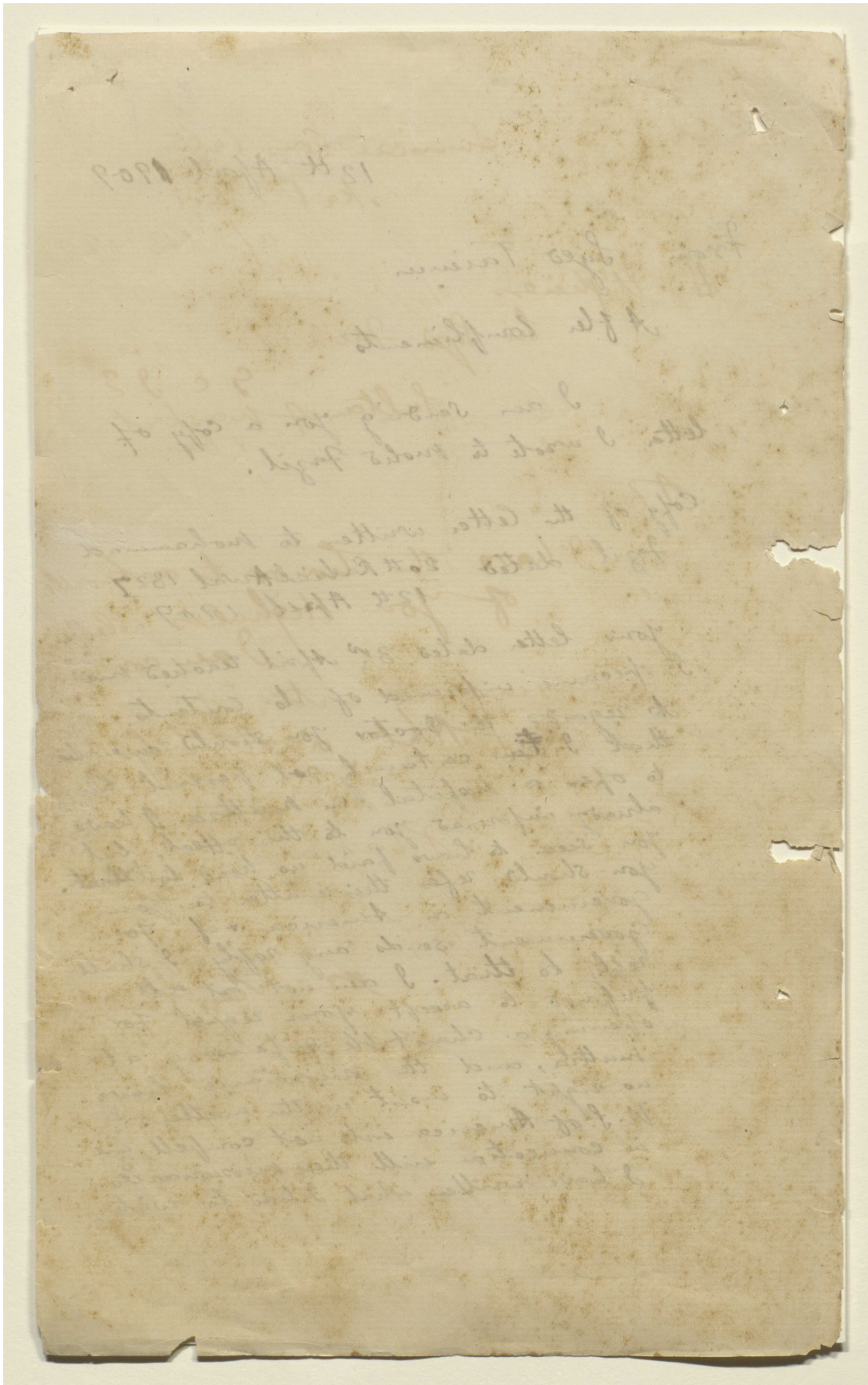
After Compliments

I am sending you a copy of
letter I wrote to Mohd Fazil.

Copy of the letter written to Mohamamad
Fazil dated 20th Rabiul Awwal 1327
12th April 1909

Your letter dated 3rd April reached me.
I became informed of its contents.
As regards the doctor you should remember
that I can certainly not permit him
to open a hospital in Muttra. I have
already informed you to this effect, but
you seem to have paid no heed to it.
You should refer this matter to your
government in America & if your
Government sends any reply, I shall
reply to that. I am not at all
prepared to accept your request for
opening a charitable dispensary at
Muttra, and the missionaries have
no right to insist in the matter.
U. S. of America will not compell me
in connection with these missionaries.
I have written what I had to write,

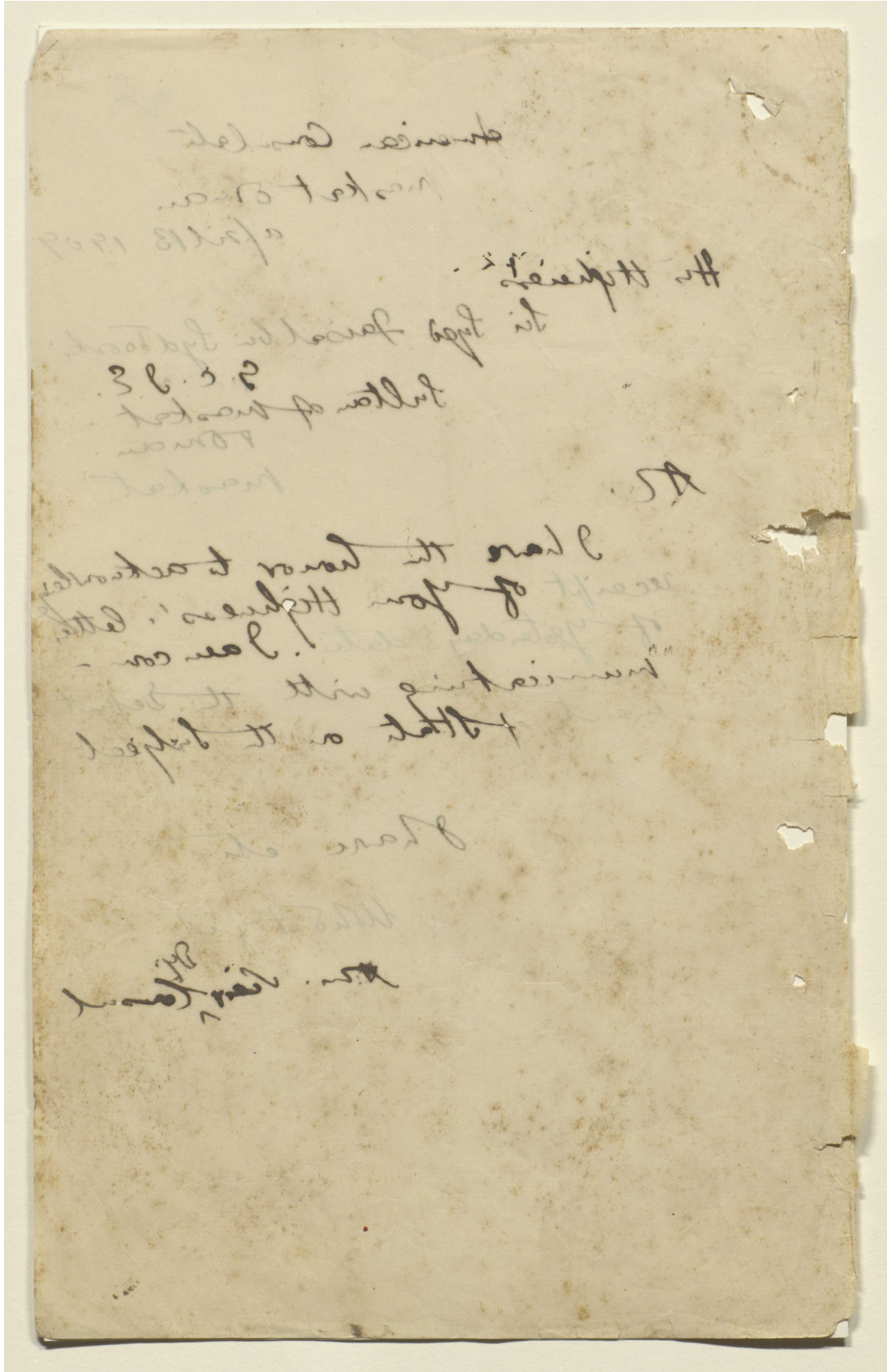
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٩ ظ]
(٢١٠/٥٨)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٣٠]
(٢١٠/٥٩)

28 (30)
American Consulate
Muscat Oman
April 13 1909
His Highness
Sri Syed Faizal bin Syed Toorki
G. E. J. E.
Sultan of Muscat
Oman
Muscat
A. L.
I have the honor to acknowledge
receipt of your Highness's letter
of yesterday's date. I am com-
municating with the Depart-
ment of State on the subject.
I have etc
Wahid Fozil
Sri. Syed Faizal
Consul

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [ظ٣٠]
(٢١٠/٦٠)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٣١]
(٢١٠/٦١)

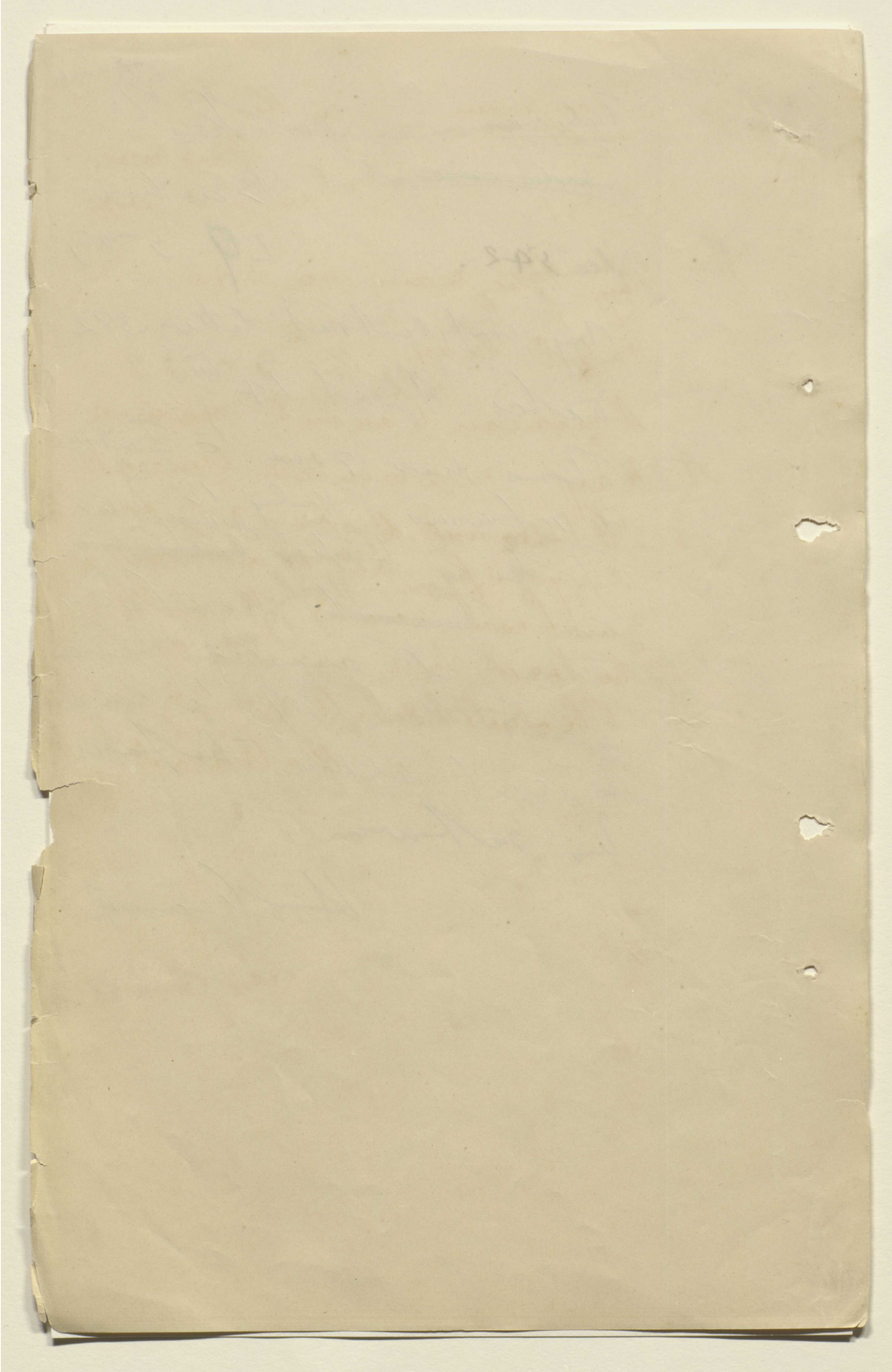
(31)

Telegram To Res ²⁸
~~word code~~ Bus wire
No 542. 29. 5. 09.

My confidential letter 382
dated April 14th
Thoms has gone to India
& returns July 15th
If he is to be ~~excluded~~ ^{permitted}
from ~~practice~~ practicing
here it would be a
good thing if he were
to get orders before
his return.

Holland

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٣١ ظ]
(٢١٠/٦٢)



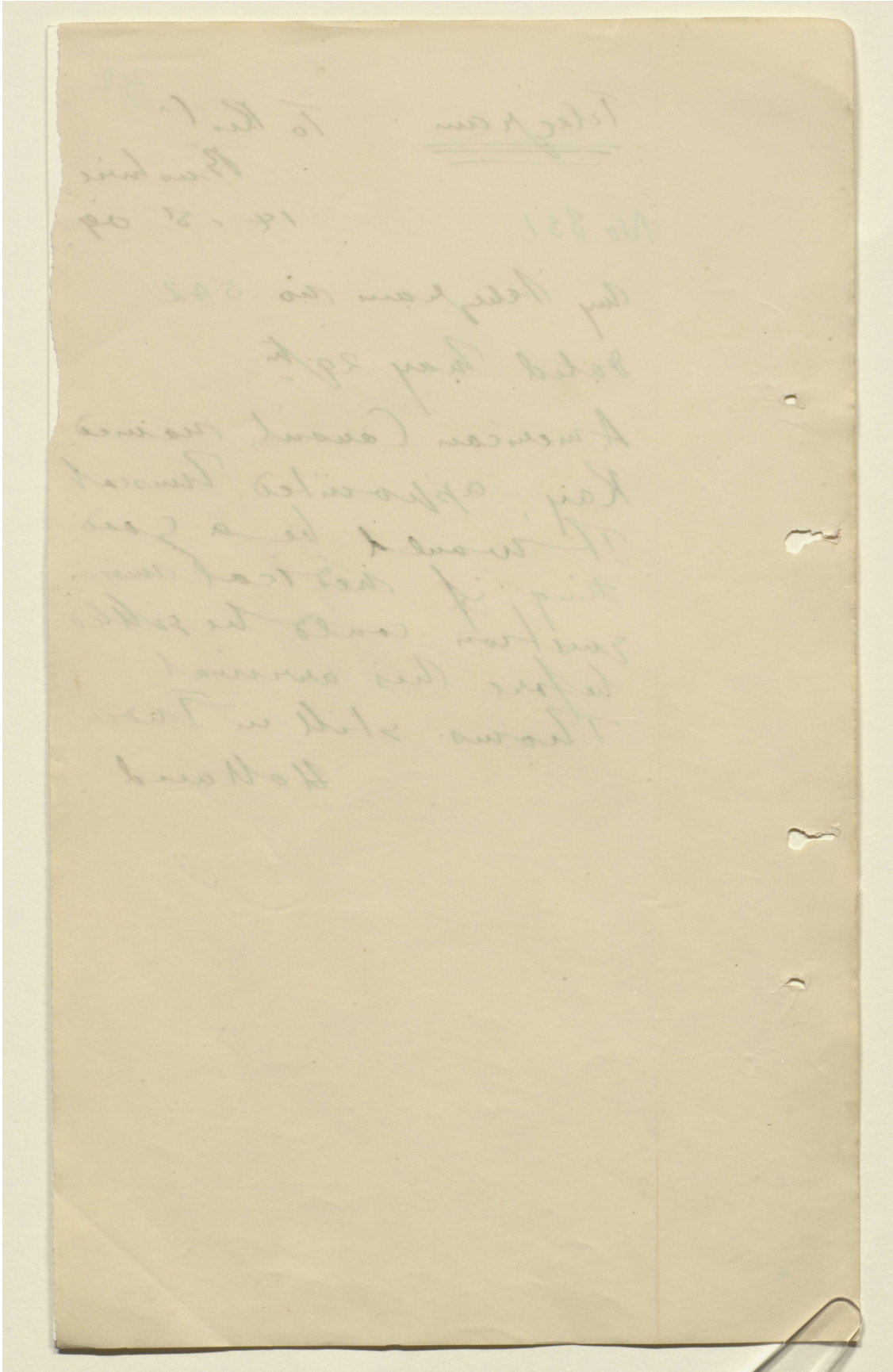
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٣٢]
(٢١٠/٦٣)

32

Telegram To Reul³⁰
Buswic
No 831. 14. 8. 09.

My Telegram no 542
dated May 29th
American Consul, named
Ray, appointed Unscat.
It would be a good
thing if medical mission
question could be settled
before his arrival.
Thoms. still in India
Holland.

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٣٢ ظ]
(٢١٠/٦٤)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٣٣]
(٢١٠/٦٥)

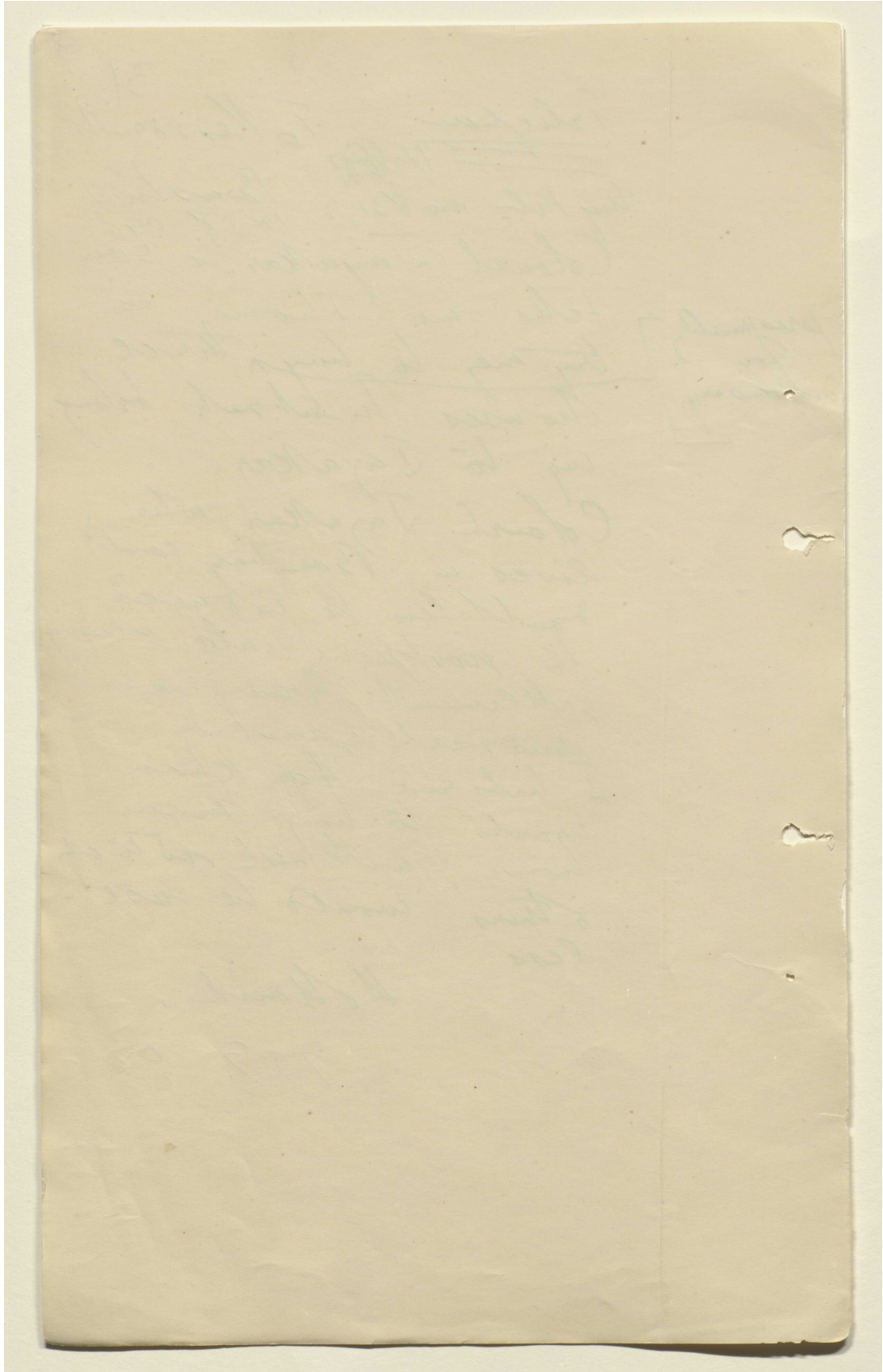
31

Telegram To Resident
No (497)
My tel. no 831, 2. Basline
14. 8. 09.
Colonel Jayakar's son
takes me Thoms, is
trying to buy three
houses Mut-rah belong-
ing to Jayakar.
Colonel Jayakar who
lives in Bombay could
doubtless be induced
to postpone sale pending
settlement. American
medical question.
I believe Aga Khan
wants to buy main
house, without which
others would be use-
less.

Holland.
7. 9. 09

presumably
for
discrepancy

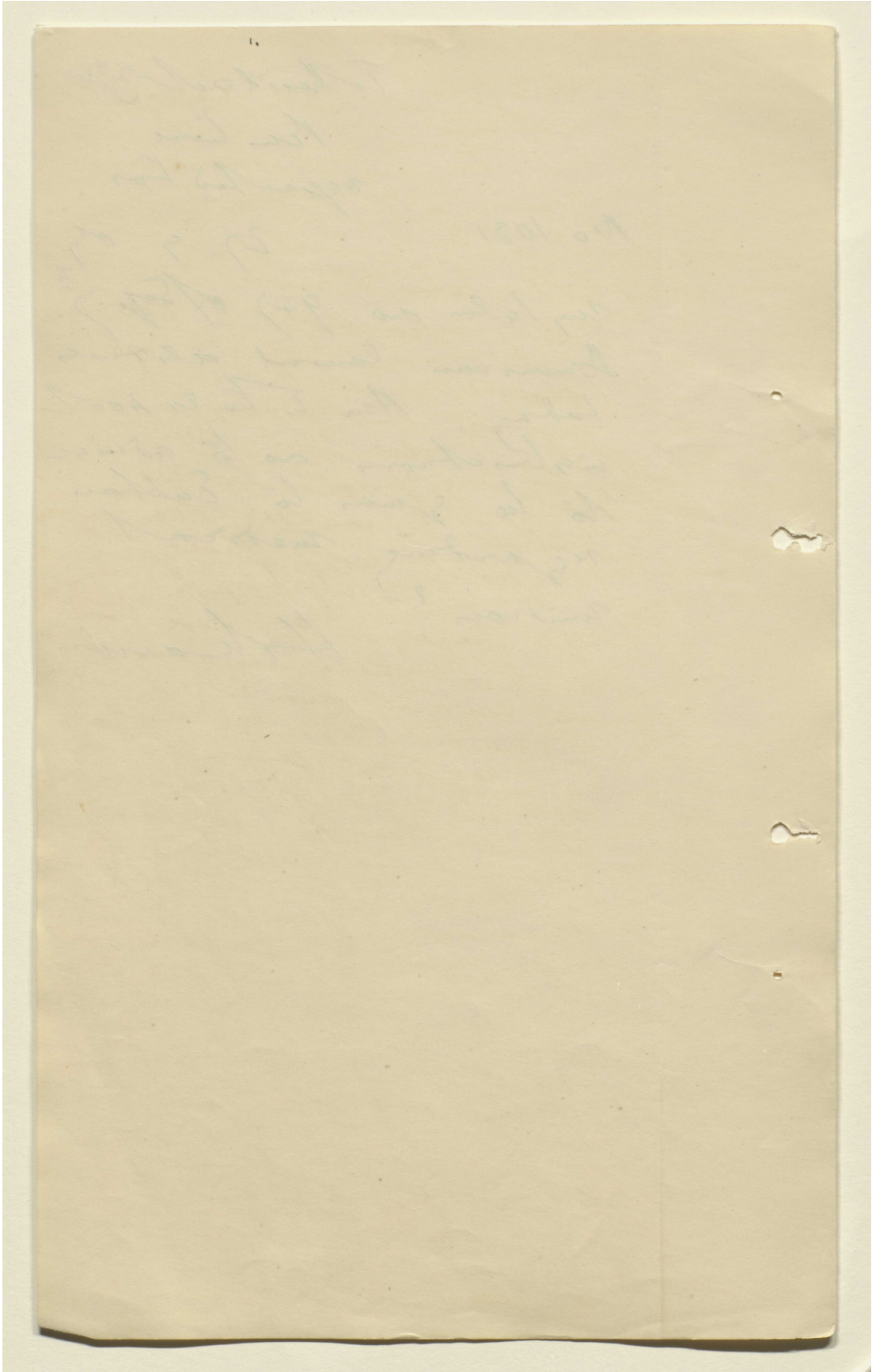
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [ظ٣٣]
(٢١٠/٦٦)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٣٤]
(٢١٠/٦٧)

To the Consul 32
Dear Sir
repeated for
No 1031 27. 9. 07
my letter no. 94) of Sep. 7.
American Consul arrives
today. Am I to expect
instructions as to advice
to be given to Sultan
regarding medical
mission?
Howard.

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٣٤ ظ]
(٢١٠/٦٨)



33

35

Telegram from Resident
Rushie

No 953 27.9.09.

Telly. tel. received from
Foreign. Bagis " 5 390
your tel. of Sep 7 - 96
Mubrah d'ipensang.
Following tel. from Bagis
State Sep 22 - Bagis
British Ambassador Washington
telegraphs as follows
" U. S. Govt. your tel.
reply today. They have had
matter under consideration
for several months and had
instructed U. S. Vice Consul
to urge Thoms claim on the
same footing as other mis-widies
had in Mukha. new Consul
goes out instructed to settle
matter with due regard to
America's treaty rights and
enjoyment equal opportunity
with. he has fulfilled in-
struction & reported on sit-
uation U. S. Govt. cannot
decide Thoms claim. Foreign
office interpret " equal op-
portunity " to mean equal
opportunities for American
missionaries with those of
other nationalities. If
American Consul proposed
a reasonable settlement

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [ظ٣٥]
(٢١٠/٧٠)

Pls Resident in Persian Gulf
should urge Sultan to
accept it. If settlement
is not acceptable, Resident
must report facts bearing in
mind question interference
must be delicate and that he
himself has no loose ends.
Impossible to provide any
support to Sultan until
the facts are known. Resident
will of course observe friendly
attitude to Consul and fore.
warn Sultan to act reasonably
Ends. Please issue necessary
instructions to Ends Please
be guided by above.

Trevor.

←

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٣٦]

(٢١٠/٧١)

I received the above telegram ⁽³⁹⁾ last night
 I went to see H.H. early
 this morning. He had al-
 ready received a Journal
 visit from the American
 Consul & I gathered that
 he had shown his usual
 courtesy & kindness at the
 interview.
 I mentioned that I had receiv-
 ed a telegram from Eos-
 about the matter of the
 American doctor & Eos-
 that there had been discussions
 on the subject between the
 British Eos- & the American
 Eos- & that the latter had
 sent their Consul to enquire
 into & report upon the
 matter. Eos-
 I advised H.H. when the
 American Consul broached
 the question of the medical
 mission to discuss it frankly
 with Mr. Ray explaining
 to his objections to the
~~undertaking~~ & his grievance
 against Dr. Thoms.
 I said that Mr. Ray might
 be expected to enquire into
 the whole matter in an
 impartial & friendly manner,

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [ظ٣٦]
(٢١٠/٧٢)

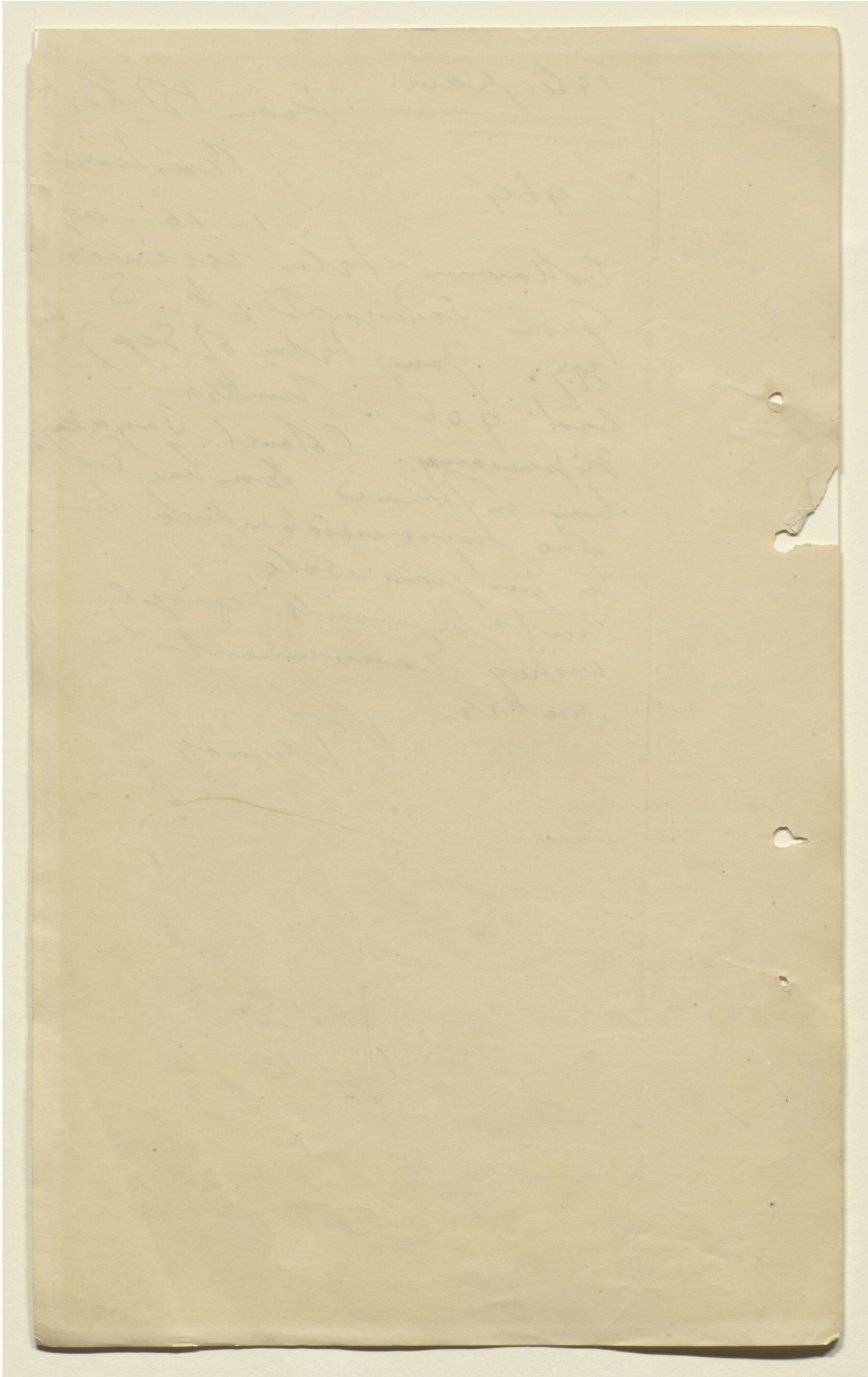
I trust he would doubtless,
eventually formulate some
arrangement which he
would propose to HM
I have exchanged the usual visits
with the American Consul.

28. 5. 09.

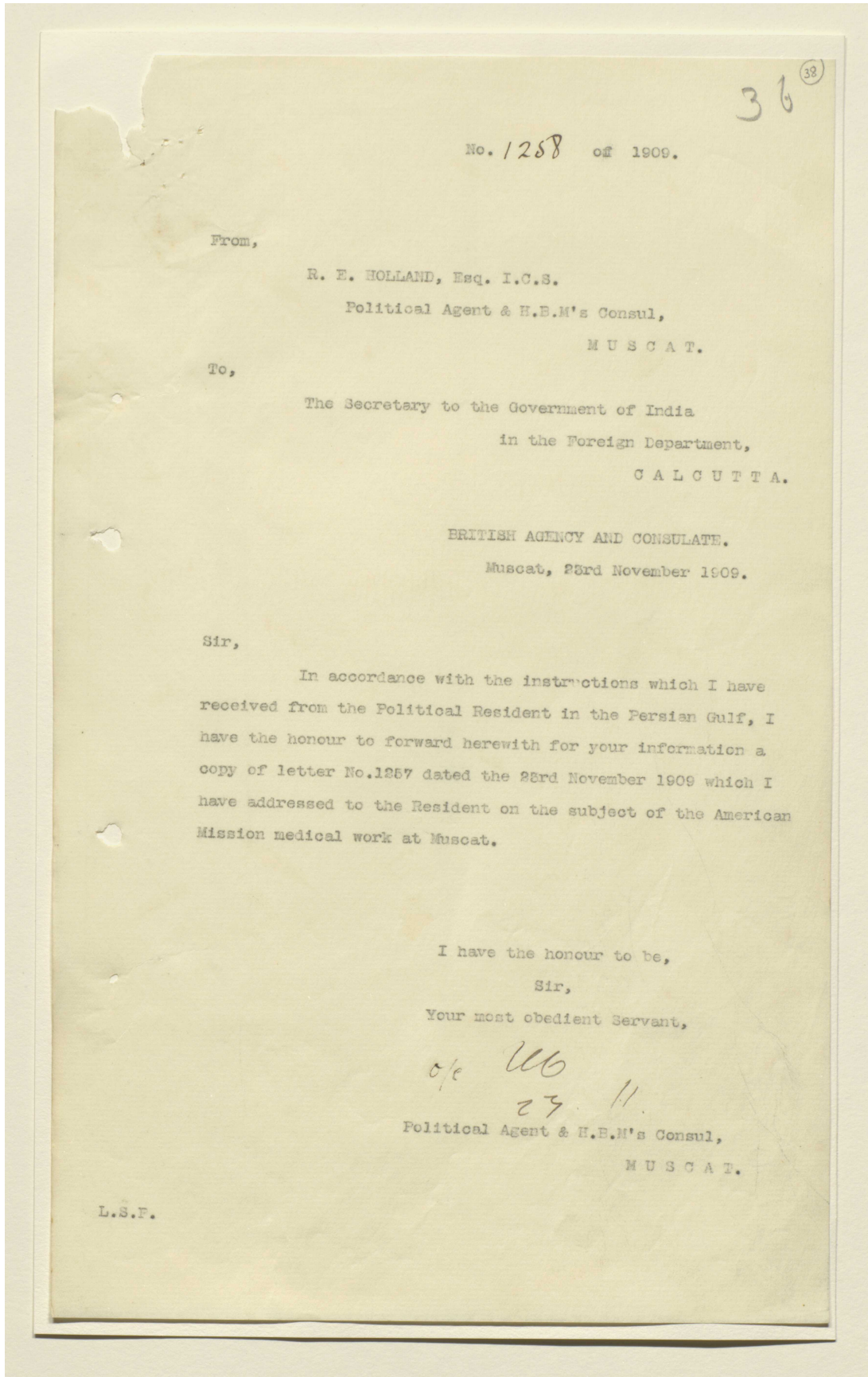
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٣٧و]
(٢١٠/٧٣)

Telegram ³⁵ (37)
From P&R Resⁿ
Kashmir
969
1-16-09
Following telegram received
from Foreign Dept. S to
397. (orig. telegram of Sep)
last 906. Ultra
dispensary. Colonel Jayakar
has informed Bombay Govt.
who were asked to induce him
to postpone sale,
that he will comply.
wishes Government in
matter.
Trevor.

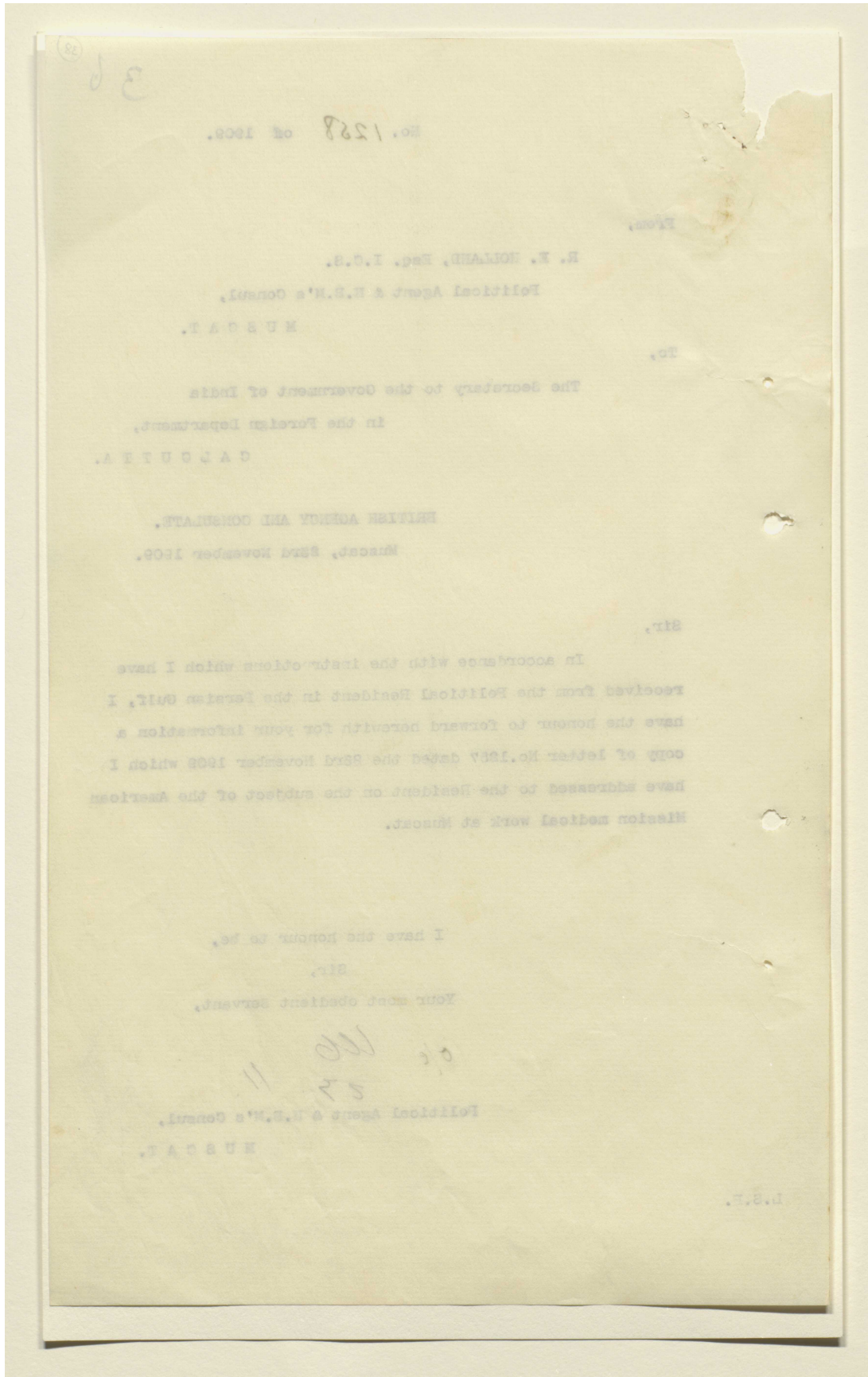
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [ظ٣٧]
(٢١٠/٧٤)



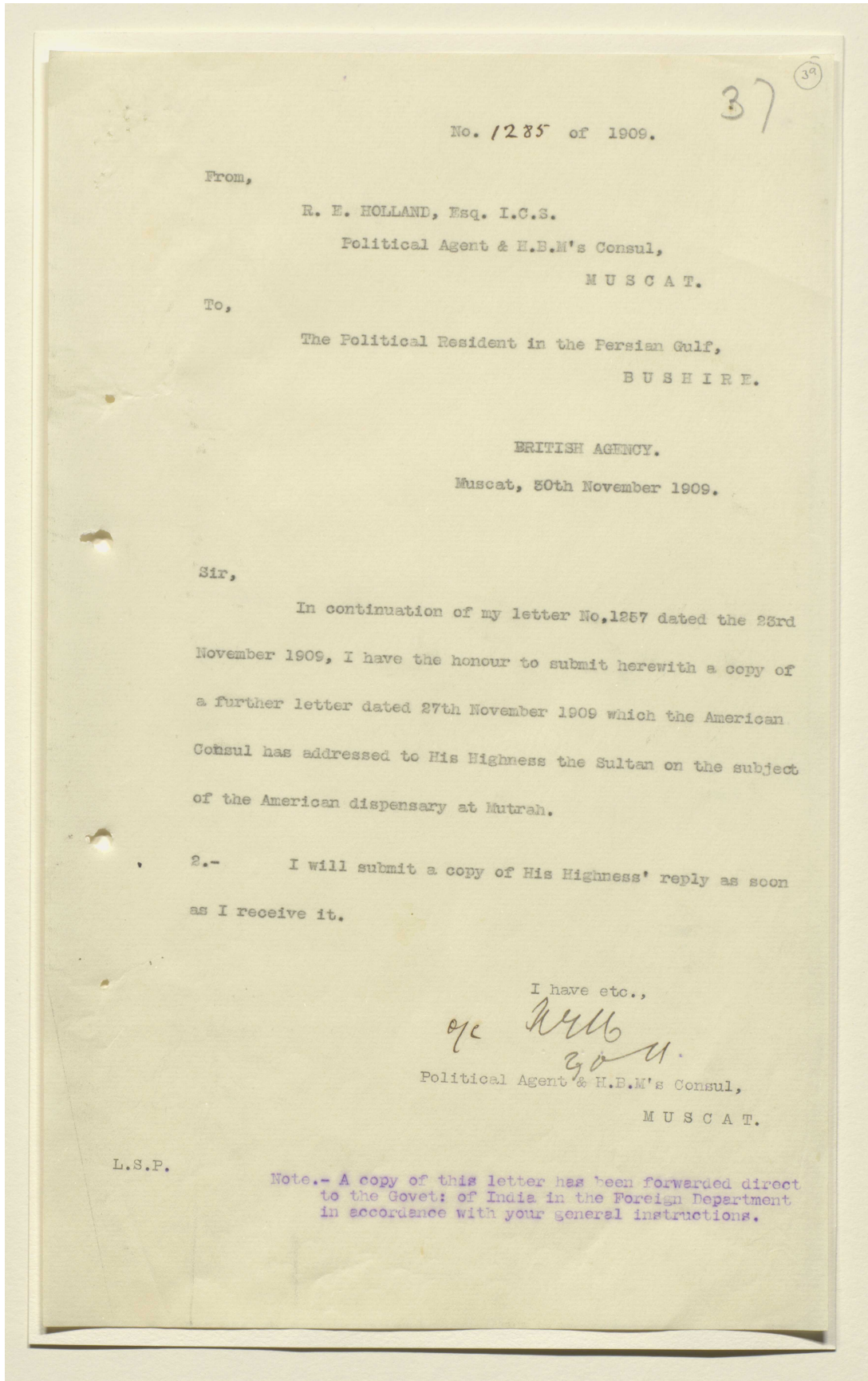
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٣٨]
(٢١٠/٧٥)



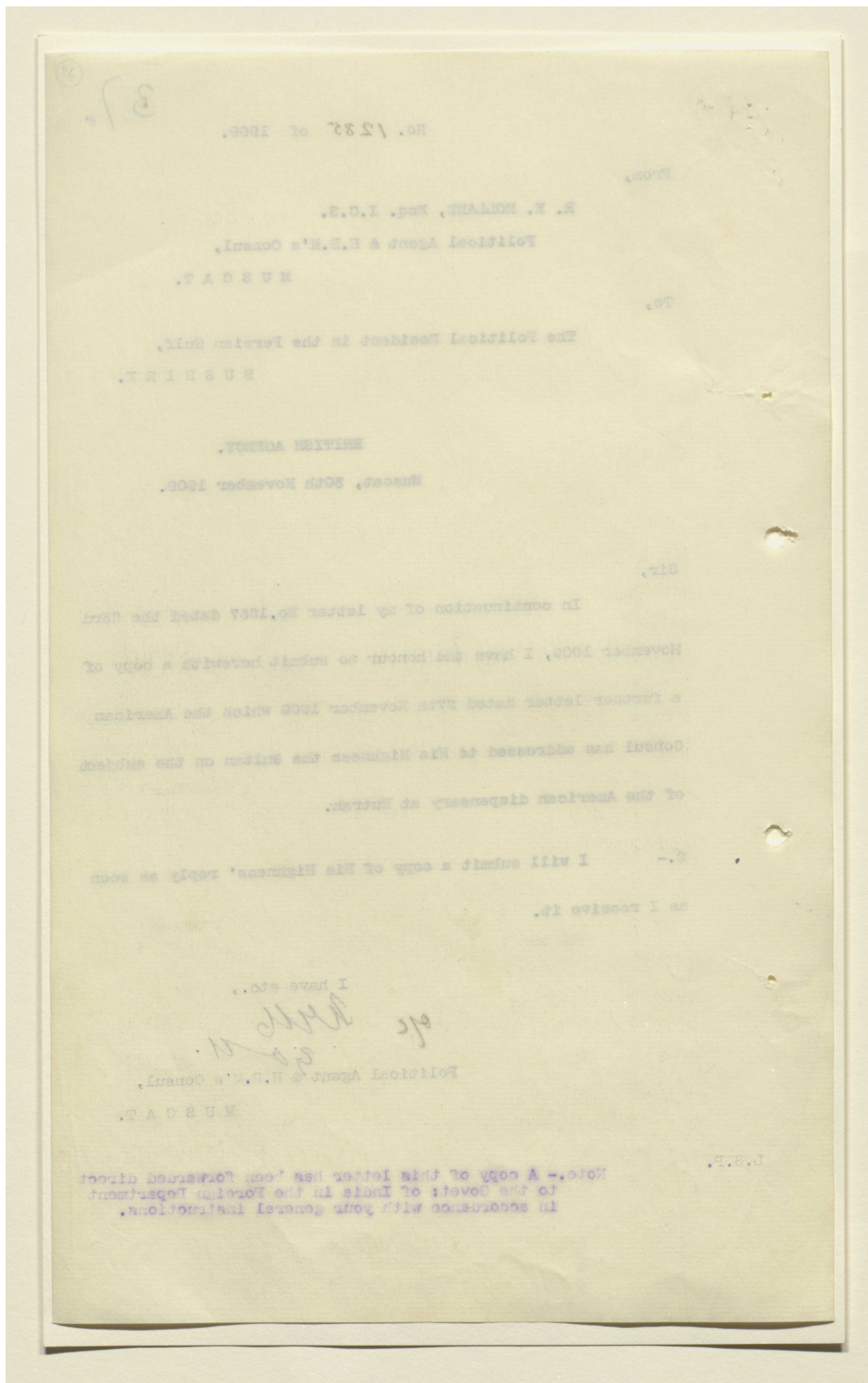
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٣٨ظ]
(٢١٠/٧٦)



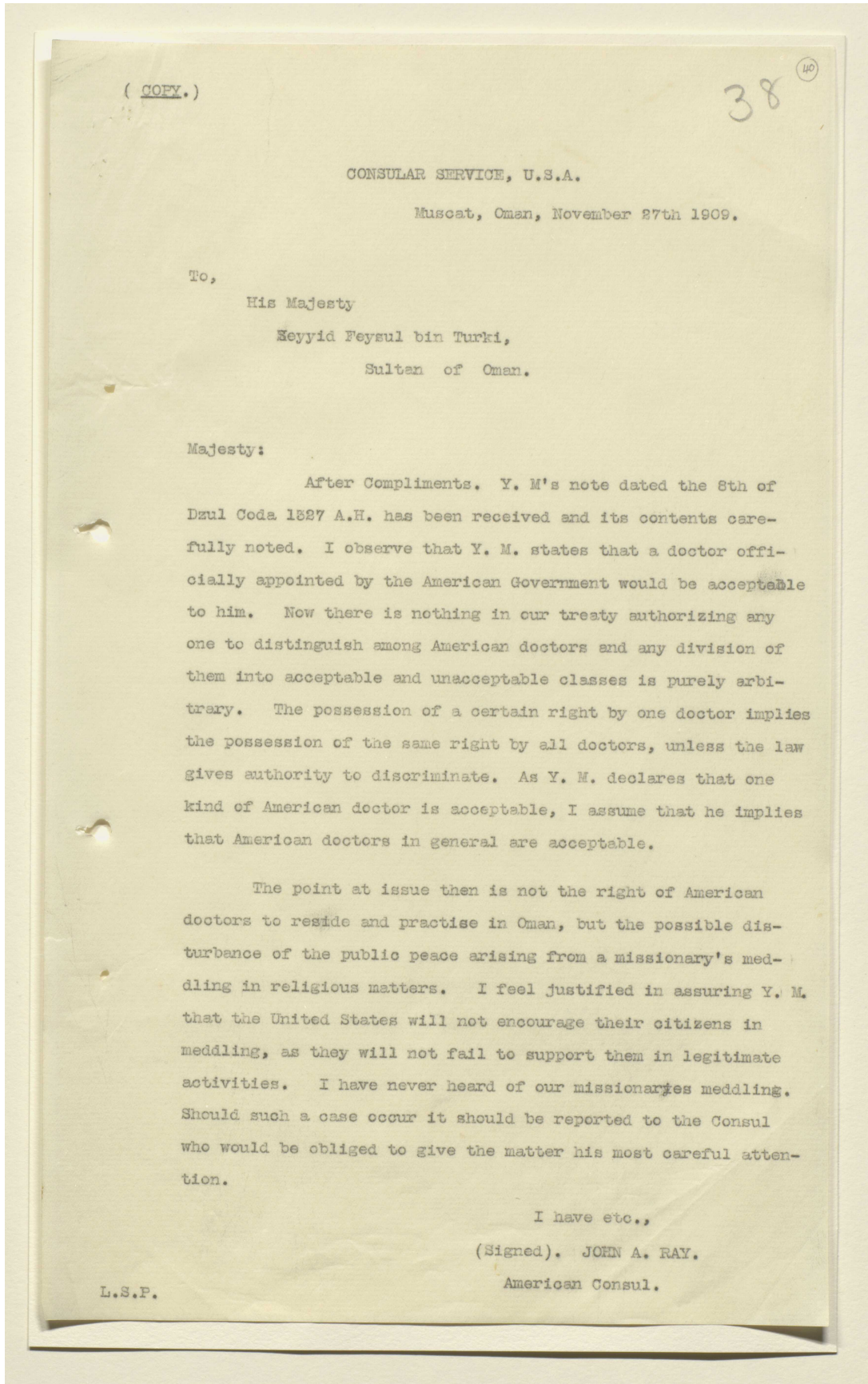
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٣٩ و]
(٢١٠/٧٧)



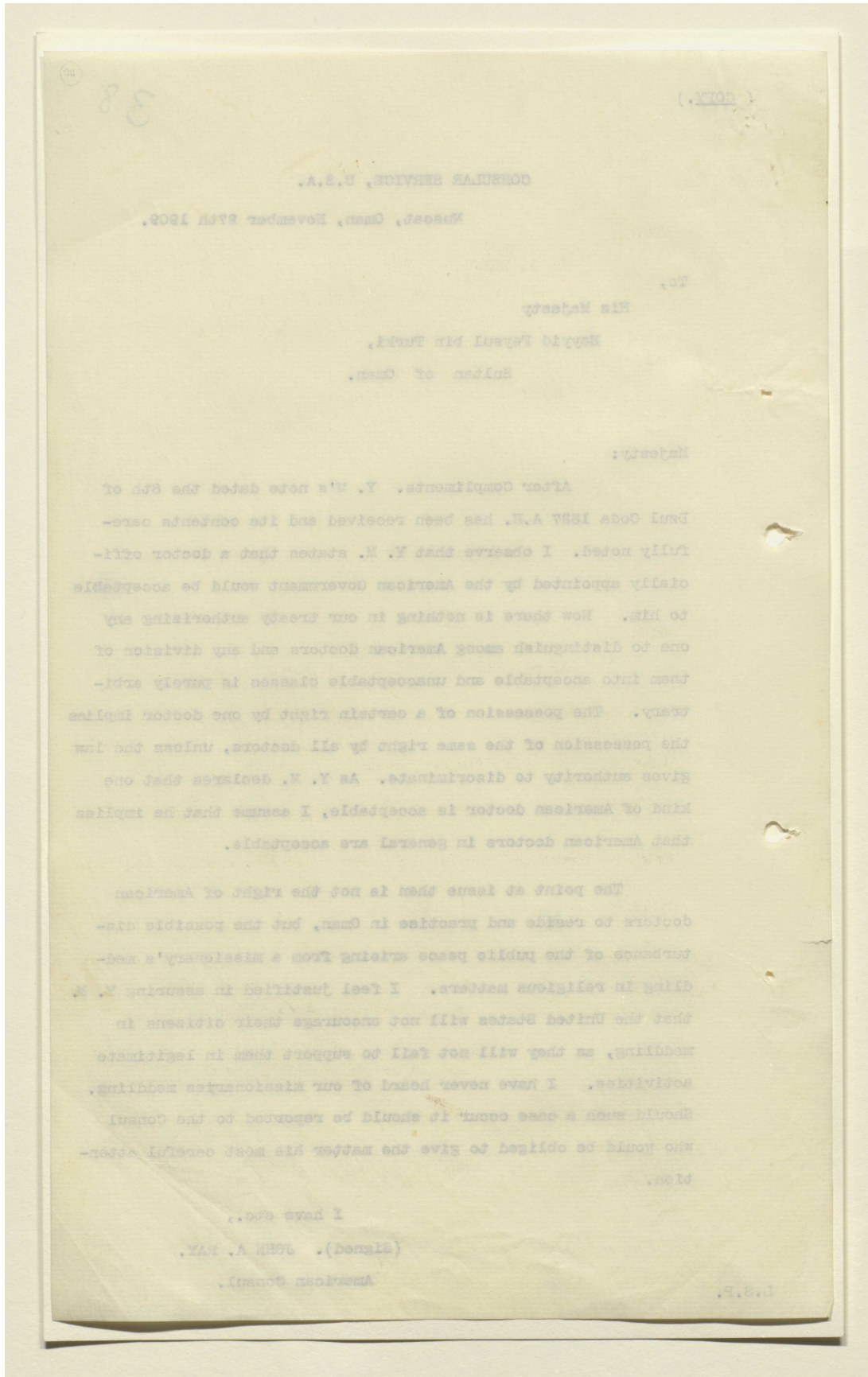
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٣٩ظ]
(٢١٠/٧٨)



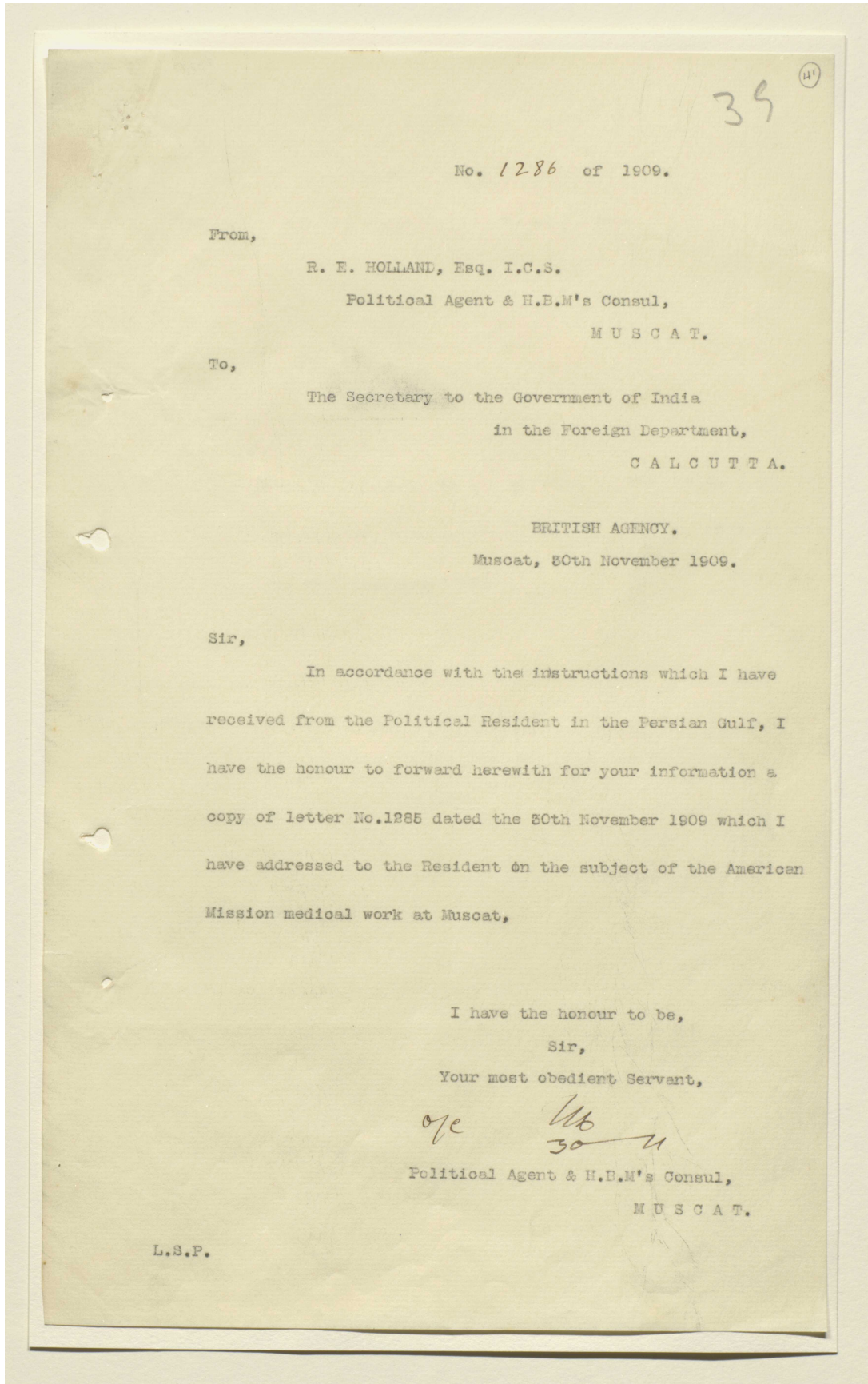
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤٠ و]
(٢١٠/٧٩)



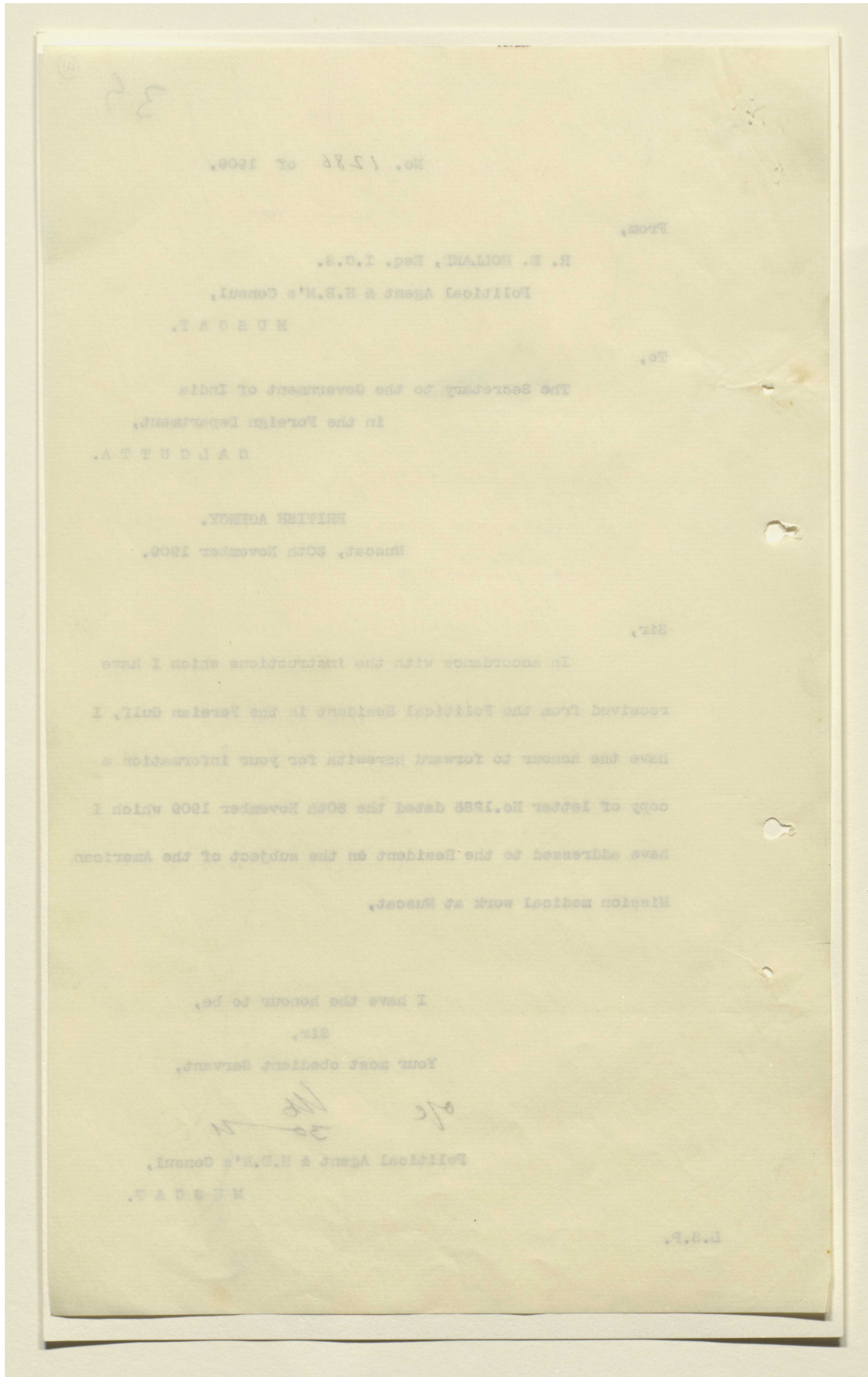
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤٠ : ظ]
(٢١٠ / ٨٠)



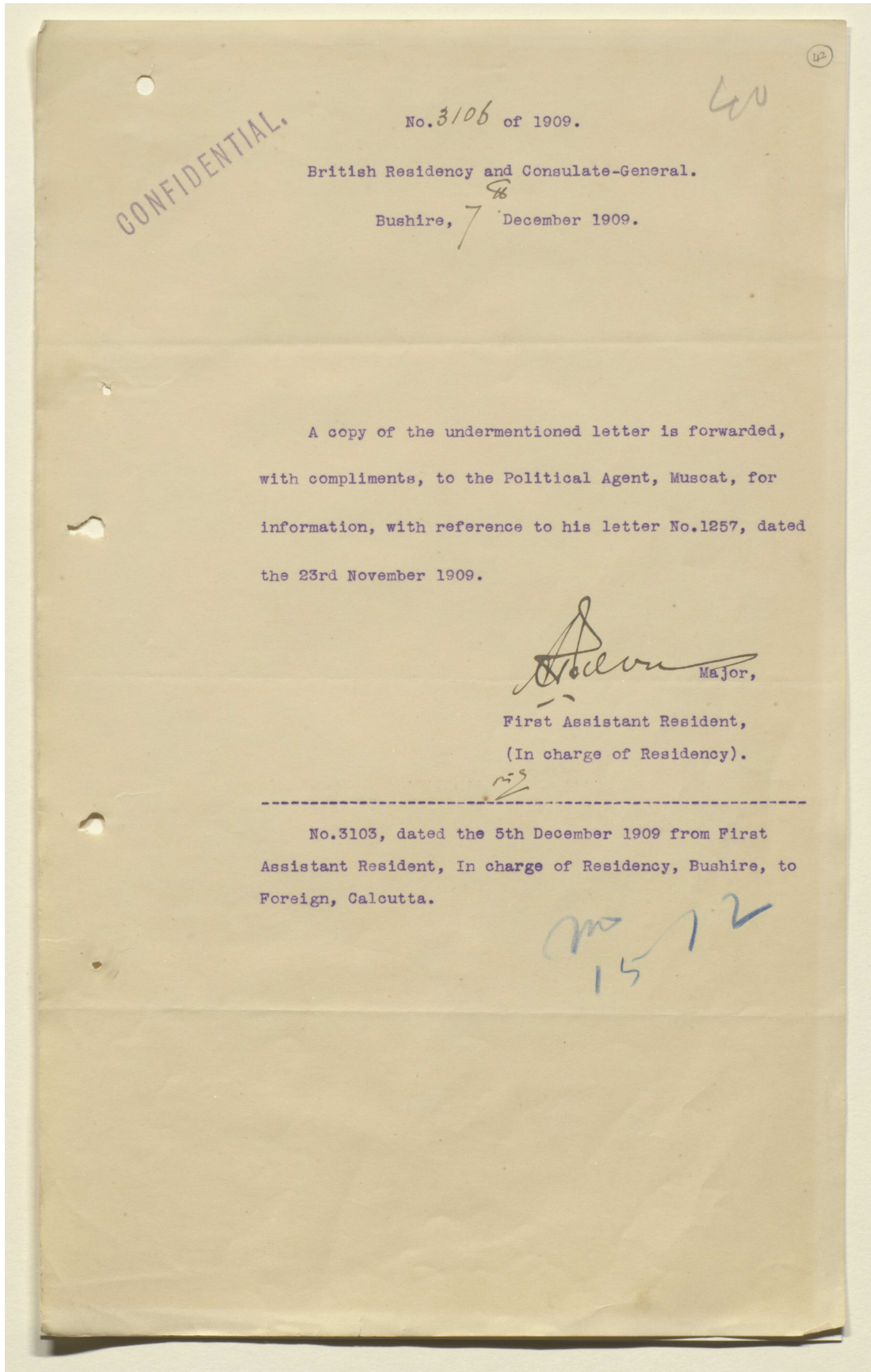
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١ و٤]
(٢١٠/٨١)



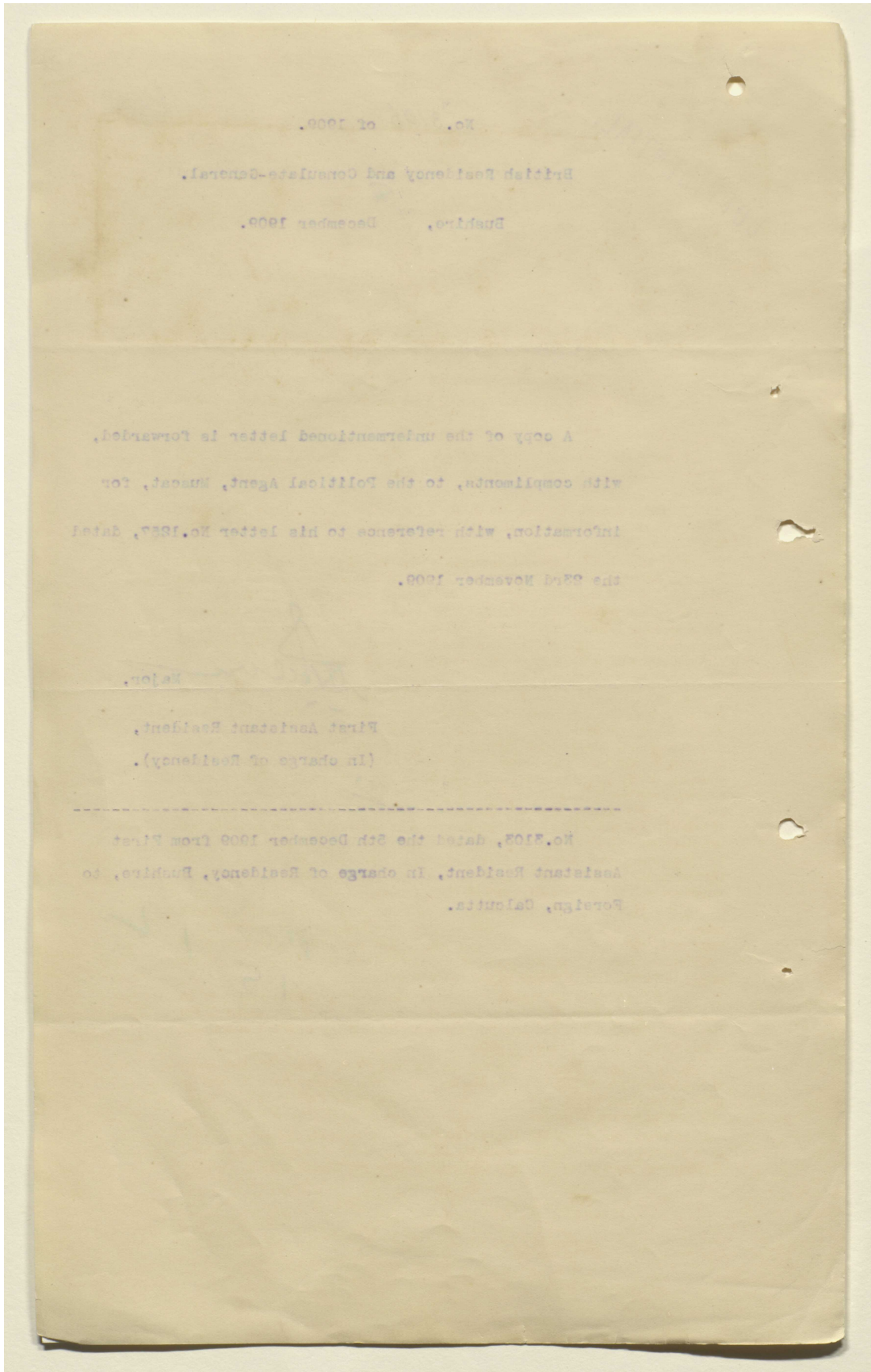
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١:٤ظ]
(٢١٠/٨٢)



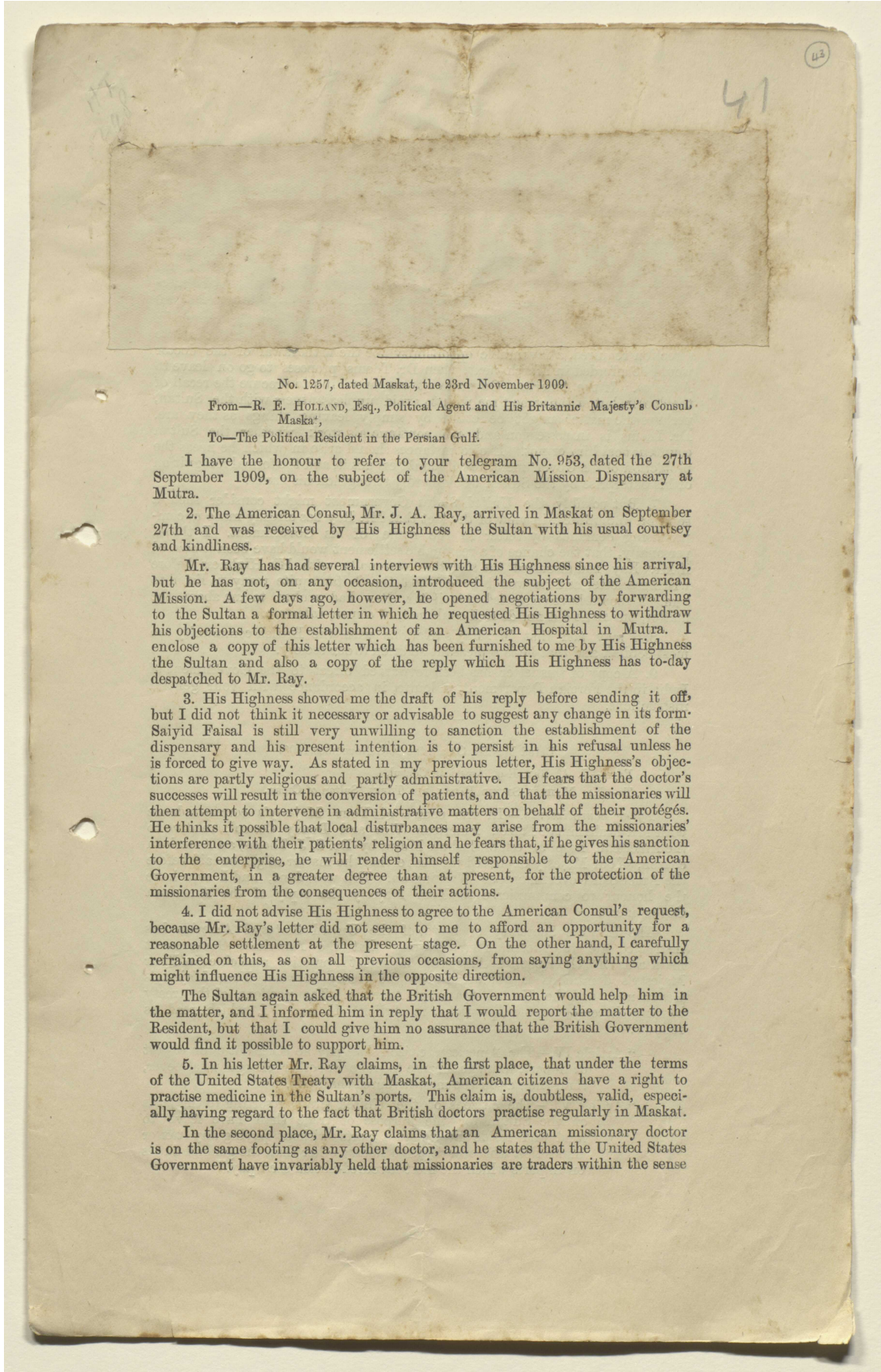
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢ و٤]
(٢١٠/٨٣)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٢٤ ظ]
(٢١٠/٨٤)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤٣ و]
(٢١٠ / ٨٥)



No. 1257, dated Maskat, the 23rd November 1909.

From—R. E. HOLLAND, Esq., Political Agent and His Britannic Majesty's Consul Maskat,

To—The Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.

I have the honour to refer to your telegram No. 953, dated the 27th September 1909, on the subject of the American Mission Dispensary at Mutra.

2. The American Consul, Mr. J. A. Ray, arrived in Maskat on September 27th and was received by His Highness the Sultan with his usual courtesy and kindness.

Mr. Ray has had several interviews with His Highness since his arrival, but he has not, on any occasion, introduced the subject of the American Mission. A few days ago, however, he opened negotiations by forwarding to the Sultan a formal letter in which he requested His Highness to withdraw his objections to the establishment of an American Hospital in Mutra. I enclose a copy of this letter which has been furnished to me by His Highness the Sultan and also a copy of the reply which His Highness has to-day despatched to Mr. Ray.

3. His Highness showed me the draft of his reply before sending it off, but I did not think it necessary or advisable to suggest any change in its form. Saiyid Faisal is still very unwilling to sanction the establishment of the dispensary and his present intention is to persist in his refusal unless he is forced to give way. As stated in my previous letter, His Highness's objections are partly religious and partly administrative. He fears that the doctor's successes will result in the conversion of patients, and that the missionaries will then attempt to intervene in administrative matters on behalf of their protégés. He thinks it possible that local disturbances may arise from the missionaries' interference with their patients' religion and he fears that, if he gives his sanction to the enterprise, he will render himself responsible to the American Government, in a greater degree than at present, for the protection of the missionaries from the consequences of their actions.

4. I did not advise His Highness to agree to the American Consul's request, because Mr. Ray's letter did not seem to me to afford an opportunity for a reasonable settlement at the present stage. On the other hand, I carefully refrained on this, as on all previous occasions, from saying anything which might influence His Highness in the opposite direction.

The Sultan again asked that the British Government would help him in the matter, and I informed him in reply that I would report the matter to the Resident, but that I could give him no assurance that the British Government would find it possible to support him.

5. In his letter Mr. Ray claims, in the first place, that under the terms of the United States Treaty with Maskat, American citizens have a right to practise medicine in the Sultan's ports. This claim is, doubtless, valid, especially having regard to the fact that British doctors practise regularly in Maskat.

In the second place, Mr. Ray claims that an American missionary doctor is on the same footing as any other doctor, and he states that the United States Government have invariably held that missionaries are traders within the sense

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٣: ظ]

(٢١٠/٨٦)

2

of the word as employed in treaties. Herein lies the real issue and it will doubtless be considered with reference to precedents which are not at my disposal. To the layman it seems at least questionable whether a missionary, whose actions are not ordinarily governed by commercial considerations, can be regarded as a trader, and possibly other countries than America have not held that missionaries are traders within the sense of the word as employed in treaties. If missionaries are not traders the American claim on the ground of "equal opportunity" is untenable in this case, since no other missionary doctor is practising or, so far as I am aware, ever has practised in the Sultan's territories.

6. If His Majesty's Government find it possible to support the Sultan in this matter and are able to influence the United States Government in the direction required, a favourable opportunity for the withdrawal of the doctor would be afforded in March next, when Dr. Thoms proposes to go on leave to America. If the American Government are unwilling to procure the recall of the doctor, but at the same time wish to avoid unpleasantness with the Sultan, perhaps the matter might be settled by simply leaving things as they are. Dr. Thoms is in possession and can continue his work, whether the Sultan countenances him or not. If circumstances should arise in which he needs the protection of his Government he will doubtless get it, and the formal recognition of his enterprise by the Sultan would hardly strengthen his hands.

7. But possibly the United States Government might consider such a solution undignified, in view of the fact that Mr. Ray has already made uncompromising demands by letter in the name of his Government. I think, personally, that the chance of a reasonable settlement would have been increased if Mr. Ray had discussed the situation personally with His Highness before writing a letter and he would have found the Sultan quite ready to listen to him. I should have suggested this if Mr. Ray had spoken to me about the matter, but as he did not do so I could not, of course, interfere.

8. I may add that Mr. Ray's relations with the British community are most cordial, and that he is a pleasant addition to our society.

9. A copy of this letter has been forwarded direct to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, Calcutta, in accordance with your general instructions.

Dated Maskat, Oman, the 15th November 1909.

From—J. A. RAY, Esq., American Consul,

To—HIS MAJESTY SEYYID FAISUL BIN TURKI, Sultan of Oman.

After compliments.—In the course of Your Majesty's correspondence with Mr. Muhammad Faizel, American Vice and Deputy Consul, relative to the American hospital established at Mutra by Dr. S. J. Thoms, an American citizen, Your Majesty expressed the desire that the matter might be laid before the American Government at Washington. This was done, and I now have the honour to communicate to Your Majesty the reply of the American Government.

The Hon'ble Secretary of State of the United States of America has instructed me to inform Your Majesty that the American Government maintains that the right of American citizens to practise medicine in Your Majesty's dominions is guaranteed by the treaty between Your Majesty's Government and the United States of America. The portions of the treaty bearing directly on the question are Articles IV and VI, which read as follows:—

"Article IV.—The American citizen shall pay no other duties on export or import, tonnage, license to trade or other charge whatsoever, than the nation the most-favoured shall pay."

"Article VI.—The citizens of the United States resorting to the ports of the Sultan for the purpose of trade shall have leave to land and reside in the said ports without paying any tax or imposition whatever for such liberty other than the general duties on imports which the most-favoured-nation shall pay."

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤٤ و]

(٢١٠/٨٧)

3

By all rules for the interpretation of treaties the practice of medicine is included in the word "trade" as used in these two articles which grant to American citizens the treatment accorded to the most-favoured nation. The only point to determine is whether, as a matter of fact, citizens of any other country are now, or have been in the past since the signing of the treaty, allowed to practise medicine in Your Majesty's Kingdom. That such is the case admits of no doubt. For example, Dr. Norman Scott, a British subject, now resides in Maskat, where he practises medicine and is in charge of a hospital where the subjects of Your Majesty receive treatment. Dr. Scott has even treated patients in Mutra. The British hospital now in course of erection in Maskat has received the hearty approval and support of Your Majesty. Some years ago, Dr. A. S. G. Jayakar, a British subject, retired to Mutra, where he continued to practise medicine until he moved to India, without any objection on the part of Your Majesty so far as I am able to learn. Other examples might be adduced, if necessary.

The circumstance that Dr. Thoms is in the employ of an American Missionary Society alters in no wise the aspect of the case. The American Government has invariably held that missionaries are traders within the sense of the word as employed in treaties. Missionaries are entitled to the same protection as any other citizens of the United States of America.

In the previous correspondence, Your Majesty emphasized the point that you considered a doctor unnecessary in Mutra. The wisdom of Dr. Thoms' course in establishing a dispensary and hospital in Mutra is not a matter which this Government is at present disposed to discuss, as it is not a question of international law.

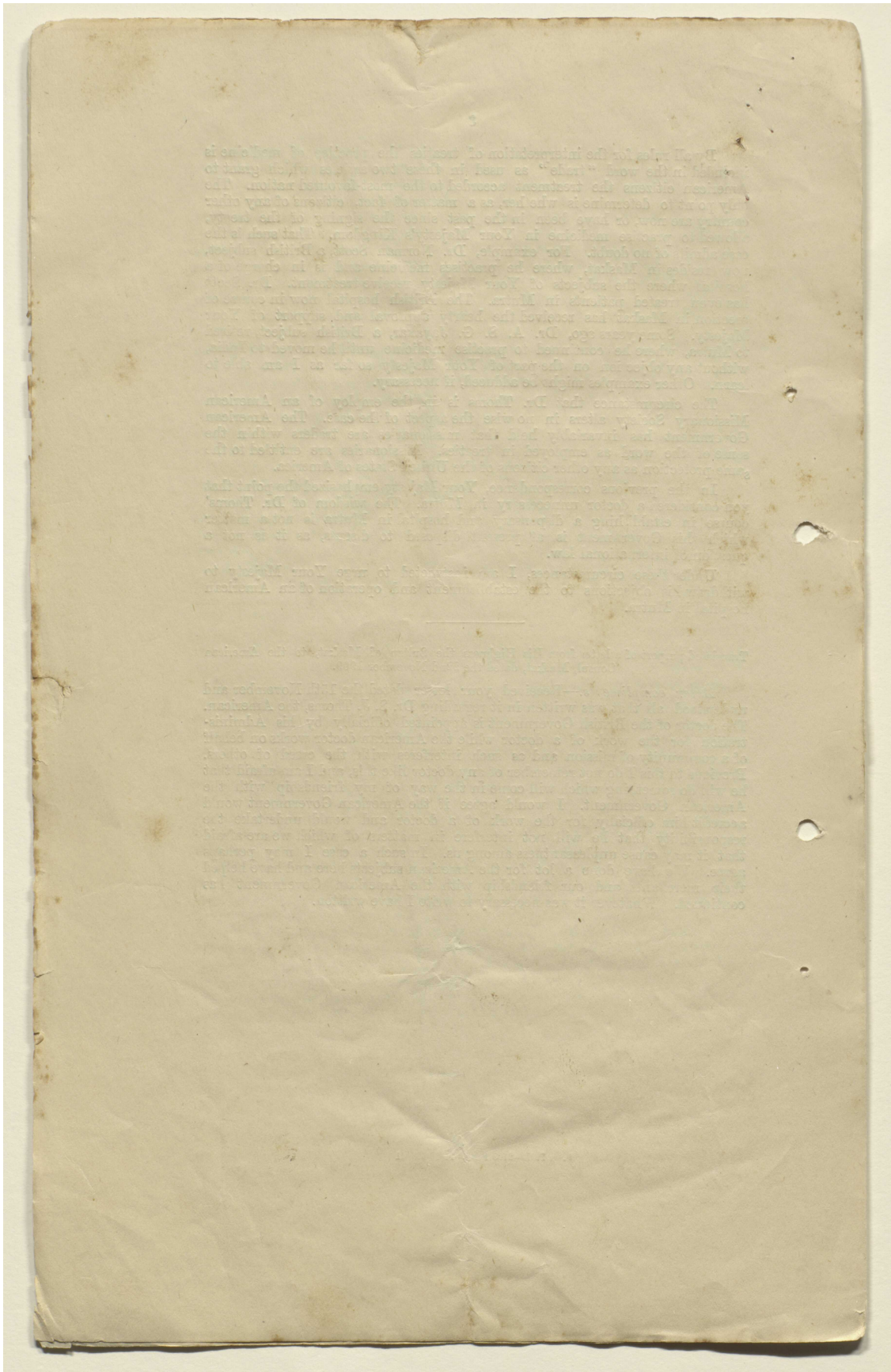
Under these circumstances, I am instructed to urge Your Majesty to withdraw his objections to the establishment and operation of an American hospital in Mutra.

Translated purport of a letter from His Highness the Sultan of Maskat, to the American Consul, Maskat, dated the 22nd November 1909.

After compliments.—Received your letter dated the 15th November and understood all that was written in it regarding Dr. S. J. Thoms, the American. The doctor of the British Government is appointed officially by his Administration for the work of a doctor while the American doctor works on behalf of a community of mission and as such interferes with the creed of others. Previous to this I do not remember of any doctor like this, and I am afraid that he will do something which will come in the way of my friendship with the American Government. I would agree if the American Government would accredit him officially for the work of a doctor and would undertake the responsibility that he will not interfere in matters of which we are afraid that it may cause unpleasantness among us. In such a case I may perhaps agree. We have done a lot for the American subjects here and have helped their merchants and our friendship with the American Government has continued. Whatever it was necessary to write I have written.

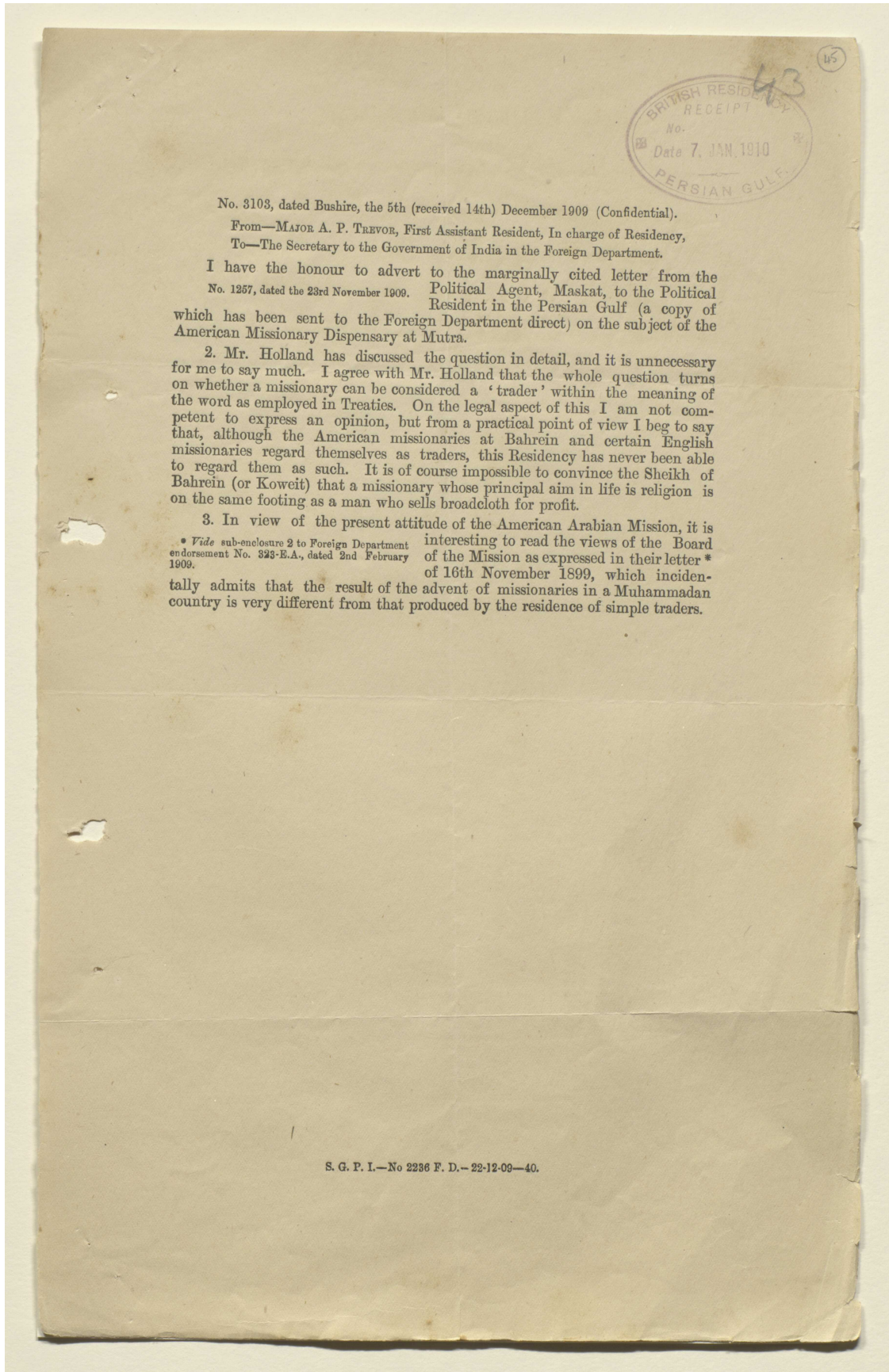
S. G. P. L.—2109 F. D.—11-12-09— 41

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤٤ ظ]
(٢١٠/٨٨)

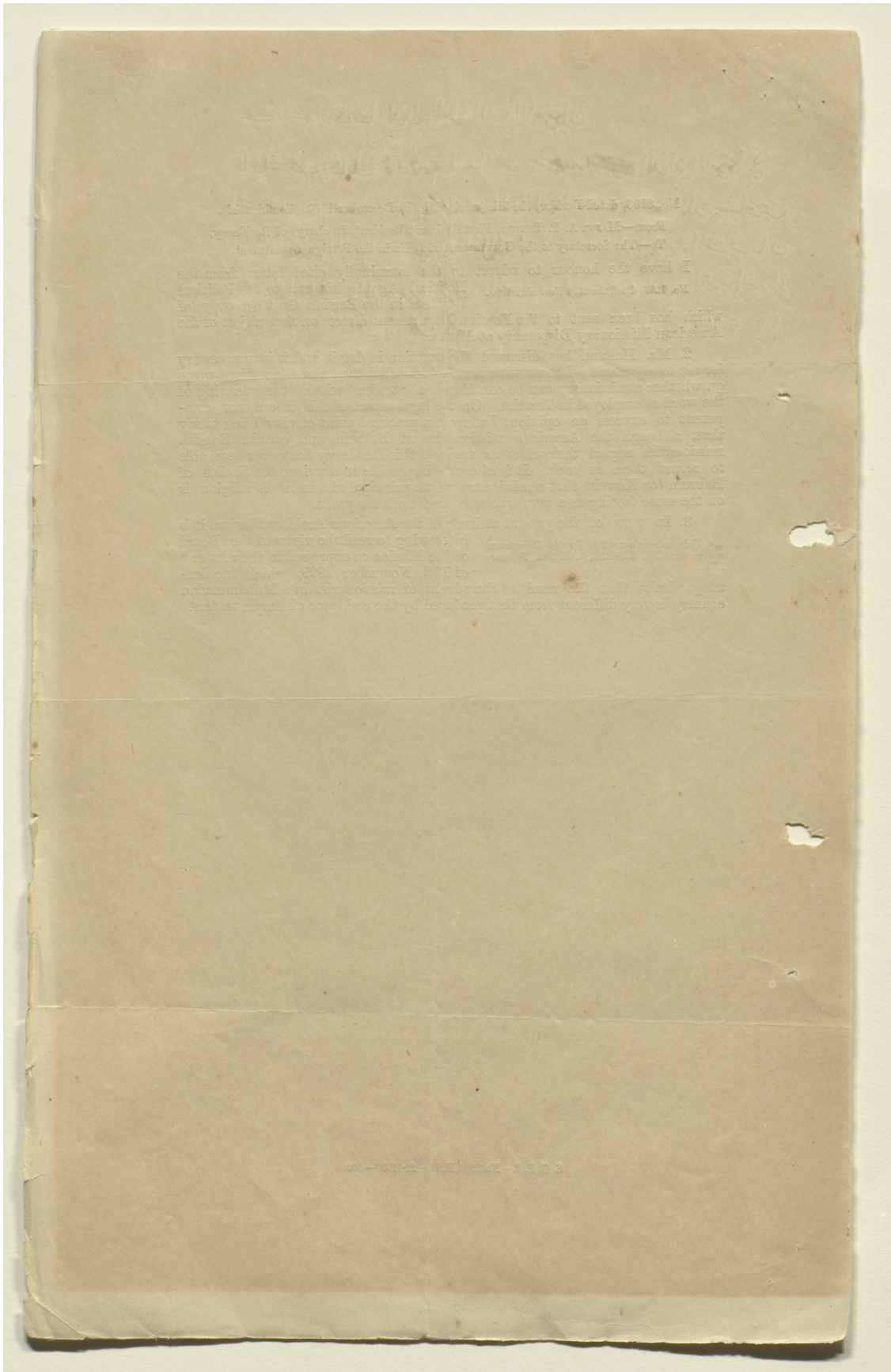


"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤٥ و]

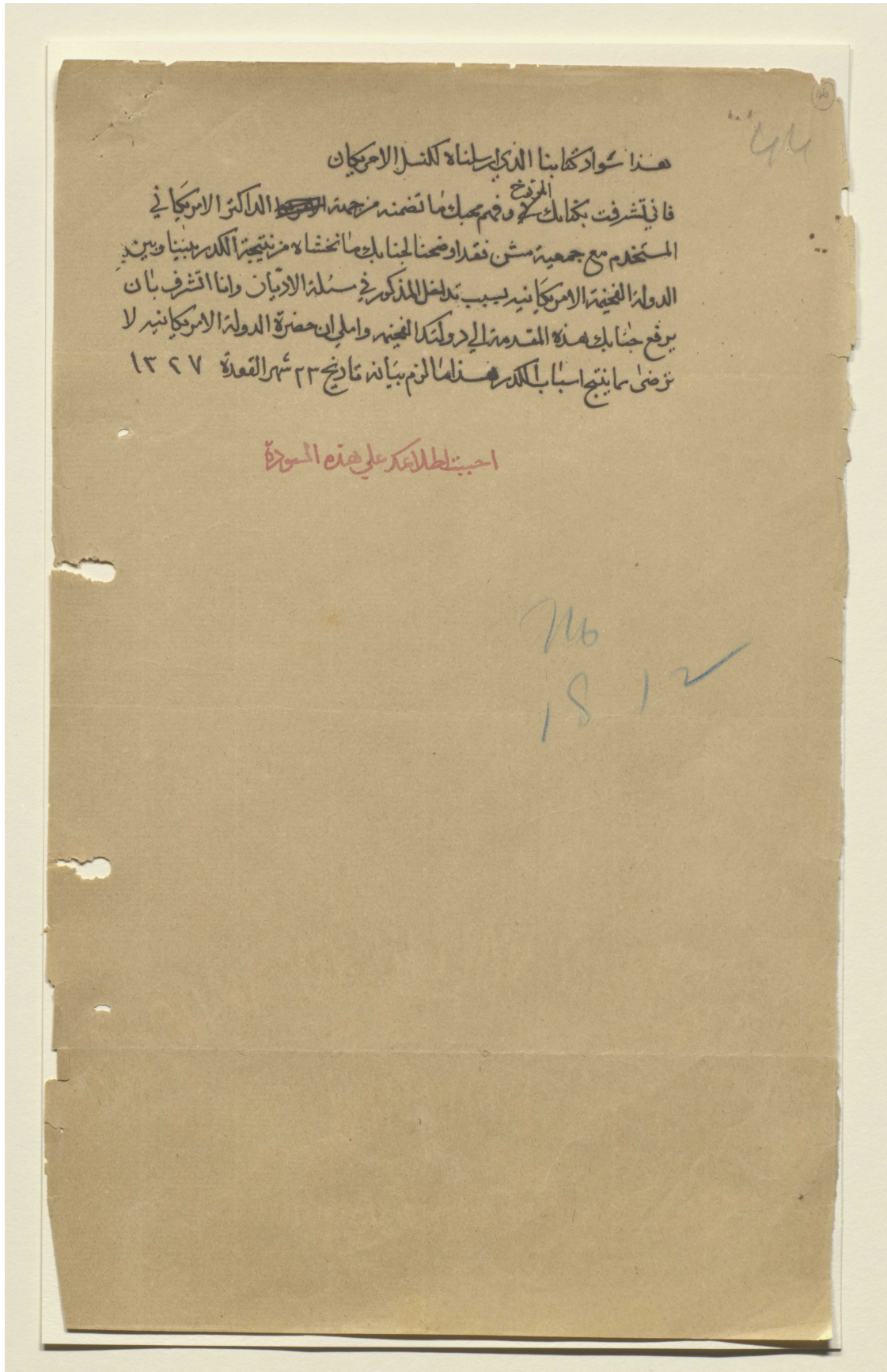
(٢١٠/٨٩)



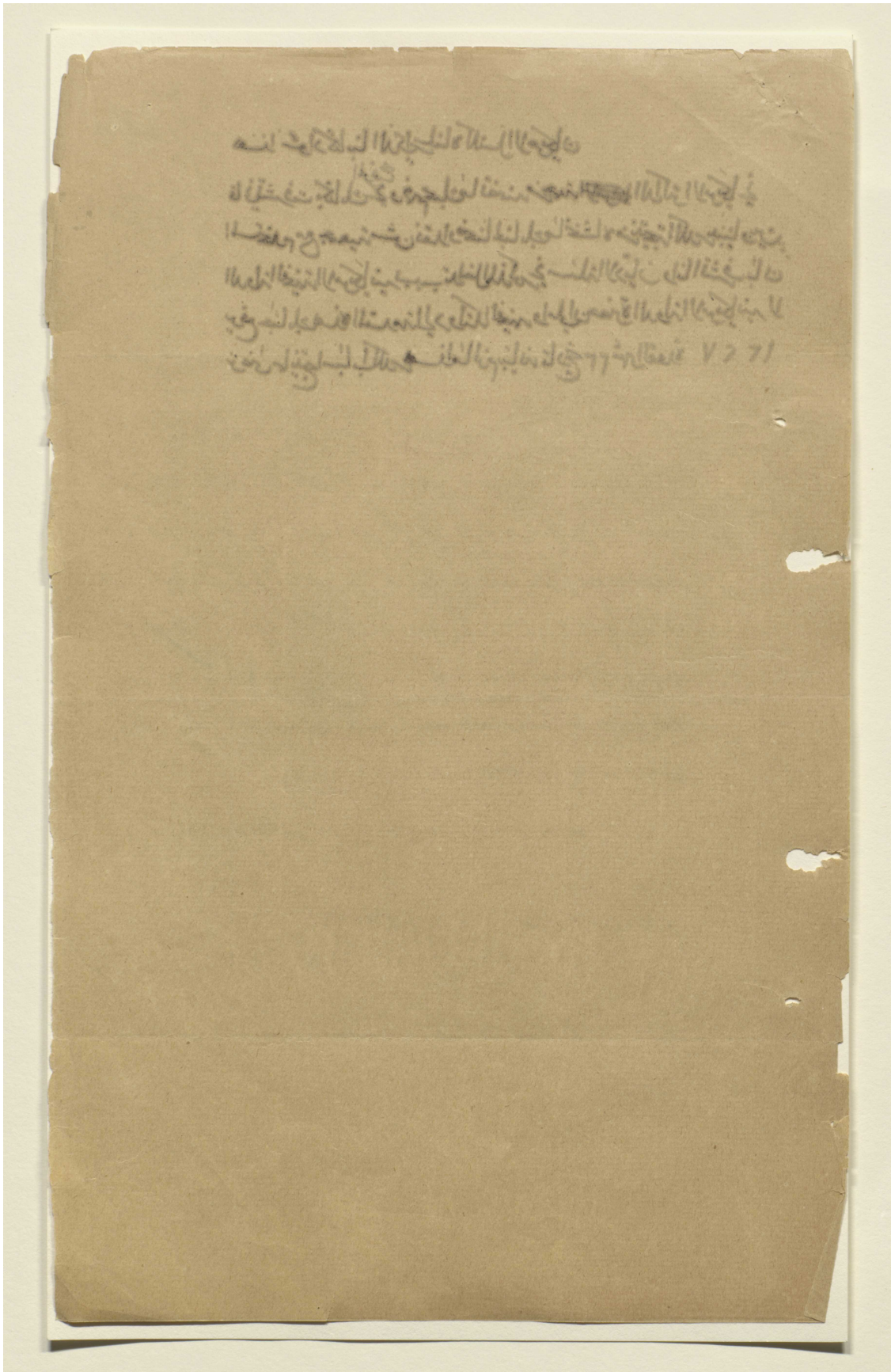
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥:٤ظ]
(٢١٠/٩٠)



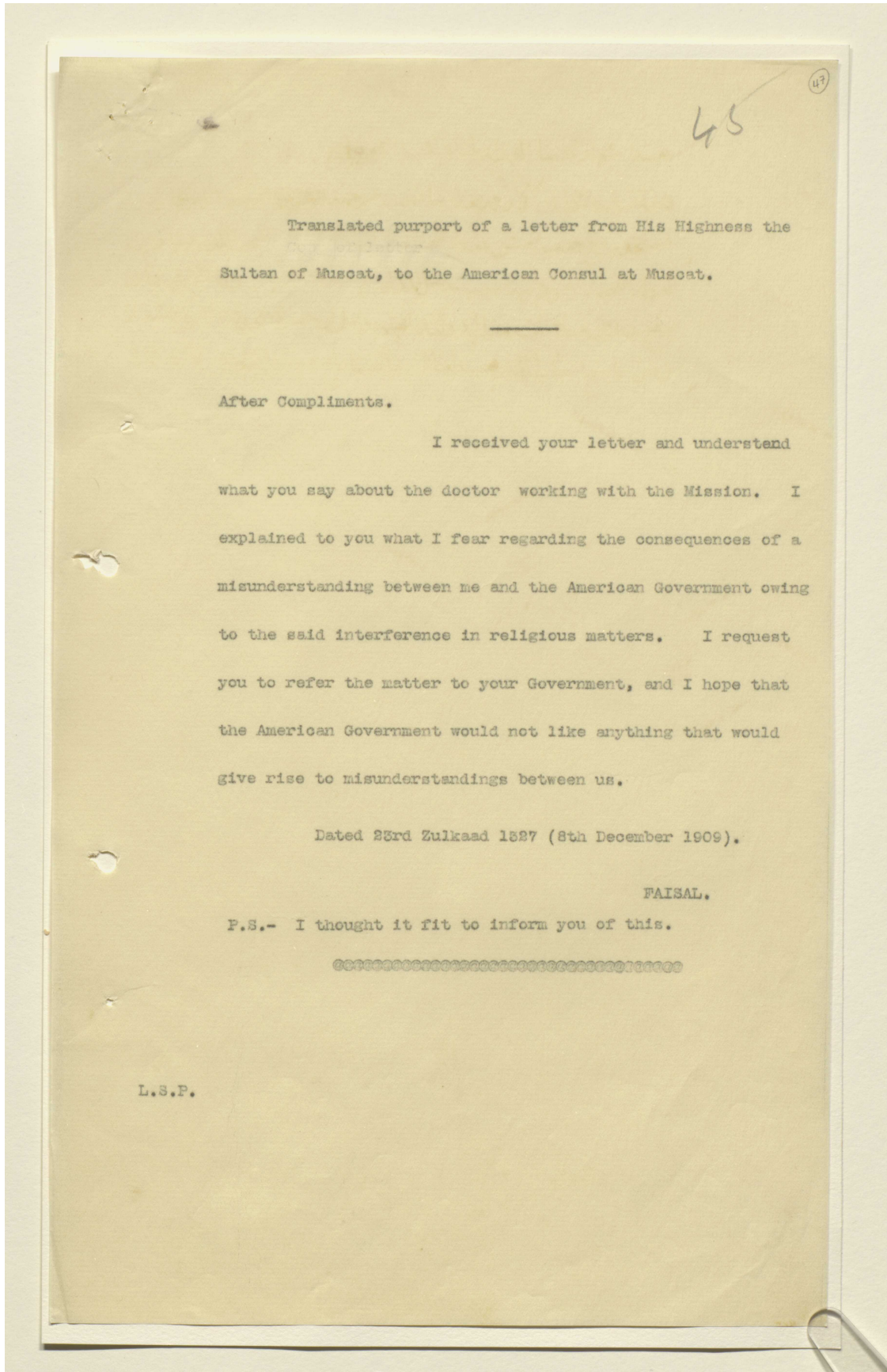
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤٦ و]
(٢١٠/٩١)



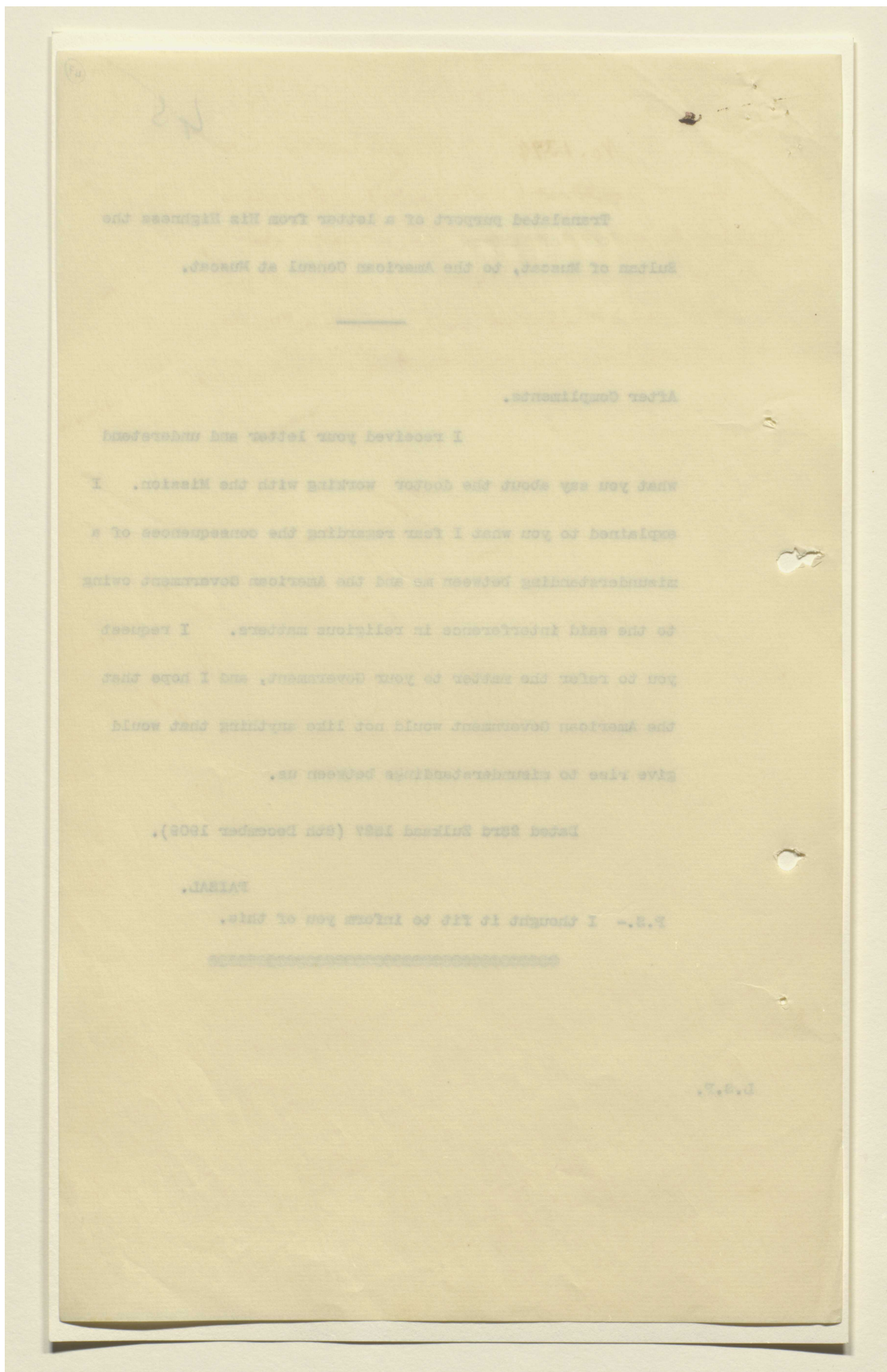
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦٤٤ظ]
(٢١٠/٩٢)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤٧ و]
(٢١٠/٩٣)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٤٤ظ]
(٢١٠/٩٤)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤٨ و]
(٢١٠/٩٥)

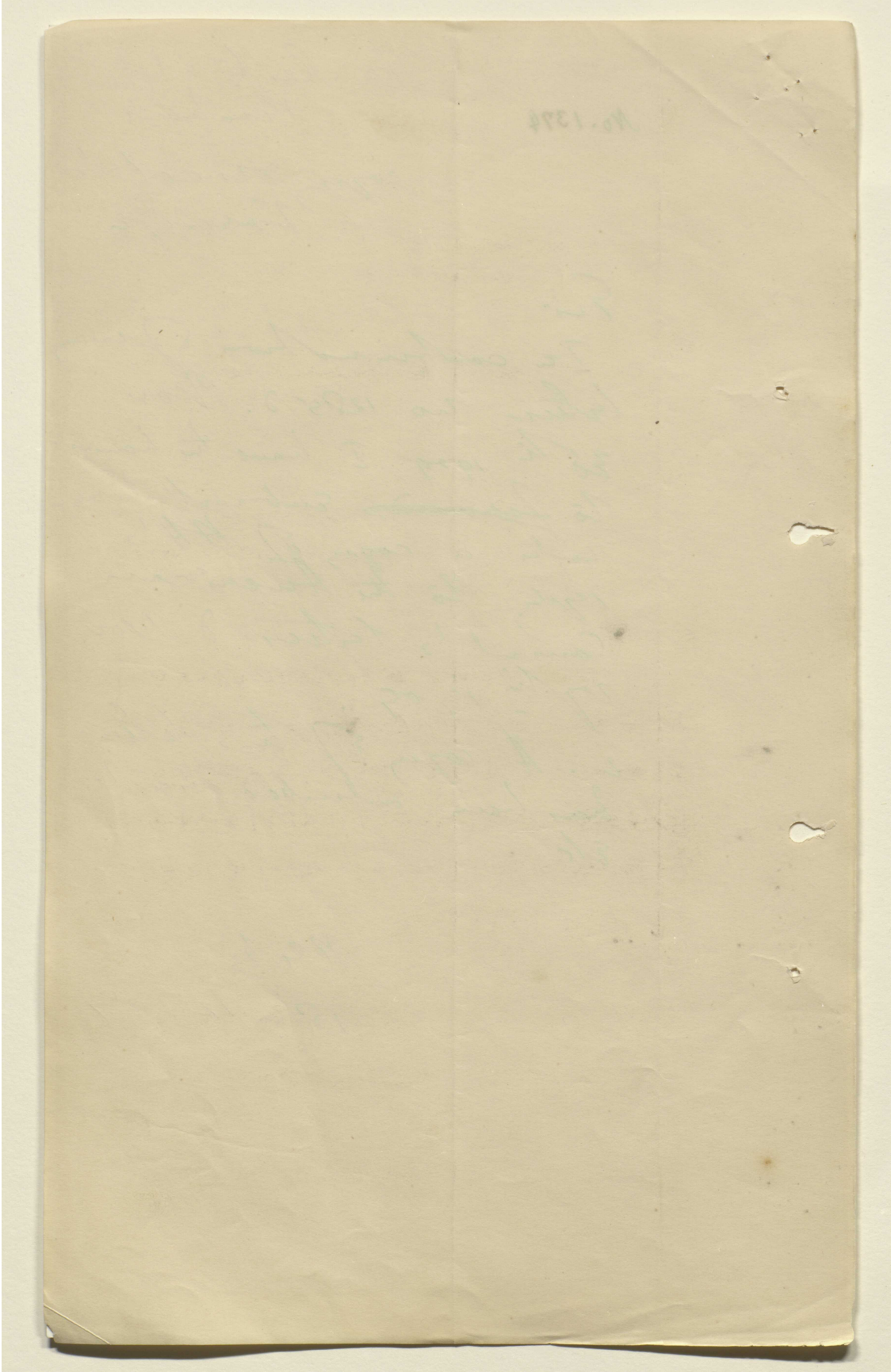
CONFIDENTIAL
No. 1374

To Res. to L.A. (48)
Res. Bureau
copy direct to
Foreign

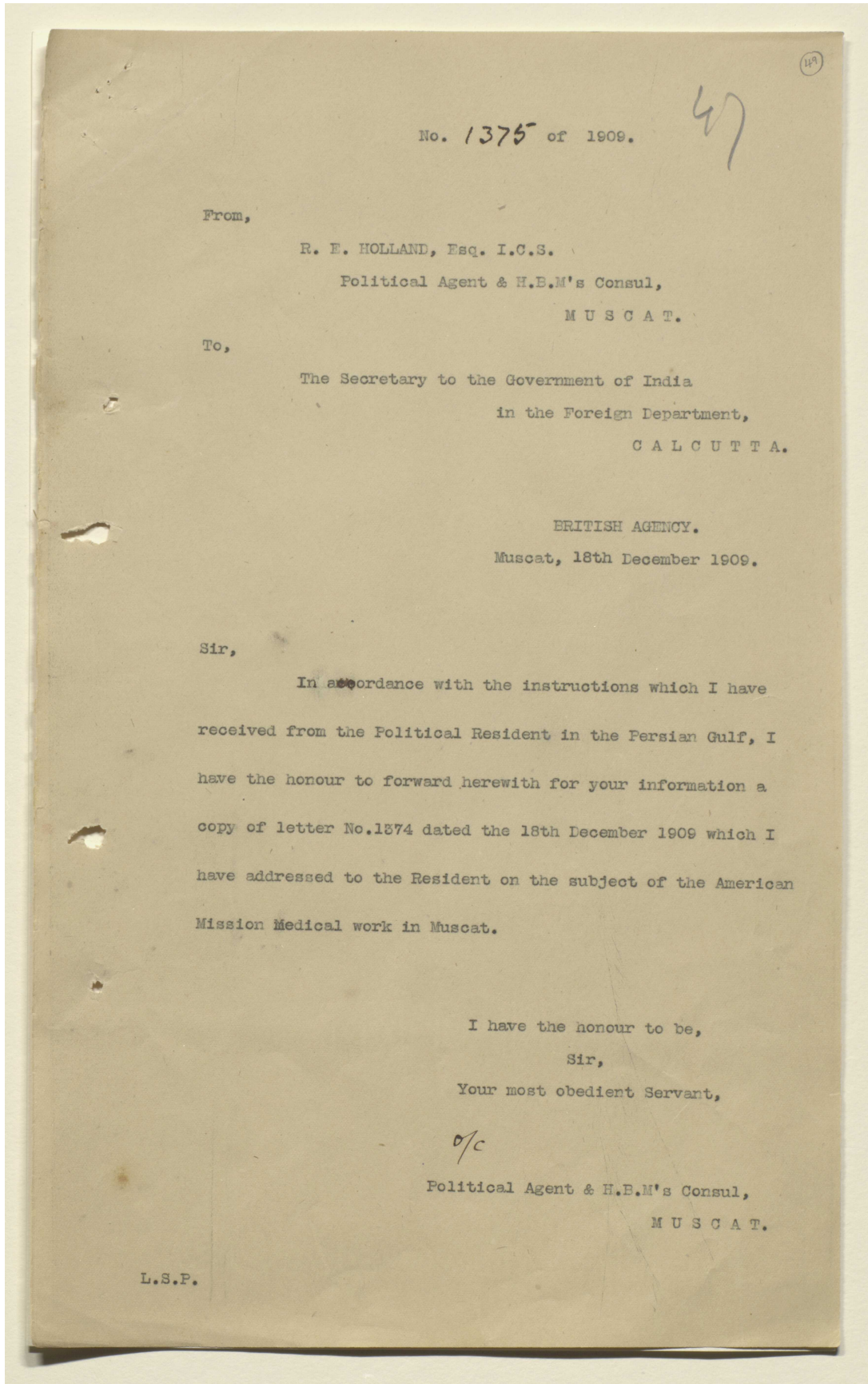
Sir
In continuation of my
letter no 1285 d. Nov.
28th 1909, I have the honor
to ~~forward~~ submit here
with a copy of AA's
reply to the American
Consul's letter d. Nov.
27th 1909.
A copy of this letter
has been submitted direct
etc.

Res
18. 12. 09

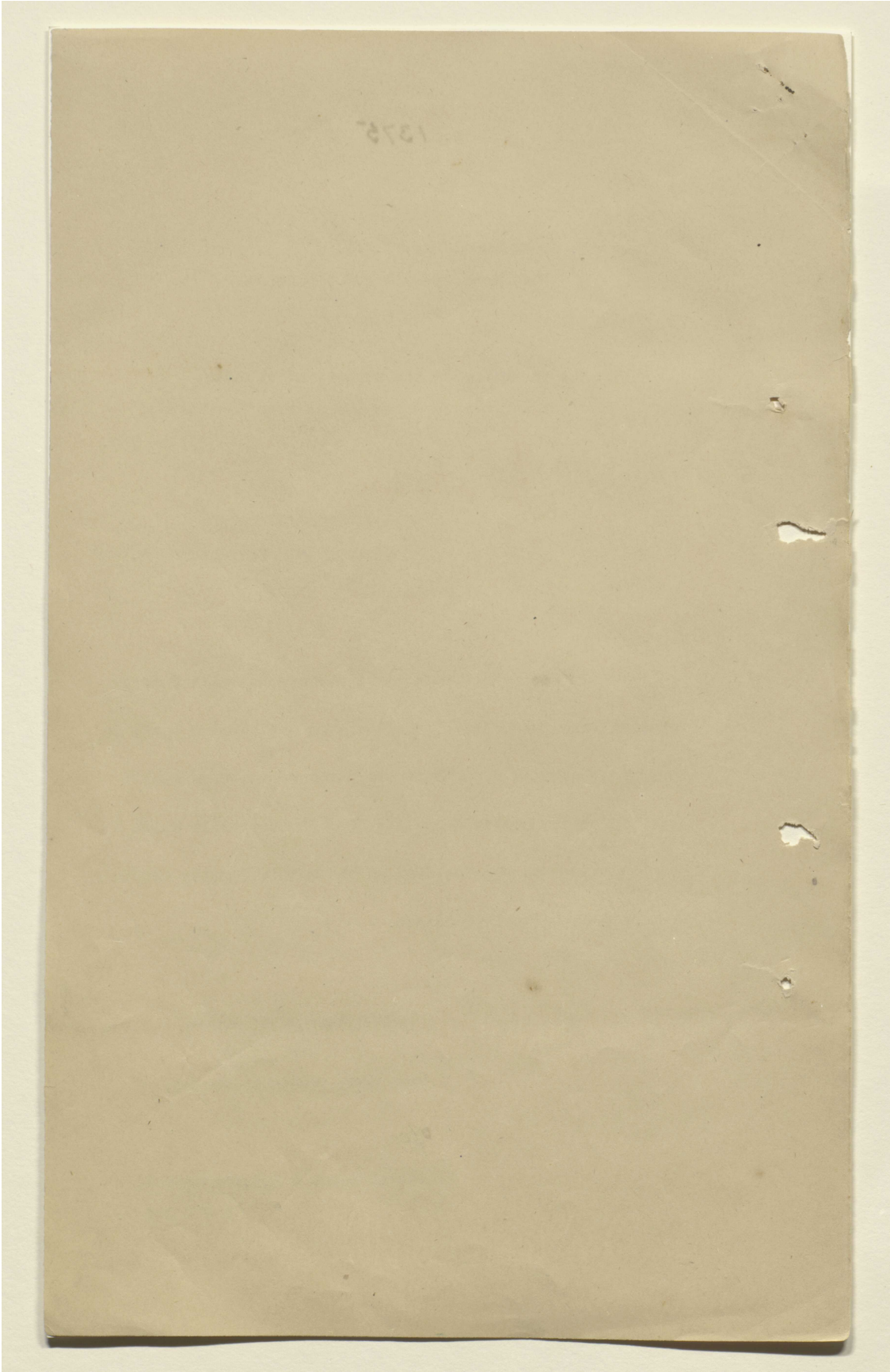
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٤٤ظ]
(٢١٠/٩٦)



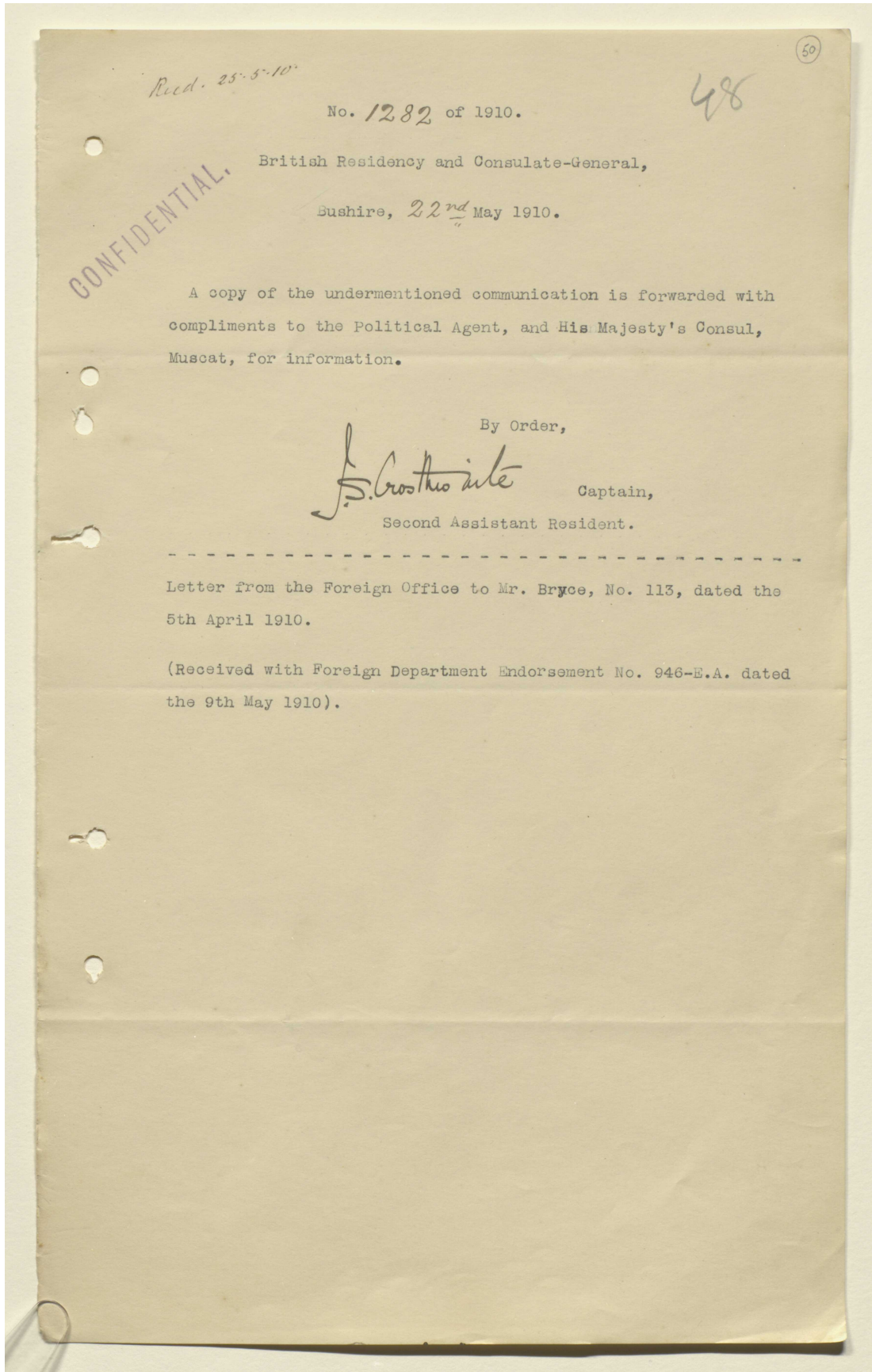
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤٩ و]
(٢١٠/٩٧)



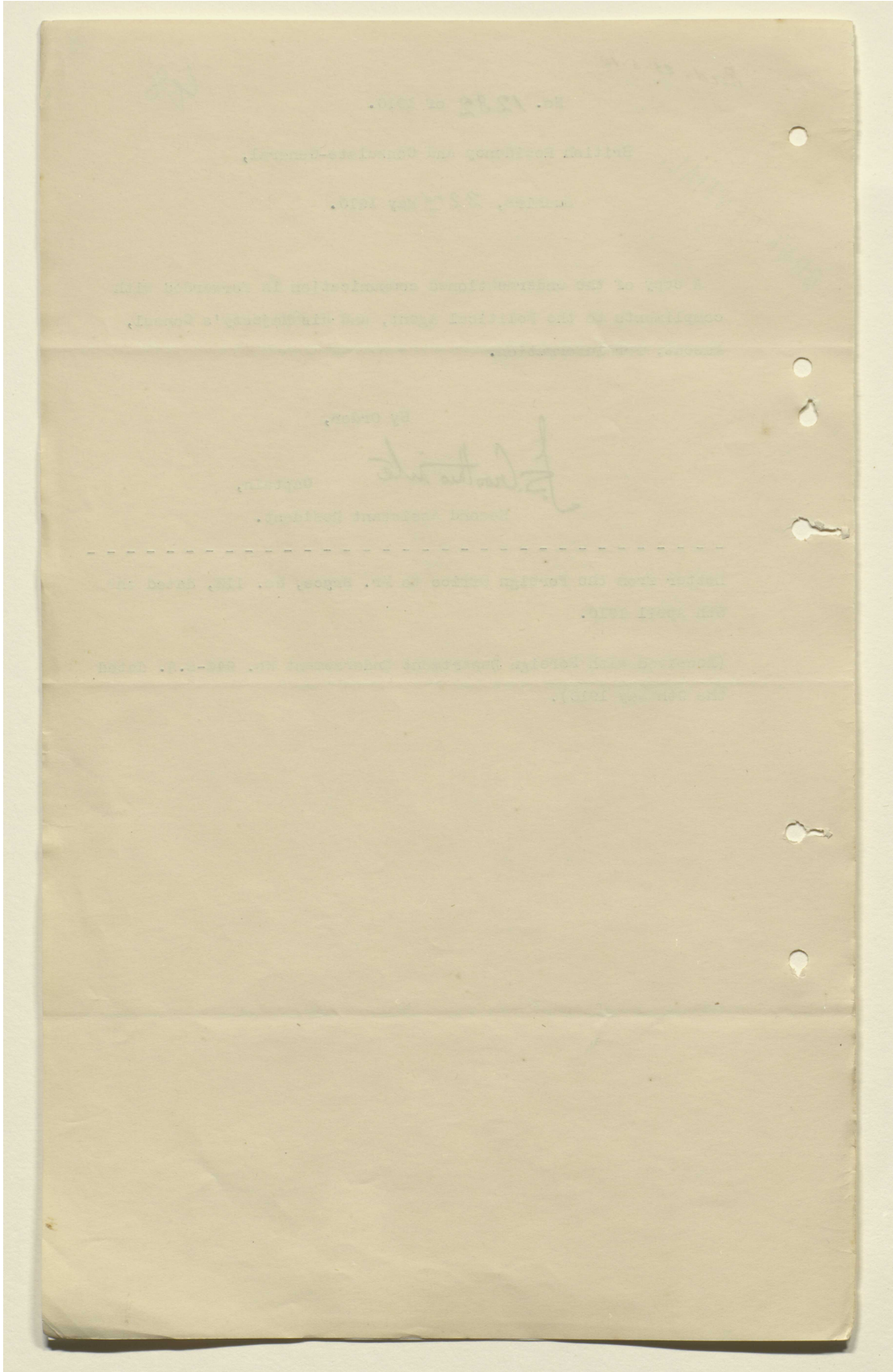
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٤ ظ]
(٢١٠/٩٨)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٠]
(٢١٠/٩٩)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٠ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٠٠)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٥١]
(٢١٠/١٠١)

No. 113.

(Copy).

Foreign Office to Mr. Bryce.

Foreign Office,

April 5th, 1910.

Sir,

With reference to your despatch No. 211 of September 11th last relative to the opening by the American "Arabian Mission" of a Dispensary at Mutra, near Muscat, I transmit to Your Excellency herewith a copy of a letter dated February 19th from the India Office forwarding copy of a despatch from the Government of India showing the course of the negotiations which have lately taken place between the Sultan and the recently appointed United States Consul with regard to this question.

Your Excellency will perceive that the United States Government base their demand for the recognition of the dispensary on the ground that they have always held that missionaries are traders in the sense in which that word is employed in treaties, while the Sultan maintains his objections to the enterprise of Dr. Thoms at Mutra.

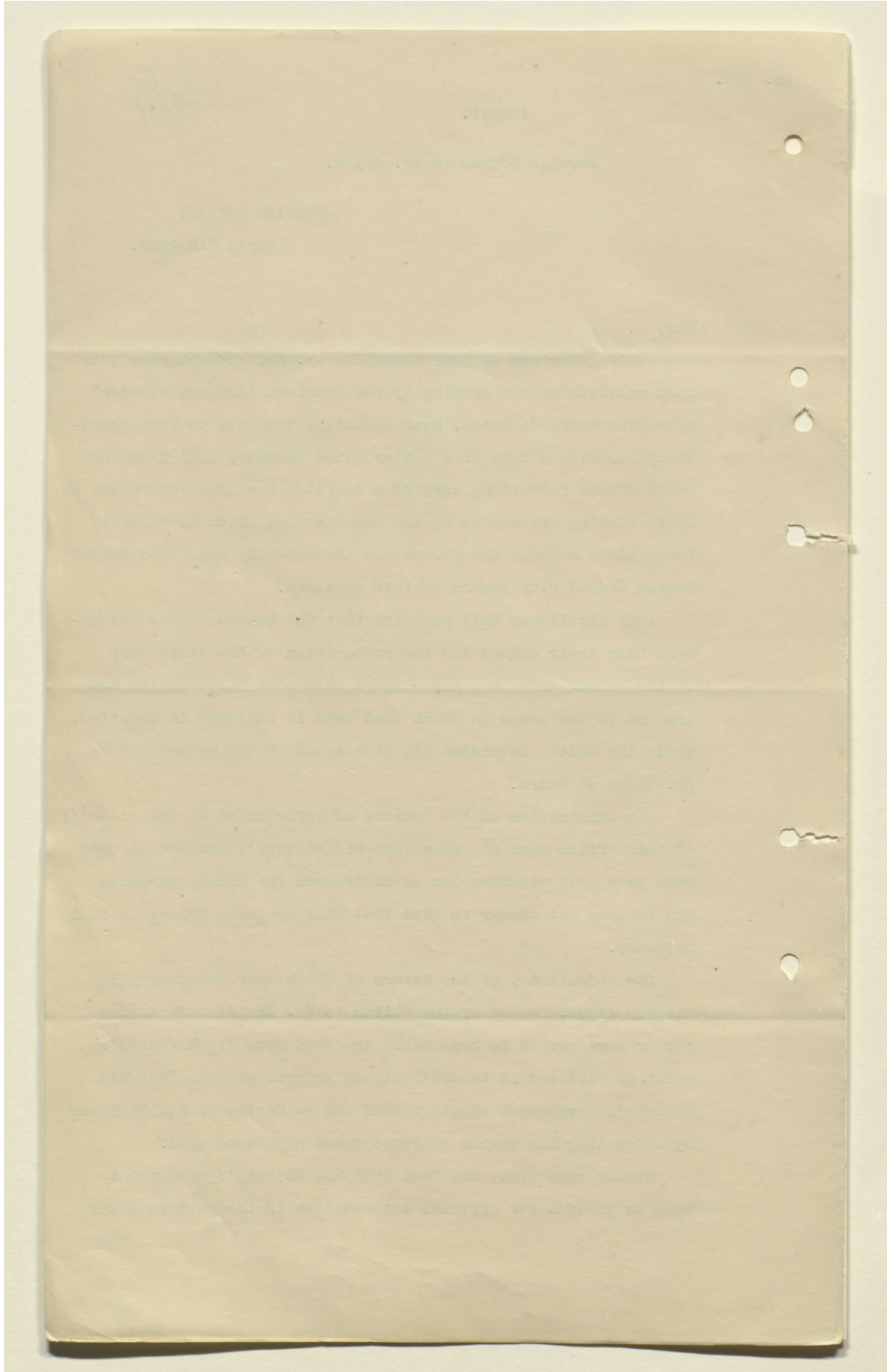
An examination of the sources of information at the disposal of this office does not show that His Majesty's Government ~~ever~~ have ever held missionaries to be traders for treaty purposes and it does not appear to them that they properly belong to that category.

The objections, of the nature of which, Your Excellency is already aware, raised by the Sultan to Dr. Thoms' undertaking appear moreover to be reasonable and just from His Highness's point of view and it is desirable on general grounds that His Majesty's Government should uphold the authority of His Highness by supporting him in the attitude which he has adopted.

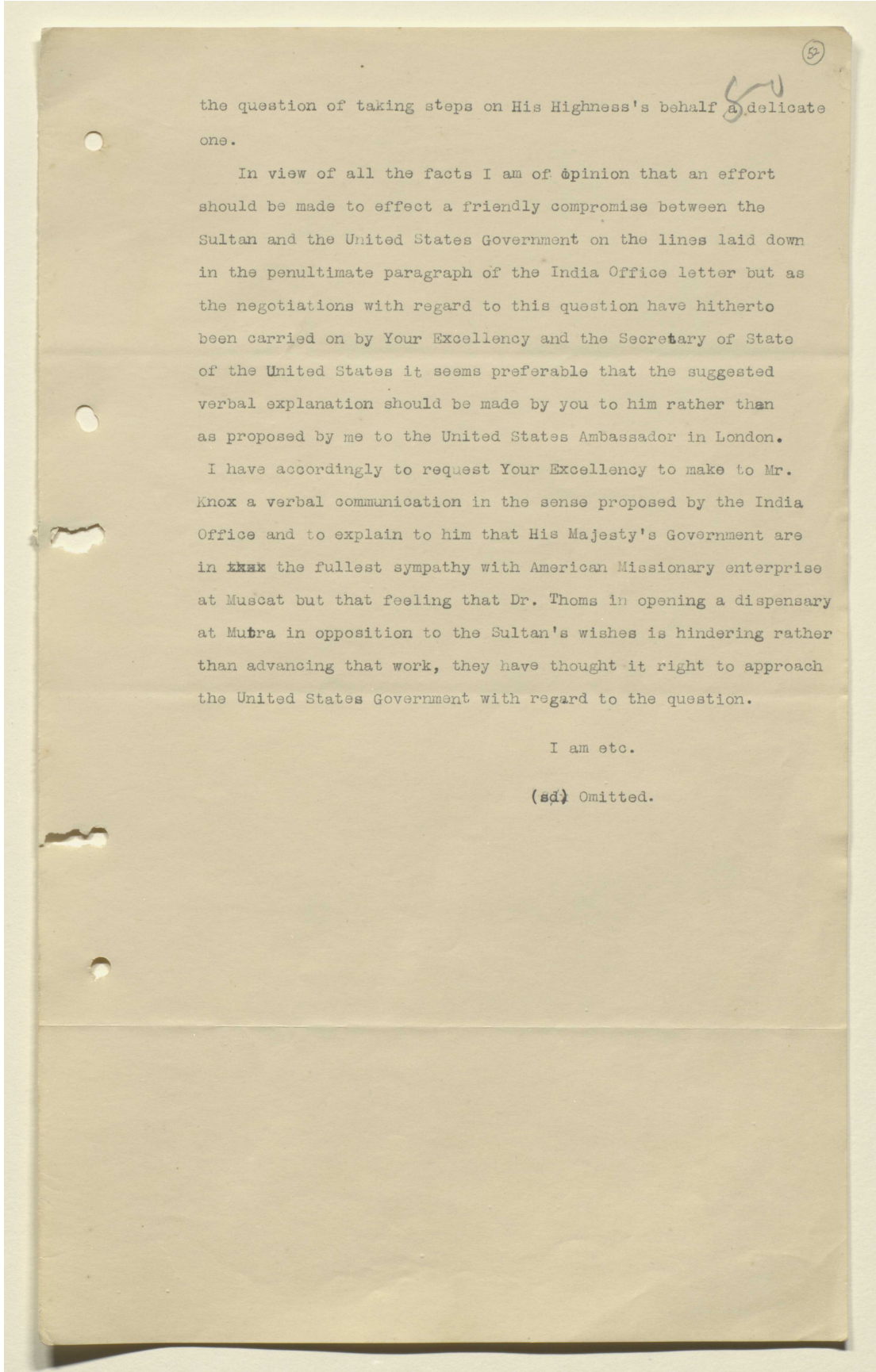
At the same time, the fact that His Majesty's Government have no grounds for official intervention in the matters makes

the

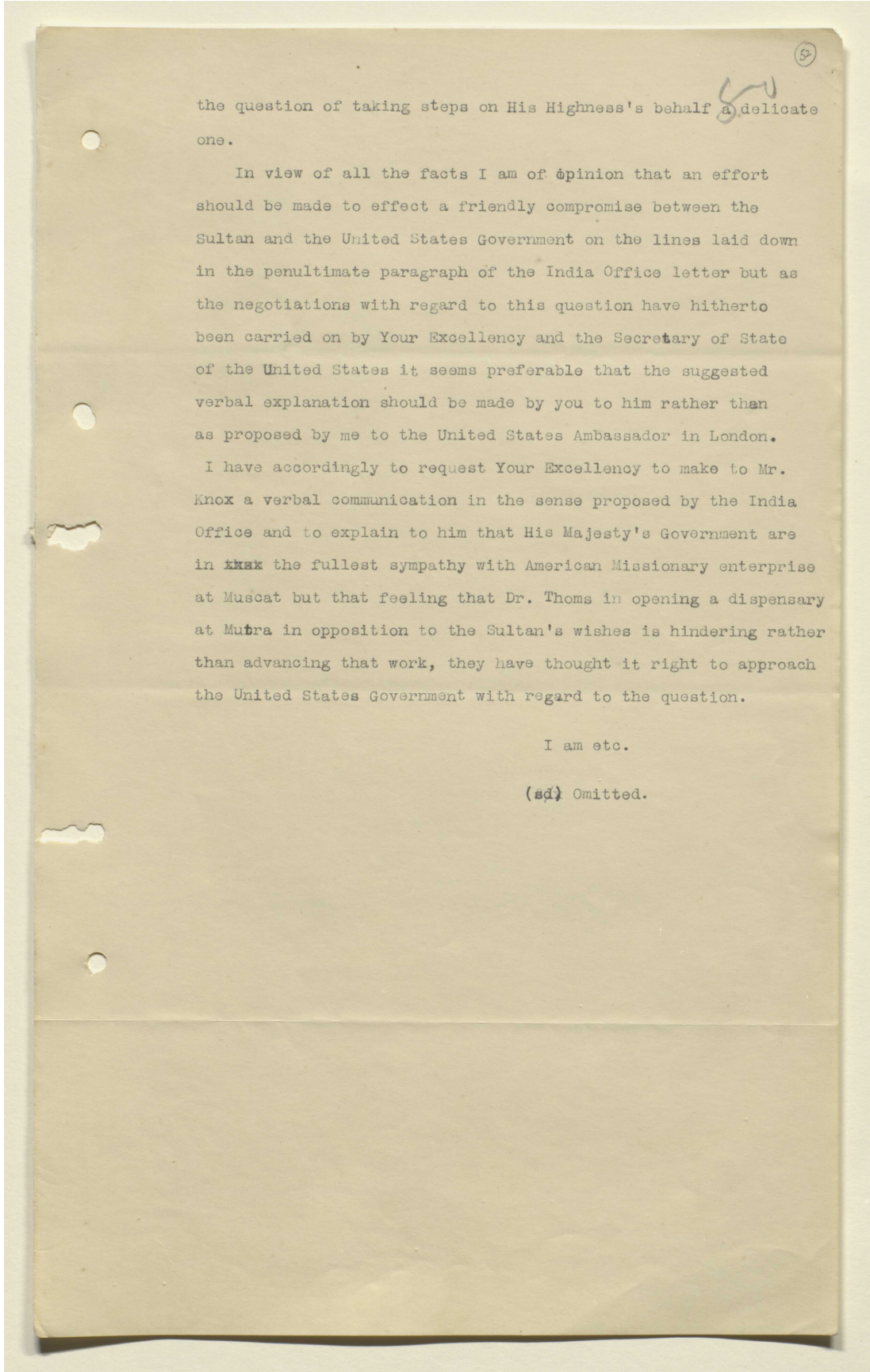
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥١ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٠٢)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٢و]
(٢١٠/١٠٣)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٢ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٠٤)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٣و]
(٢١٠/١٠٥)

No. 2447 (Confidential), dated Bushire, the 11th (received 19th) September 1910.
From—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL P. Z. COX, C.S.I., C.I.E., Political Resident in the Persian Gulf,
To—The Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, Simla.

With reference to the correspondence ending with Foreign Department endorsement No. 946-E.A., dated 9th May 1910, I have the honour to forward for the information of the Government of India a copy of the letter marginally
P. A. Maskat to Resident No. 1160, dated 3rd cited, received from the Political Agent, September 1910. Maskat, on the subject of the American Missionary Dispensary at Matrah.

2. It will be seen that with a change of *personnel* His Highness the Sultan seems disposed to change his attitude, which was no doubt due in a large measure to the tactless management of the question by Dr. Thoms and the Revd. Mr. Barney in the first instance.

No. 1160 (Confidential), dated Maskat, the 3rd September 1910.
From—MAJOR A. P. TREVOR, I.A., Political Agent and His Britannic Majesty's Consul, Maskat,
To—The Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, Bushire.

With reference to the correspondence ending with your office endorsement No. 1282, dated 22nd May 1910, regarding the American Mission dispensary at Matrah, I have the honour to inform you that Dr. A. K. Bennett, who was recently at Koweit, arrived in Maskat towards the end of last month, and has since taken up his residence at Matrah where he is practising medicine and carrying on the dispensary.

2. I am informed that Doctor Bennett will probably only stay till the autumn, when he will be relieved by another Doctor coming from America—whether this will be Dr. Thoms returning from leave or another Doctor I do not know.

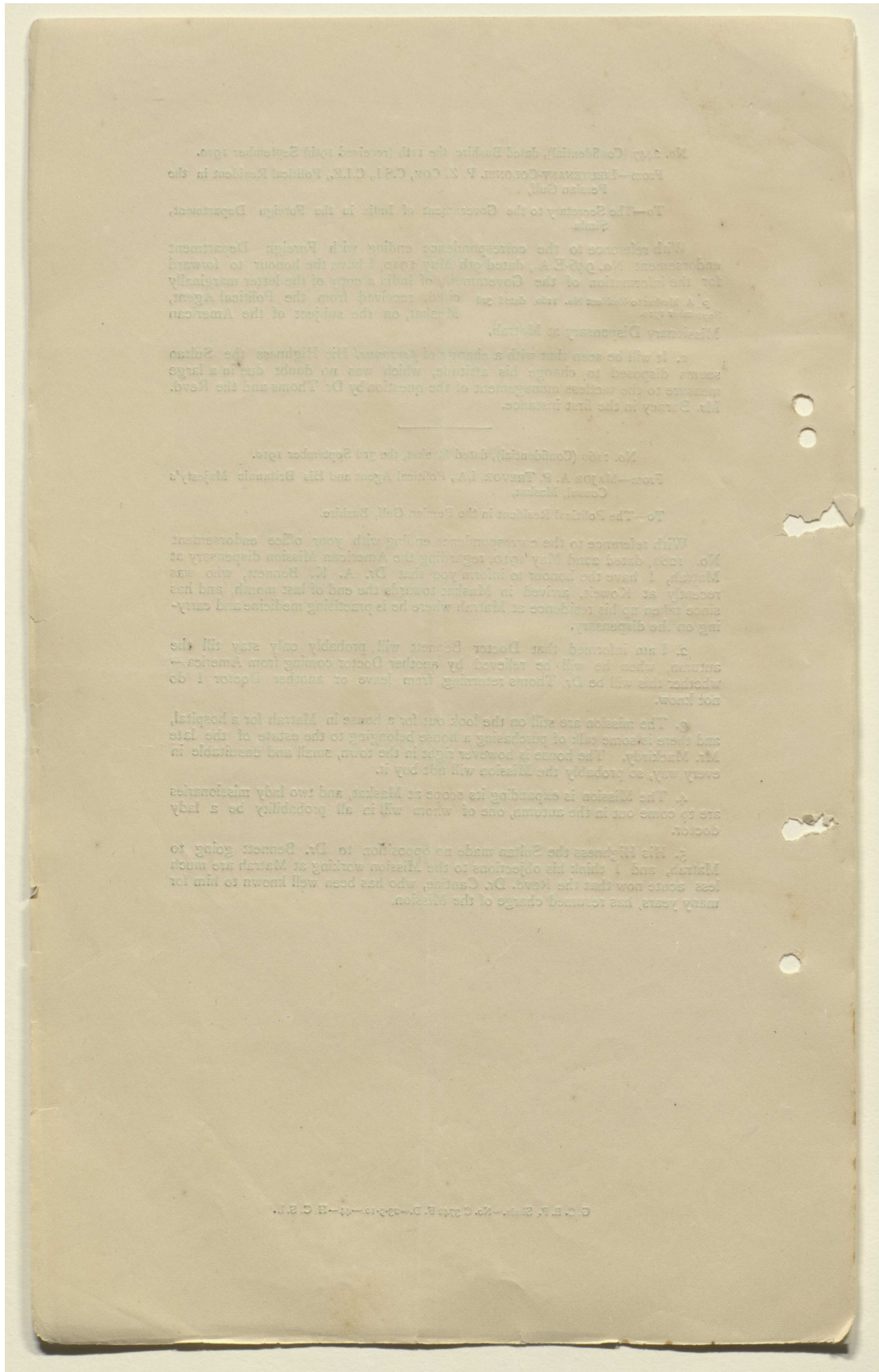
3. The mission are still on the look out for a house in Matrah for a hospital, and there is some talk of purchasing a house belonging to the estate of the late Mr. Mackirdy. The house is however right in the town, small and unsuitable in every way, so probably the Mission will not buy it.

4. The Mission is expanding its scope at Maskat, and two lady missionaries are to come out in the autumn, one of whom will in all probability be a lady doctor.

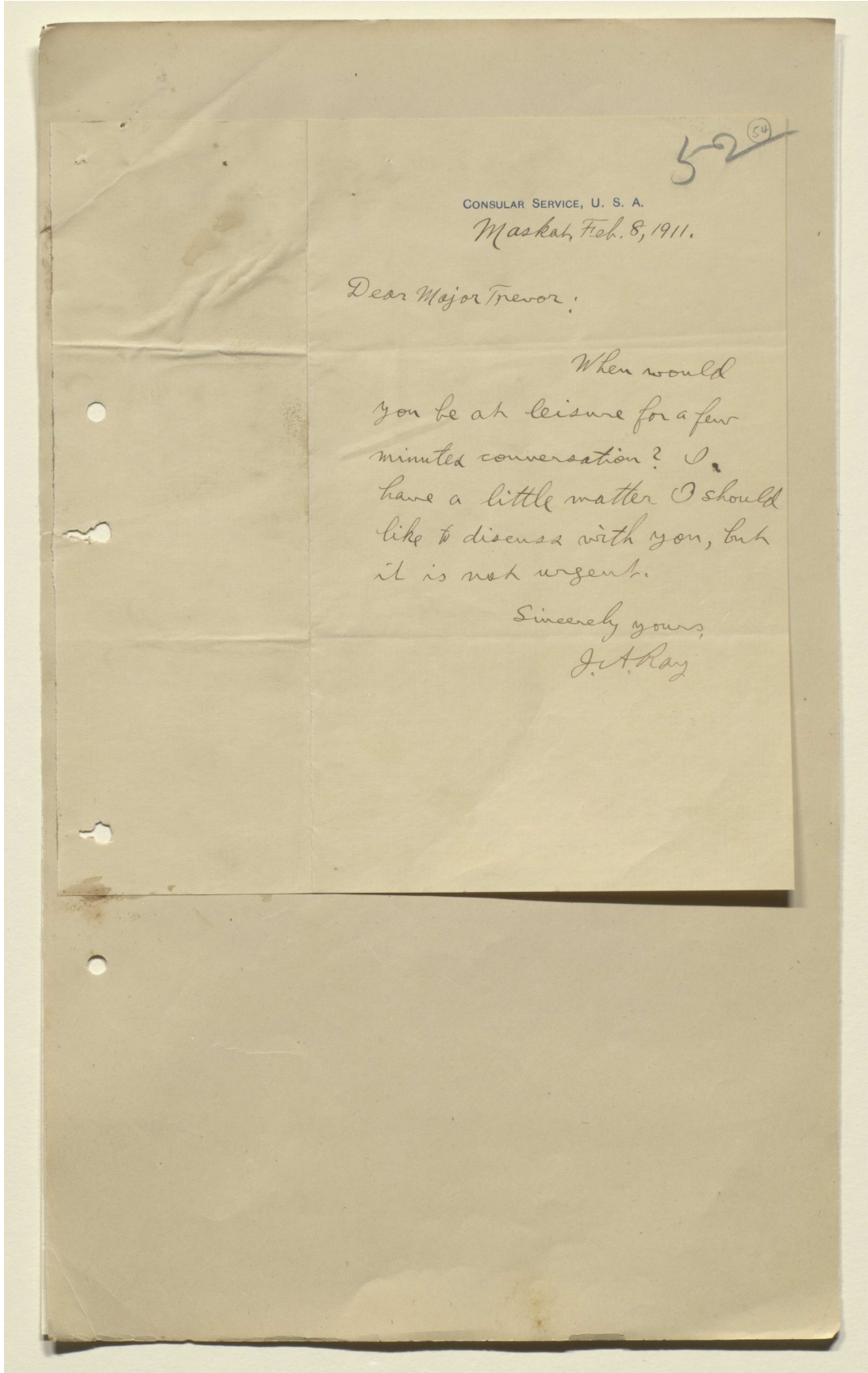
5. His Highness the Sultan made no opposition to Dr. Bennett going to Matrah, and I think his objections to the Mission working at Matrah are much less acute now that the Revd. Dr. Cantine, who has been well known to him for many years, has resumed charge of the Mission.

G. C. B. P., Simla.—No. C 3742 F. D.—23-9-10.—44.—H. C. S. L.

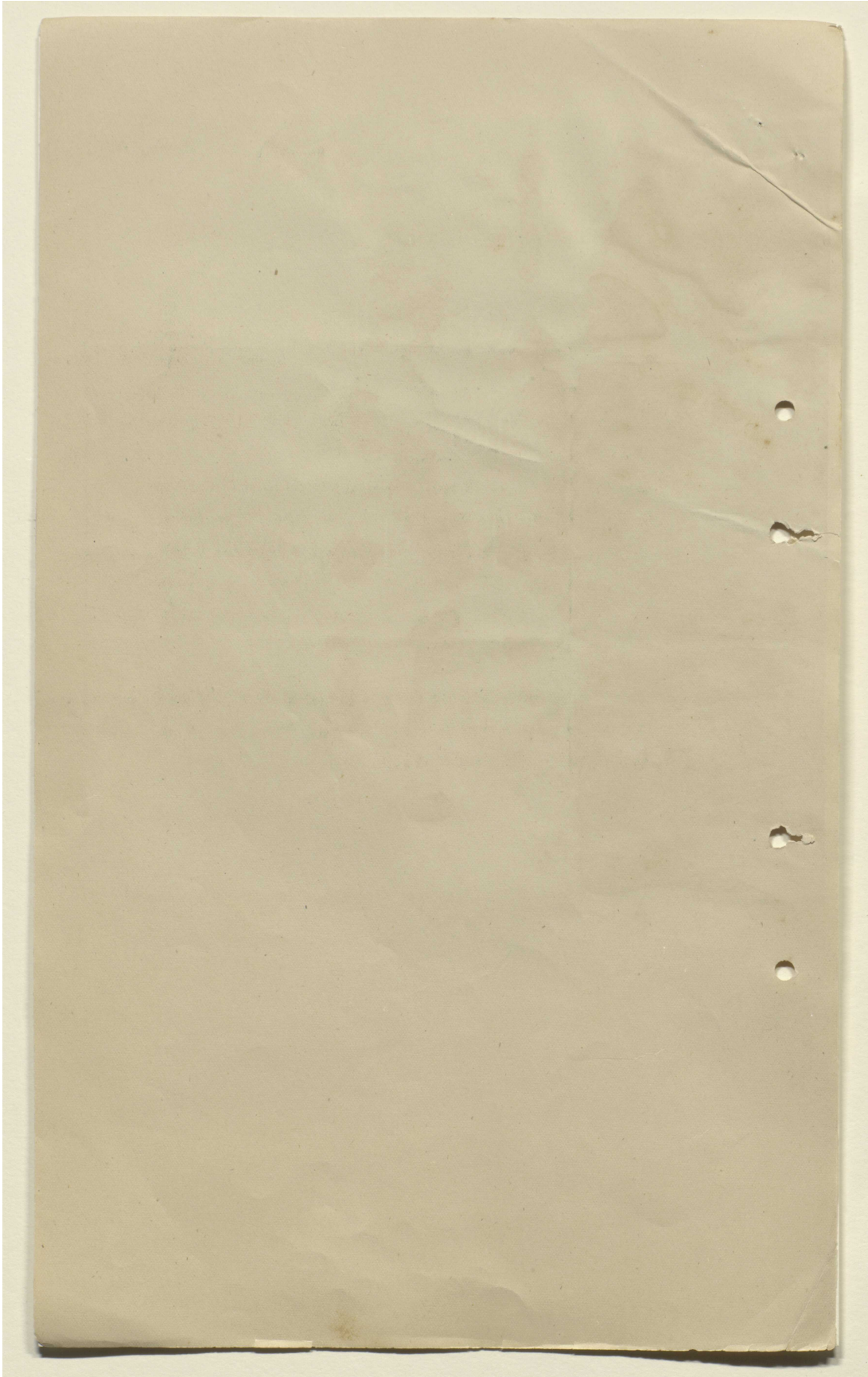
"ملف ١ / ٦ الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٣٥٥ظ]
(٢١٠/١٠٦)



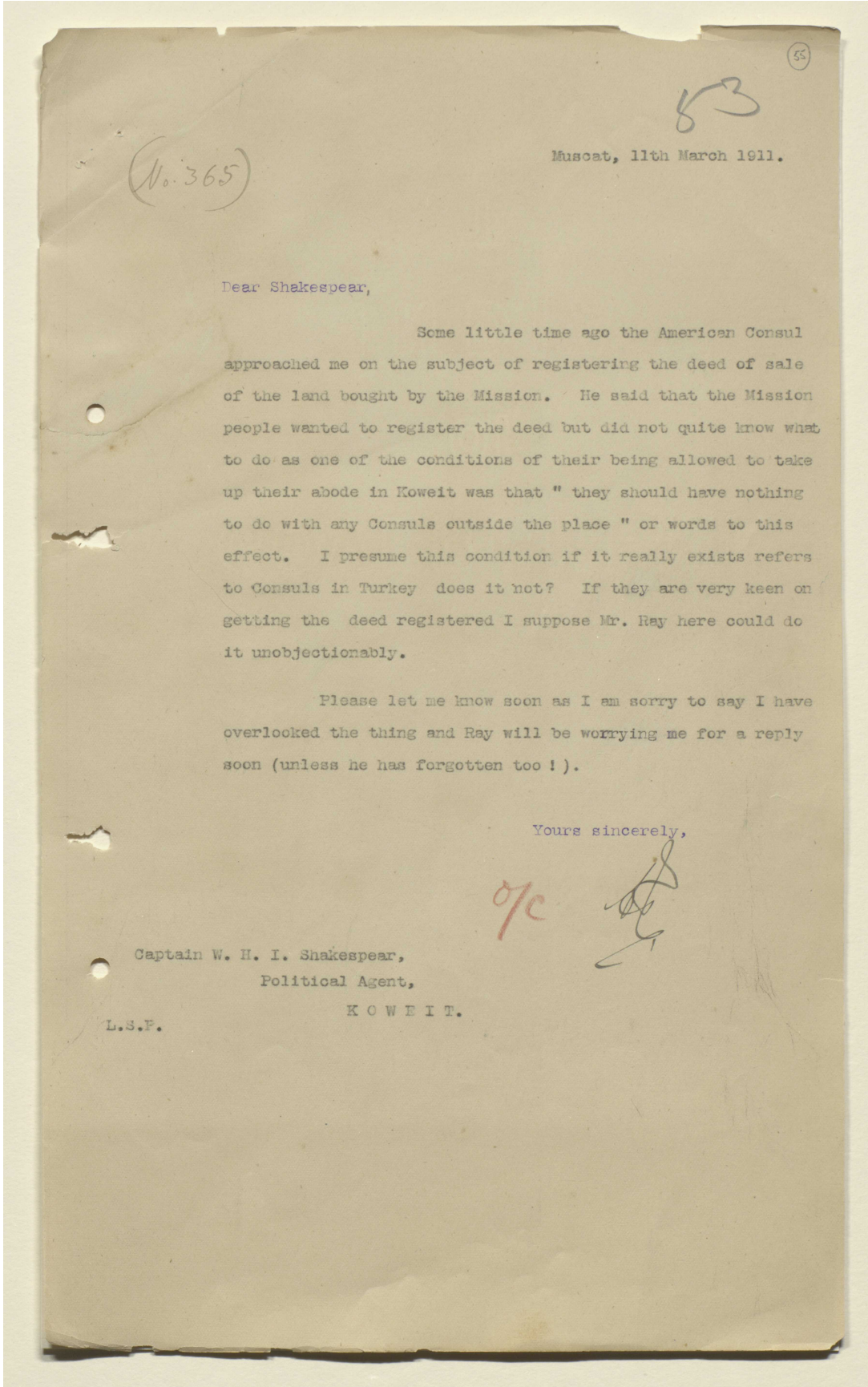
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٤و]
(٢١٠/١٠٧)



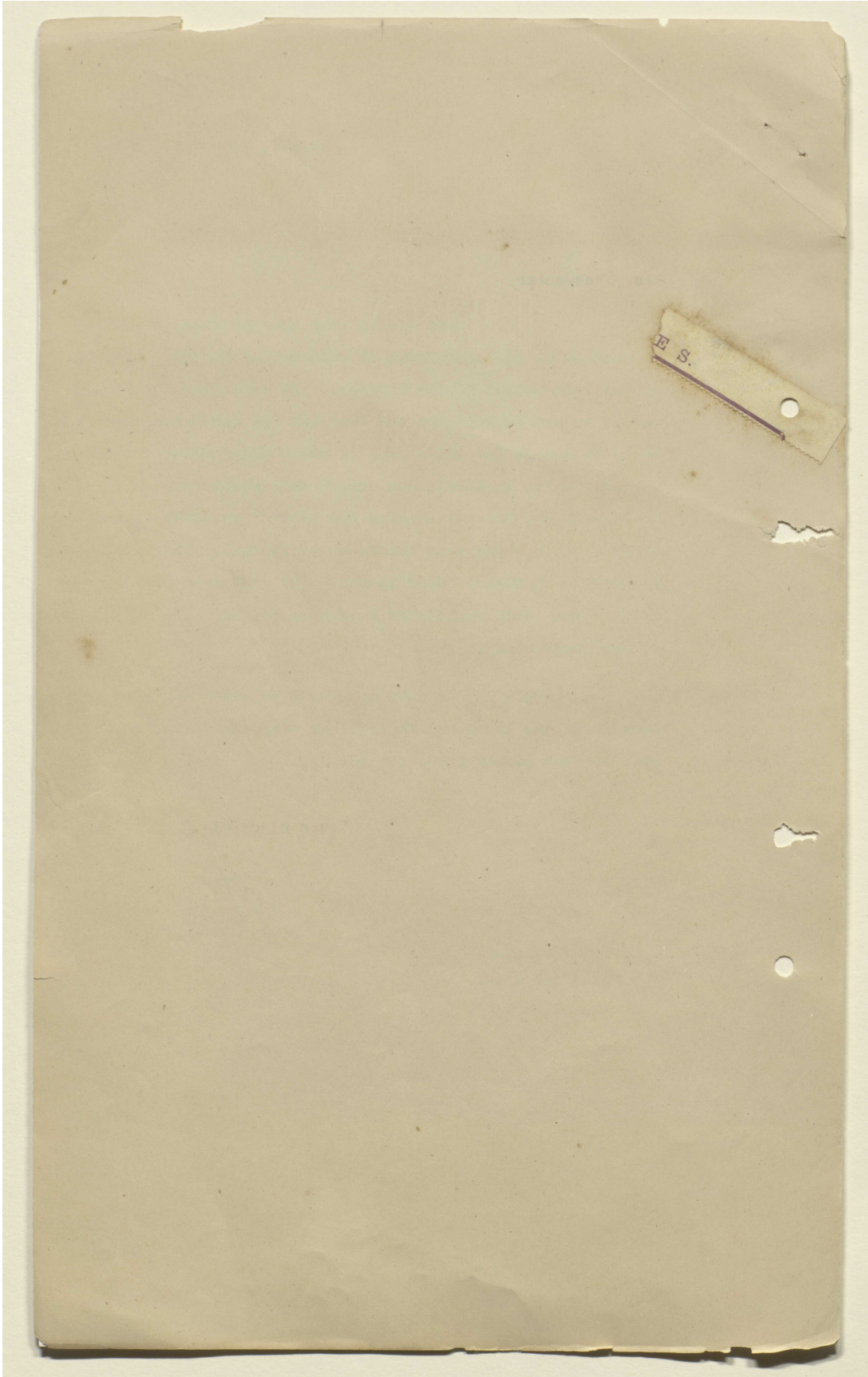
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٤ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٠٨)



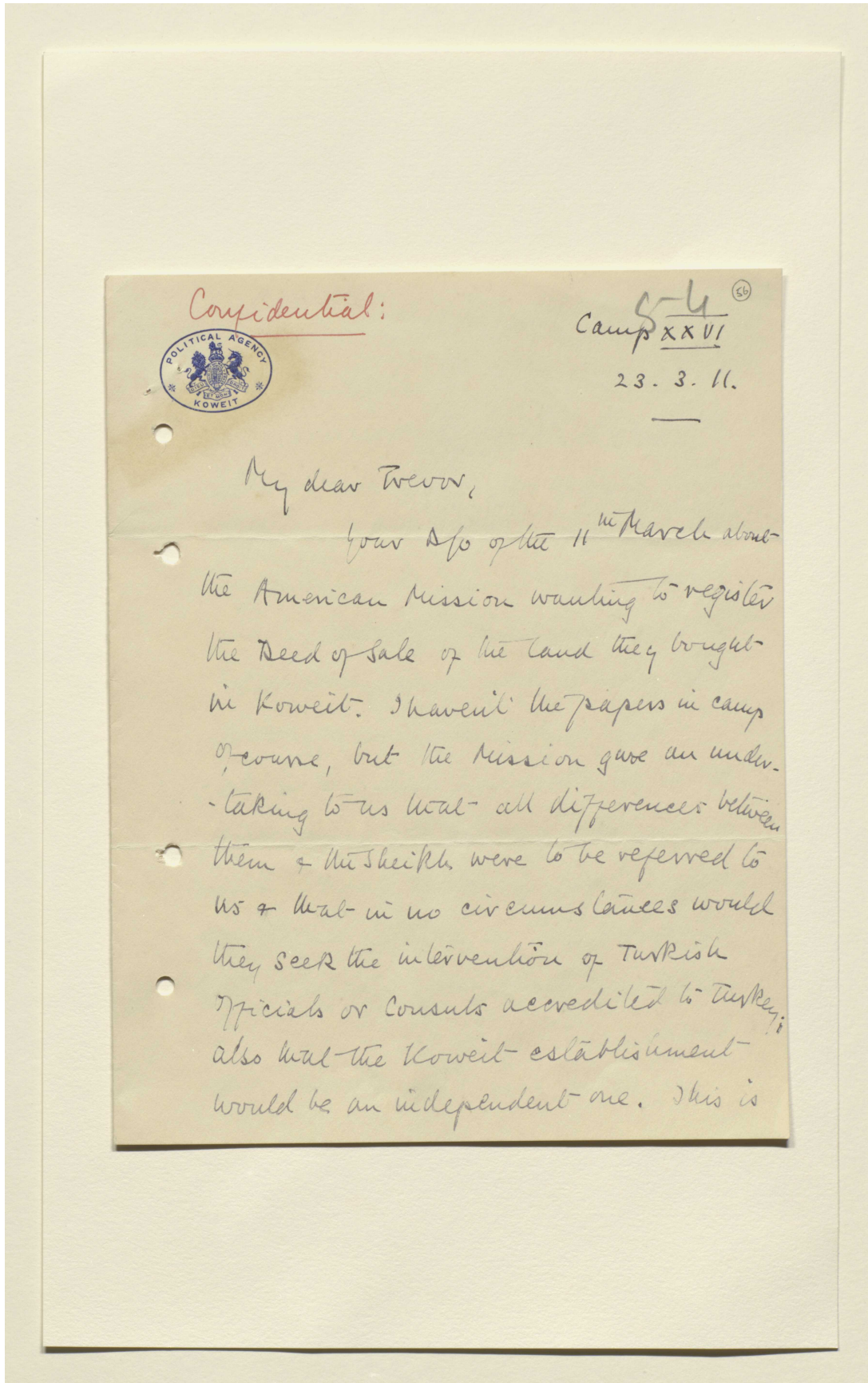
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٥و]
(٢١٠/١٠٩)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٥٥ظ]
(٢١٠/١١٠)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٦و]
(٢١٠/١١١)



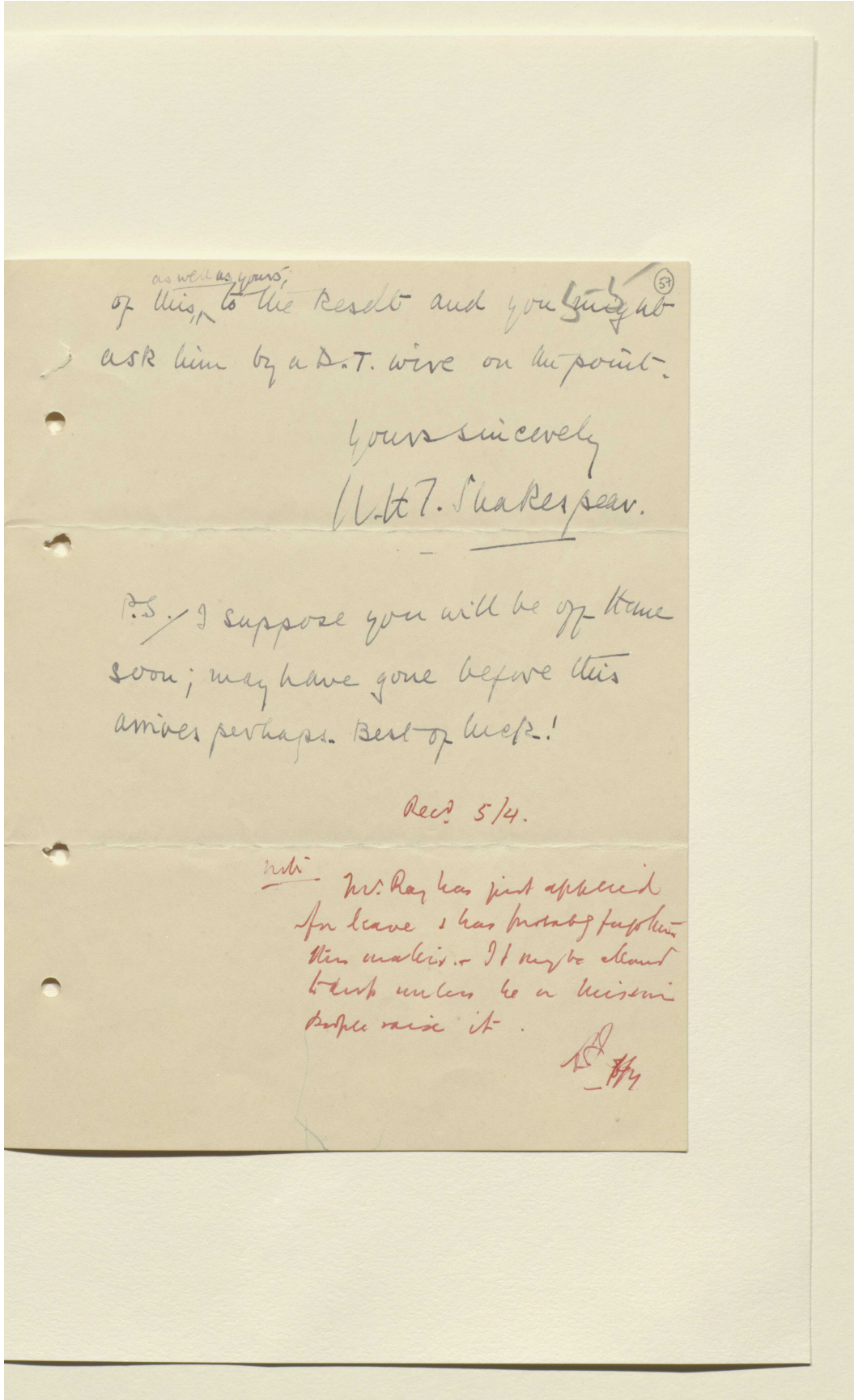
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٦ ظ]
(٢١٠/١١٢)

as near as I can recollect
the wording of the Undertaking
between the Mission & ourselves. The
Need of Sale of course was between
them & Mubarak & at Beunell's
request I certified the Signatures
with my official endorsement and
also filed a copy on my records.

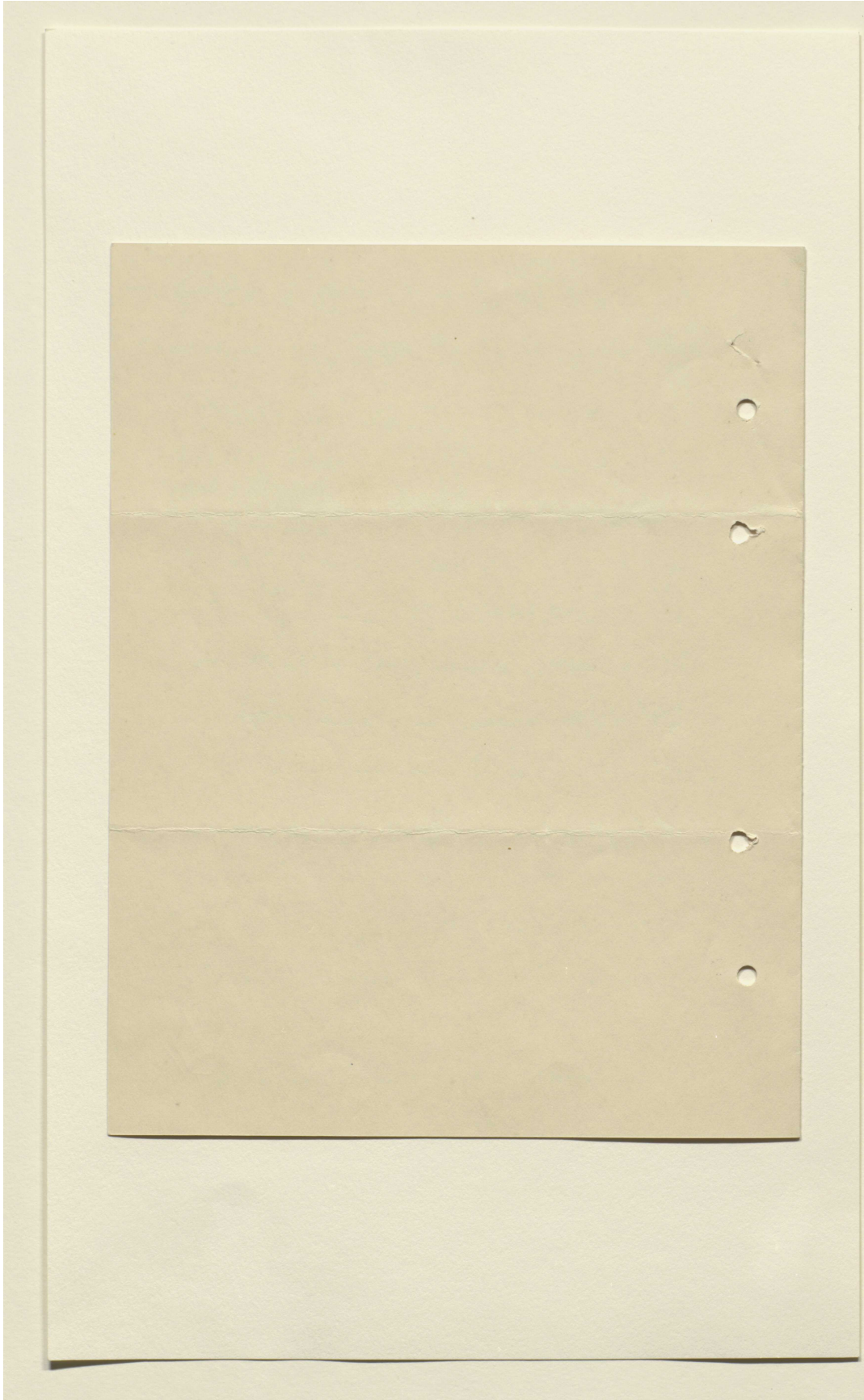
I don't quite see how registering
it in the American Consulate in Maskat
is going to make it any more valid,
while it may give the Yankee Consul
an opportunity of putting his finger
into their Koweit pie, which we don't
want.

To save time I am sending a copy

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٧و]
(٢١٠/١١٣)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٧ظ]
(٢١٠/١١٤)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٨و]
(٢١٠/١١٥)

56 (58)

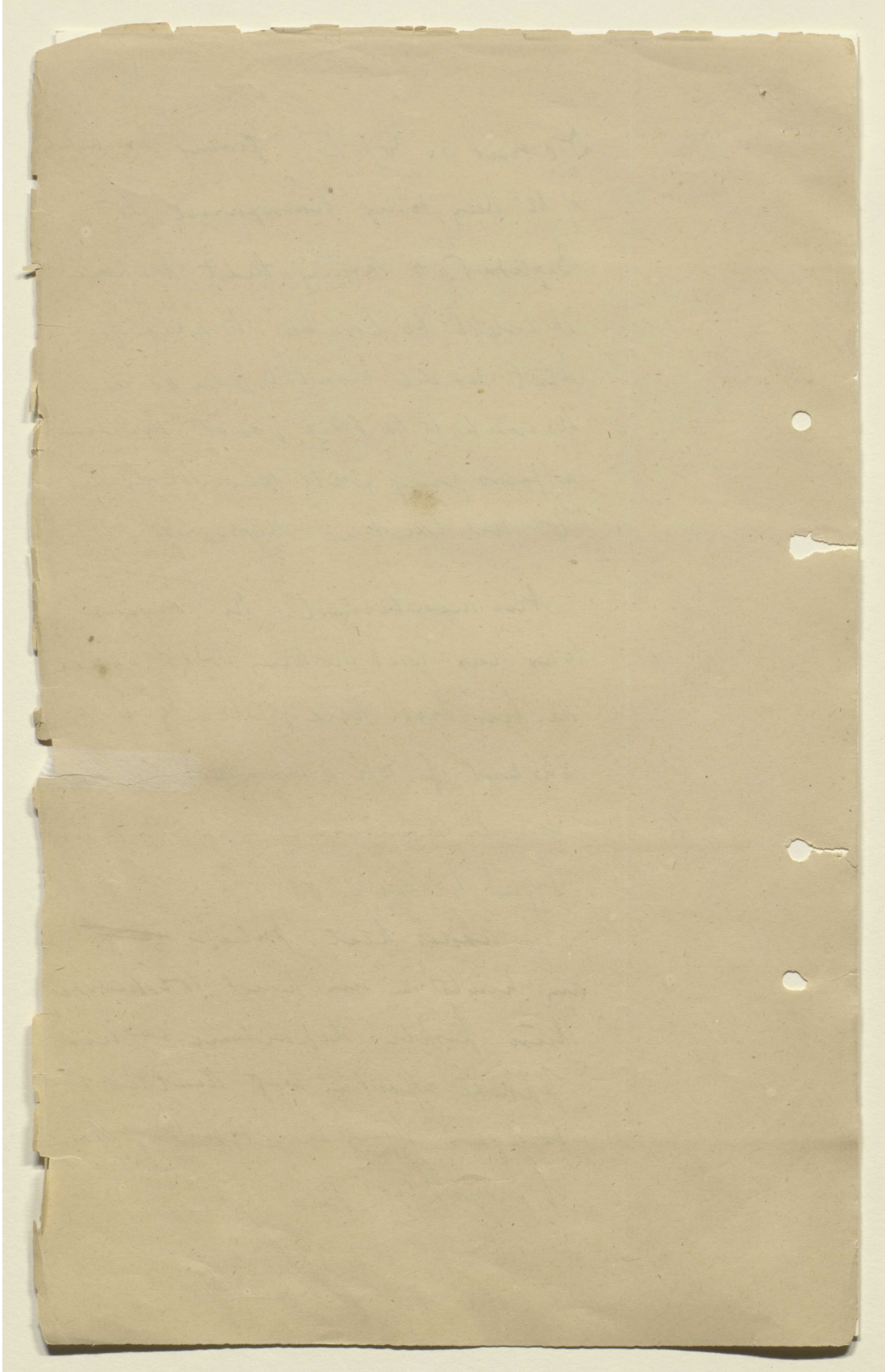
D/S sent on 30/10 - giving possibility
of Mr. Ray being transferred to
Baghdad & saying that perhaps
it might be possible to arrange
that no one would replace him
his work to be done, in mission
affairs going well now mention
to Mr. Cantine than Mr. Ray.

Also mentioned Mr. Owen
who has had nothing to do since
he has been here (nearly 2 years
instead of on 4 months) as his
Soudanese work was suspended
before he came.

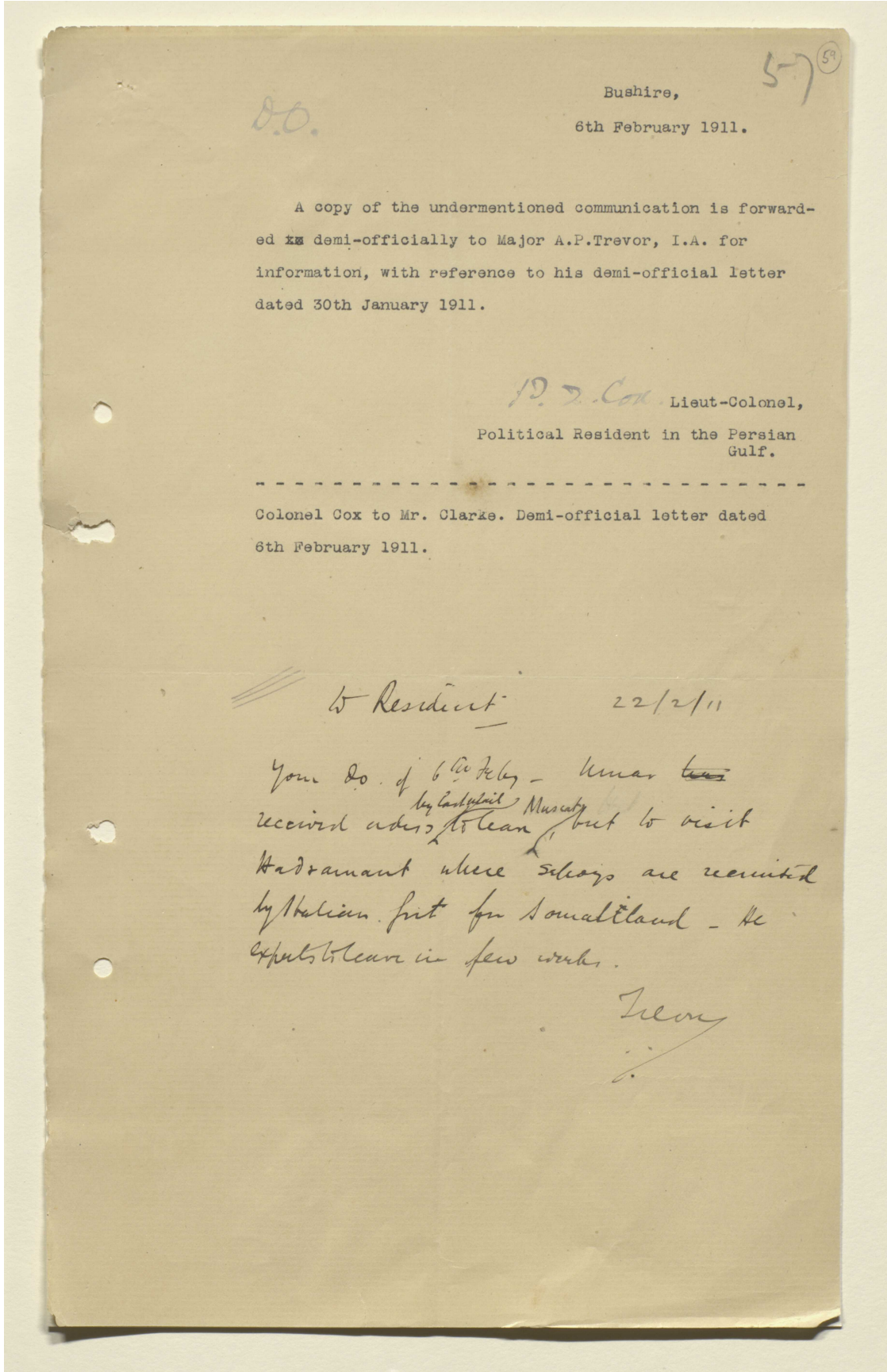
Added that perhaps ~~it was~~
any hints in our heart to expedite
these people's departure would have
opposite effect - but that it would
be a good thing to get rid of them
if possible.

A 30/11

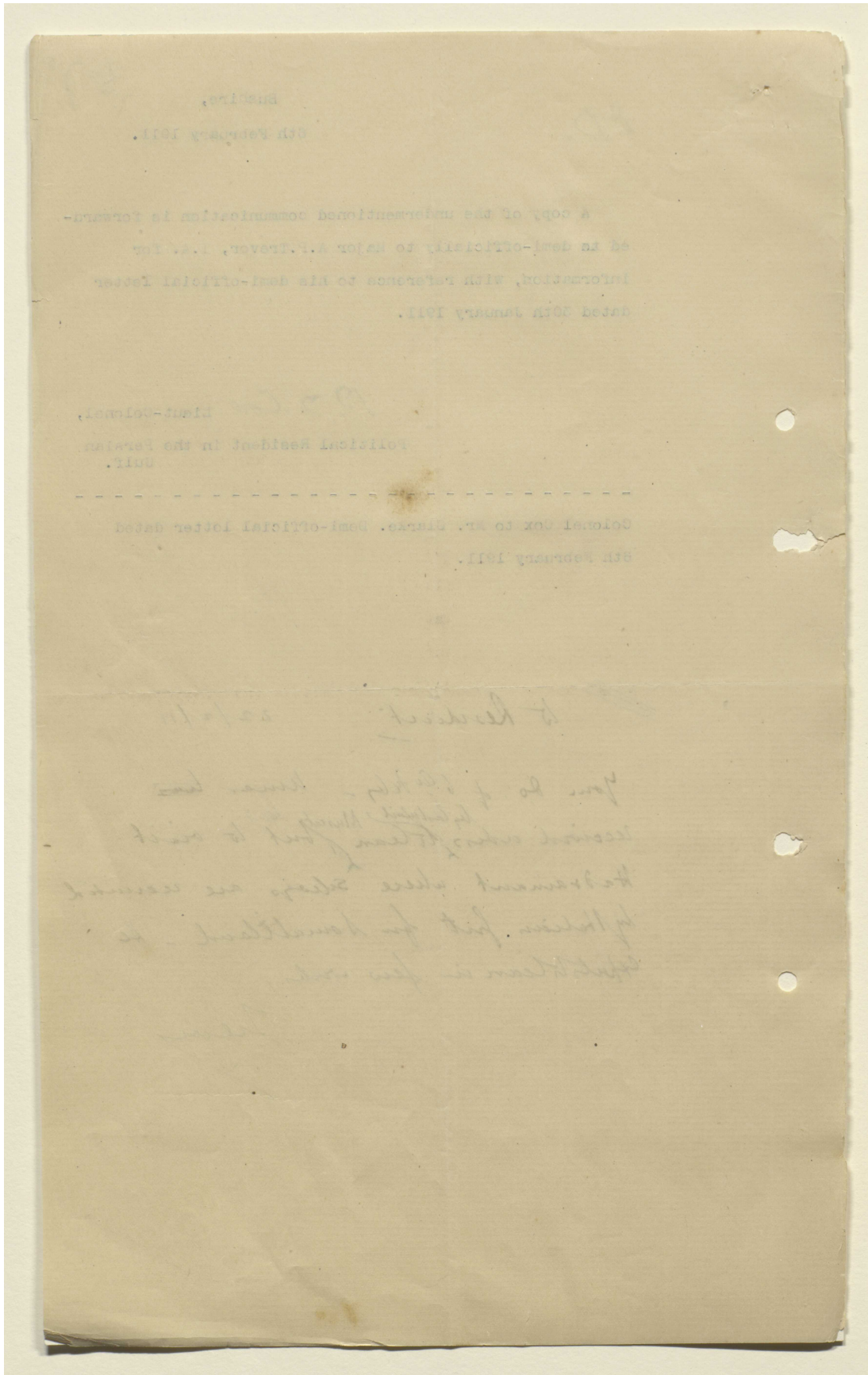
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٨ ظ]
(٢١٠/١١٦)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٩]
(٢١٠/١١٧)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٥٩ ظ]
(٢١٠/١١٨)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠٦]
(٢١٠/١١٩)

Bushire, ^{58 (10)}
February 6th 1911.

My dear Clarke,

I enclose a copy of a letter from Trevor, in which he suggests that as the American Consul and the Italian News Agent have nothing whatever to do in Muscat, it would be convenient if the appointments were dispensed with.

Consular Officers in the Gulf with no legitimate work to turn their hand to inevitably become troublesome busy-bodies, and this the character of Mr. Ray I think. Mr. Umberto Omar has been harmless enough.

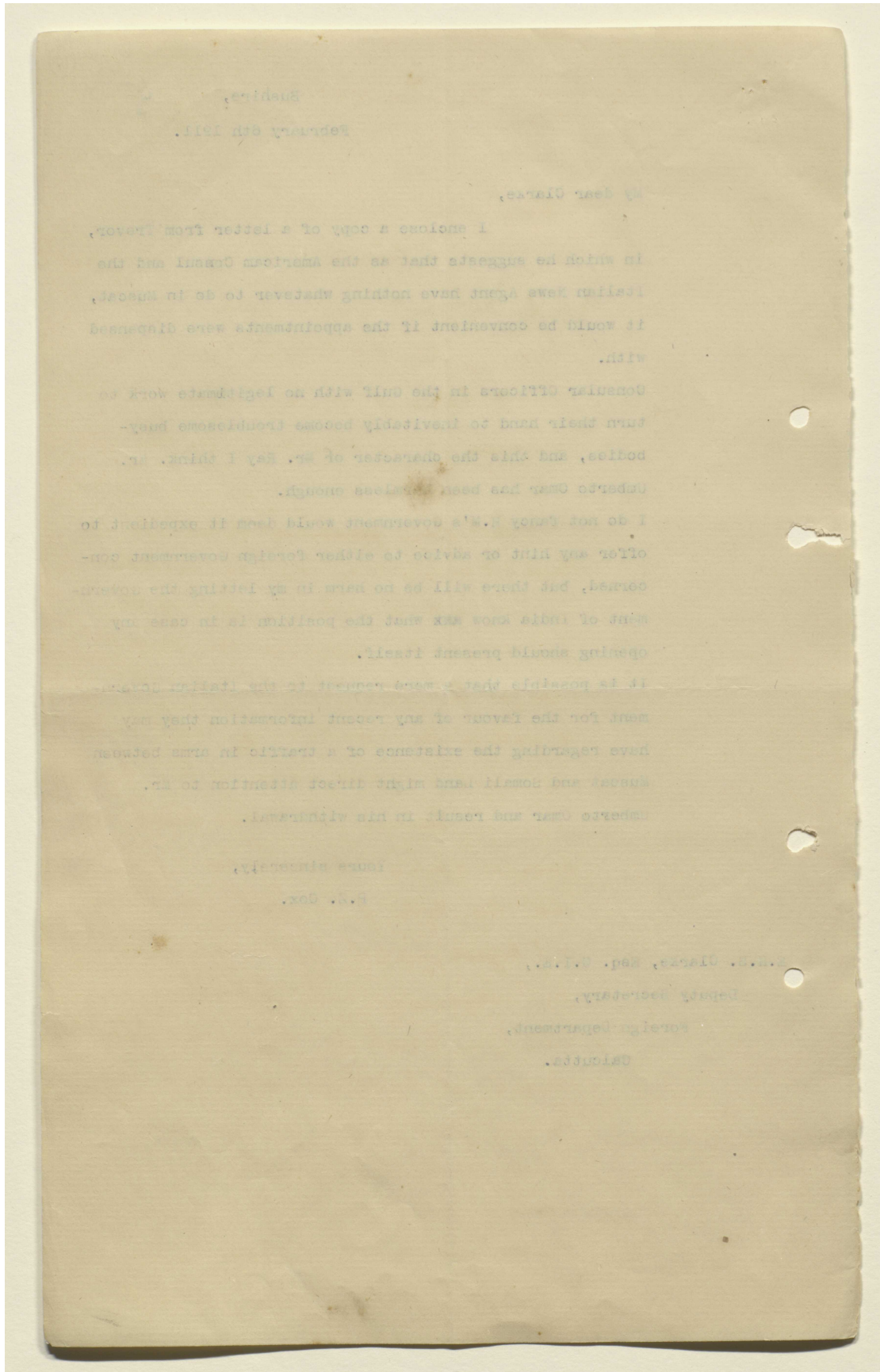
I do not fancy H.M.'s Government would deem it expedient to offer any hint or advice to either foreign Government concerned, but there will be no harm in my letting the Government of India know ~~xxx~~ what the position is in case any opening should present itself.

It is possible that a mere request to the Italian Government for the favour of any recent information they may have regarding the existence of a traffic in arms between Muscat and Somali Land might direct attention to Mr. Umberto Omar and result in his withdrawal.

Yours sincerely,
P.Z. Cox.

E.H.S. Clarke, Esq. C.I.E.,
Deputy Secretary,
Foreign Department,
Calcutta.

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦٠ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٢٠)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٦١]
(٢١٠/١٢١)

Do. Confidential

59
2 April 1911

Dear Colonel,

Adverting to my semi-official
of the 30th Jan. last & yours to Mr.
Clarke of the 6th February regarding
Messrs Ray and Omar, I am now ⁱⁿ
a position to give some more particulars
about their movements.

Mr. Rays ^{possible} ~~probability~~ of transfer to
Baylhad seems to be "off" as he tells me
his feet have raised the pay of his
post & probably some one senior to him
will get the job. Incidentally it may
be worthwhile mentioning that ^{gathered from Mr. R. that} under
the recent reorganization of the American
Consular Service it seems that all
Consular Offices "de carrière" join
with the style of Consul, and are
not differentiated by various grades of
pay beginning with \$2000 per annum
which is what Mr. Ray & the ^{man secondly} ~~last~~
Consul at Baylhad want, both ~~being~~
having just joined & their present
titles being their first. It seems
curious that they don't go through
the usual rule of Consular asst
or dragoman & vice consul before being

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦١ ظ]

(٢١٠/١٢٢)

from the rank of Consul. To whom
however to the main point, last
Wednesday the spirit moved Mr. Ray
to apply for leave so he wired to
the Secy of State asking for it, &
prepaid the reply. This arrived the
next day ~~containing~~ granting the
leave! The promptness seems
'bien Americain'; but incidentally
such promptitude shows that
the U.S. Govt realize that the services
of a Consul here are not very
much required; the fact is of course
patent. Mr. Ray will no doubt
& he makes no secret of the fact himself -
utilize the opportunity to work a
transfer from Muscat. If the U.S.
Govt would decide not to replace
him it would be a great thing.
Messrs Powell & Co could carry on
the honorary job as they did for
years prior to the arrival of Mr.
Coffin some ^{luxury} four years ago -
Mr. Ray is trying to get a passage
& hopes to be off in the 12th instant.
As regards Mr. Omar, as I informed
you on the 22nd Febry he ~~has~~ received
^{& makes a tour in Hadramaut on the way to Aden}
orders to leave, but not liking the
idea of a buggalas cruise ^{you on the coast} to Aden

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٢٢]

(٢١٠/١٢٣)

62
he wrote to his father talking about there
were no ~~more~~ steamers from here to
Krohaka as they appeared to think.
They have now agreed "en principe" to
his going direct to Aden, but he is
expecting another letter tomorrow.

Meanwhile he received a wire from
the C. of Aden informing him of the compromise
in the Khada Khan affair & apparently
desiring him to pay the Italian
share of compensation to the Sultan
before leaving. Unfortunately that
Nakhuda has not yet been heard
of. Mr. Omar wants to find out if
H.H. will agree to give the ~~Khada Khan~~
declaration in his Nakhuda's behalf
& if so to wire to his father to state if
this arrangement will do. There
seems no objection to this if H.H.
will agree but I doubt if he will.
Mr. Omar & I interviewed the Sultan
yesterday & he said he was sending
the Am el Bahar to his way (she
has since left) ~~about~~ on account of
a possible attack on his health at
Suva, & would talk his ^{representative} ~~possible~~
long and get the latest news of the

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦٢ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٢٤)

Nakhuda let us know whether anything
can be done to expedite matters --

If this matter does not delay
Mr. Omar, he wishes to leave here
on the 17th of the month - I do
not think that King Italian will
contemplate ^{appointing} replacing any successor.

If the U.S. will do not replace
~~him~~ in May, the Curulean books
here will be reduced to its old
dimensions of 2 Curule, British
& French.

2/4

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩١٣ و]
(٢١٠/١٢٥)

Private and unofficial.

81 (b)
Muscat,

26th September, 1913.

My dear Harrison,

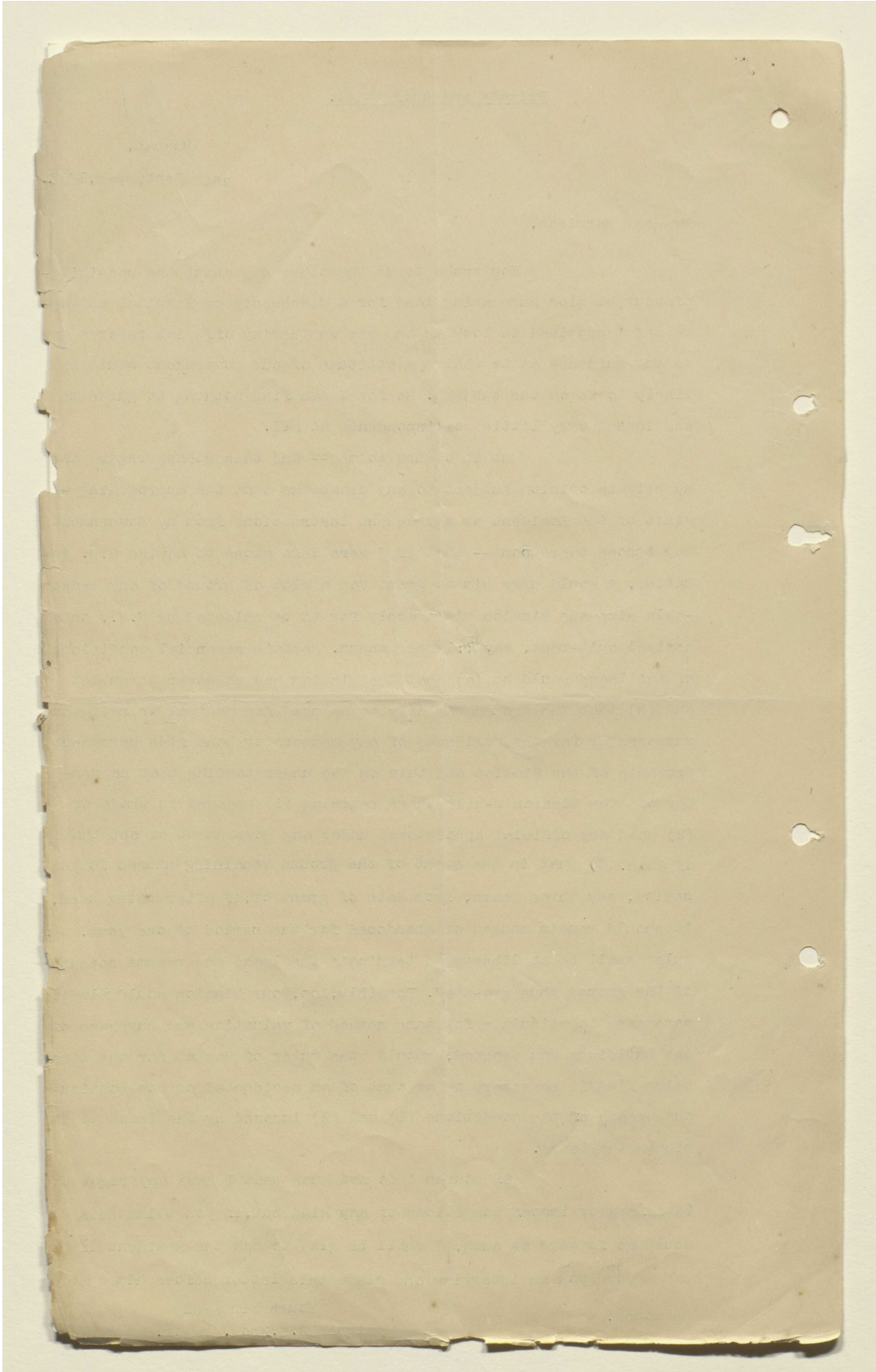
You spoke to me the other day about the possibility of your Mission purchasing land for a dispensary or Hospital at Matra and I promised to look up and see whether my official records gave me any guidance as to what the attitude of our Government would be likely to be on the subject. So far I can find nothing to guide me and indeed very little correspondence at all.

But it occurs to me -- and this please regard as my private opinion subject to any drawbacks that the approaching visit of the Resident or subsequent instructions from my Government may impose thereupon -- that if I were left alone to advise H.H. in matter, I would urge him to grant you a plot of ground of any reasonable size the Mission might apply for to be selected by H.H., on a nominal quit-rent, say \$15 per annum. Certain essential conditions of the lease would be (a) that the Mission had no power to sublet and (b) that the ground was only to be used for medical or religious purposes or for the residence of any members or bona fide permanent servants of the Mission and this on the understanding that no member of the Mission while there residing (1) engaged in trade or (2) held any official appointment under any Government except that of Oman. (3) that in the event of the ground remaining unused for a period, say three years, from date of grant or, if after being used, it should remain unused or abandoned for the period of one year, the ruler shall be at liberty to terminate the lease and resume possession of the ground thus granted. Possibly, too, your Mission would find it necessary to stipulate for some method of valuation and purchase of the buildings you erected, should the ruler of Maskat for the time being find it necessary on account of an accidental or non-continuous breach of the conditions (1) and (2) imposed by the lease to terminate the lease.

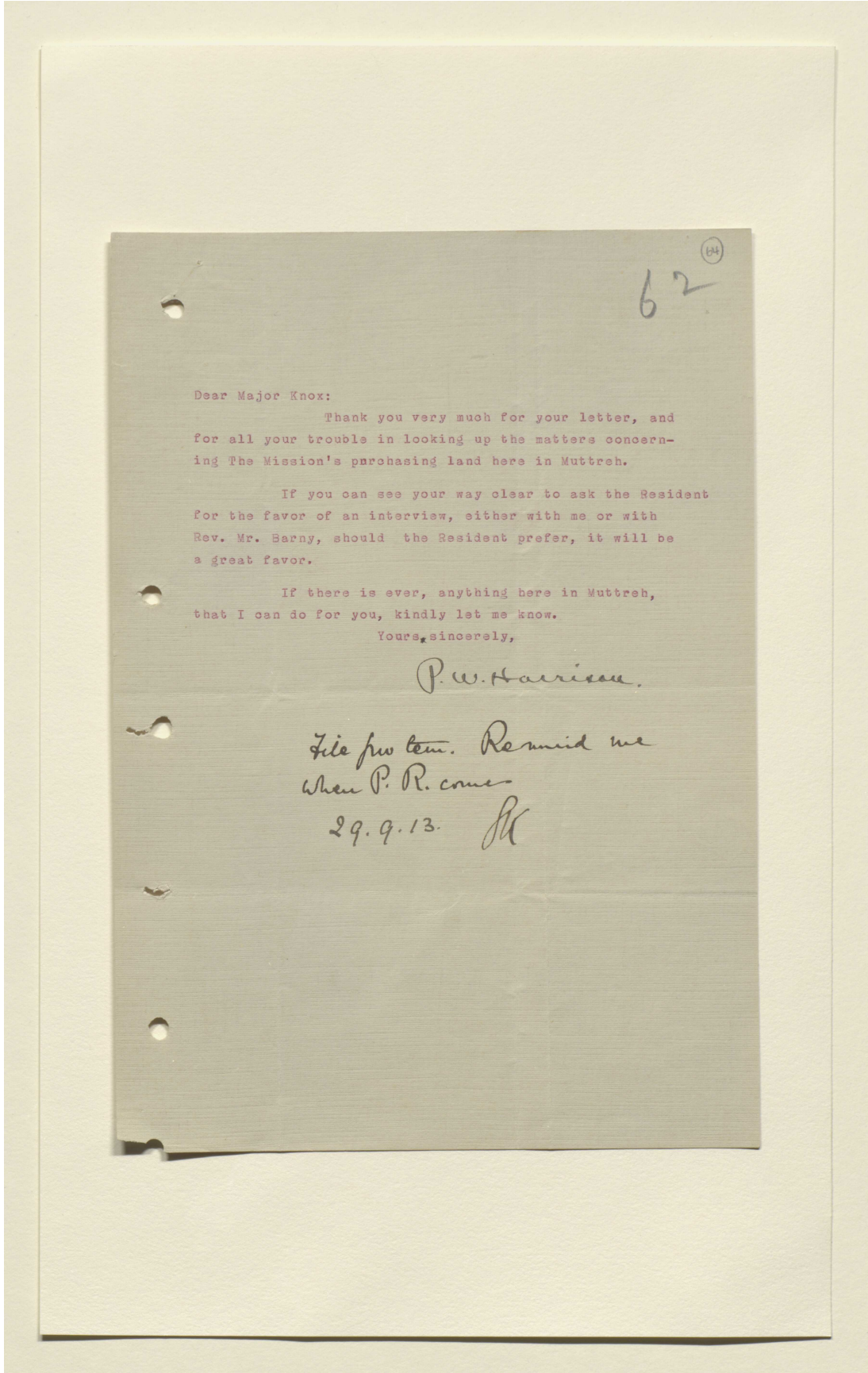
Of course I do not know that I have any right to interfere or impose conditions of any kind but, if you think this could go forward as such, I shall be glad to ask the Resident if he can accord you an interview and place this letter before him when he comes.

Yours sincerely
signed S.G. Knox, Major.

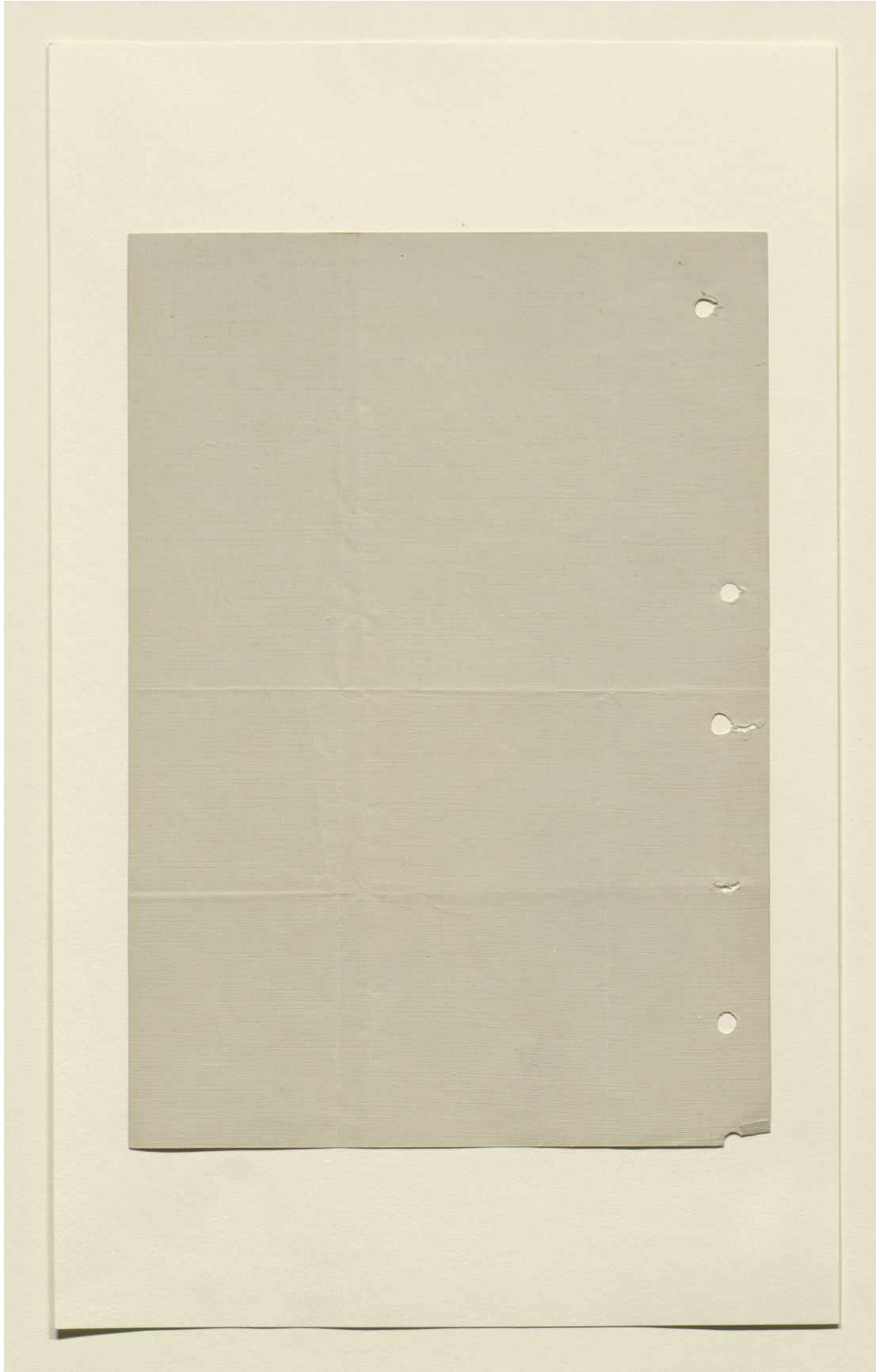
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦٣ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٢٦)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٤ و٦]
(٢١٠/١٢٧)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٤ ظ٦]
(٢١٠/١٢٨)



D.

63⁶⁵

Please let it be generally known in
Mattra that P. R. will accompany
me there next Friday, unless other
work occupies him. I do not
mean that by this, Court work will
be stopped, for it will go on just as
usual but no doubt the Wali would
like to welcome him & the P. R.
will probably receive the Brumiah
& Khoja local communities. He will
also visit the American missionary
doctor & will go on to Bait al Falaj for
much as I shall do. These papers
at any rate should go to Mattra
with us.

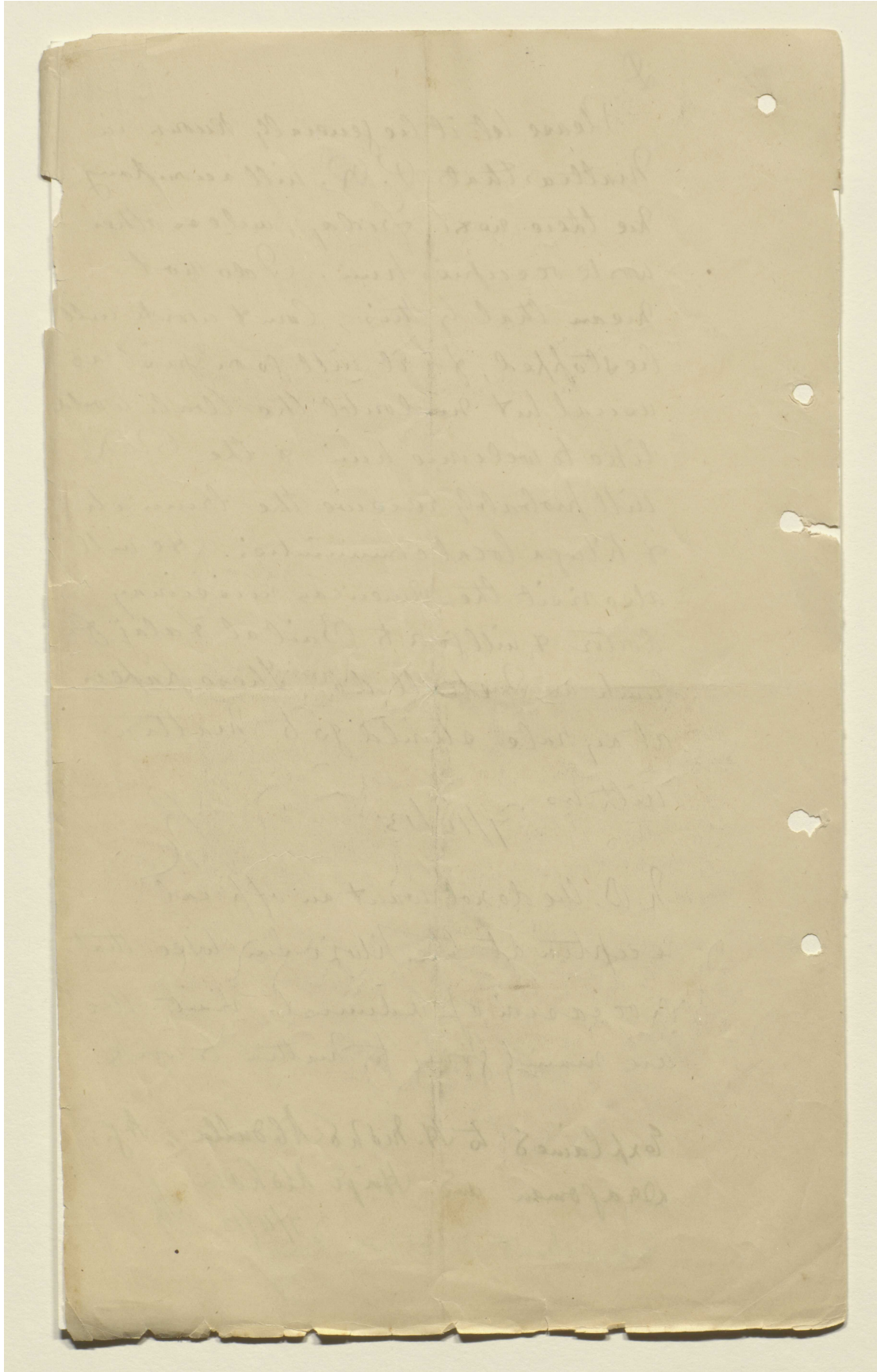
7/10/13

H. D. We do not want an official
reception at the Khoja Sun like that
on occasion of Admiral's visit. We
are mainly going to Mattra to work.

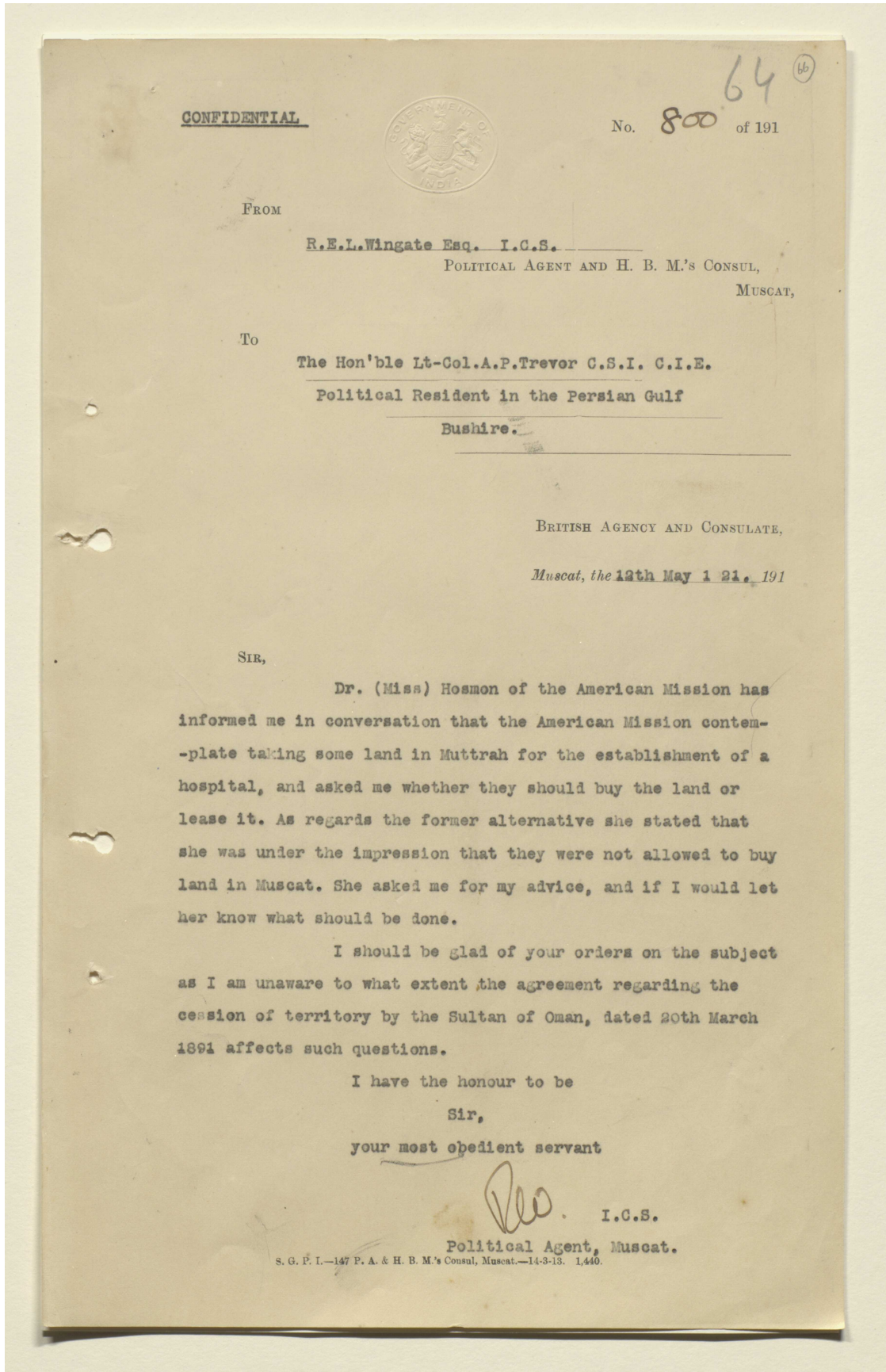
Explained to H. Mohd Abdulla, Af:
Draoman and Haji Mohsin.

7/10/13
Guarantee about small pox Rowat

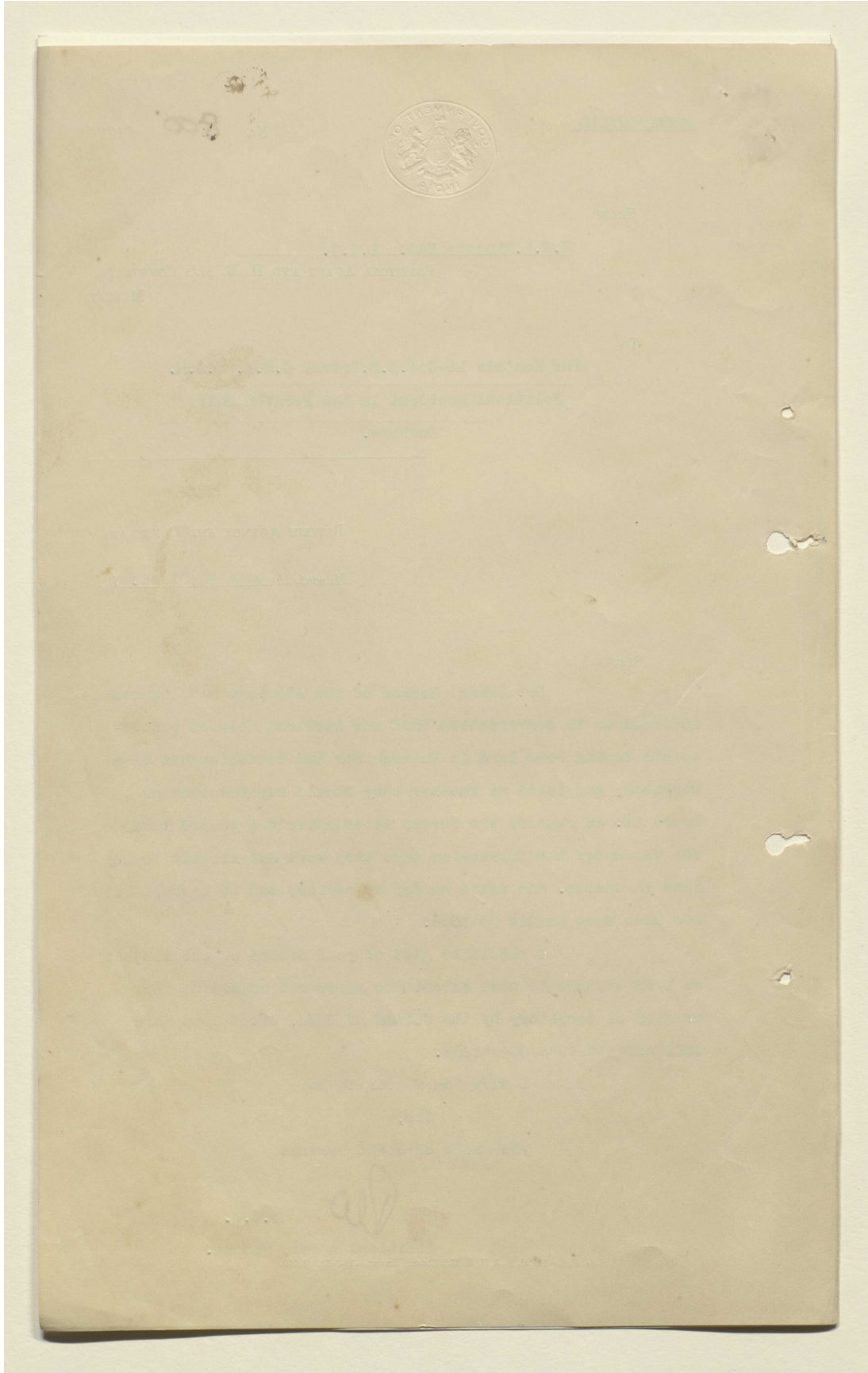
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦٥ظ]
(٢١٠/١٣٠)



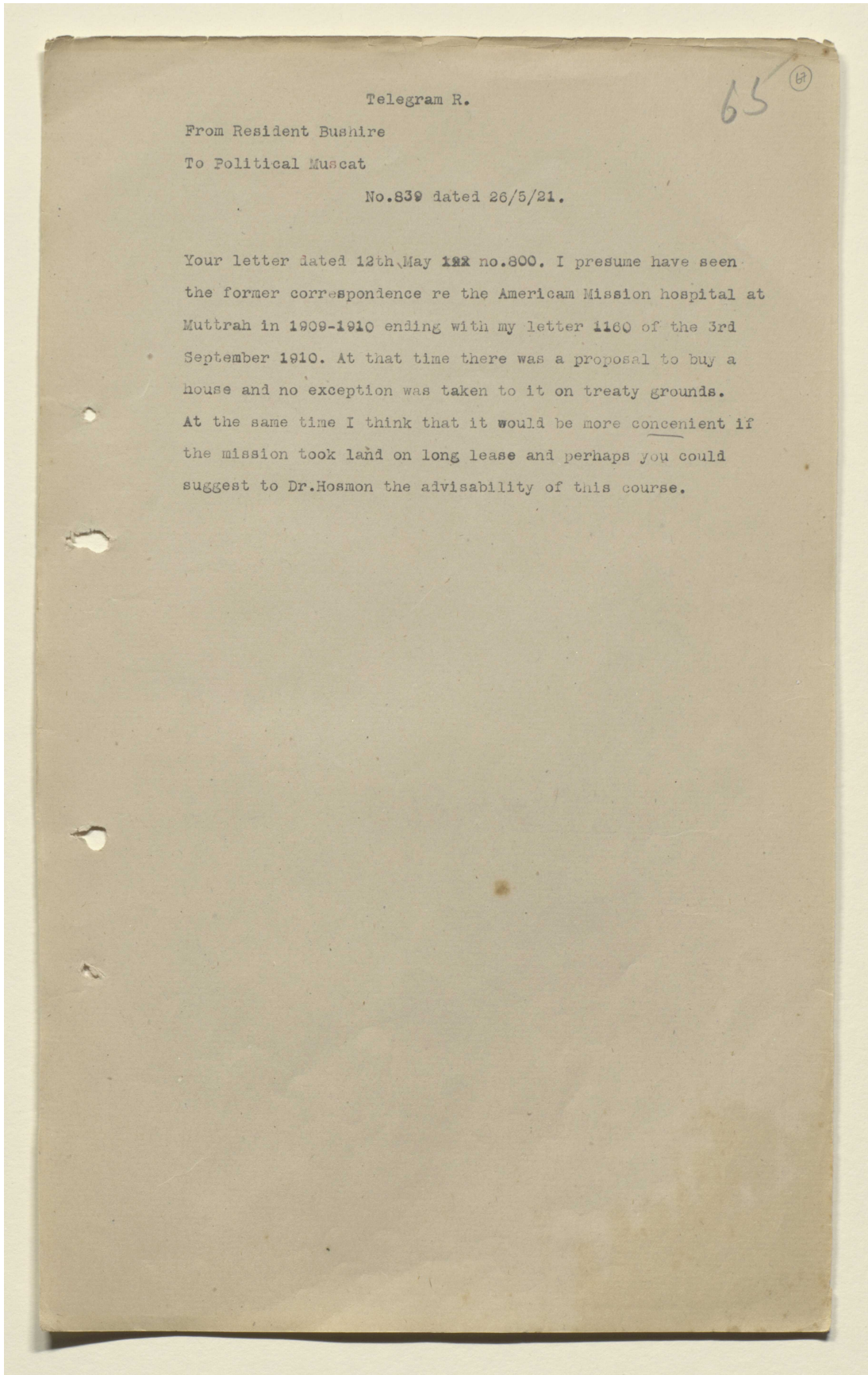
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٦ و]
(٢١٠/١٣١)



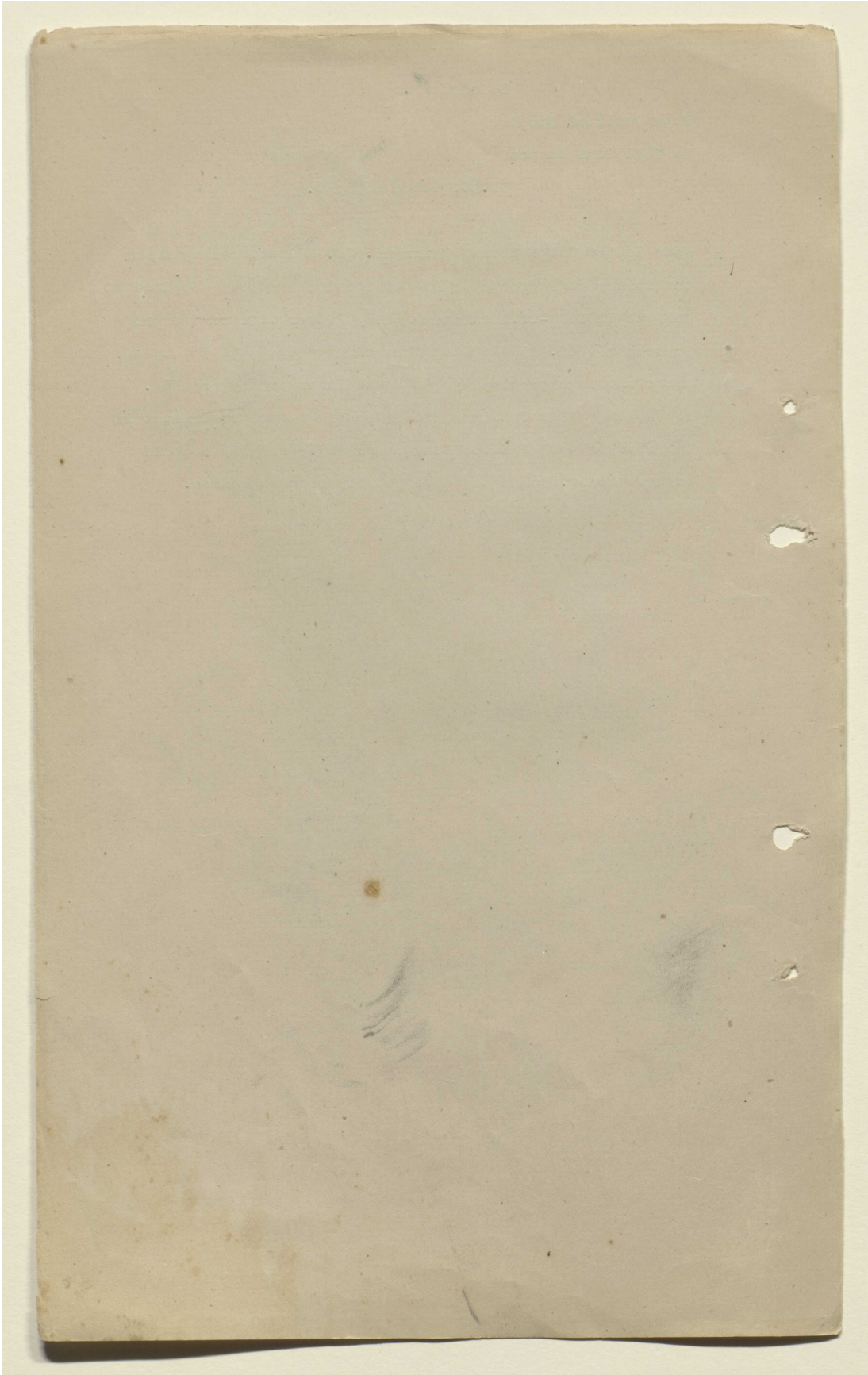
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٣٢)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٧و]
(٢١٠/١٣٣)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦٧ظ]
(٢١٠/١٣٤)



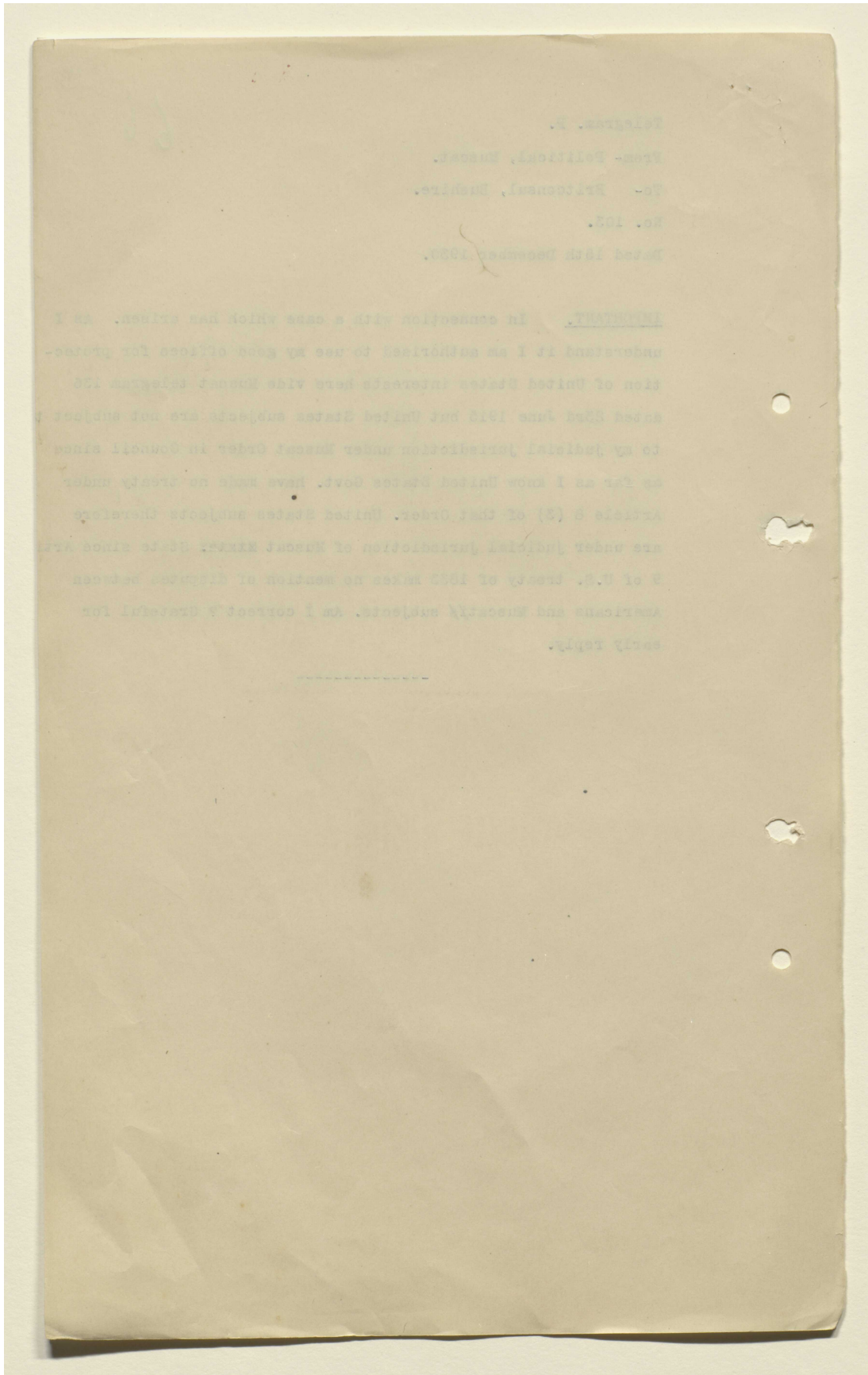
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٨٦٨]
(٢١٠/١٣٥)

Telegram. P.
From- Political, Muscat.
To- Britconsul, Bushire.
No. 103.
Dated 15th December 1930.

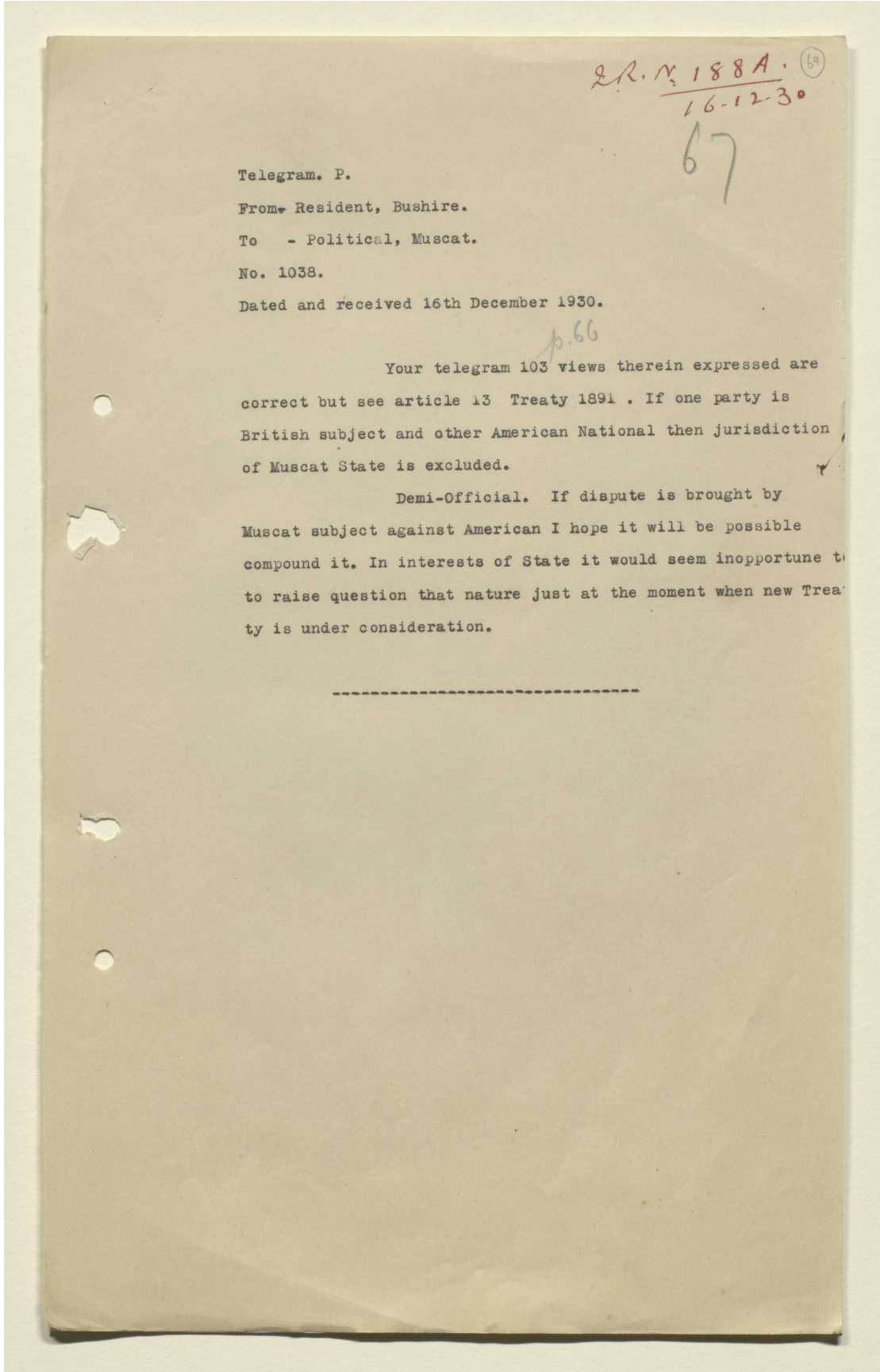
66
66

IMPORTANT. In connection with a case which has arisen. As I understand it I am authorised to use my good offices for protection of United States interests here vide Muscat telegram 136 dated 23rd June 1915 but United States subjects are not subject to my judicial jurisdiction under Muscat Order in Council since as far as I know United States Govt. have made no treaty under Article 8 (3) of that Order. United States subjects therefore are under judicial jurisdiction of Muscat ~~State~~ State since Article 9 of U.S. treaty of 1833 makes no mention of disputes between Americans and Muscat/~~s~~ subjects. Am I correct ? Grateful for early reply.

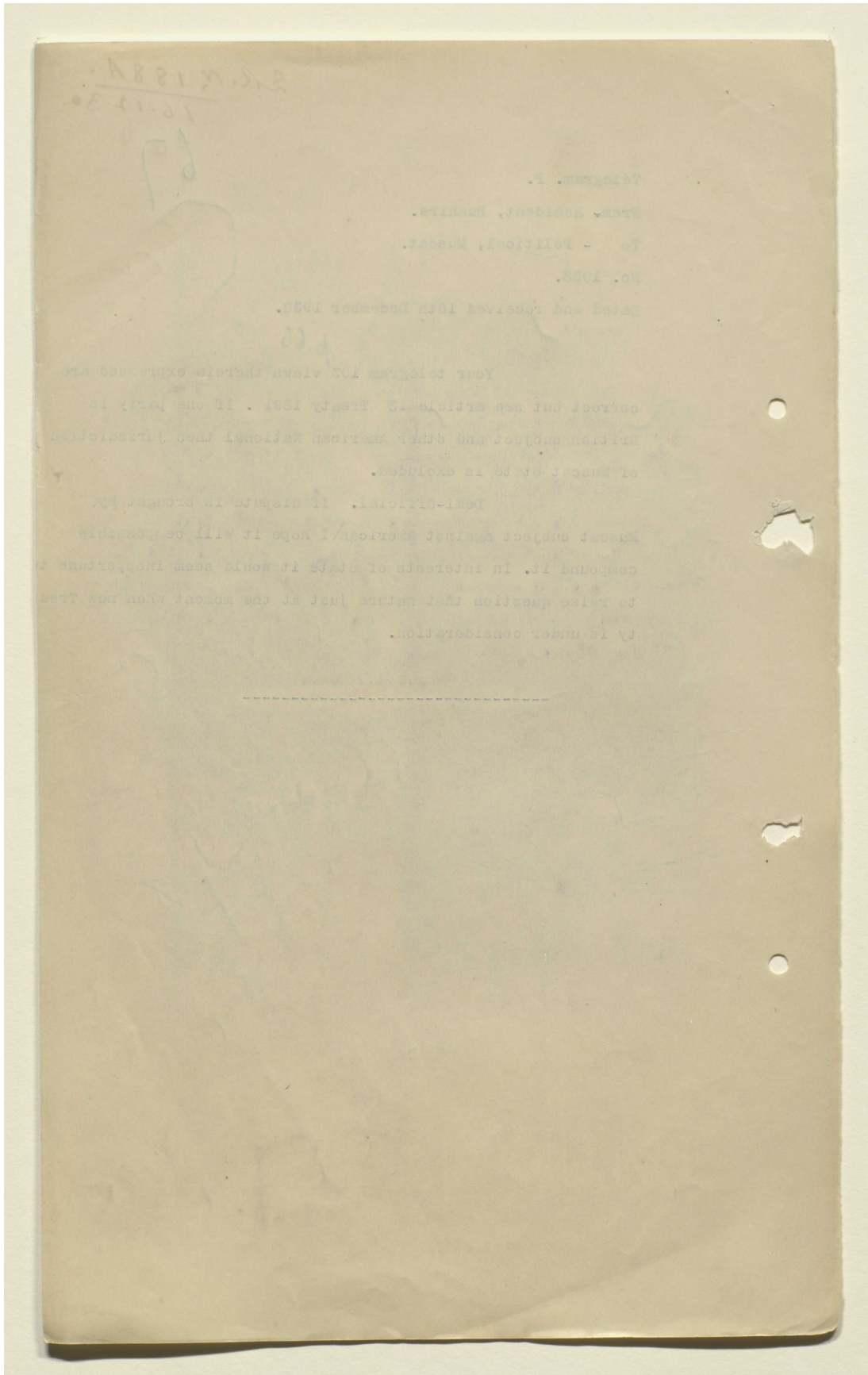
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦٨ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٣٦)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٦٩]
(٢١٠/١٣٧)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦٩ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٣٨)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٠] (٢١٠/١٣٩)

٦٨
Muscat, Arabia.
15, December, 1930.

To:
Sayyid Said Bin Tagmoor Bin Faysul,
Amir of the Muscat Government.

My dear Sayyid,

I am writing to you as a mother asking a favor for her child. Maryam the widow of Merash Bin Belal, has no father nor mother. She is an orphan and a widow. Some ten years ago Merash became a Christian in Muscat, and was baptised in the little church, in the presence of H.M.'s consul Major Rae. Maryam some time later, decided to follow the religion of her husband's choice and was baptised in Bahrein.

The day of the funeral of Merash Bin Belal, the ceremony of Islamic mourning, was refused by her in a calm and dignified manner. Those who were present heard her say that she was a Christian. At that time her brother rejected her, and she came to us. She has been with us since, sharing a room with my daughter. Her desire is to be allowed to be free and to work for her living. Mrs. Storm would like to have her as child's nurse. She can remain indoors for four months and ten days, and adequate protection will be given to her in a room of the house doctor and Mrs. Storm are now occupying. This we believe will be according to the custom of an Arab widow remaining in seclusion for a period of time.

She has asked several times the privilege to be interviewed by some body sent by you, preferably Sheikh Zobair. She has also asked the privilege to have a letter written to you by some responsible person. Since she has been with us she has not left the house. I have admitted all women who cared to see her and whom she wished to see. In all fairness to her, we have been careful not to influence her in her conversations with the women.

We know that when Henry, one of the slaves whom the British Gov. entrusted to the care of Rev. P. Zwemer, died, the late and honored Sheikh Rashid judged the woman unworthy of the ceremony because her husband was a Christian.

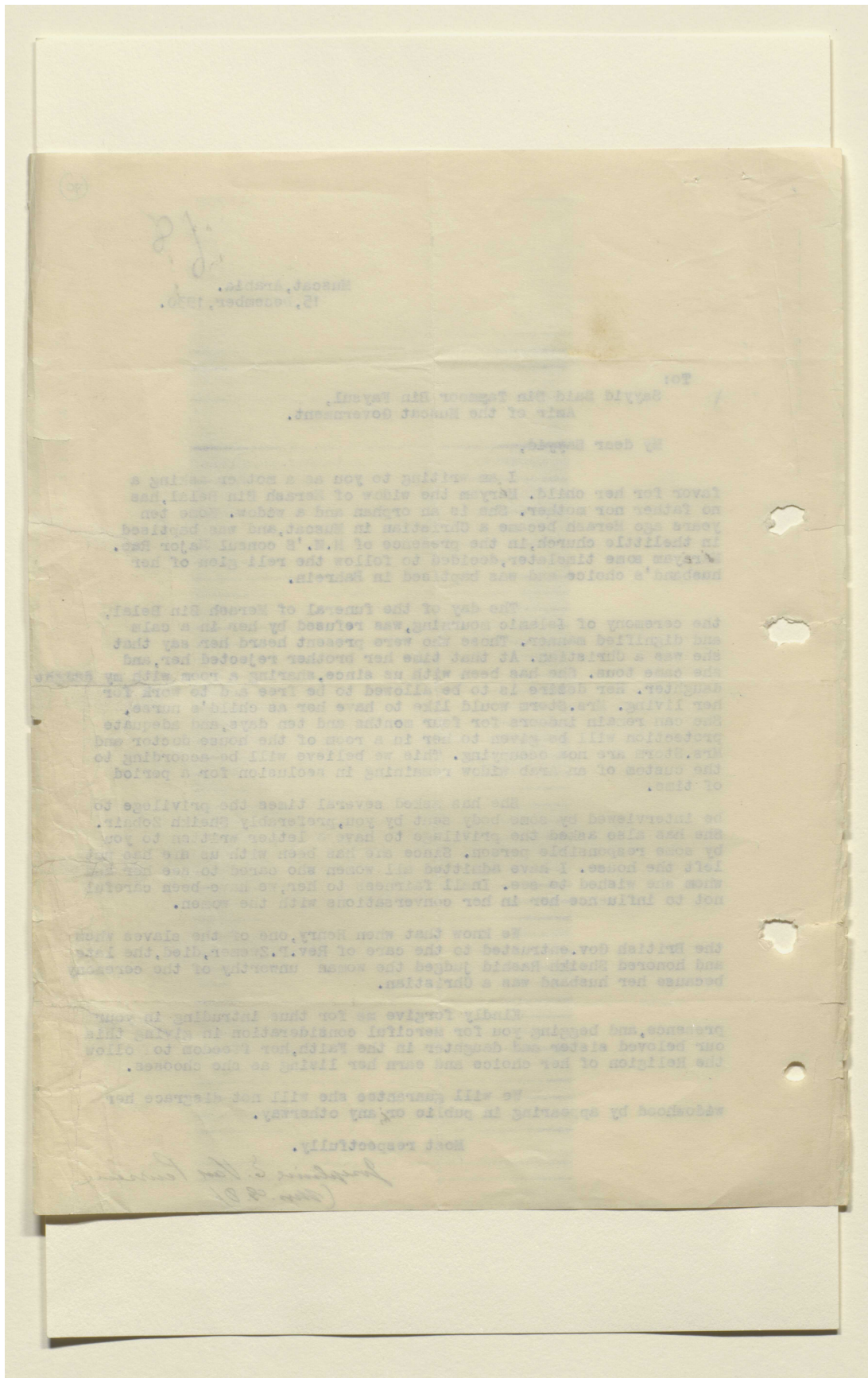
Kindly forgive me for thus intruding in your presence, and begging you for merciful consideration in giving this our beloved sister and daughter in the Faith, her freedom to follow the Religion of her choice and earn her living as she chooses.

We will guarantee she will not disgrace her widowhood by appearing in public or any other way.

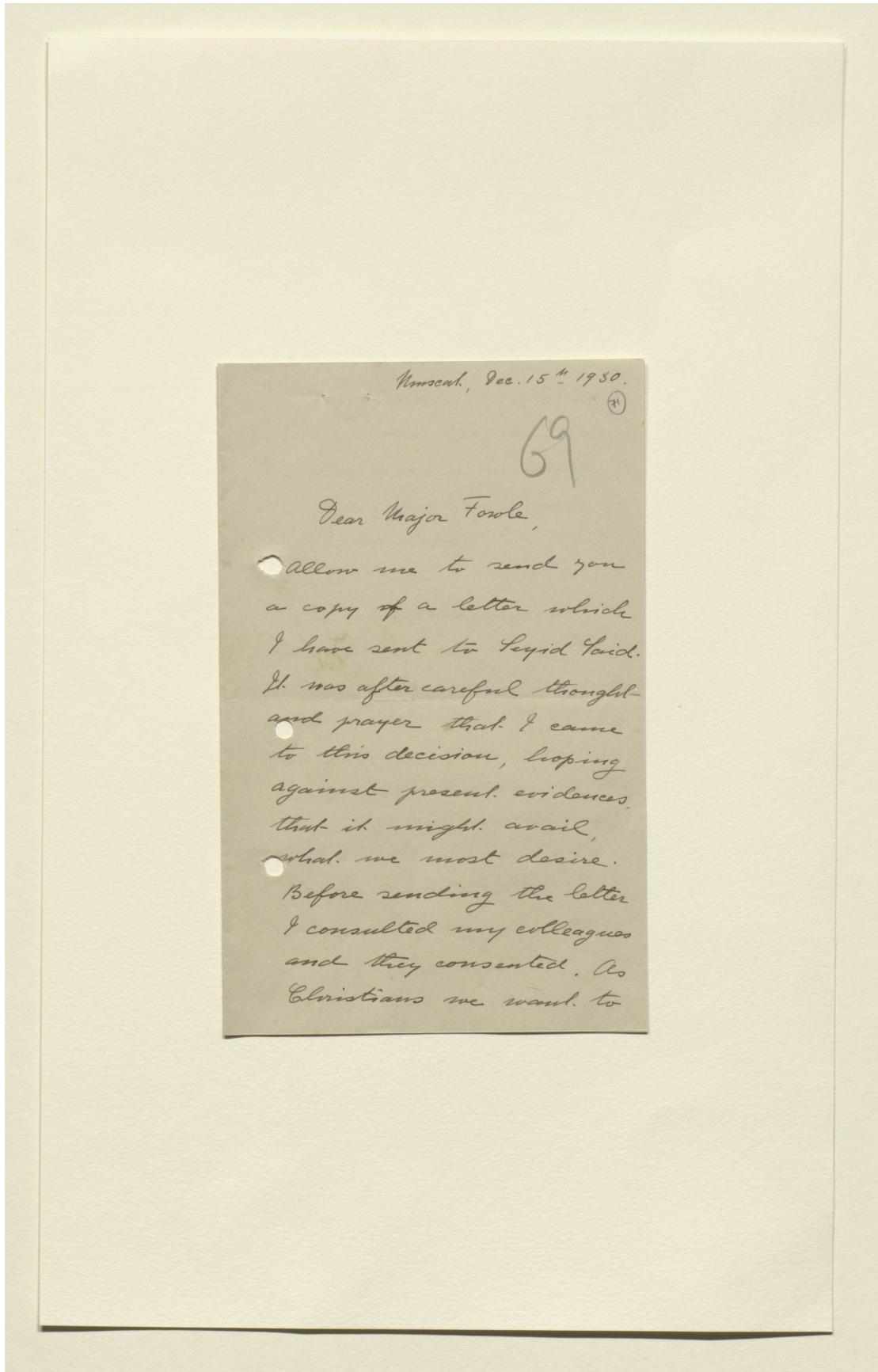
Most respectfully.

Josephine E. Van Puren
(Mrs. G. D.)

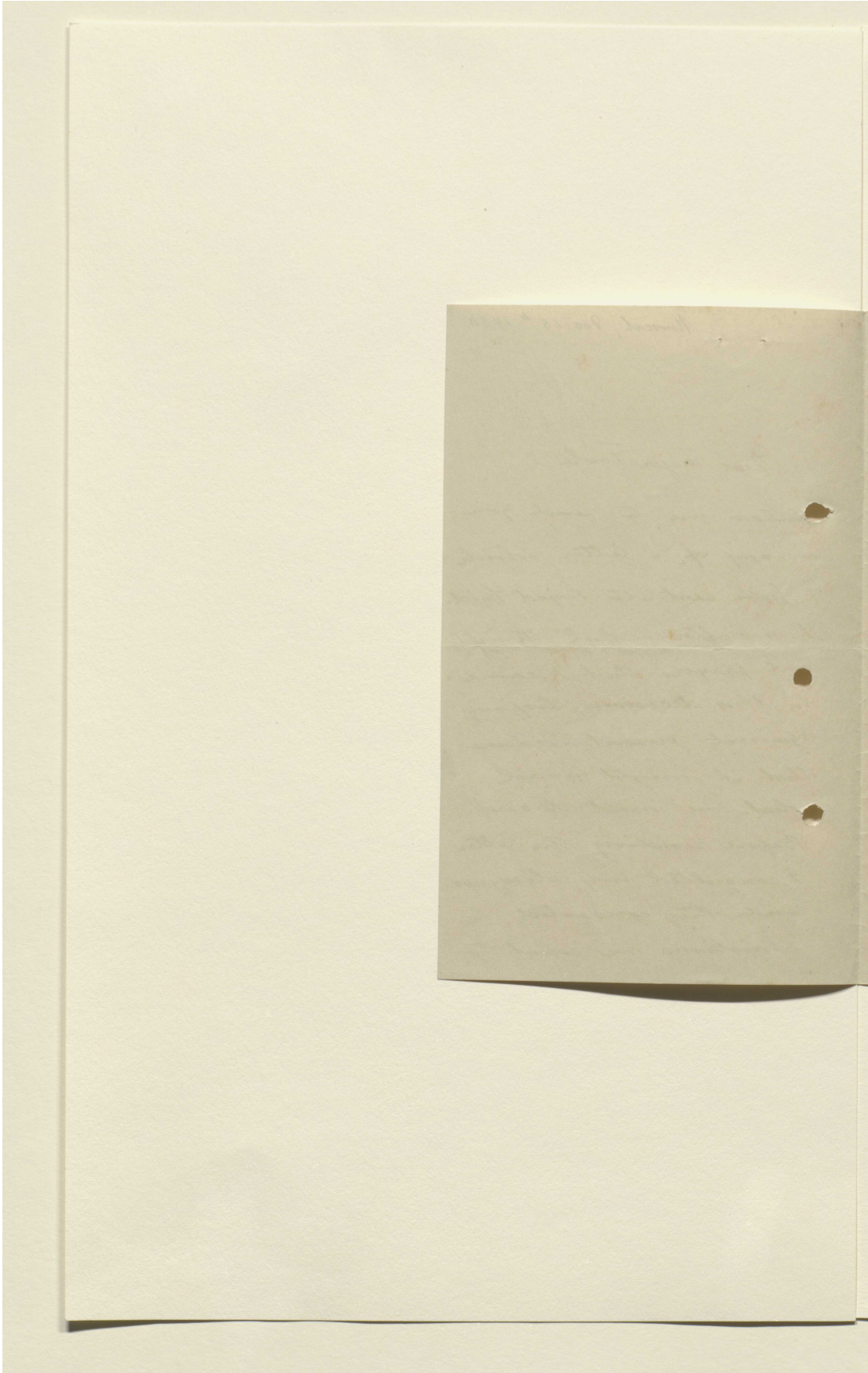
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٠٧ظ]
(٢١٠/١٤٠)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧١و]
(٢١٠/١٤١)



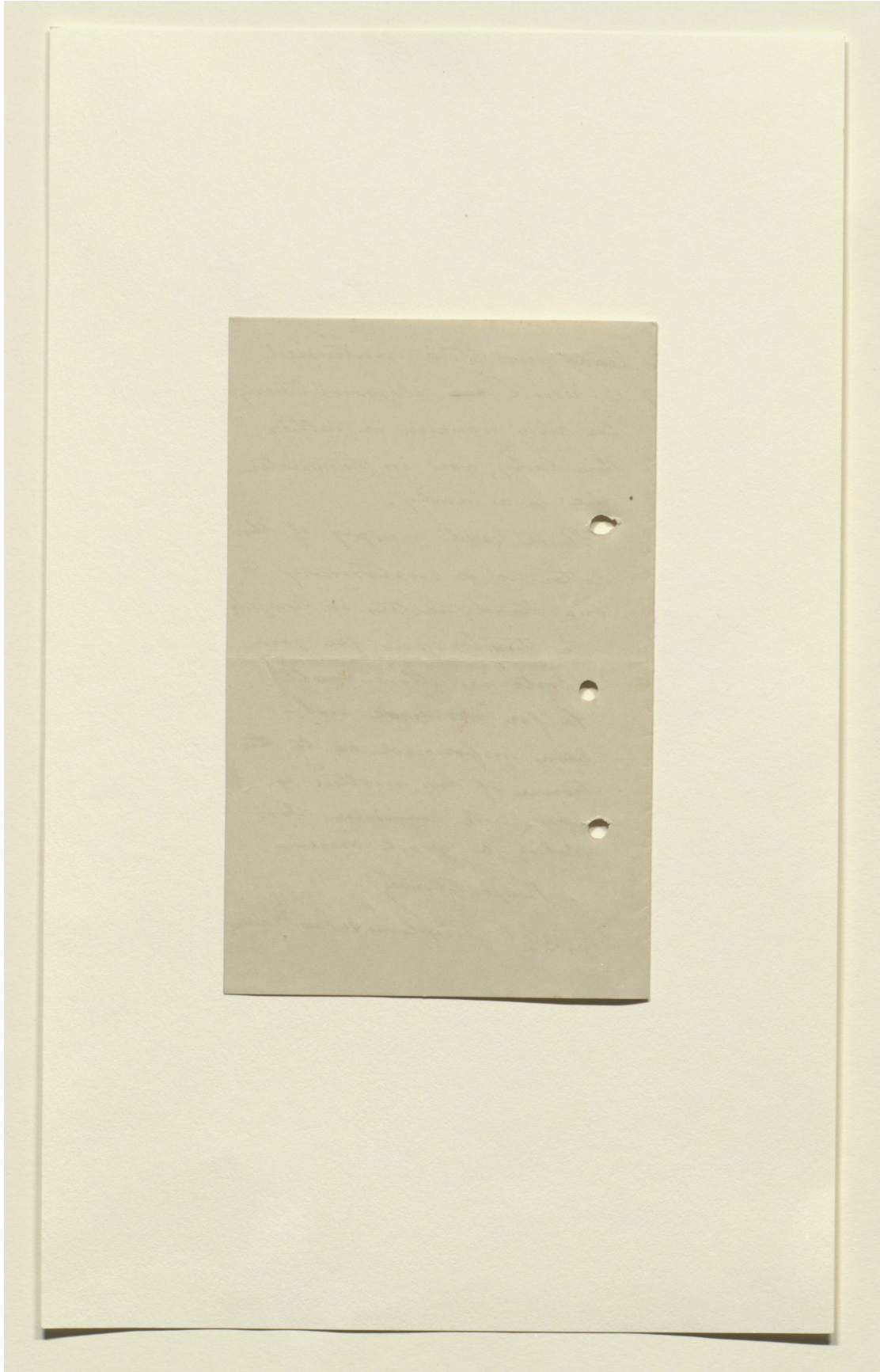
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧١ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٤٢)



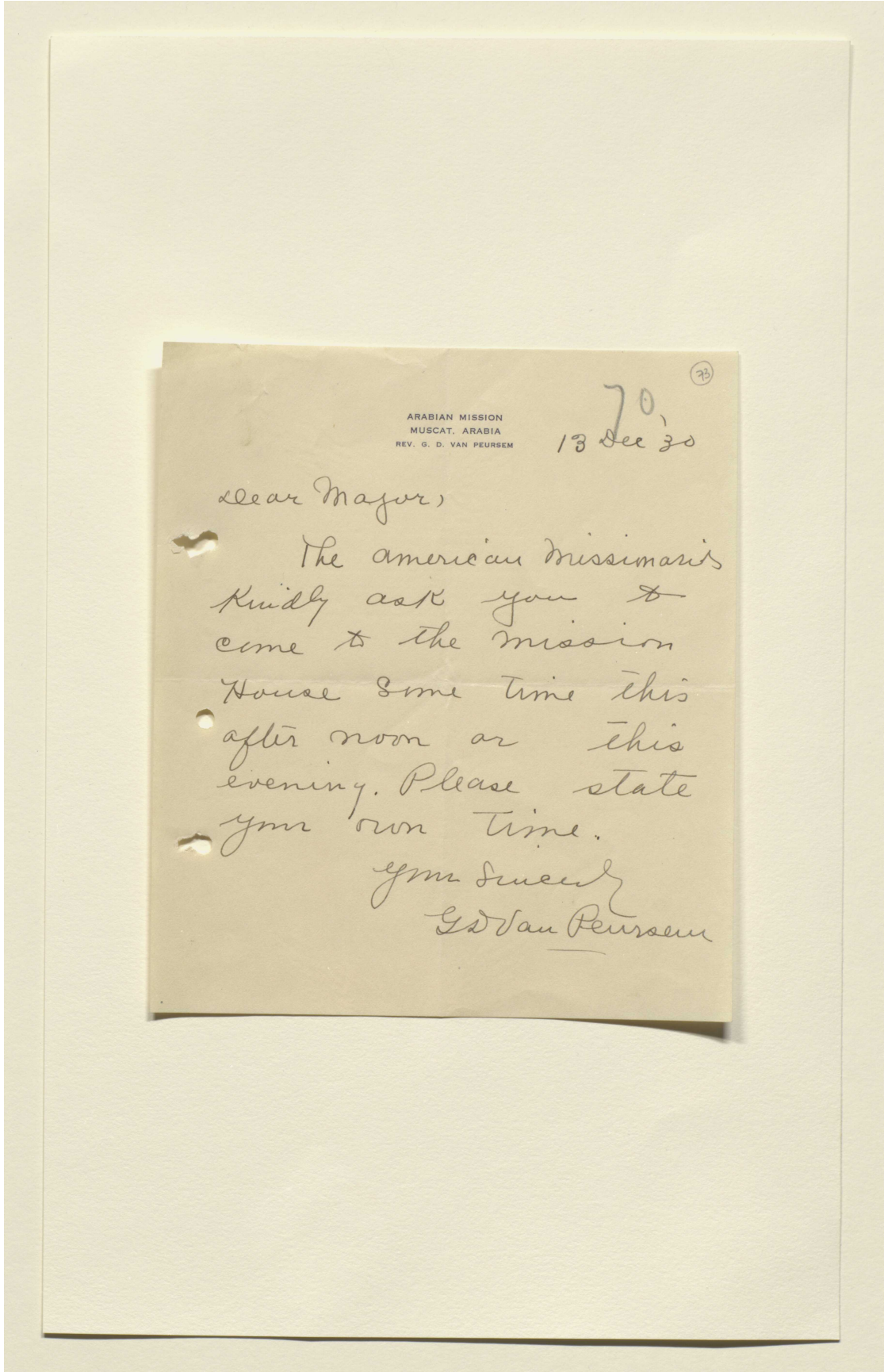
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٢ و]
(٢١٠/١٤٣)

leave no stone unturned⁽³²⁾
to secure ~~the~~ religious liberty
for this woman or rather
this lady, for in character
she is a lady.
I shall send a copy of this
letter as is customary to
our Headquarters in New York.
We thank you for your
efforts in this matter.
So far we have not
been informed as to the
house of her mother in
law. We consider this
delay a good omen.
Respectfully
(Mrs. S.D.) Josephine E. Van Rensselaer

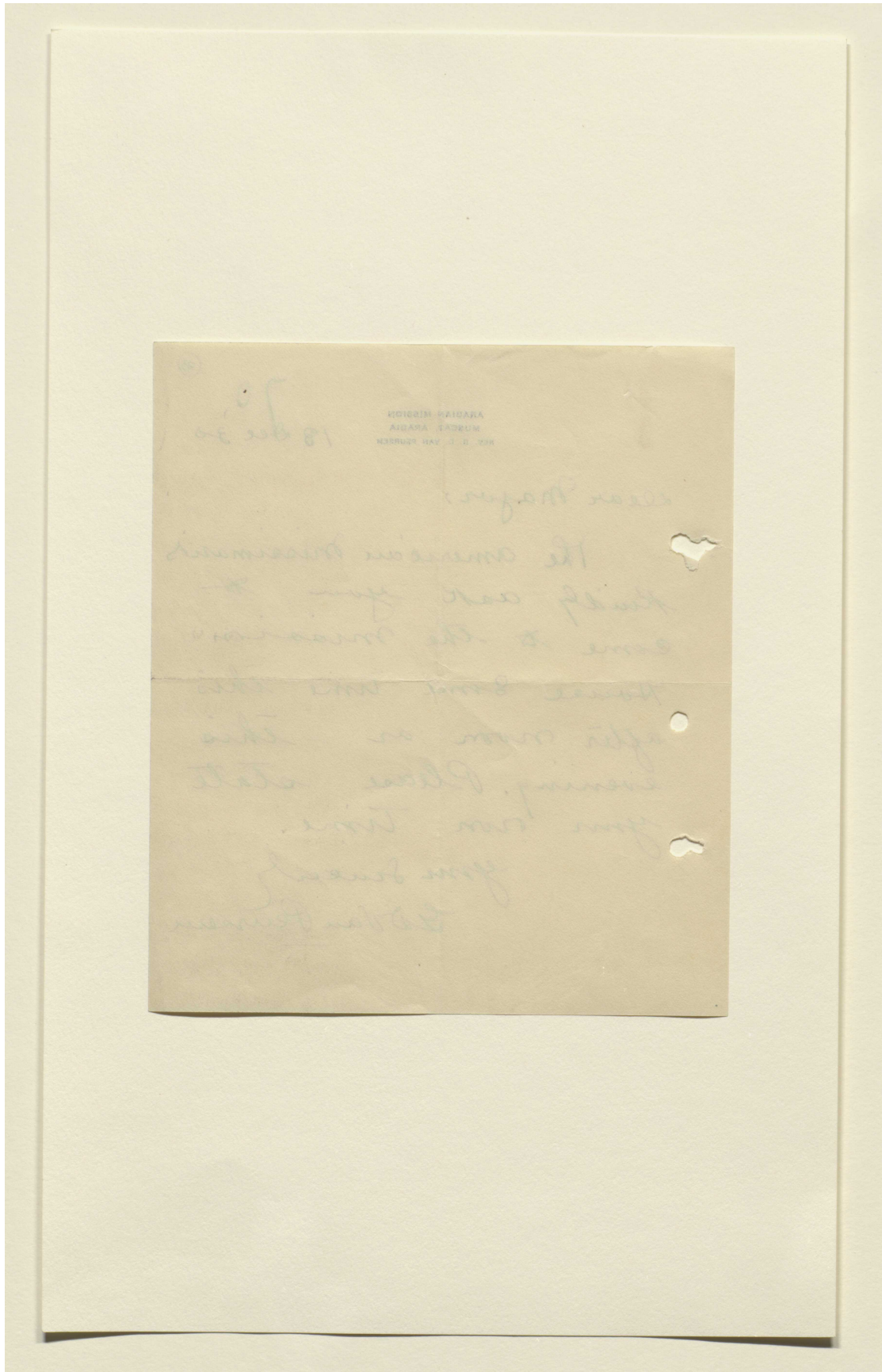
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٢ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٤٤)



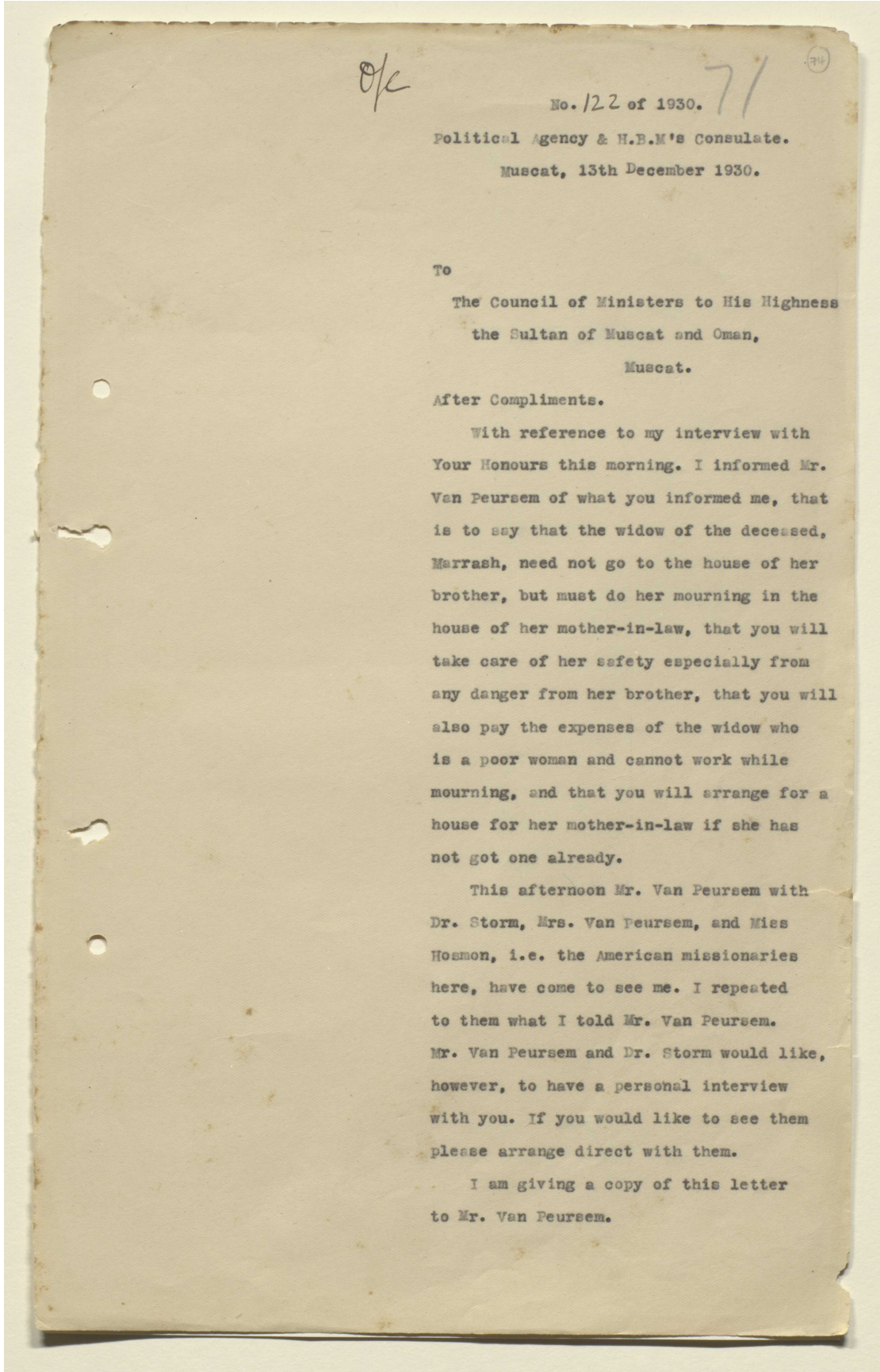
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٣ و]
(٢١٠/١٤٥)



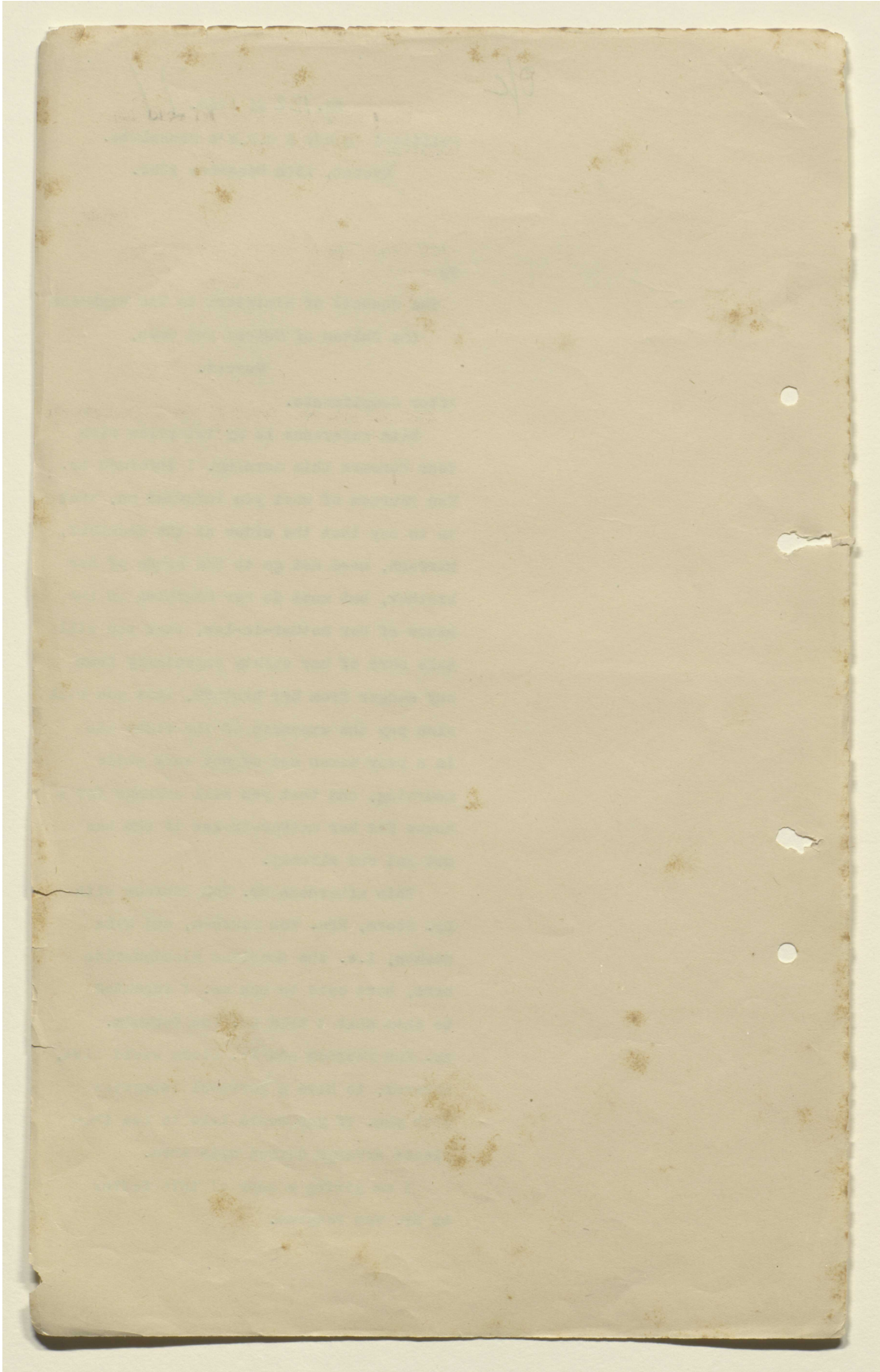
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٣ظ]
(٢١٠/١٤٦)



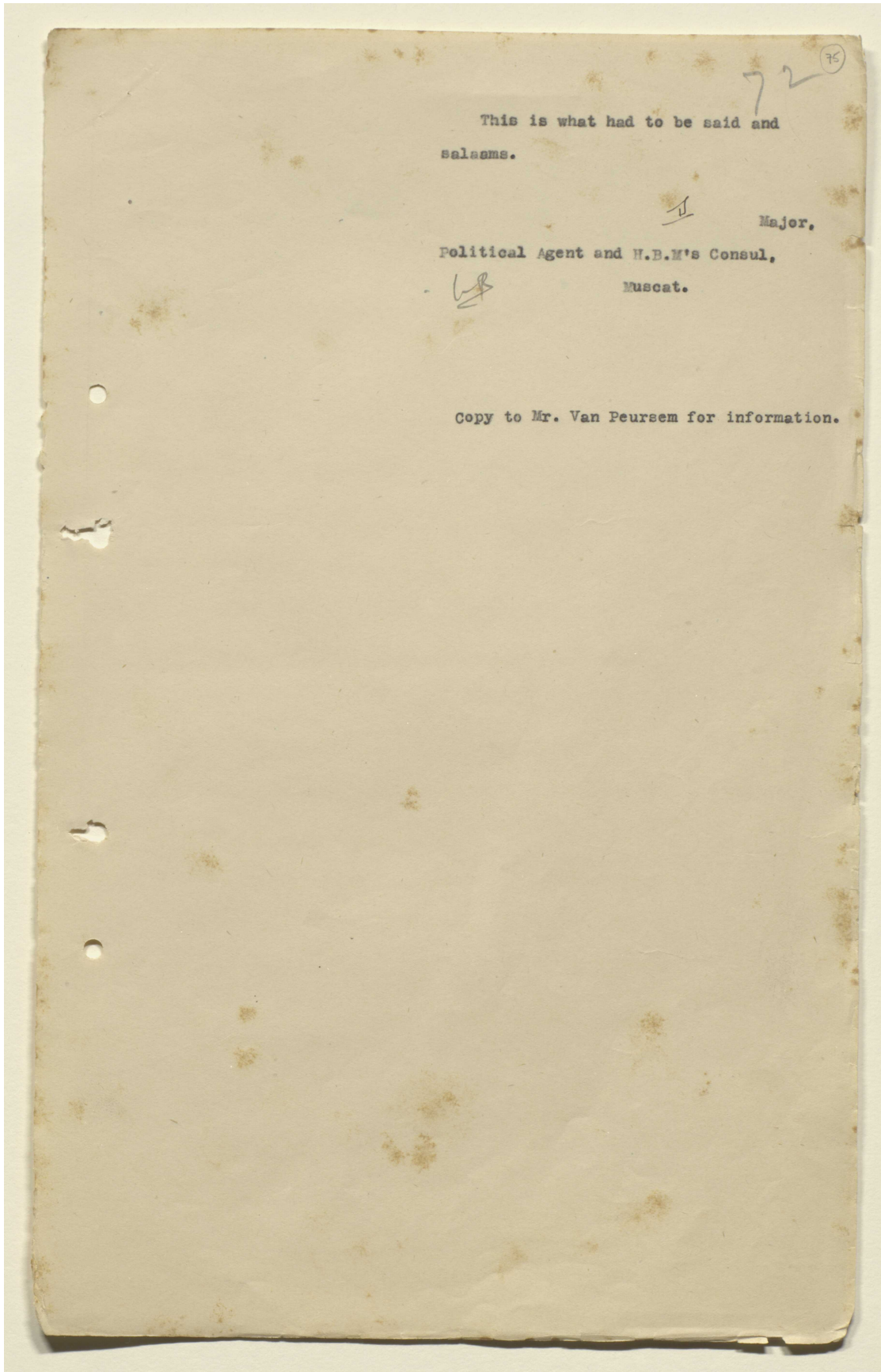
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٤ و]
(٢١٠/١٤٧)



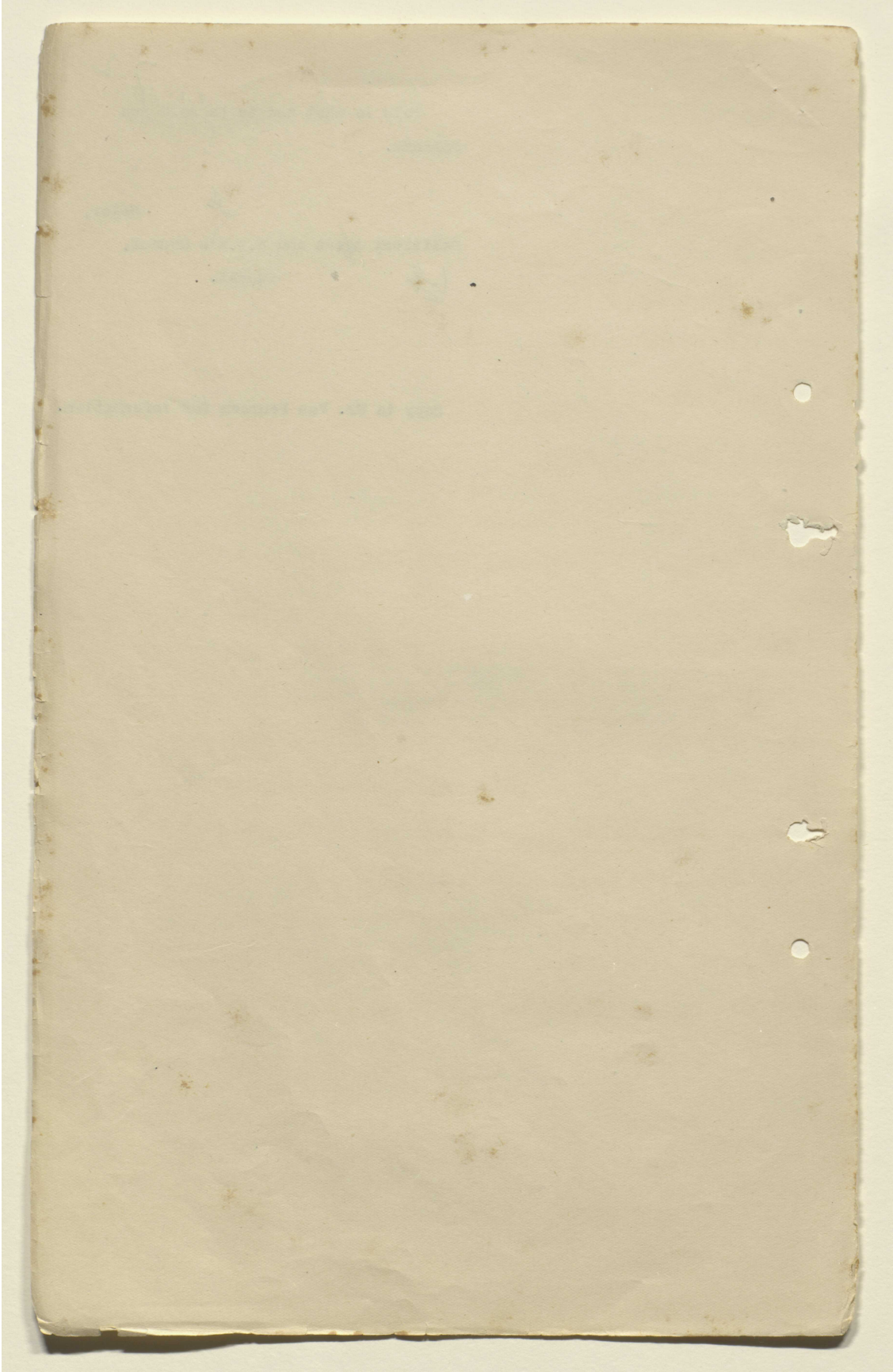
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٤ظ]
(٢١٠/١٤٨)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٥و]
(٢١٠/١٤٩)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٥ظ]
(٢١٠/١٥٠)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٦و]
(٢١٠/١٥١)

73 76
Letter No.76 dated the 14th December 1930 from the Council
of Ministers to His Highness the Sultan of Muscat & Oman, to
Major T.C.Fowle, C.B.E., H.B.M's Consul, Muscat.

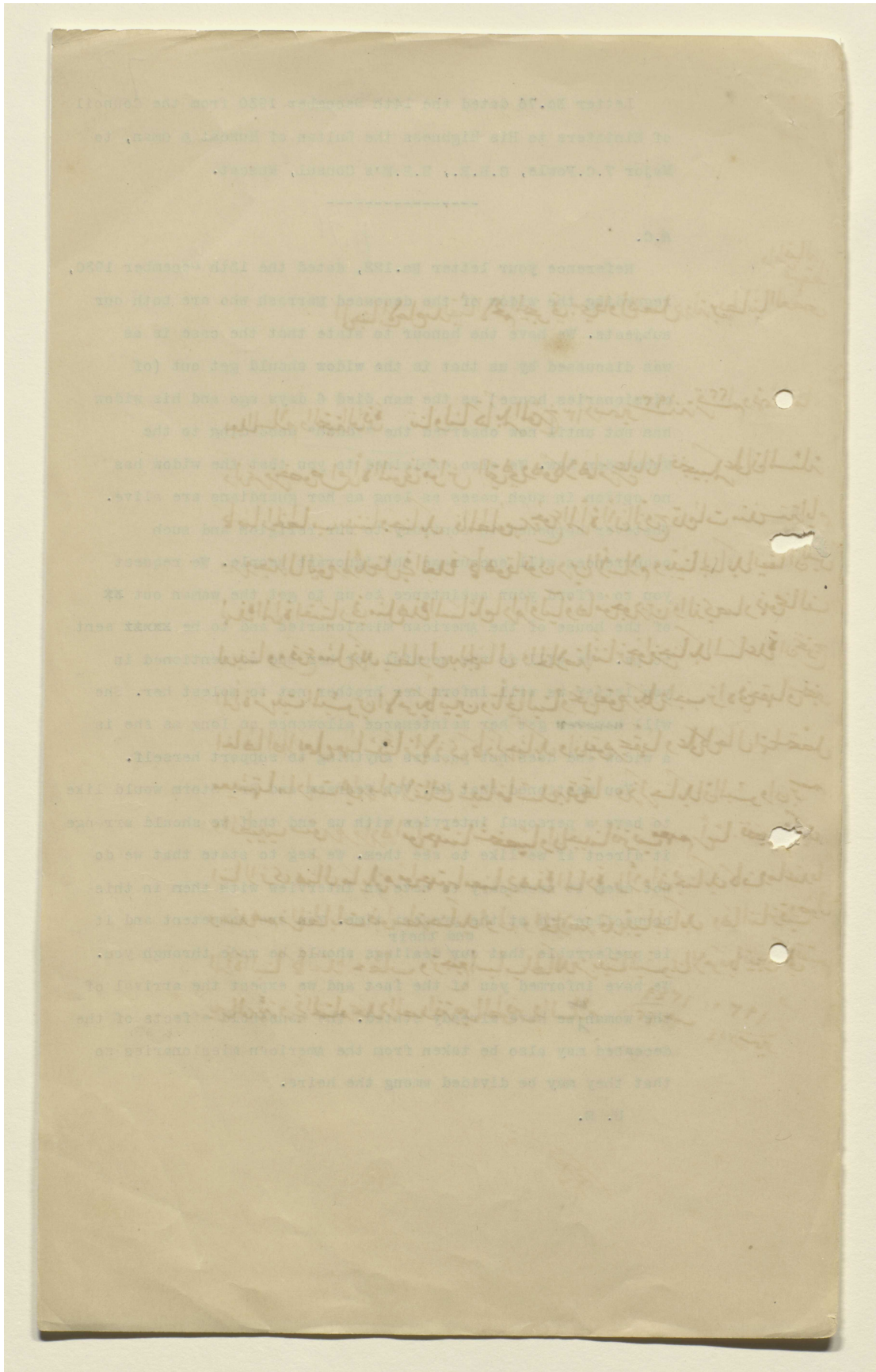
A.C.

p.71
Reference your letter No.122, dated the 13th December 1930,
regarding the widow of the deceased Marrash who are both our
subjects. We have the honour to state that the case is as
was discussed by us that is the widow should get out (of
missionaries house) as the man died 6 days ago and his widow
has not until now observed the "Iddeh" according to the
Muhamadan Law. We also explained to you that the widow has
no option in such cases as long as her guardians are alive.
Whatever happened is contrary to our religion and such
occurrences will encourage the ignorant people. We request
you to afford your assistance to us to get the woman out ~~of~~
of the house of the American missionaries and to be ~~sent~~
to us. We will do the needful for her and as mentioned in
you letter we will inform her brother not to molest her. She
will ~~however~~ get her maintenance allowance as long as she is
a widow and does not possess anything to support herself.

You mentioned that Mr. Van Peurseem and Dr. Storm would like
to have a personal interview with us and that we should arrange
it direct if we like to see them. We beg to state that we do
not deem it necessary to have an interview with them in this
connection and at the present time. You are competent and it
is preferable that ^{and their} our dealings should be made through you.
We have informed you of the fact and we expect the arrival of
the woman ^{as} we have already stated. The household effects of the
deceased may also be taken from the American missionaries so
that they may be divided among the heirs.

U. E.

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٦٧ظ]
(٢١٠/١٥٢)



٧٤

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

دار القباله
مسقط
الجناب الاحل صدقنا الاتيم الميجري سي فاو لفصل دولة بريطانيا العظمى

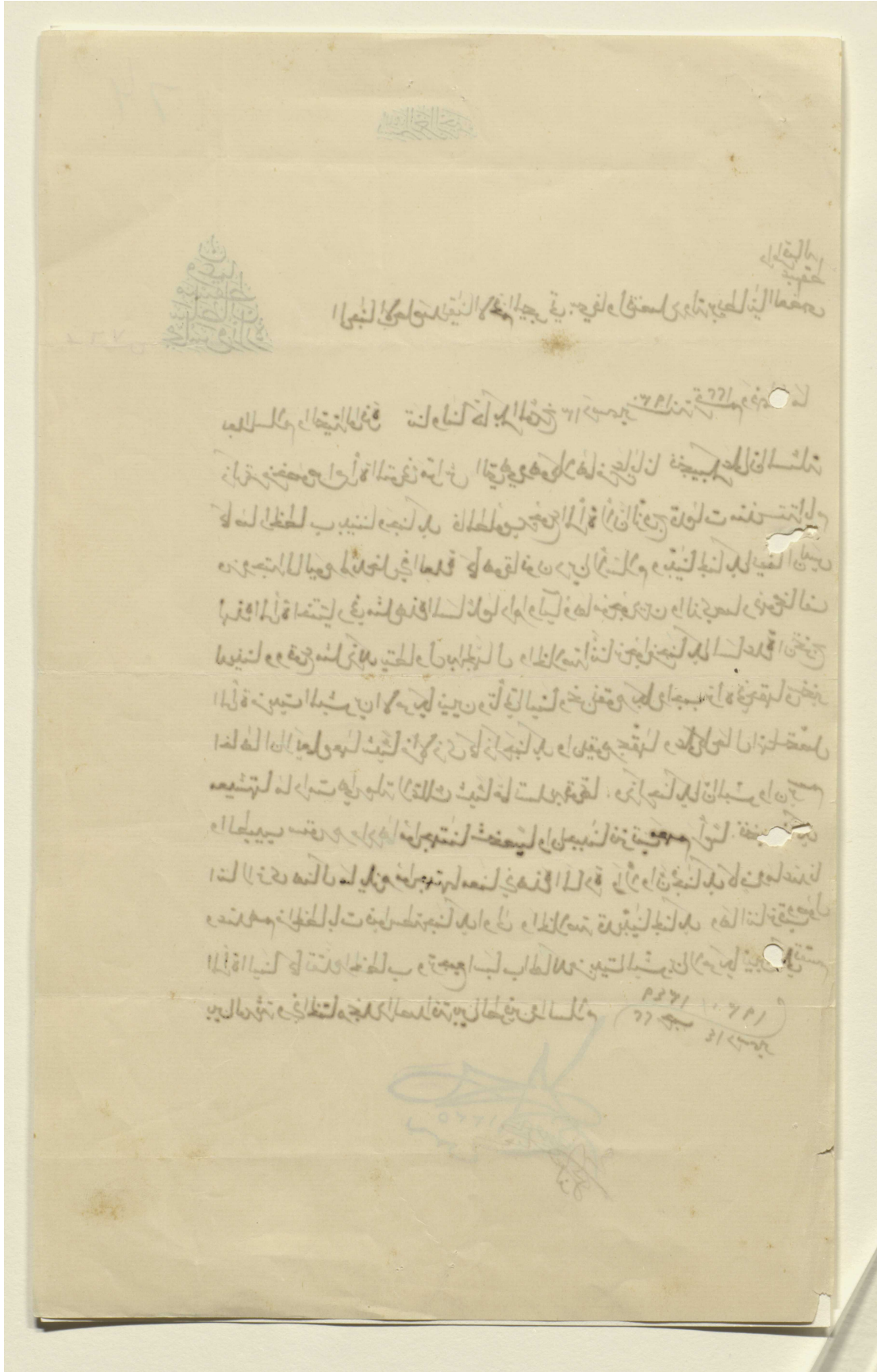
الملك
وعبد
مناظر
سلطان
مجلس وزراء
٧٦

بعده السلام والحيه المودة تناولنا كما بكم المئخ ١٣ دسمبر ١٩٣٠ سنة ٢٢٤٢م وفهم ما
ذكرتم من خصوص امرأة التقي مراه التي هي وهو كلاهما من عايانا فنحسبكم على ان المسئلة
كما صار الخطاب بيننا وبيننا كما هو المطلوب جمع المرأة لان الزوج قد مات منذ ست ايام
وزوجته الى اليوم لم تدخل في العدة كما هو قانون دين الاسلام وبيننا وبيننا كما ليس
لهذه المرأة اختيار في مثل هذه المسائل ما دام اولياؤها موجودين والذي صادر فهو مخالف
لديننا ووقع مثل ذلك يتناول به الجنائ والخالصة اننا نرجوا جنابكم المساعدة ان تخرج
المرأة من بيت الميثرين الامريكانيين وتأتي الينا ونحن نقوم بكل واجب تراه في حقها وسنغير
اها ان لا يعمل معها شيئا من الاذى كما ذكر جنابكم وان يقوم بحقها وعلى كل حال انها تحصل
معيشتها ما دامت هي ملة لا تملك شيئا مما تسلبه قوتها. وذكر جنابكم ان الميثرين ان يسم
والطيب ستوفر مراهها مواجبتها شخصيا وان جينا فترتيب معهم أمنا. فنجيبكم
اننا لا ترى هناك ما يلزم مواجبتها معناه في هذه المادة ولا وان جنابكم كافي وما عندنا
وعندهم من الخطابات فيواسطة جنابكم اولى والخالصة قد بيننا جنابكم وهما اننا نرغب وصول
المرأة اليها كما تقدم الخطاب وترجع اسباب المالك من بيت الميثرين الامريكانيين التي تقسم
بين العرثة وفي الختام نجد الصداقة بين الطرفين والسلام

١٣٤٩ / ١٩٣٠
٢٢ حجب ١٤ دسمبر

١٣٢٥
رئيس
مجلس وزراء
الملك

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٧ظ]
(٢١٠/١٥٤)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٨ و]
(٢١٠/١٥٥)

In reply refer to:
File No. 811.1.
AKS/jnc.

DR: N: 196 A
27-12-30
75

AMERICAN CONSULAR SERVICE

Baghdad, Iraq. December 16, 1930.

Major Fowle,
British Political Adviser,
Muscat, Sultanate of Oman.

Sir:

I have received today a letter from Miss Sarah L. Hosmon (M.D.), a medical missionary at Muscat in which I am informed that she has been invited to go to the Arabian town of Ristak by the Governor in charge of that town to take care and prescribe for sick people there. Miss Hosmon also informs me that you have refused to permit her to make this journey unless she first obtains a letter from me permitting her to do so.

I have consulted with Dr. Barny of Baghdad who is acquainted with the territories surrounding Muscat and the conditions in those territories. Dr. Barny is of the opinion that Miss Hosmon will run little risk in visiting the town of Ristak, provided of course, that the Governor of that town sends a military escort for her and guarantys her safety.

It appears from Miss Hosmon's statement that the Sultan of Oman has consented to her making this journey and she encloses a letter to her from your predecessor, Major Murphy, to the same effect.

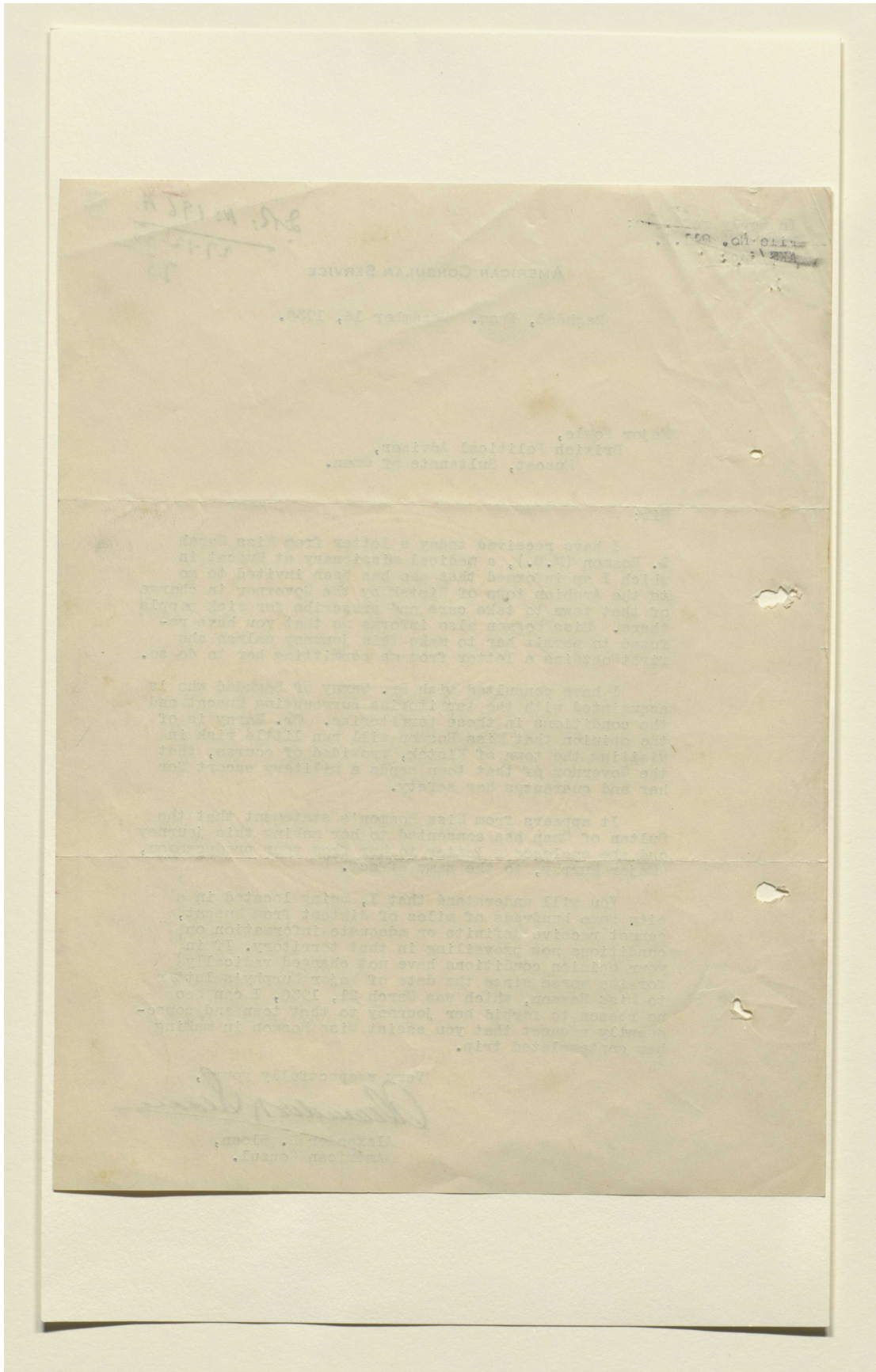
You will understand that I, being located in a city some hundreds of miles of distant from Muscat, cannot receive definite or adequate information on conditions now prevailing in that territory. If in your opinion conditions have not changed radically for the worse since the date of Major Murphy's letter to Miss Hosmon, which was March 21, 1930, I can see no reason to forbid her journey to that town and consequently request that you assist Miss Hosmon in making her contemplated trip.

Very respectfully yours,

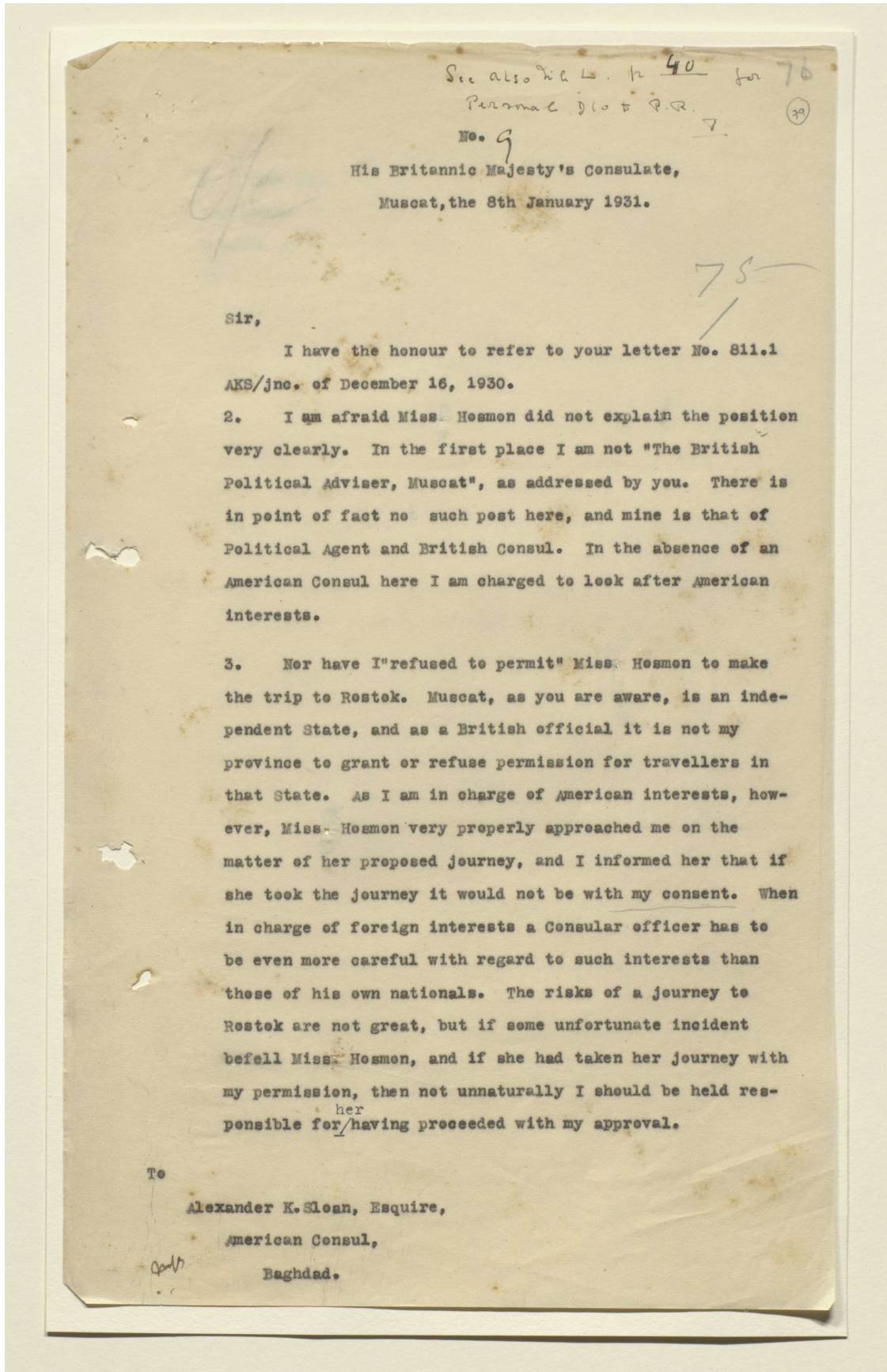
Alexander K. Sloan

Alexander K. Sloan,
American Consul.

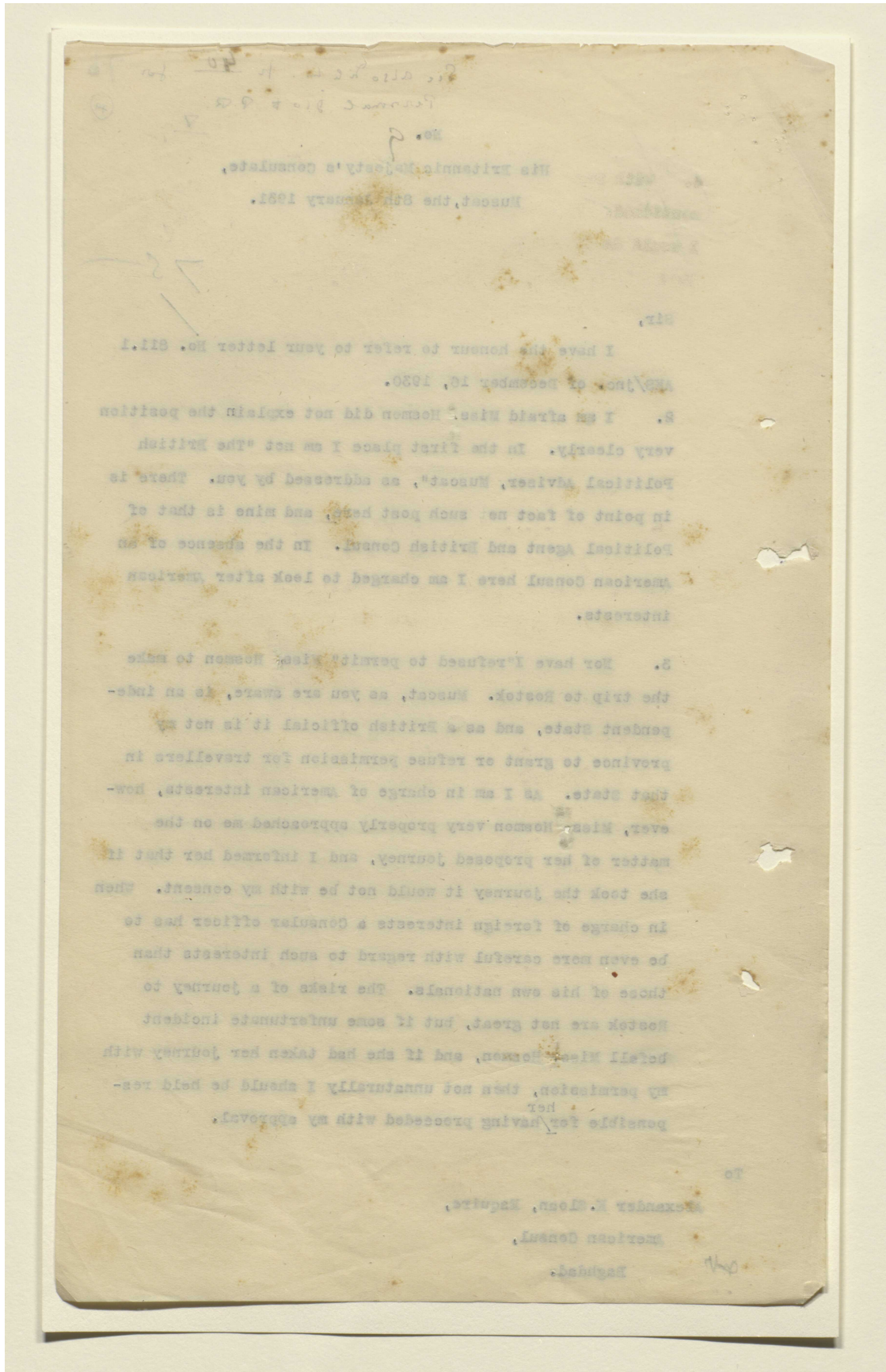
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٨ظ]
(٢١٠/١٥٦)



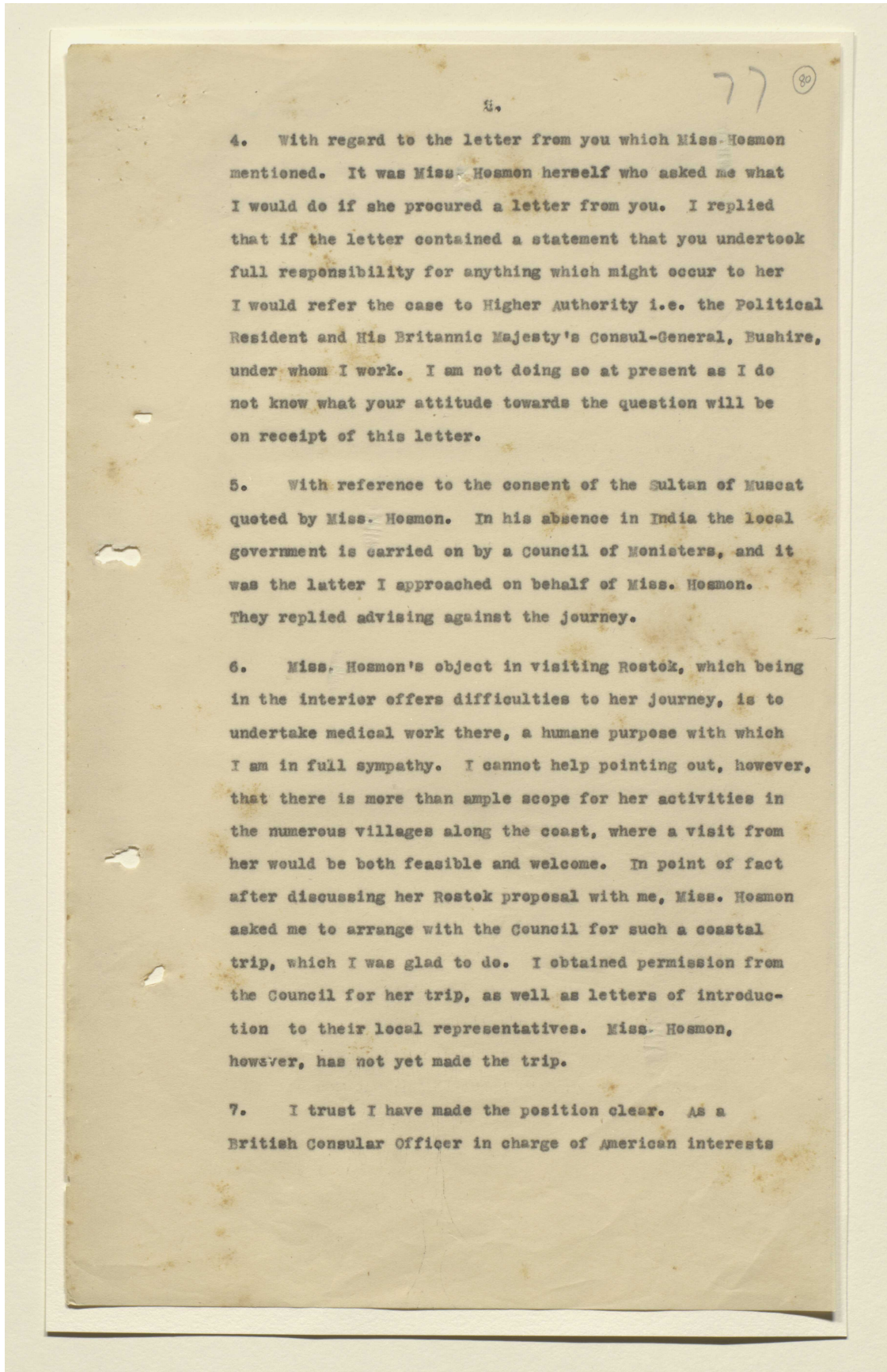
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٩و]
(٢١٠/١٥٧)



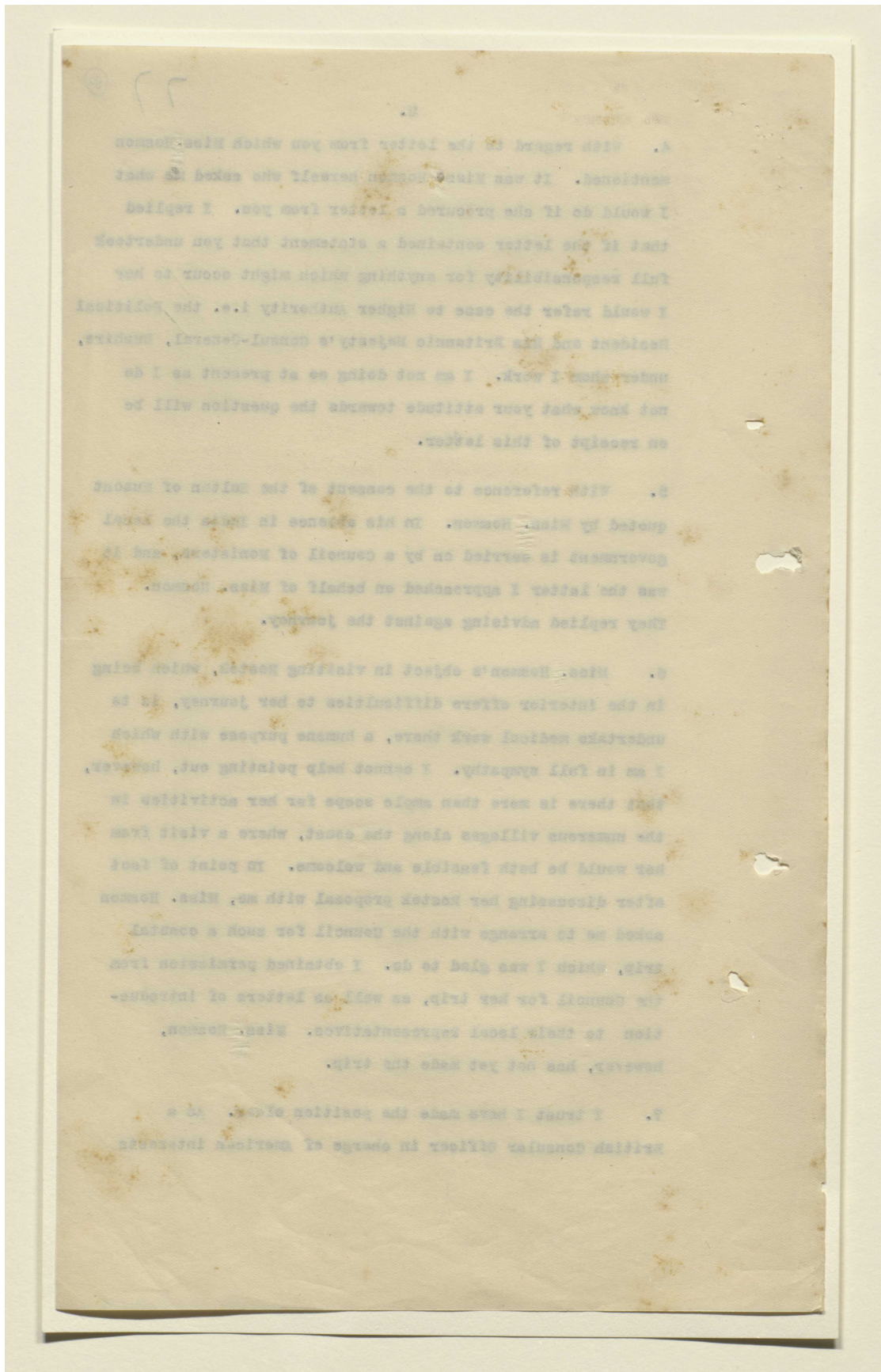
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٧٩ظ]
(٢١٠/١٥٨)



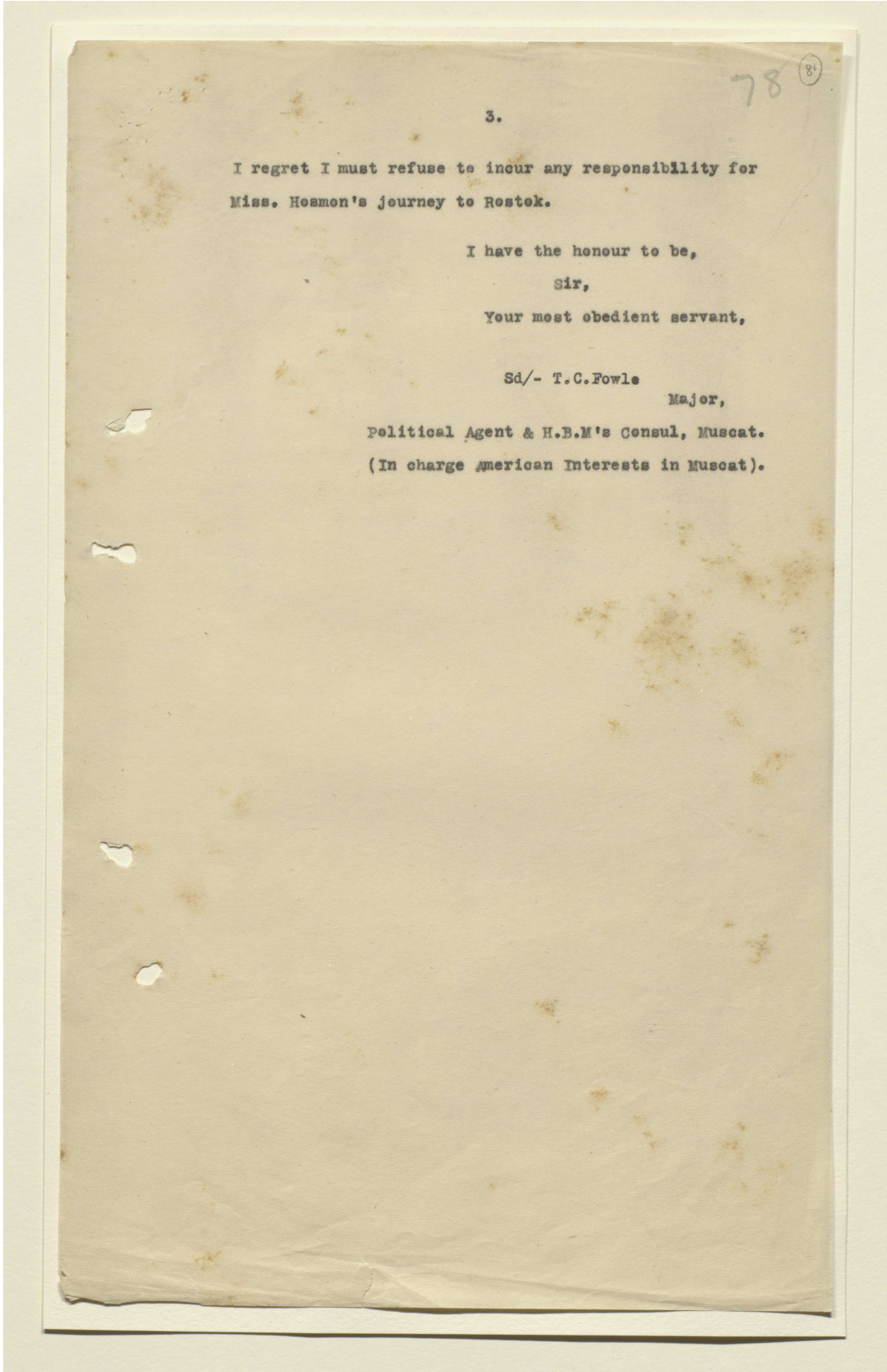
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٠] و
(٢١٠/١٥٩)



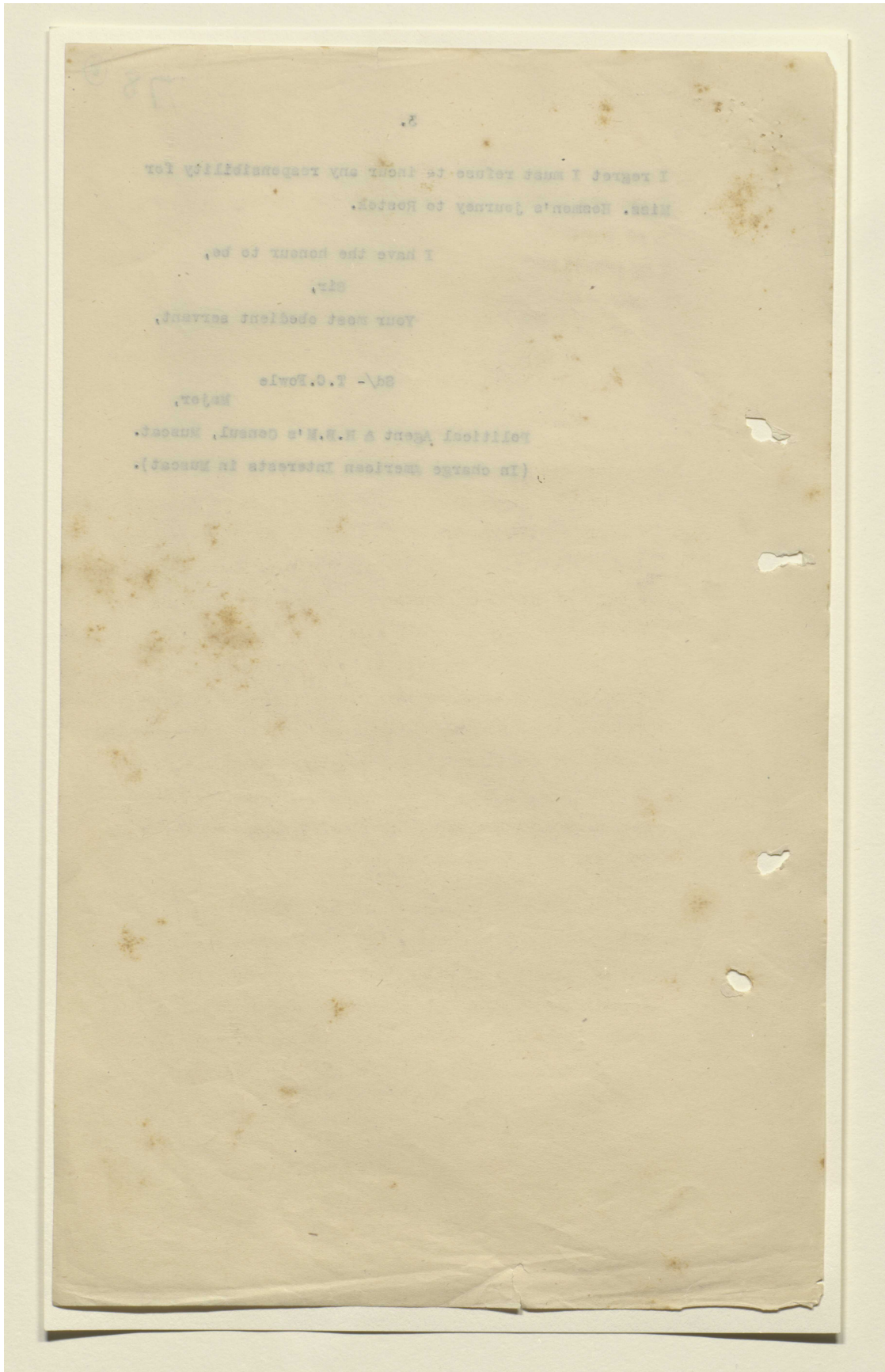
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٠ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٦٠)



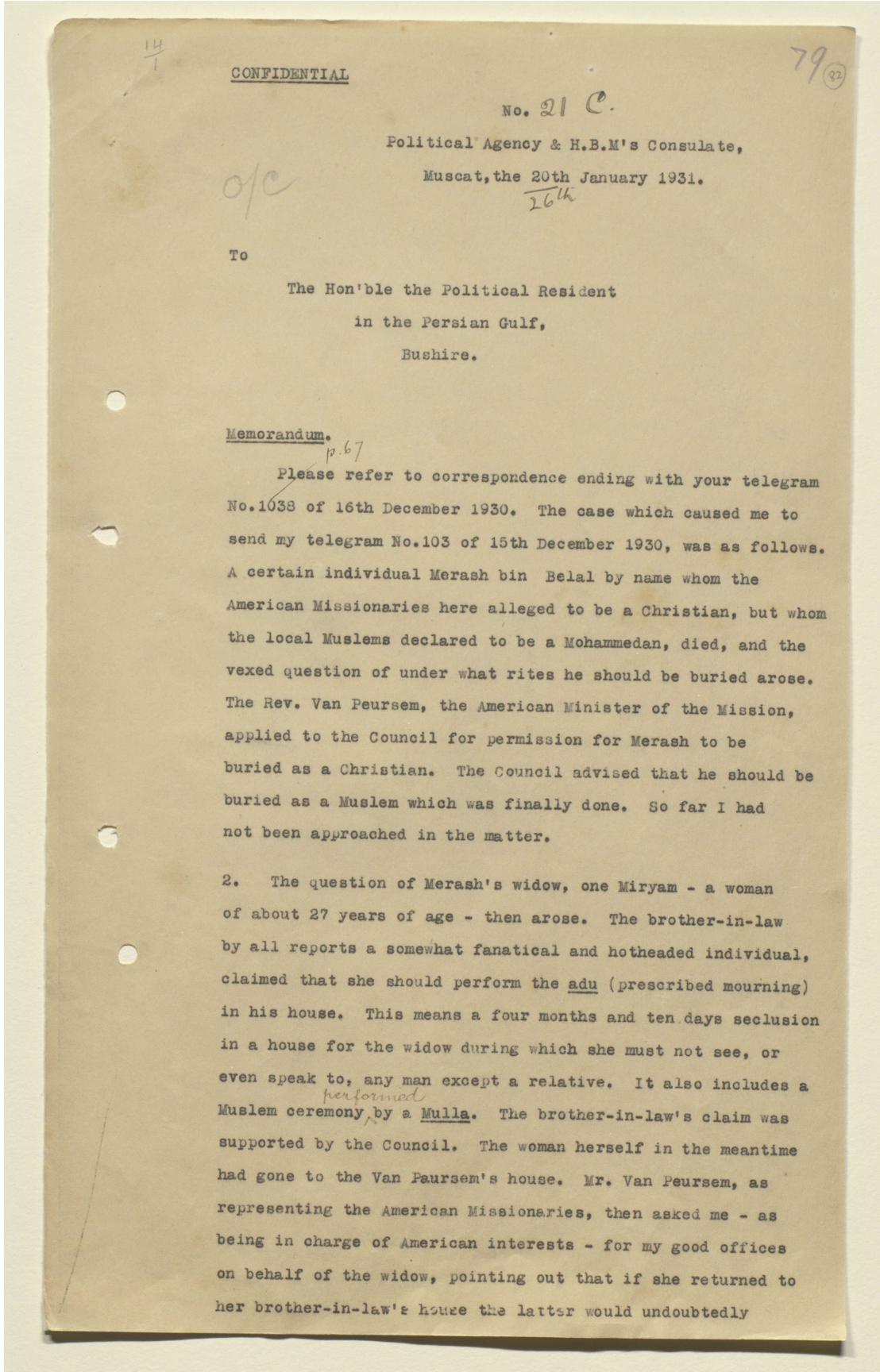
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١ و٨]
(٢١٠/١٦١)



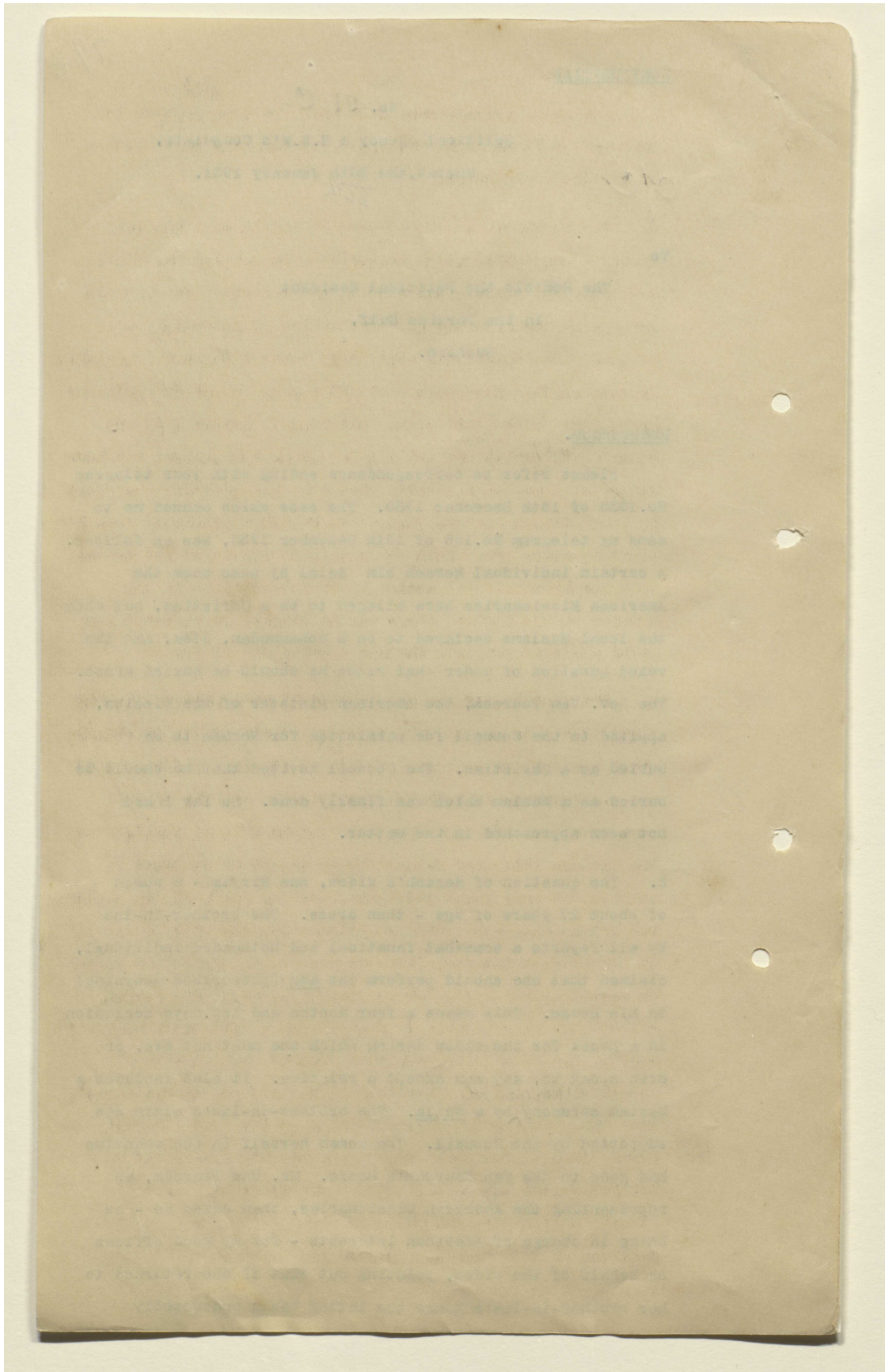
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨١ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٦٢)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٢ و]
(٢١٠/١٦٣)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٢ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٦٤)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٣و]
(٢١٠/١٦٥)

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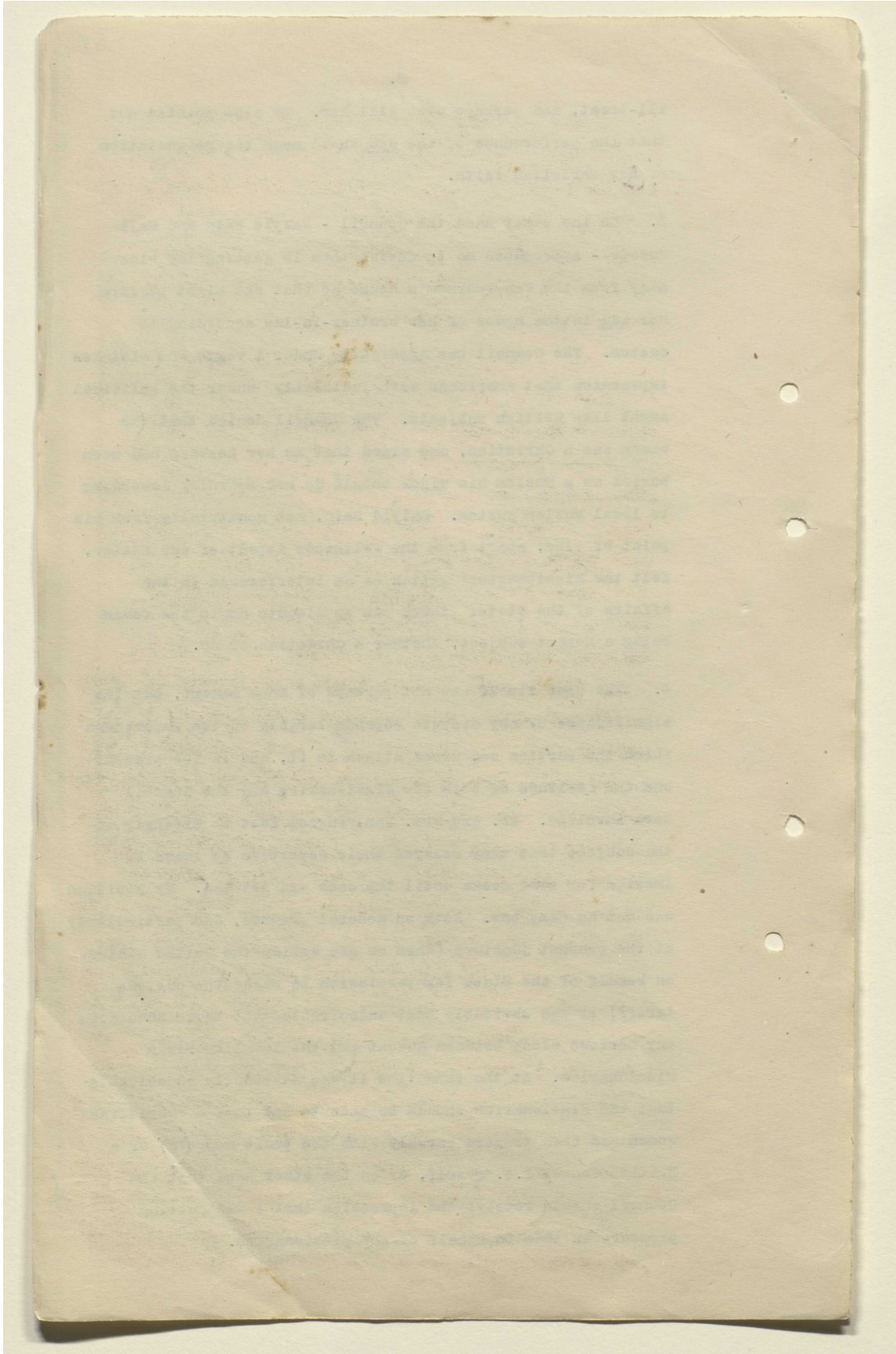
2.

ill-treat, and perhaps even kill her. He also pointed out that the performance of the adu would mean the renunciation of her Christian faith.

3. On the other hand the Council - Saiyid Said and Haji Zubair - approached me to assist them in getting the widow away from the Van Peursems' house so that she might perform her adu in the house of her brother-in-law according to custom. The Council was apparently under a vague and mistaken impression that Americans were judicially under the Political Agent like British subjects. The Council denied that the woman was a Christian, and urged that as her husband had been buried as a Muslem his widow should do her mourning according to local Muslem custom. Saiyid Said, not unnaturally from his point of view, apart from the religious aspect of the matter, felt the Missionaries' action as an interference in the affairs of the State: there was no dispute as to the woman being a Muscat subject, whether a Christian or no.

4. The case itself was not perhaps of much moment, but the significance of any dispute depends largely on the importance which the parties concerned attach to it, and in the present one the feelings of both the Missionaries and the Council were involved. Mr. and Mrs. Van Peursems felt so strongly on the subject that they delayed their departure on leave to America for some weeks until the case was settled. My position was not an easy one. Both on general grounds, and particularly at the present juncture (when we are asking the United States on behalf of the State for permission to raise the customs tariff) it was obviously most undesirable that there should be any serious clash between Muscat and the local American Missionaries. At the same time it was distinctly undesirable that the Missionaries should be able to say that a "Christian" woman had been treated harshly with the tacit approval of a British Consul i.e. myself, or on the other hand that the Council should receive the impression that I was putting pressure on them on behalf of the Missionaries.

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٣ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٦٦)



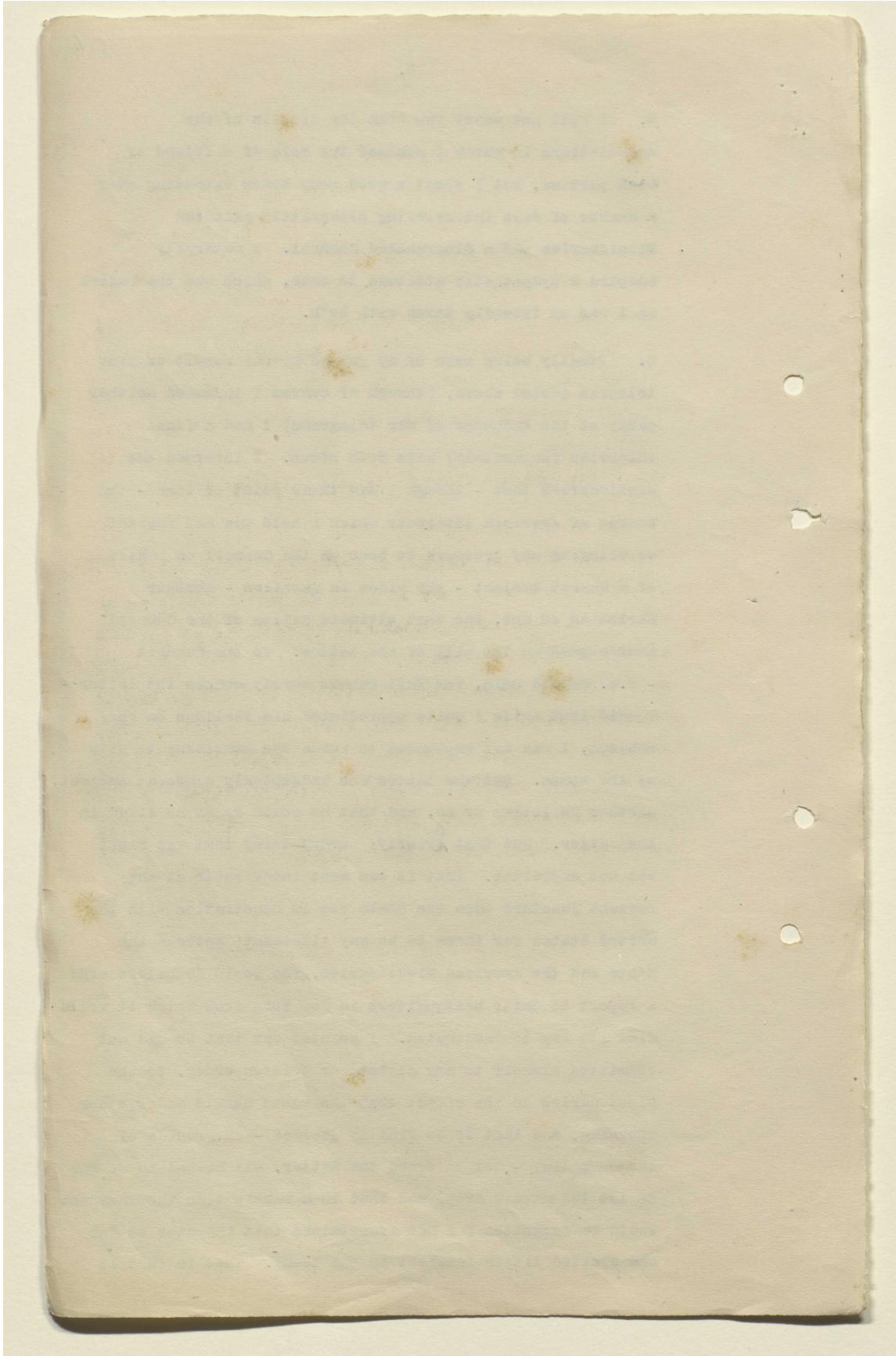
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٤ و]
(٢١٠/١٦٧)

3.

5. I will not weary you with the details of the negotiations in which I assumed the role of a friend of both parties, but I spent a good many hours extending over a number of days interviewing alternately agitated Missionaries and a disgruntled Council. I naturally adopted a sympathetic attitude to each, which was the easier as I was on friendly terms with both.

6. Finally being sure of my ground by the result of your telegram quoted above, (though of course I informed neither party of the exchange of our telegrams) I had a final interview (separately) with both sides. I informed the Missionaries that - though I saw their point of view - the charge of American interests which I hold did not warrant me bringing any pressure to bear on the Council on behalf of a Muscat subject - the widow in question - whether Christian or not, and that ultimate action of the Council must depend on the will of the latter. To the Council - i.e. Saliyd Said, for Haji Zubair merely echoes the latter - I said that while I quite appreciated his feelings on the subject, I was not empowered to force the Americans to give up the woman. But the latter was undoubtedly a Muscat subject, whether Christian or no, and that he could do as he liked in the matter. But that ^{is} briefly: every thing that was right was not expedient. That it was most inadvisable at the present juncture when the State was in negotiation with the United States for there to be any 'incident' between the State and the American Missionaries, who would doubtless send a report to their headquarters in New York from which it would find its way to Washington. I pointed out that he had not committed himself to any direct, or written order, to the Missionaries to the effect that the woman should undergo her mourning, and that if he finally decided - on grounds of larger policy - not to press the matter, all he had to do was to let the matter drop: and that in a week's time the incident would be forgotten (I had ascertained that the case so far had excited little interest in the town). That in fact it

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٤ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٦٨)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٥ و]
(٢١٠/١٦٩)

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4.
was a case of *rien faire* c'est agir. Saiyid Said said he would like time to consider the matter.

7. I was not approached by either party after this, and naturally left well - or what I hoped was "well" - alone. After a couple of weeks I heard that the matter had been settled privately between the Council and the Missionaries by the woman going into 'purdah' for the appointed time in the house of Miss Hosmon - the lady Missionary doctor - and by the woman's personal property being returned to the brother-in-law. I trust therefore that the case, which caused me some anxiety at the time, and which might have had serious consequences, is finally disposed of. If so it is undoubtedly due to the sensible attitude adopted by Saiyid Said.

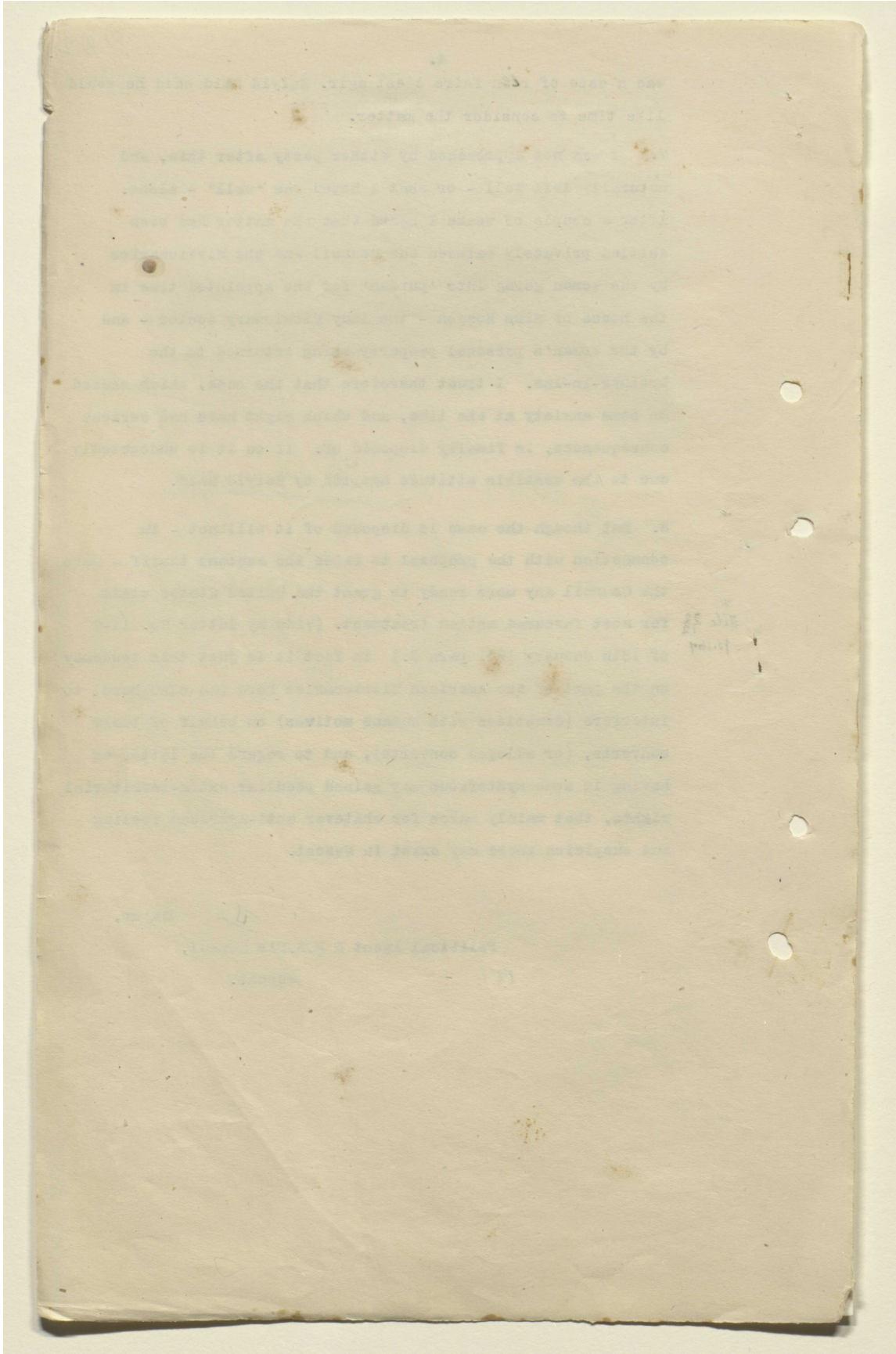
8. But though the case is disposed of it will not - in connection with the proposal to raise the customs tariff - make the Council any more ready to grant the United States claim for most favoured nation treatment. (Vide my letter No. 11-C of 13th January 1931 para 8.) In fact it is just this tendency on the part of the American Missionaries here (as elsewhere) to interfere (doubtless with humane motives) on behalf of their converts, (or alleged converts), and to regard the latter as having in some mysterious way gained peculiar extra-territorial rights, that mainly makes for whatever anti-American feeling and suspicion there may exist in Muscat.

Major,
Political Agent & H.B.M.'s Consul,
Muscat.

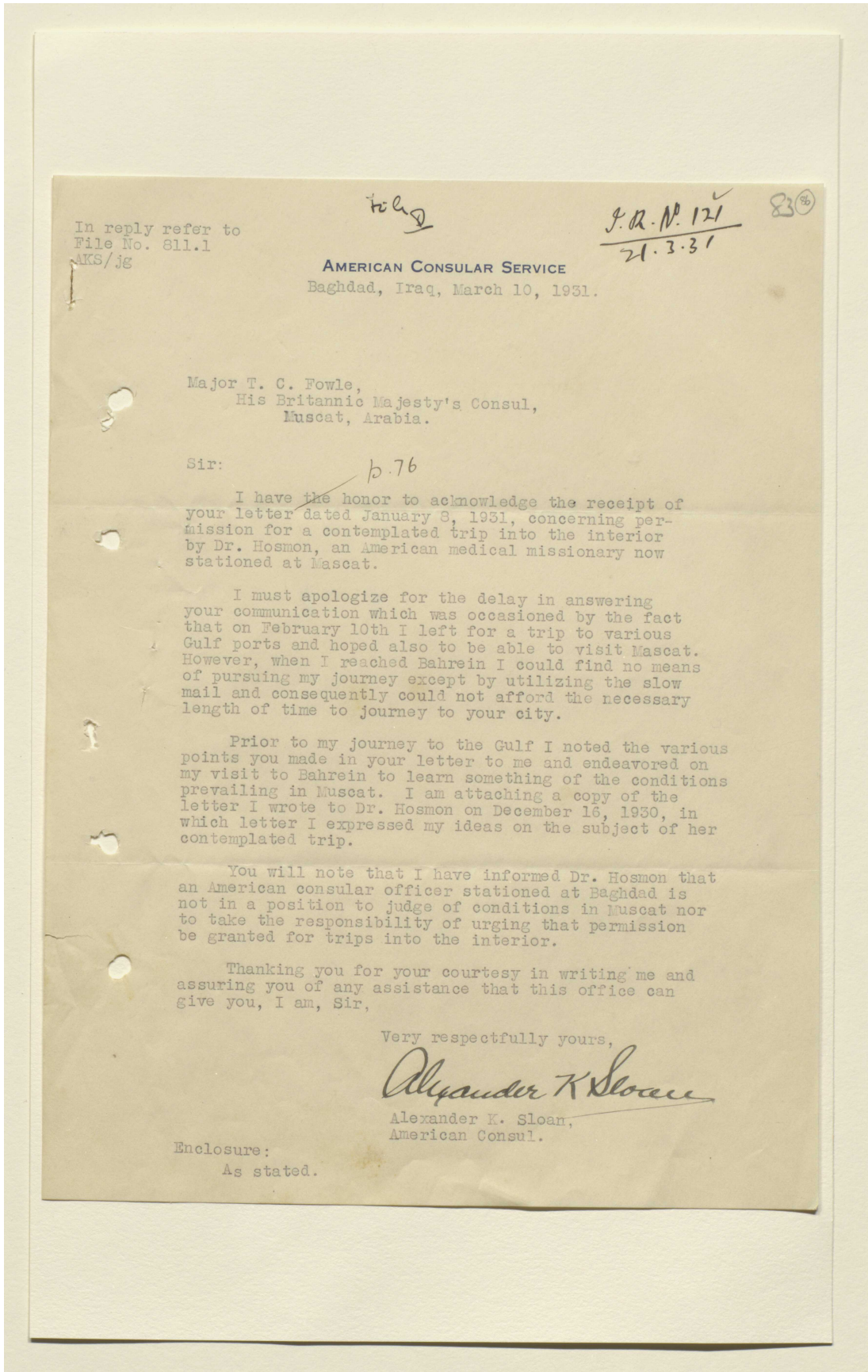
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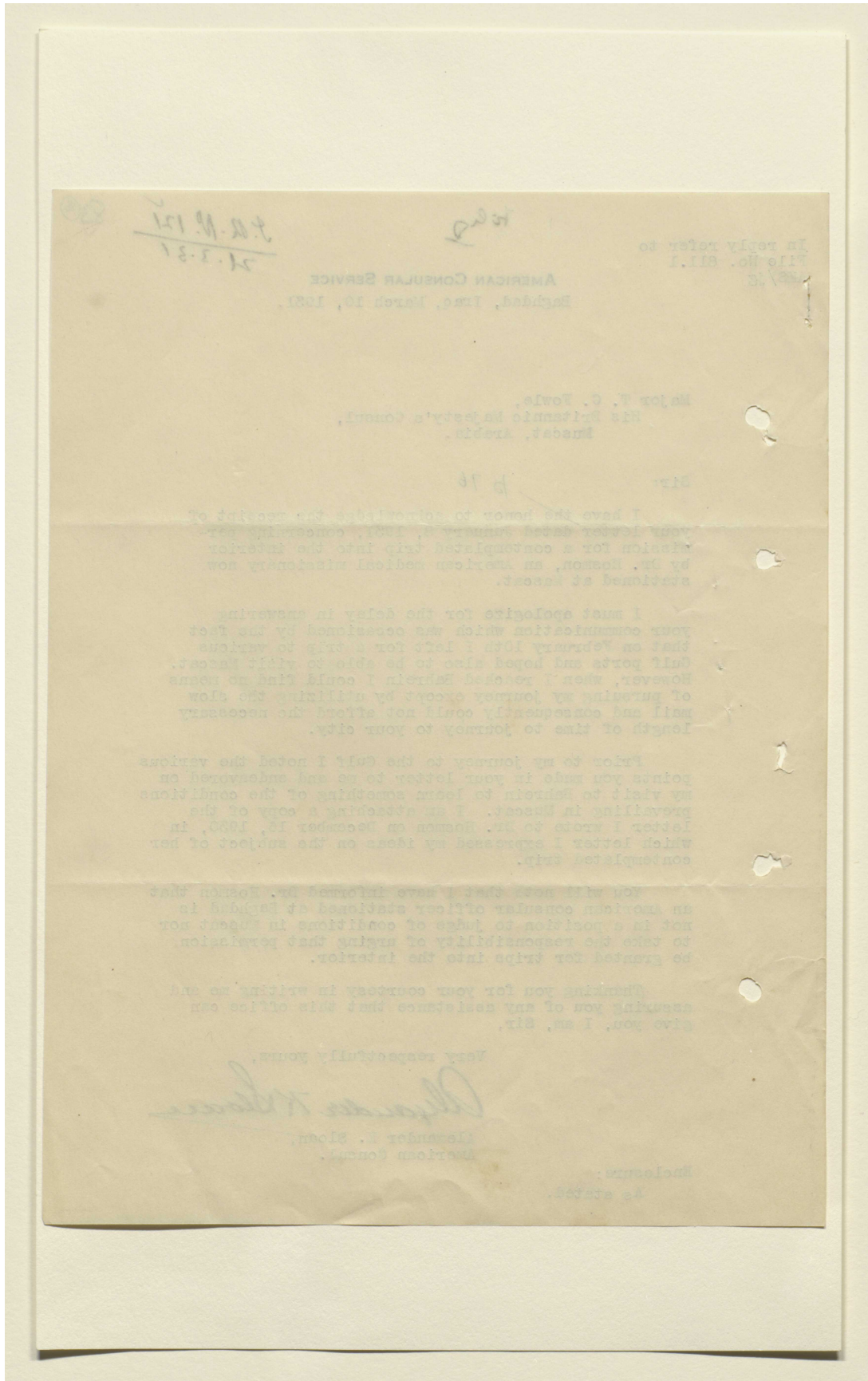
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٥ظ]
(٢١٠/١٧٠)



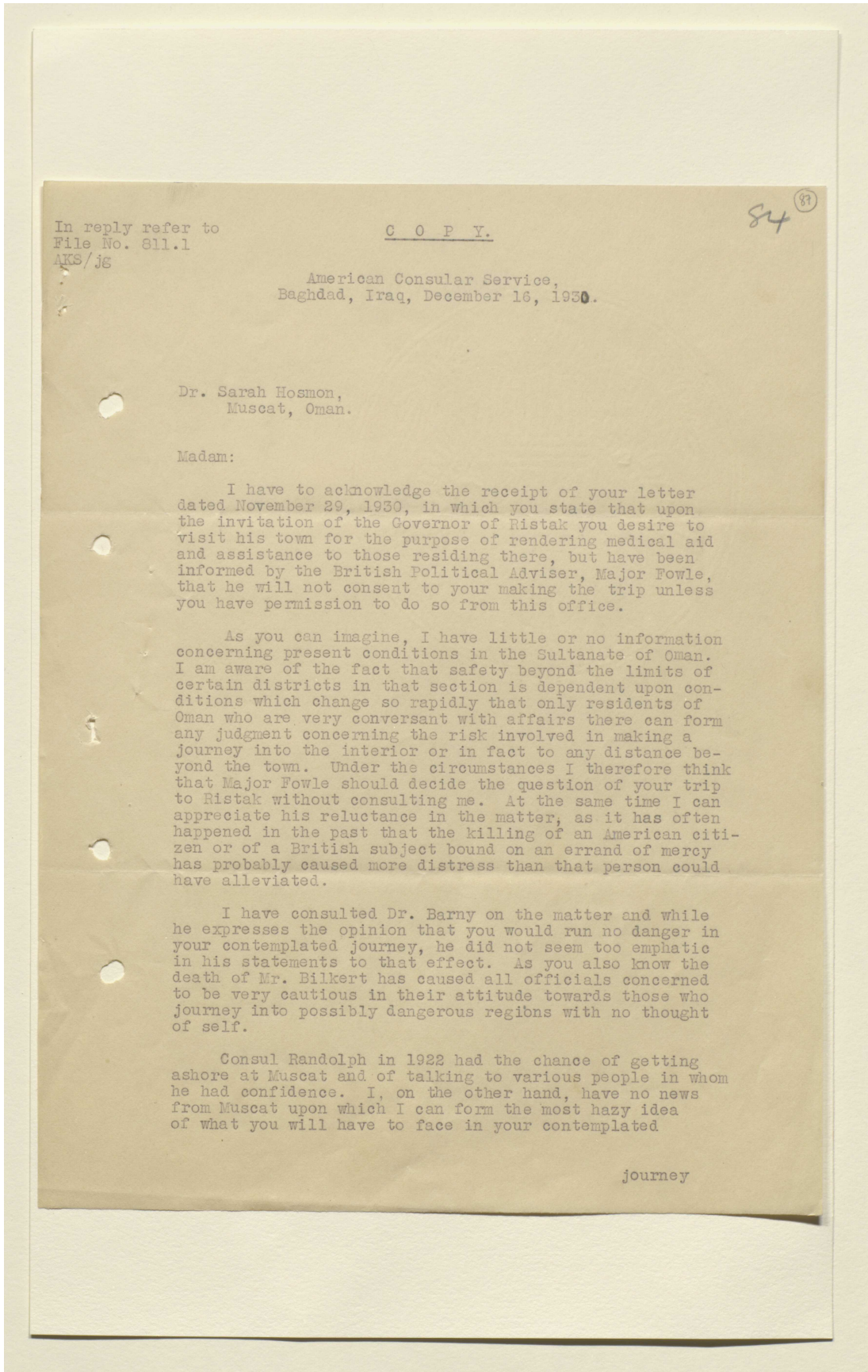
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٦ و]
(٢١٠/١٧١)



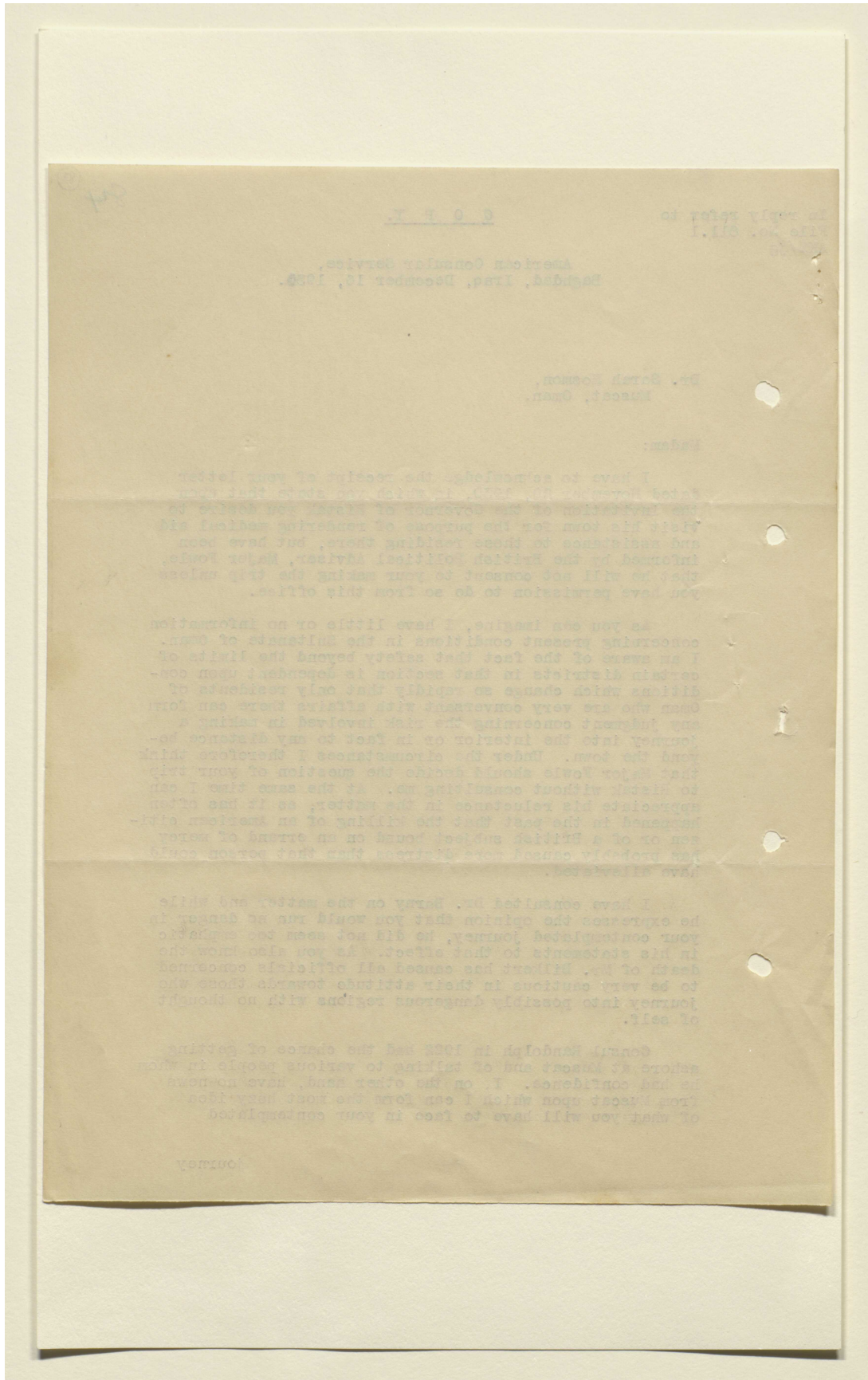
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٦ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٧٢)



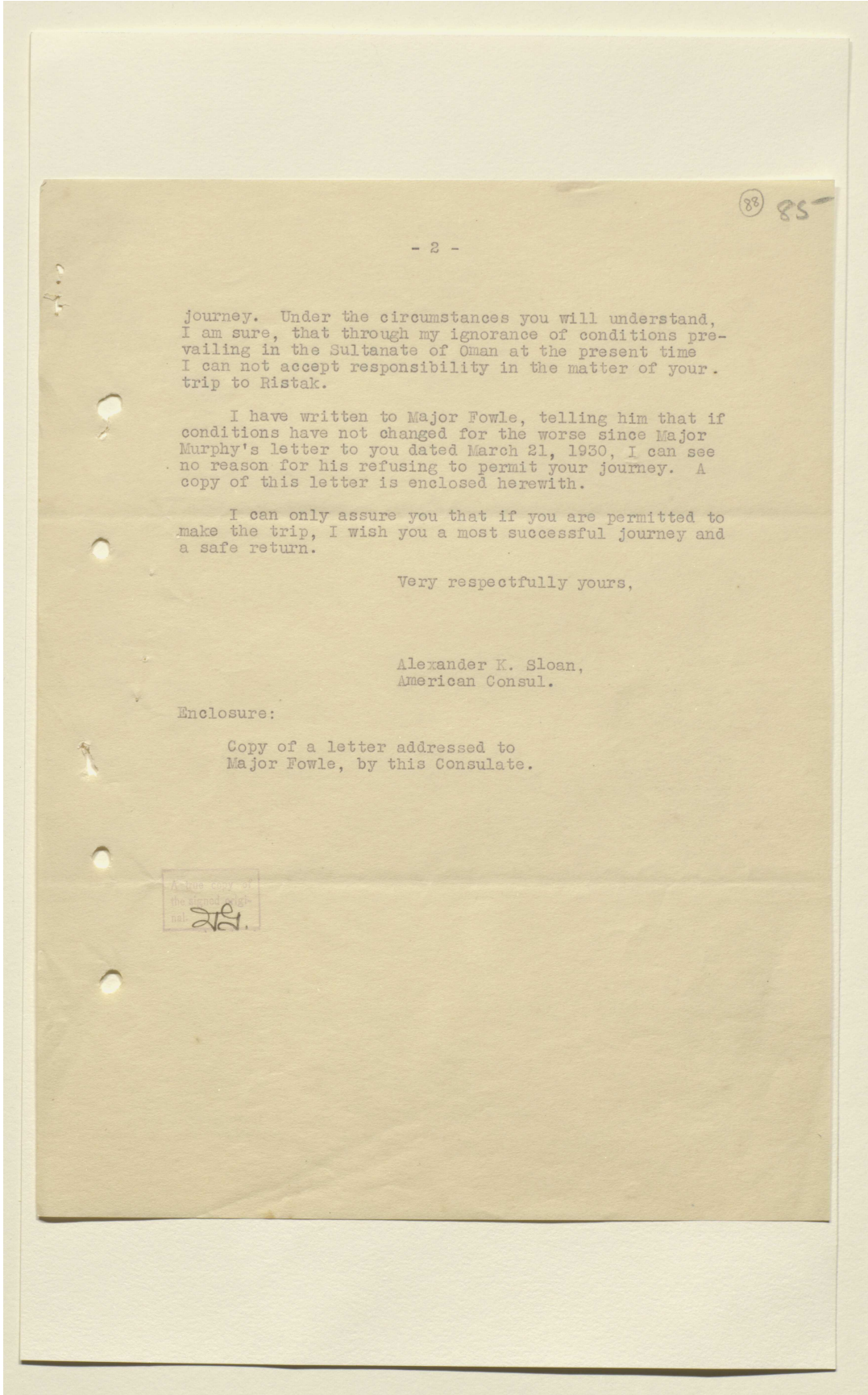
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٧و]
(٢١٠/١٧٣)



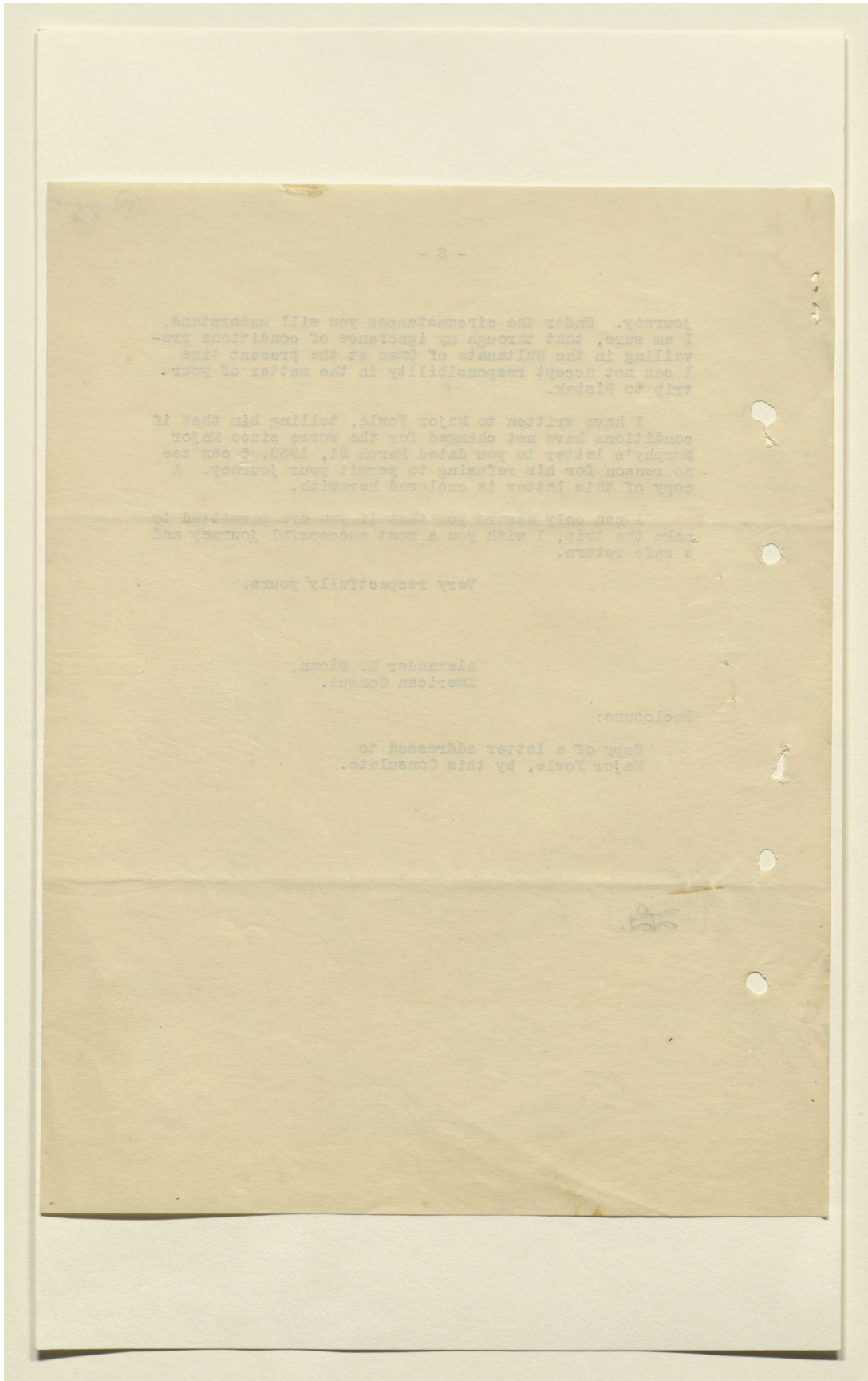
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٧ظ]
(٢١٠/١٧٤)



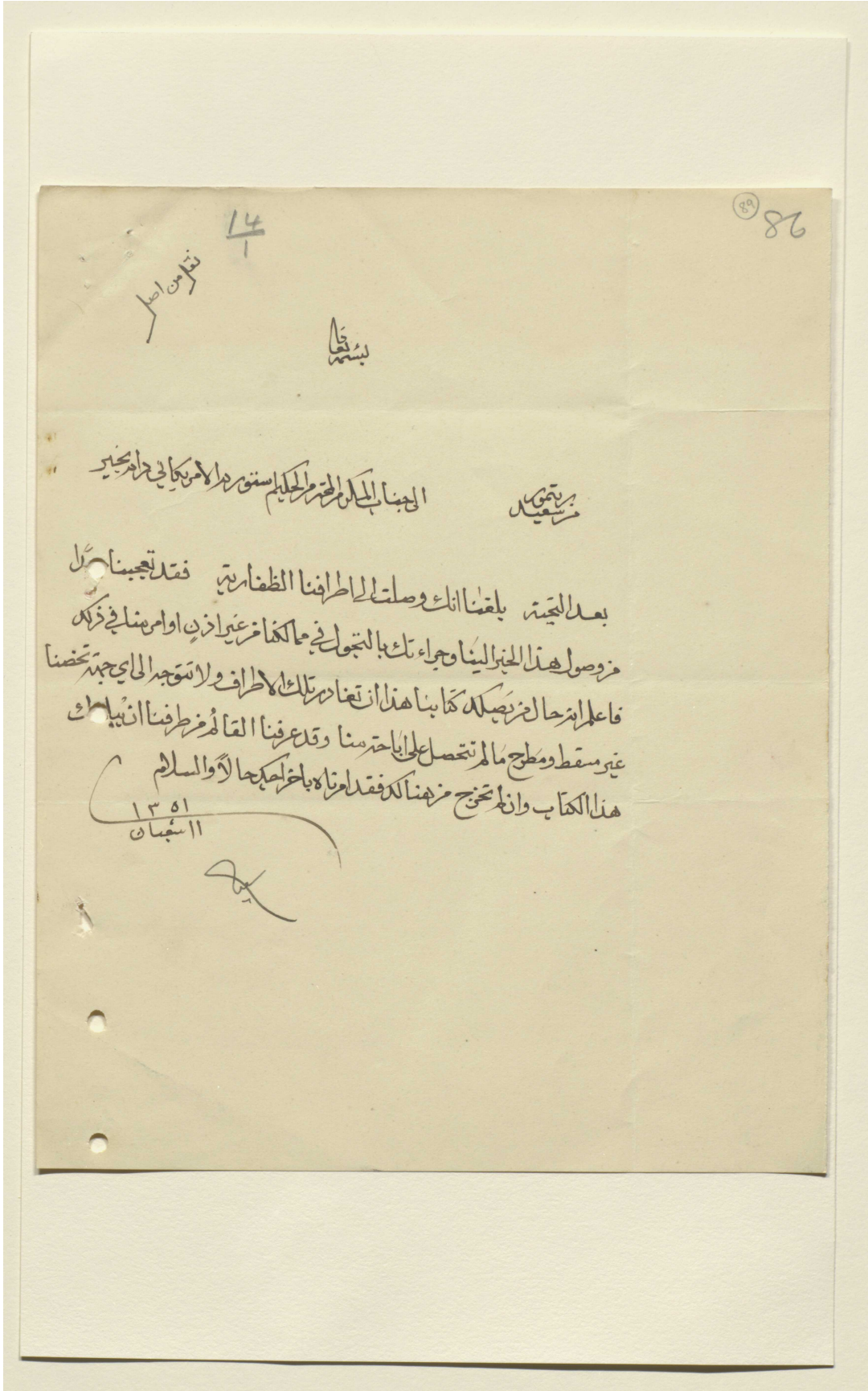
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٨و]
(٢١٠/١٧٥)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٨ظ]
(٢١٠/١٧٦)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٨٩ و]
(٢١٠ / ١٧٧)

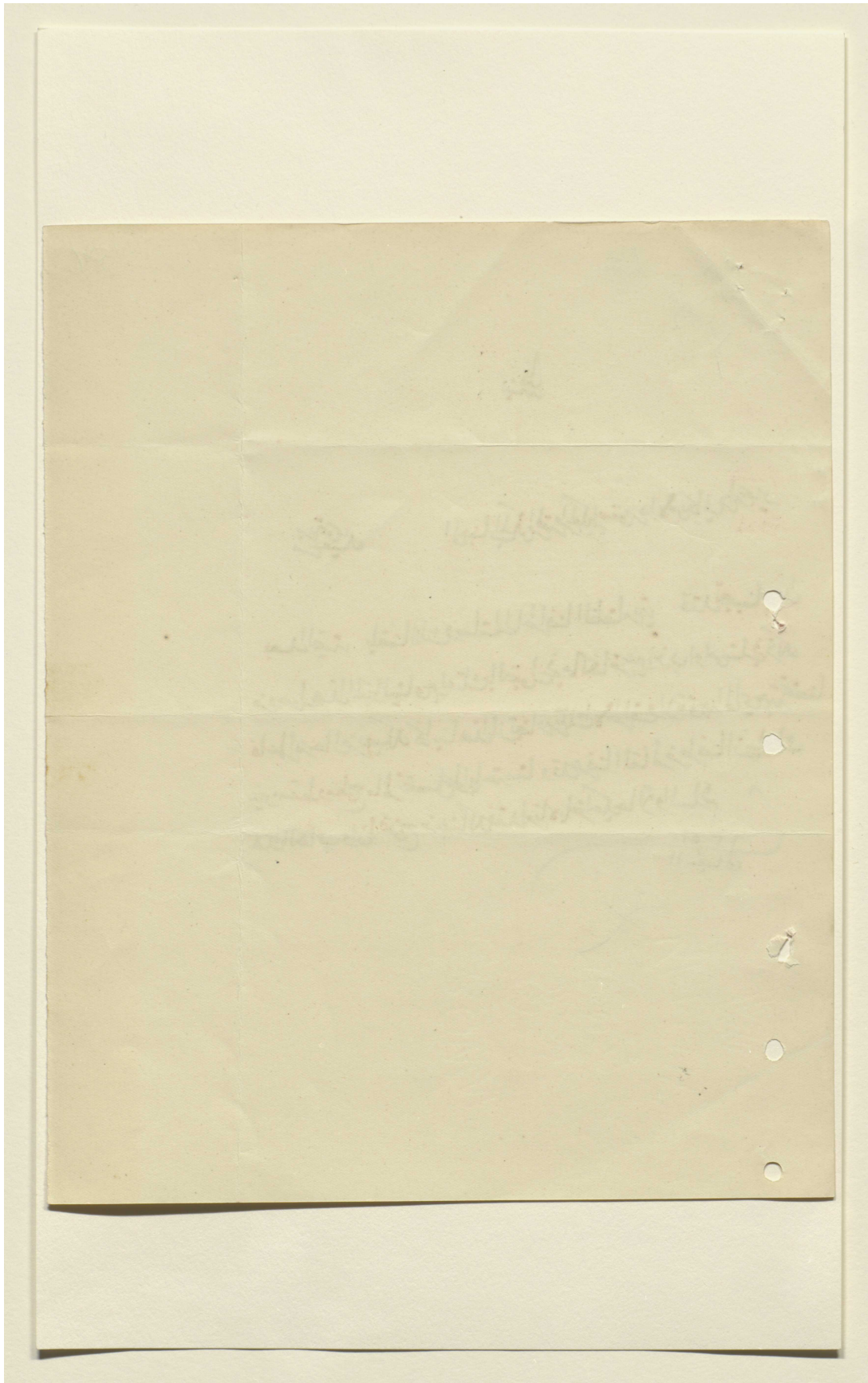


بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم
الحضرة المجلد المحترم الجليل المستقر في أمريكا في عمان بخير

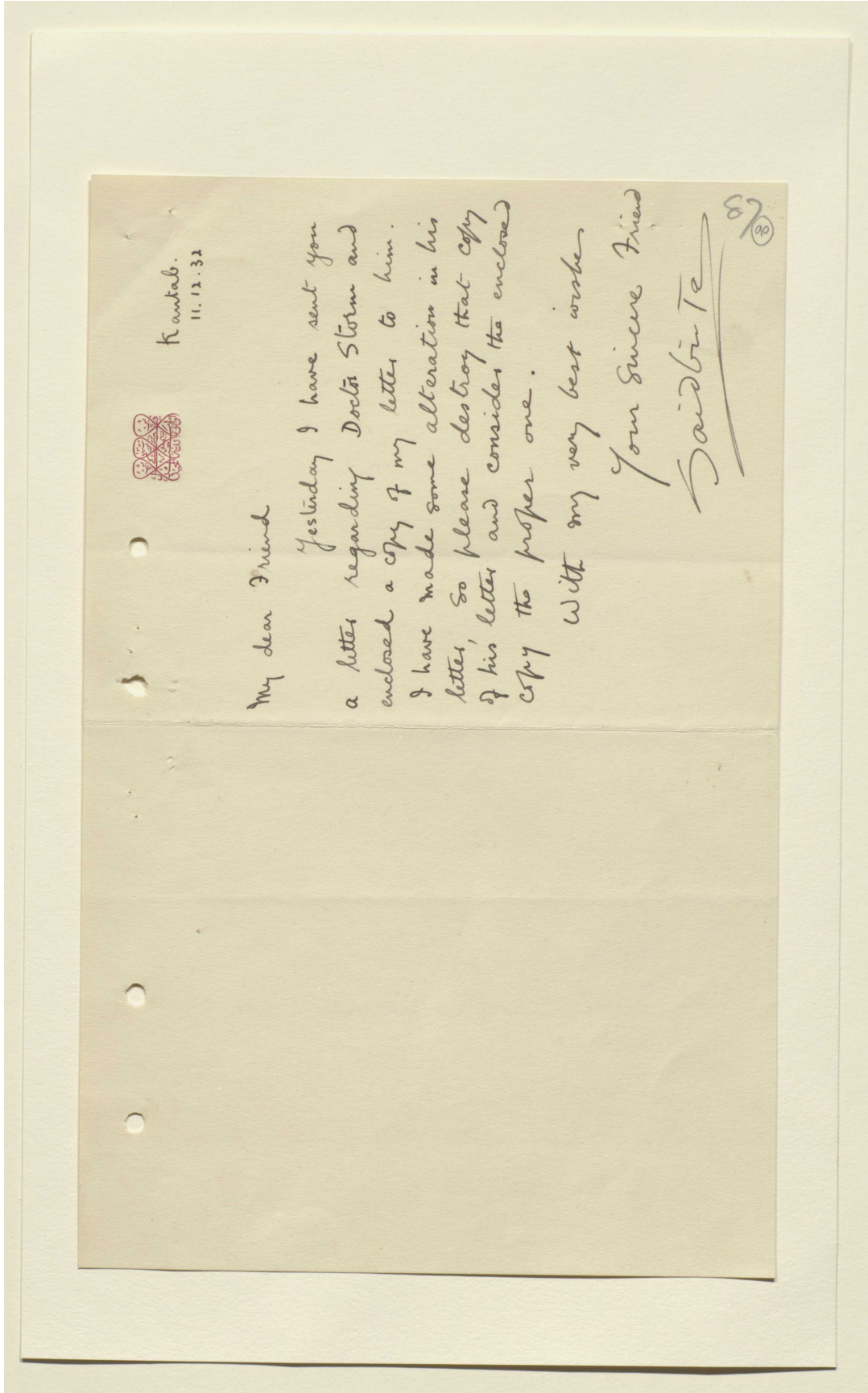
بعد التحيّة، بلغنا أنك وصلت إلى أوطاننا الطاهرة، فقد تعجبنا من
موصول هذا الخبر ليسوا وجرأ بك بالتجول في ممالكنا غير إذن أو امرنا في ذلك
فاعلم انه حال في صكك كتابنا هذا ان تعان تلك الأطراف ولا تسجد الى اي جهة تخصنا
غير مسقط وطرح ما لم تحصل على اباختر منا وقد عرفنا القائل فرطينا ان يياك
هذا الكتاب وان لم تنجح فزهدنا لدفقنا به باخره حالاً والسلام

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سبتمبر

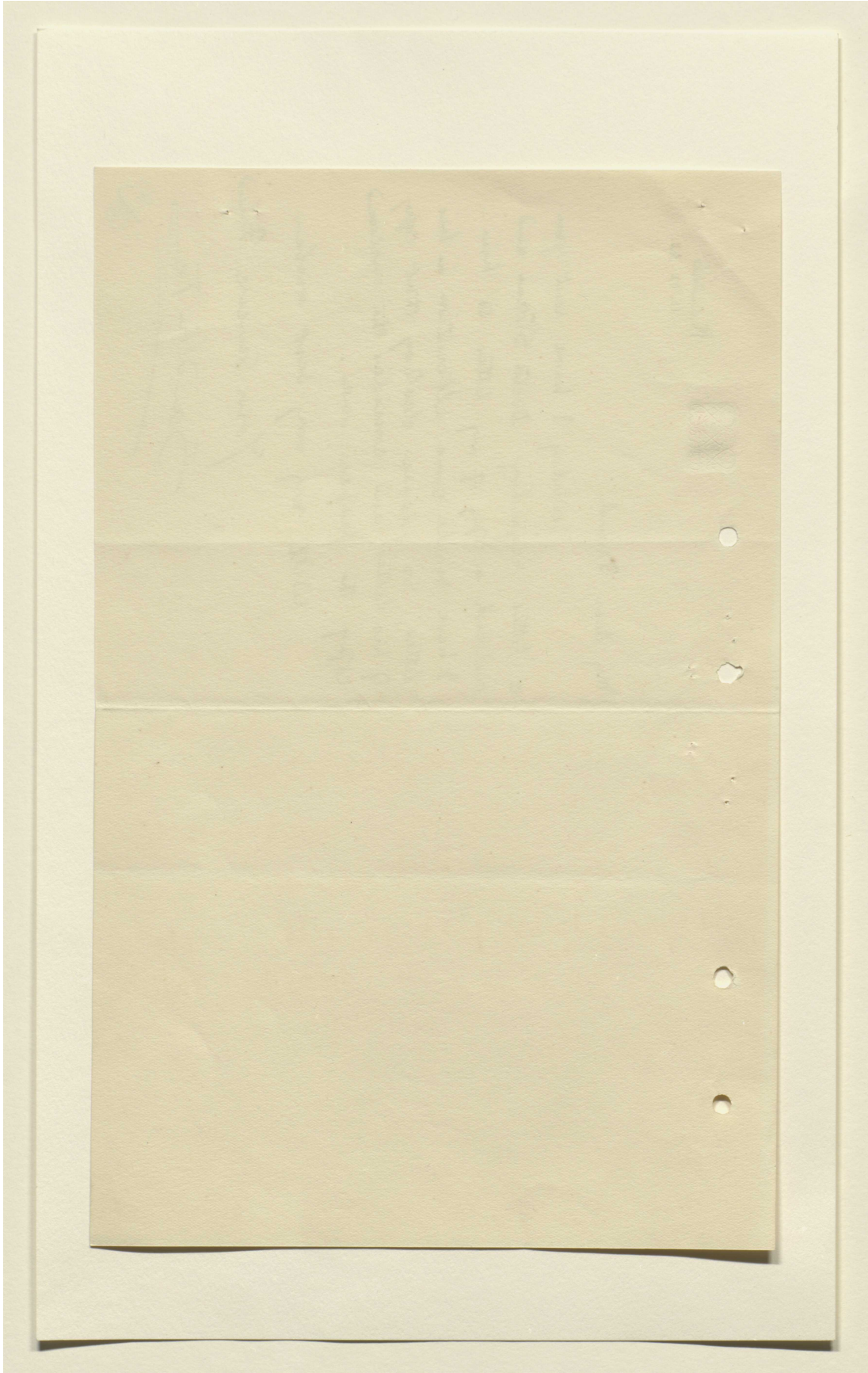
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٨٩ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٧٨)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٠٠]
(٢١٠/١٧٩)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [ظ٩٠]
(٢١٠/١٨٠)



٨٤ (٩١)

بسم الله

مستعبد
الجناب صدقنا الأجل المحترم الميجر سي. اي. بويرمتر. ام. سي.

نصل الدولة البريطانية العظمى

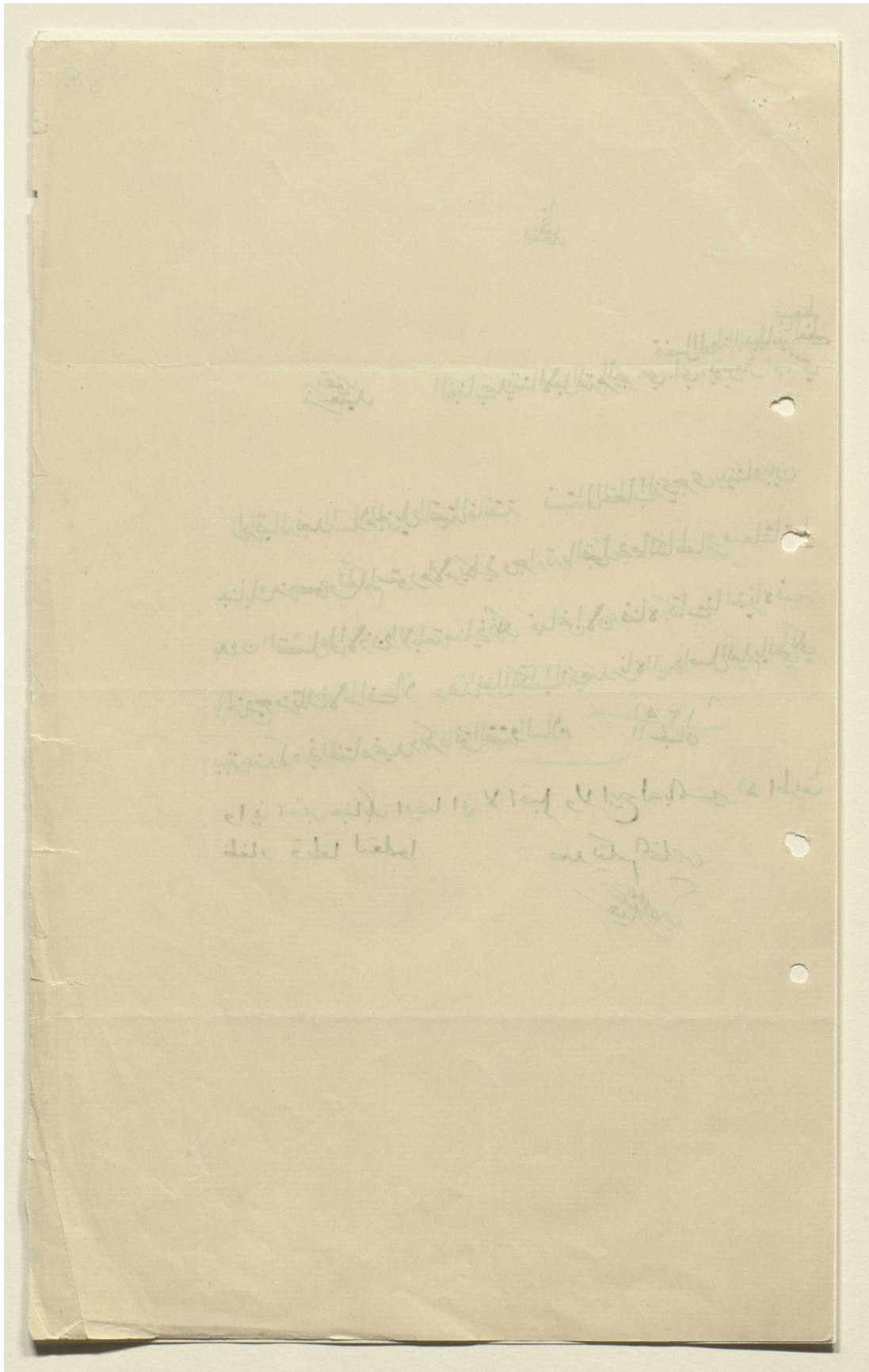
دامت أقبالكم بعد السلام الجزيل والتحية الفاتحة نسبة إلى الخطاب الذي جرى بيننا وبين
جنابك من خصوص الحكيم دستور أمريكا في وجرأتها بالتجول في مالكتنا طفاً متعلقاً
بدون التوصل على الأذن والاباحة من في ذلك فها نحن لأن عفتنا بكتابنا اغتياها فيه
بالخروج من تلك الأطراف وهذا نقل الكتاب الذي صدقناه اليه واصل اليكم بالطي لكي
يبقى عندهم وفي الختام نجدد لكم فائق التحية والسلام

١٣٥١
السبعان

وايضا اخبر جنابك ايضاً اني لا اقبل ولا ابوح له بالسيره اطراف
ظفار قطعاً لتعلموا

صديقكم المخلص
عبدالله

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩١ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٨٢)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٢٠]
(٢١٠/١٨٣)

(A.) 89 (92)
Letter dated 11th Shaban 1351 (10/12/32) From H.H. Saiyid
Said bin Taimur, Sultan of Muscat & Oman, to Major C.E.U.
Bremner, M.C., Political Agent & H.B.M's Consul, Muscat.

A.C.

With reference to our conversation with regard to Dr.
Storm the American who has ventured to traverse my country
Dhofar and its dependencies without obtaining my permission.
I have now addressed a letter to him, informing ^{him} to go out of
those places at once. I enclose herewith a copy of my letter
to him for your record.

P. S.

I entirely disapprove and do not allow ~~his~~ his
going to Dhofar's side.

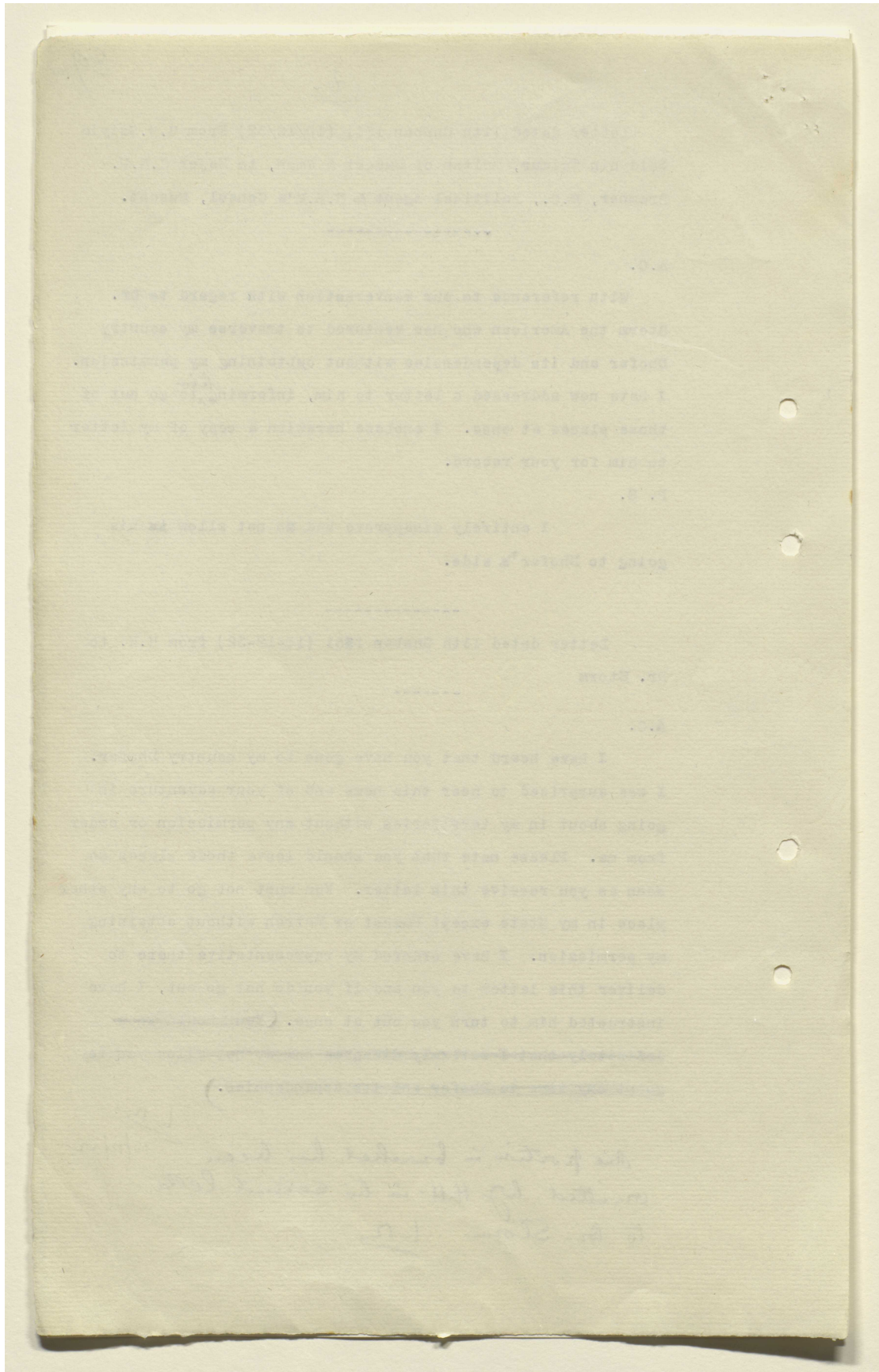
Letter dated 11th Shaban 1351 (10-12-32) from H.H. to
Dr. Storm

A.C.

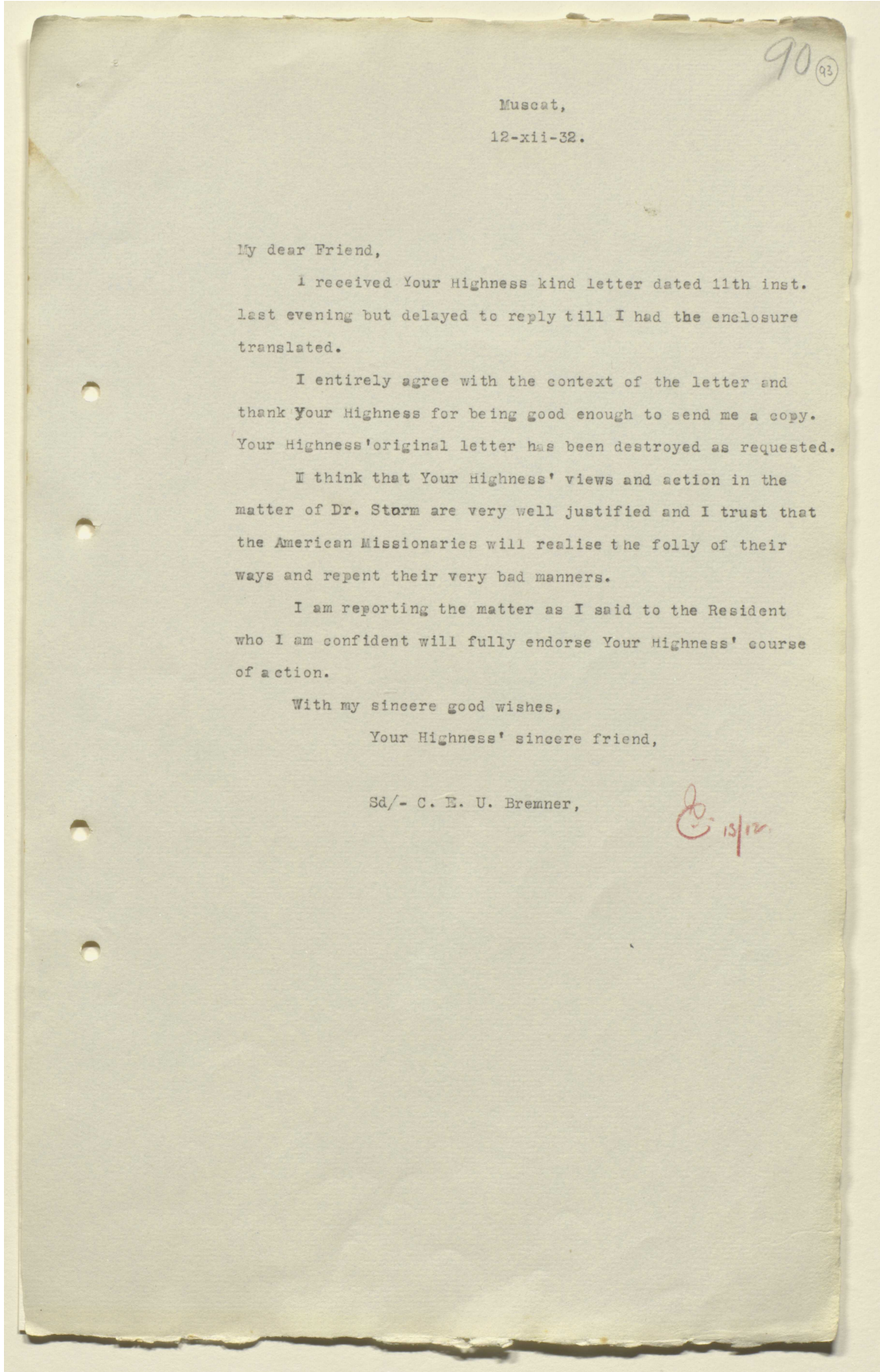
I have heard that you have gone to my country Dhofar.
I was surprised to hear this news and of your adventure in
going about in my territories without any permission or order
from me. Please note that you should leave those places as
soon as you receive this letter. You must not go to any other
place in my State except Muscat or Matrah without obtaining
my permission. I have ordered my representative there to
deliver this letter to you and if you do not go out, I have
instructed him to turn you out at once. (~~You should know
definitely that I entirely disagree and do not allow you to
go at any time to Dhofar and its dependencies.~~)

The portion in bracket has been
omitted by H.H. in his second letter
to Dr. Storm. LB
10/12/32

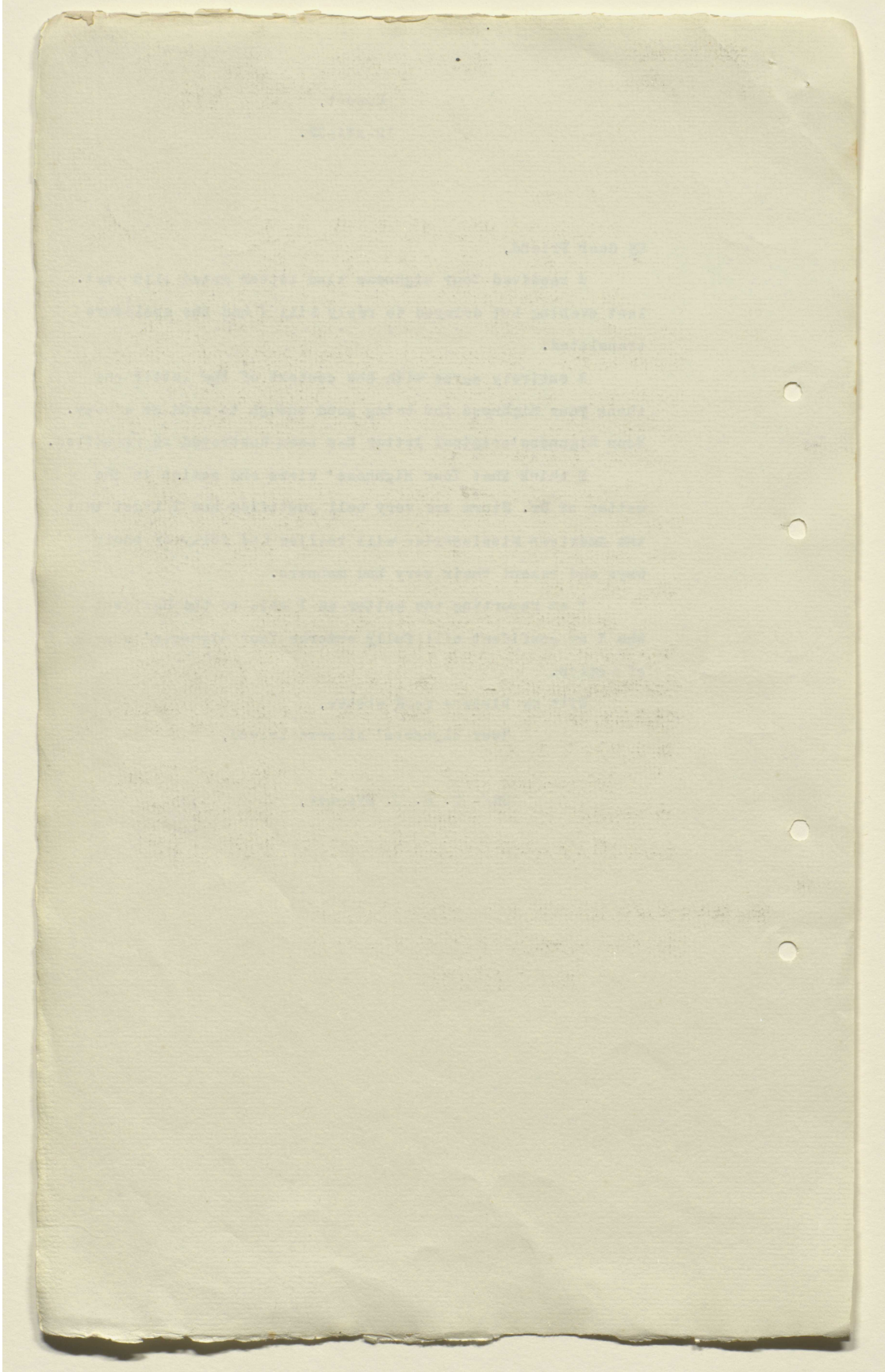
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٢ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٨٤)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٣ و]
(٢١٠/١٨٥)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٣ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٨٦)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٤ و]
(٢١٠/١٨٧)

CONFIDENTIAL.

D.O.NO.C/206.

Political Agency & H.B.M's Consulate, 91 (94)

Muscat, 13th December 1932.

My Dear Colonel,

With reference to the attached, which is a translation of correspondence received from His Highness.

The Sultan broached the subject to me on the 10th instant. Apparently Dr. Storm, one of the American Missionaries here, slipped off to Dhofar in a dhow some three weeks ago. He sought no permission from His Highness to proceed there and the first intimation of his escapade was received from the Wali of Dhofar.

The Sultan, very naturally, was exceedingly indignant both at the discourtesy shown him and the crass folly of any white man going down to a place like Dhofar without adequate means of protection &c.

On the 10th December he sent for Dykstra, to whom he intended speaking his mind in no mixed manner. I have not heard the result of the interview but I advised His Highness to take a very strong line and I think he required no urging to do so.

His Highness pointed out to me that he could not be responsible for any regrettable incident that might take place if the missionaries wandered about in this fashion.

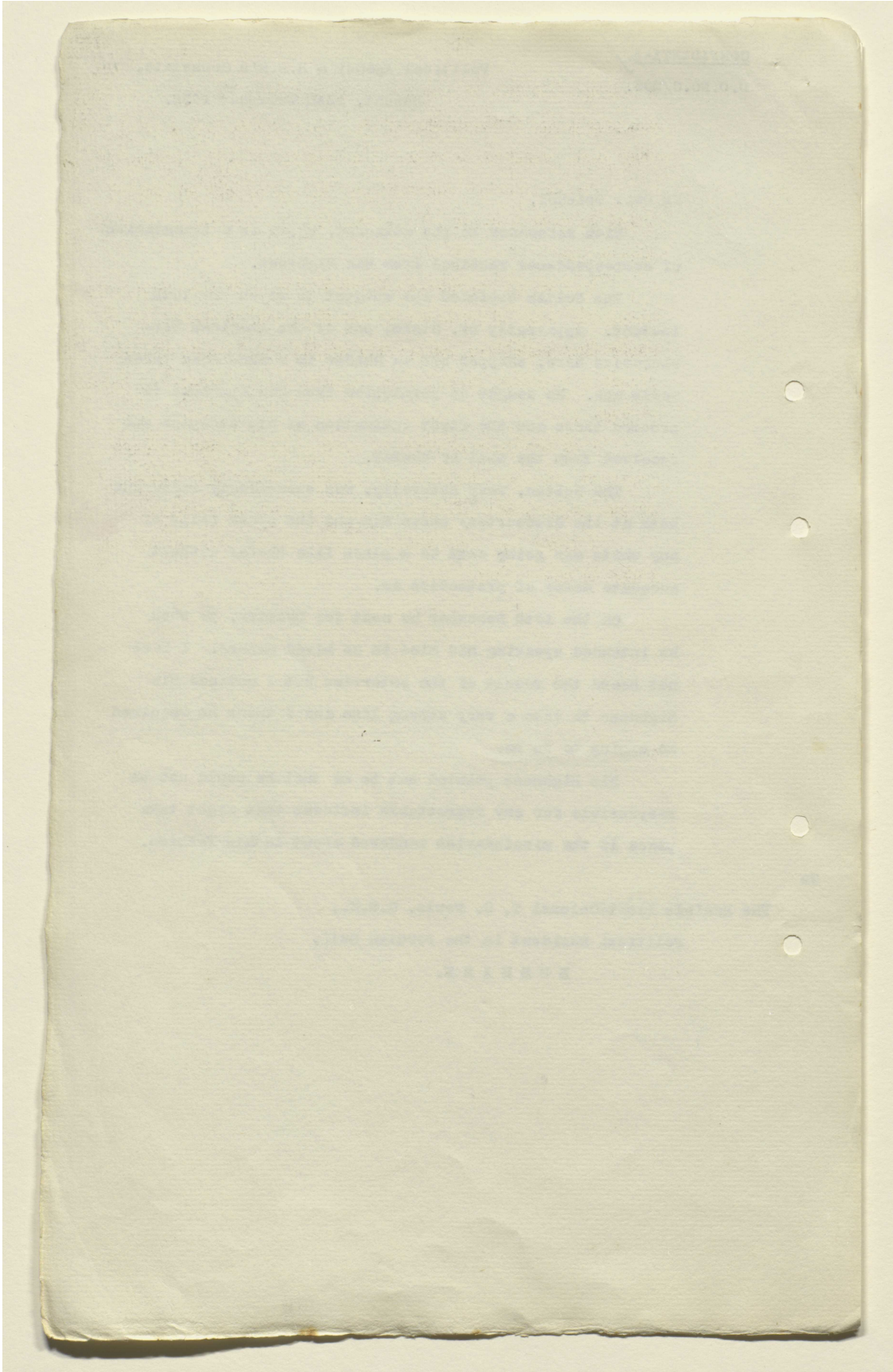
To

The Hon'ble Lieut-Colonel T. C. Fewle, C.B.E.,

Political Resident in the Persian Gulf,

B U S H I R E.

"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٤ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٨٨)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٥]
(٢١٠/١٨٩)

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I advised him not to mention responsibility to them, as the missionaries, being enthusiasts, might quite well retort that they were prepared to accept the responsibility themselves.

The Sultan has ordered his Wali at Dhofar to direct Stern to return forthwith and failing compliance to forcibly embark him.

Apparently we have no jurisdiction over the Americans here, who come entirely under His Highness's authority, so other than reporting the matter to you (as I informed the Sultan I intended doing) I am debarred from taking any further action.

I do not know whether in your capacity as Political Resident, you are vested with powers to deal with them? If so, might I suggest a very stern letter of censure.

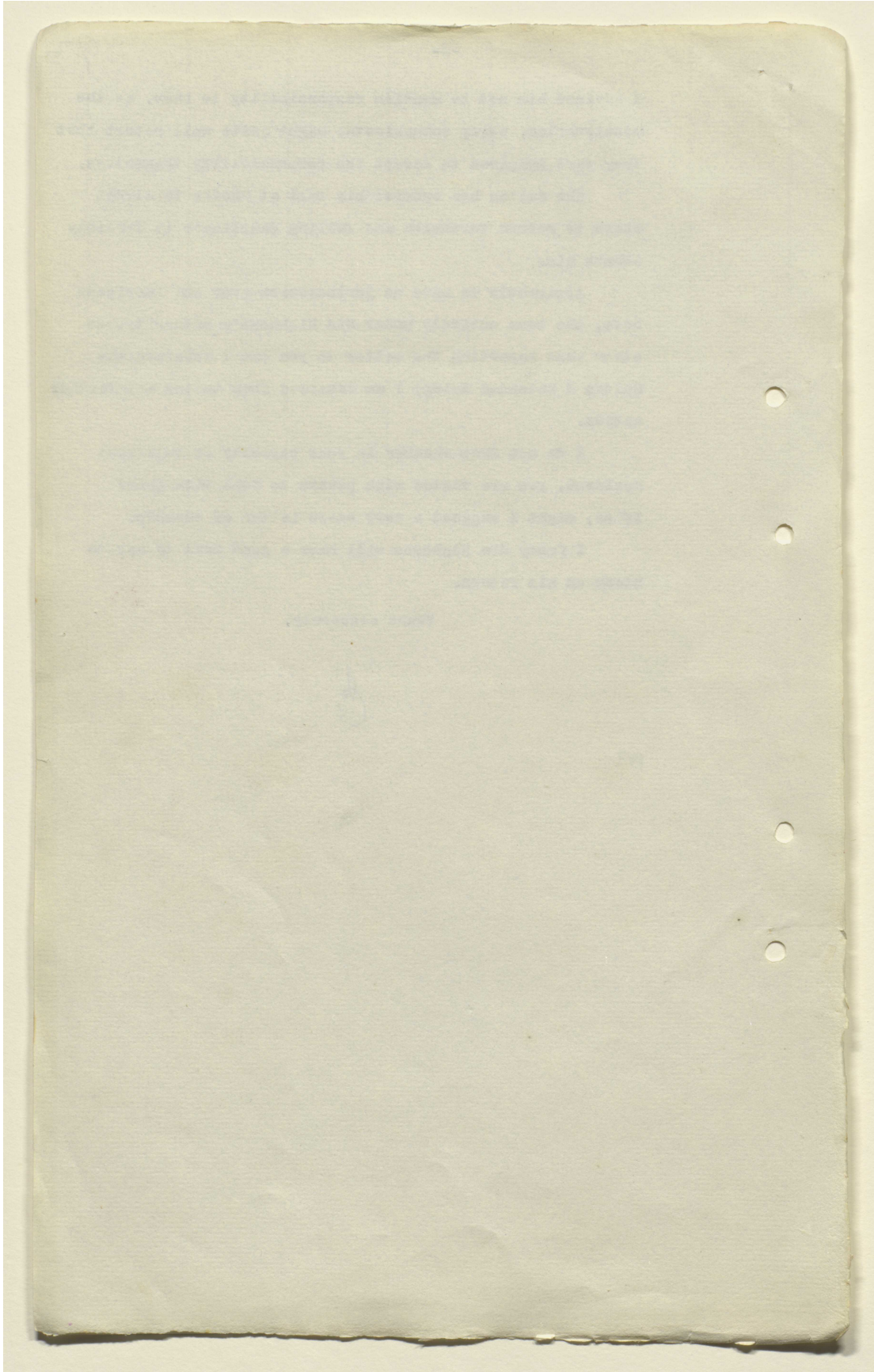
I fancy His Highness will have a good deal to say to Stern on his return.

Yours sincerely,

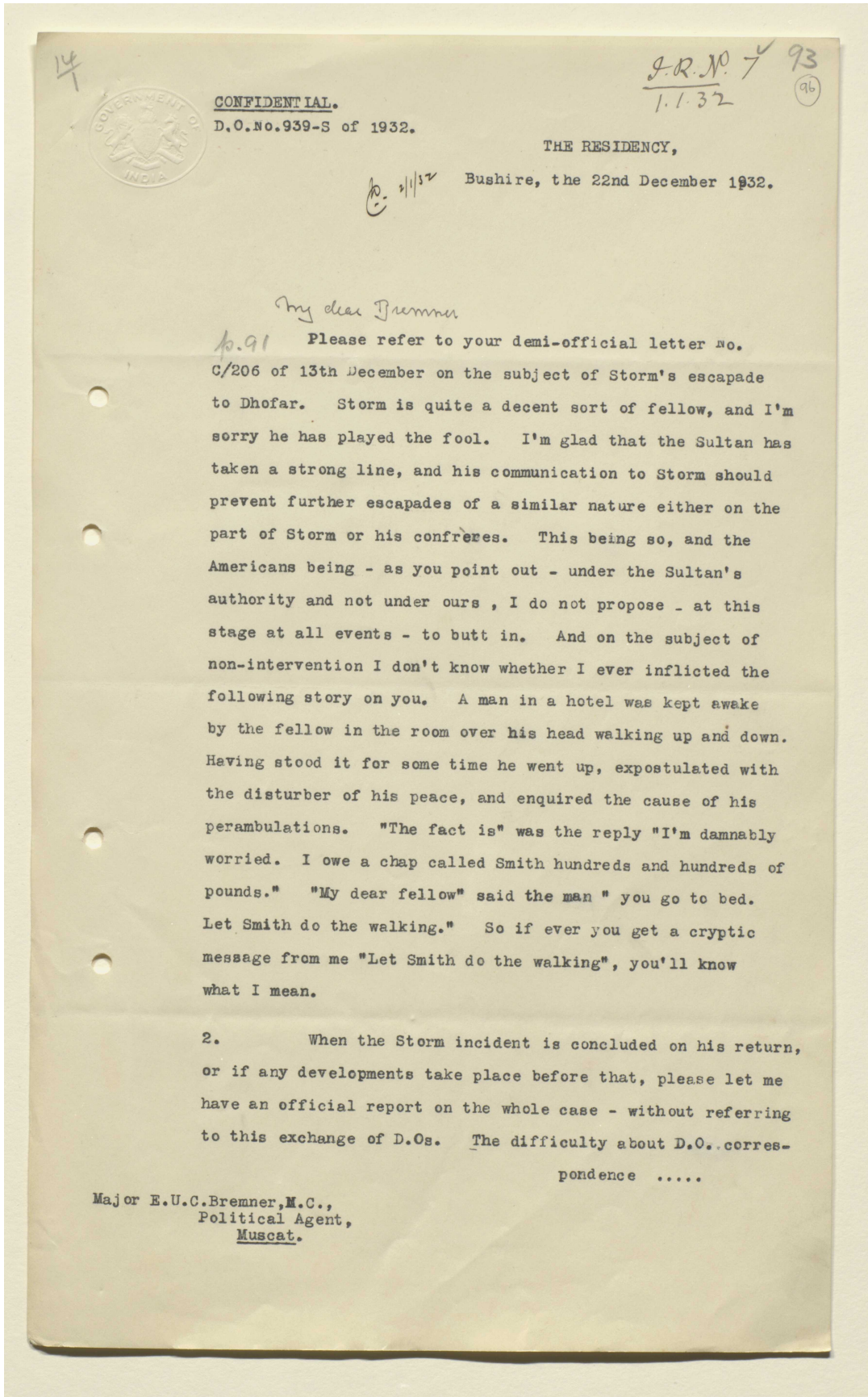
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BR

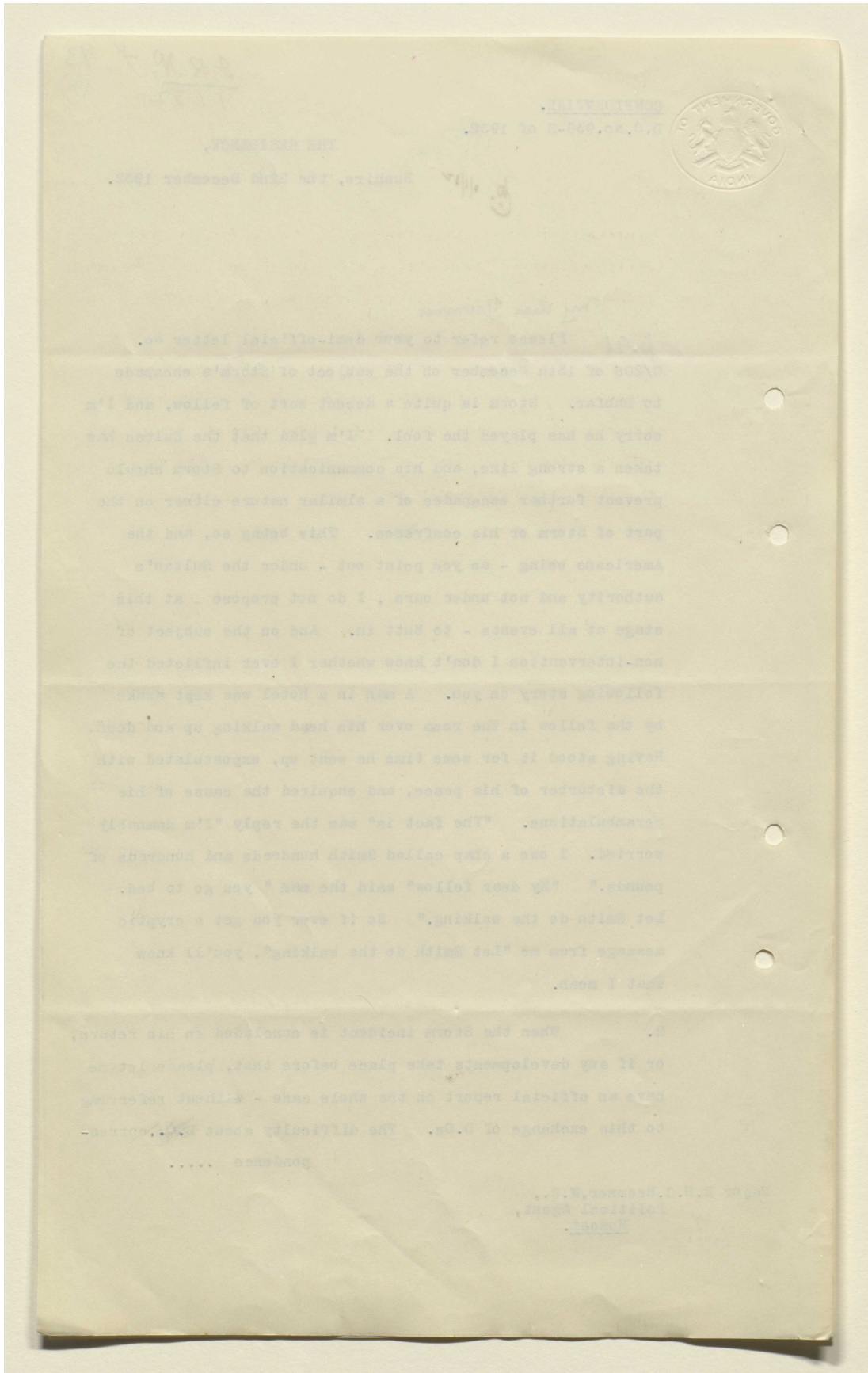
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٥ظ]
(٢١٠/١٩٠)



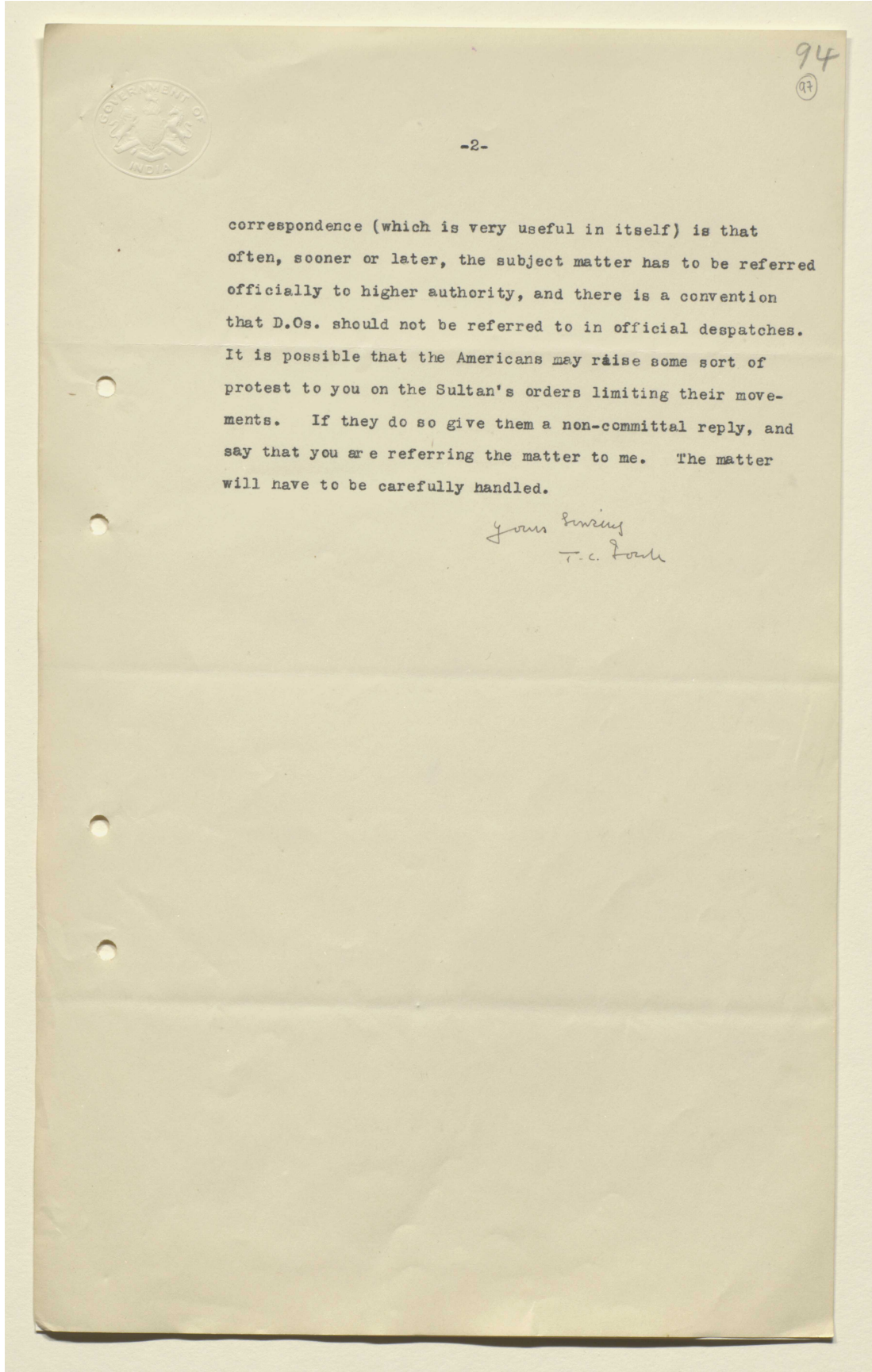
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٦٠]
(٢١٠/١٩١)



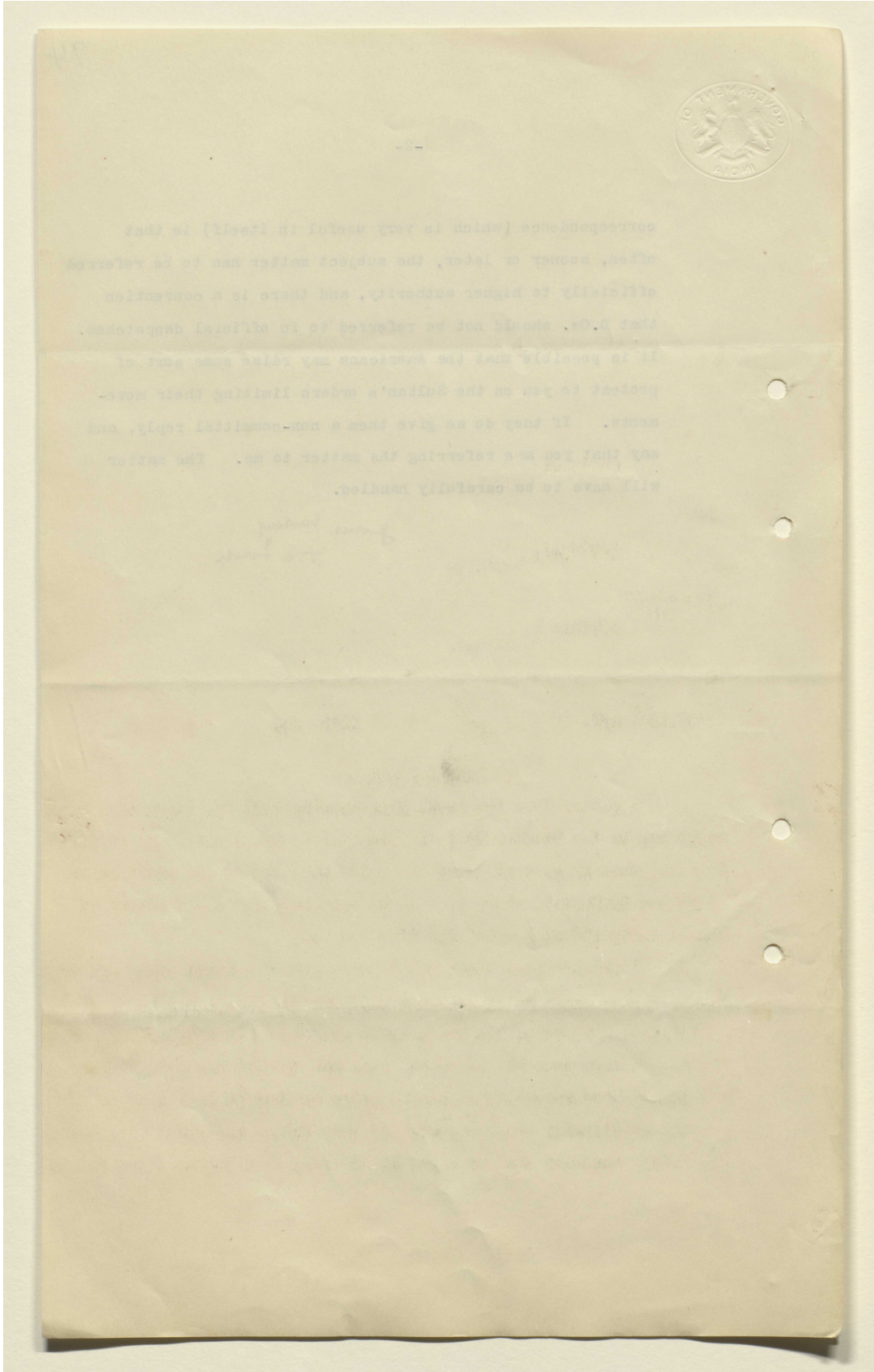
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٦ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٩٢)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٧و]
(٢١٠/١٩٣)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٧ظ]
(٢١٠/١٩٤)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٩٨٠]
(٢١٠/١٩٥)

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CONFIDENTIAL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
DEPARTMENT.

EXPRESS LETTER

[N. B.—This is an ORIGINAL MESSAGE, sent by post to save telegraphic expense and undue use of the wires, but intended to be treated, on receipt, with the same expedition as if it had been telegraphed. To save time and formalities it is worded and signed as if it had been so despatched.]

From Political, Bahrain.

To:- Resident, Bushire.

Repeated:- Political, Muscat.

No. C/544-1.a/7. Dated 24th May 1934.

Dr. W. H. Storm.

I gather from the local Missionaries that Dr. Storm is returning to the Persian Gulf "in the fall". Dr. Storm is to relieve Dr. Dame, when he goes on leave in April 1935, but in the meantime is to return to Muscat, where he will be one above the usual number of missionaries and will spend his time "on tour".

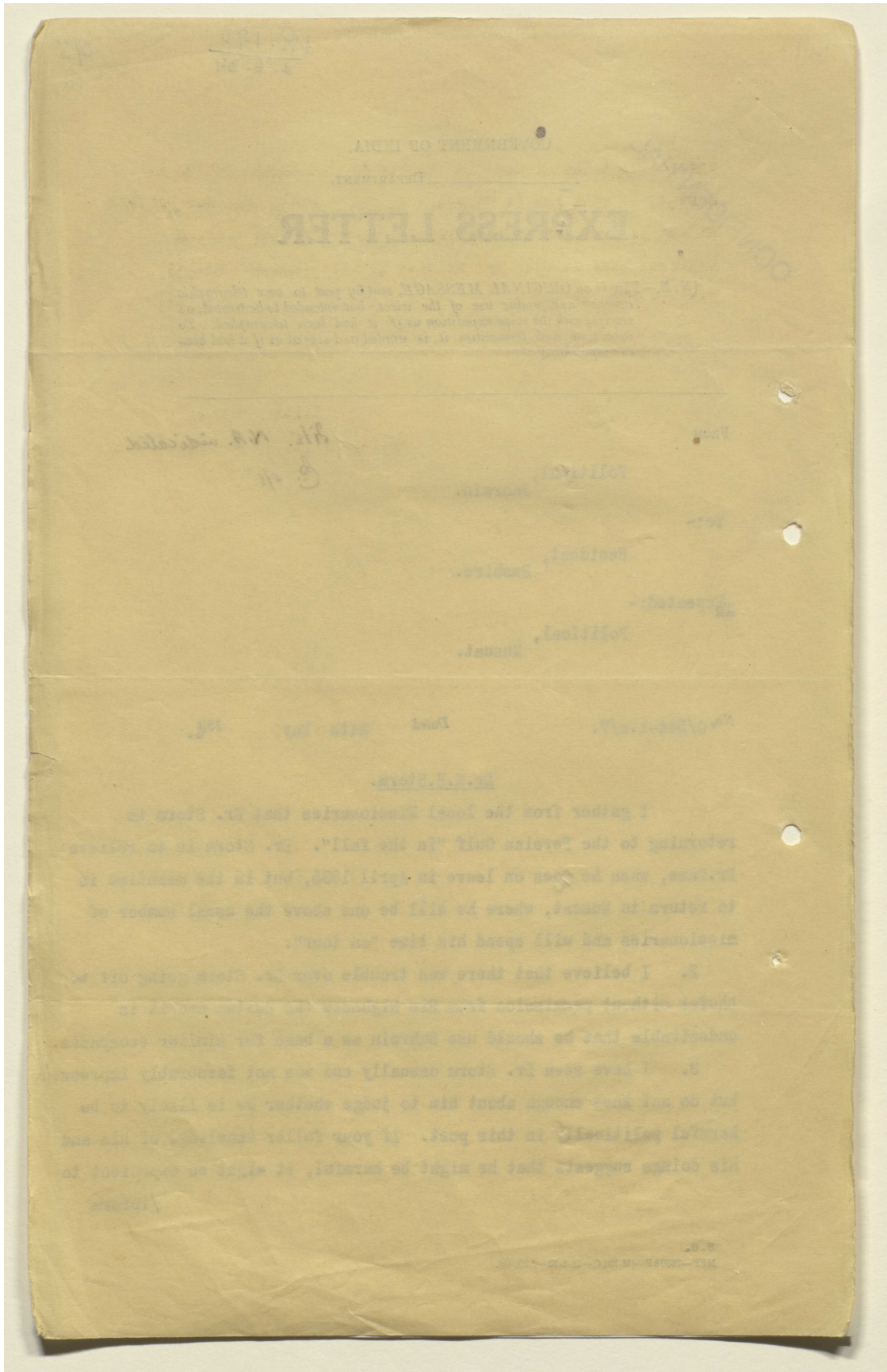
2. I believe that there was trouble over Dr. Storm going off to Dhufar without permission from His Highness the Sultan and it is undesirable that he should use Bahrain as a base for similar escapades.

3. I have seen Dr. Storm casually and was not favourably impressed, but do not know enough about him to judge whether he is likely to be harmful politically in this post. If your fuller knowledge of him and his doings suggests that he might be harmful, it might be expedient to

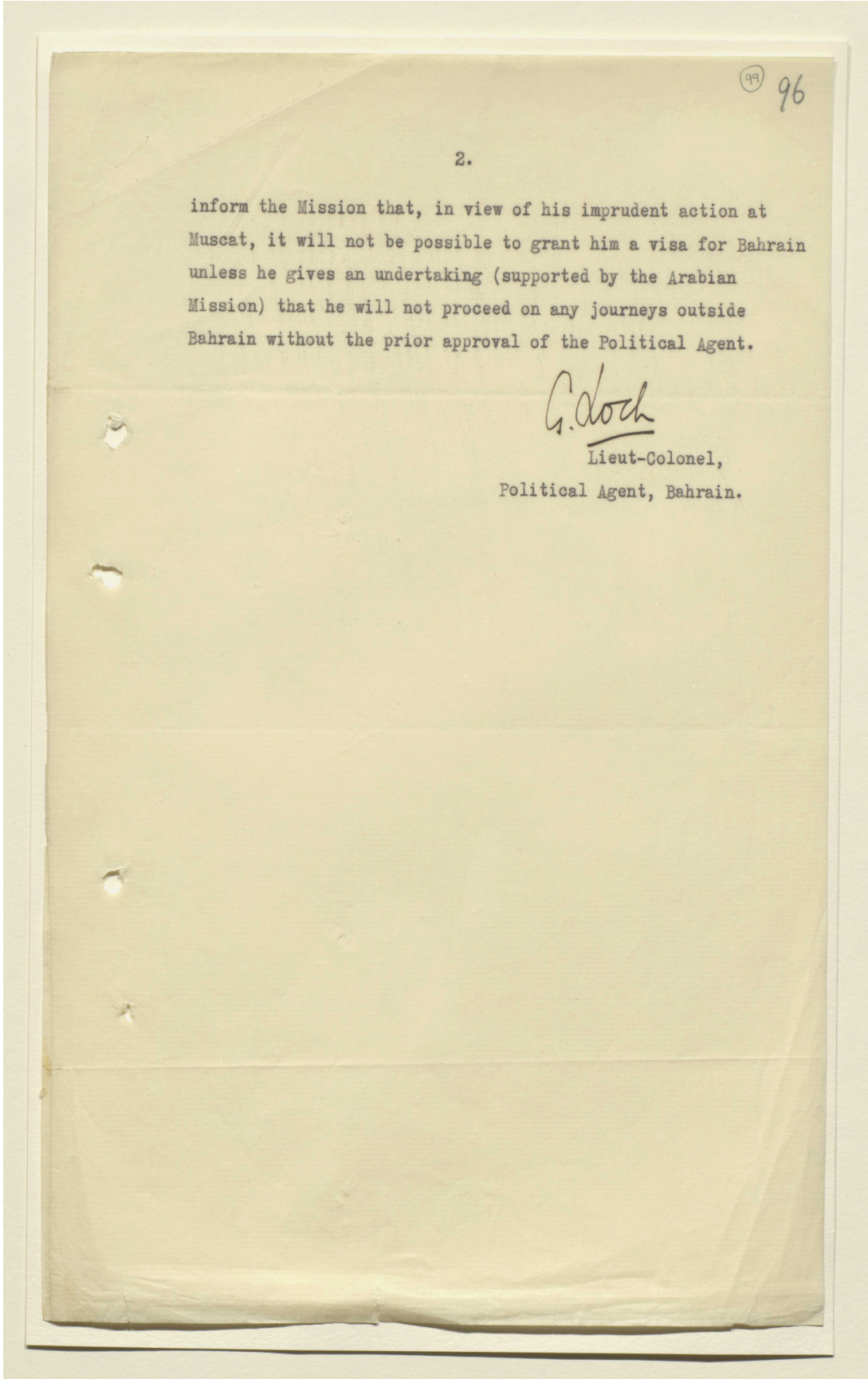
/inform

S. G.
MFP-786S&P-(M-1014)-18-8-33-2,00,000.

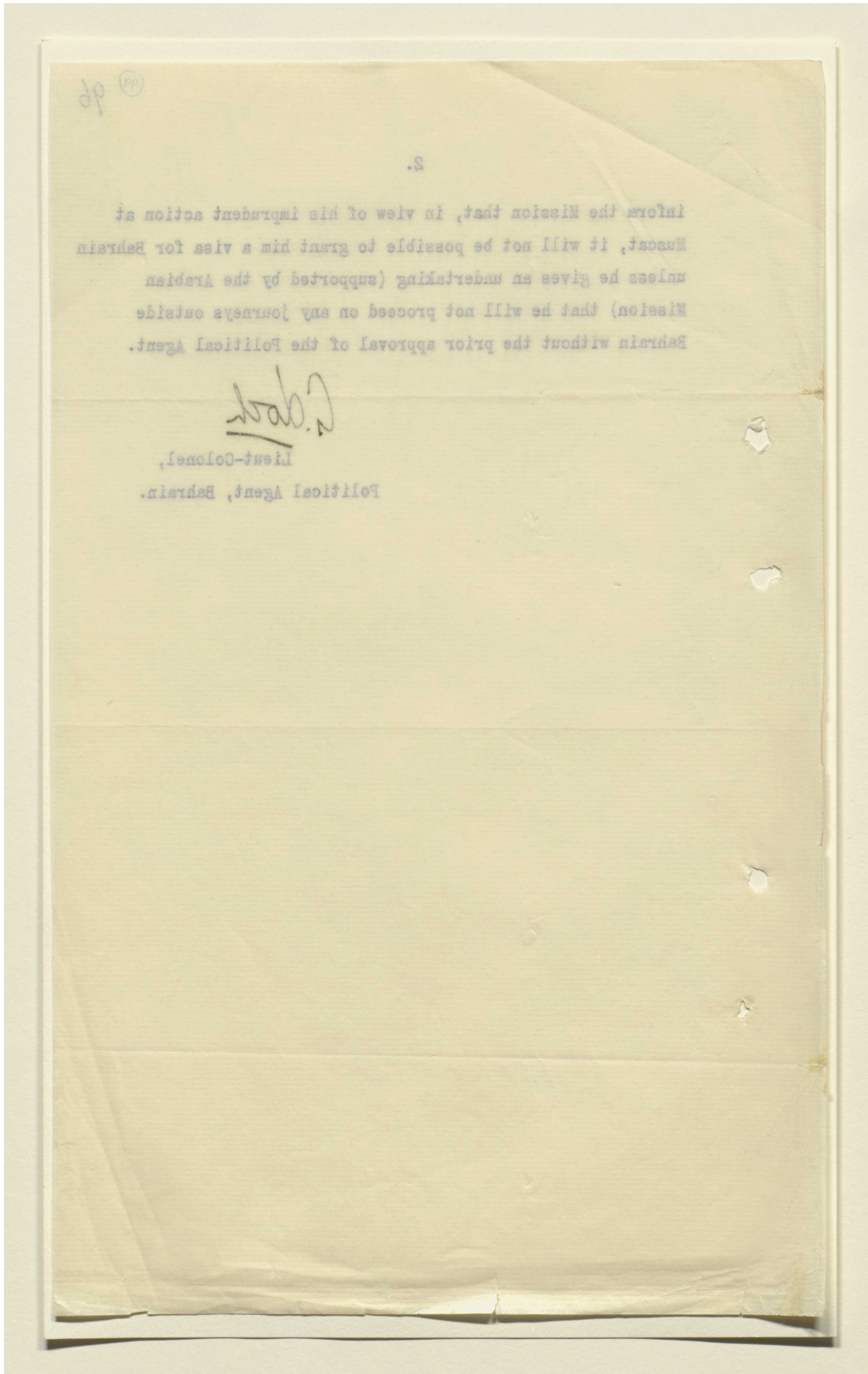
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٨ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٩٦)



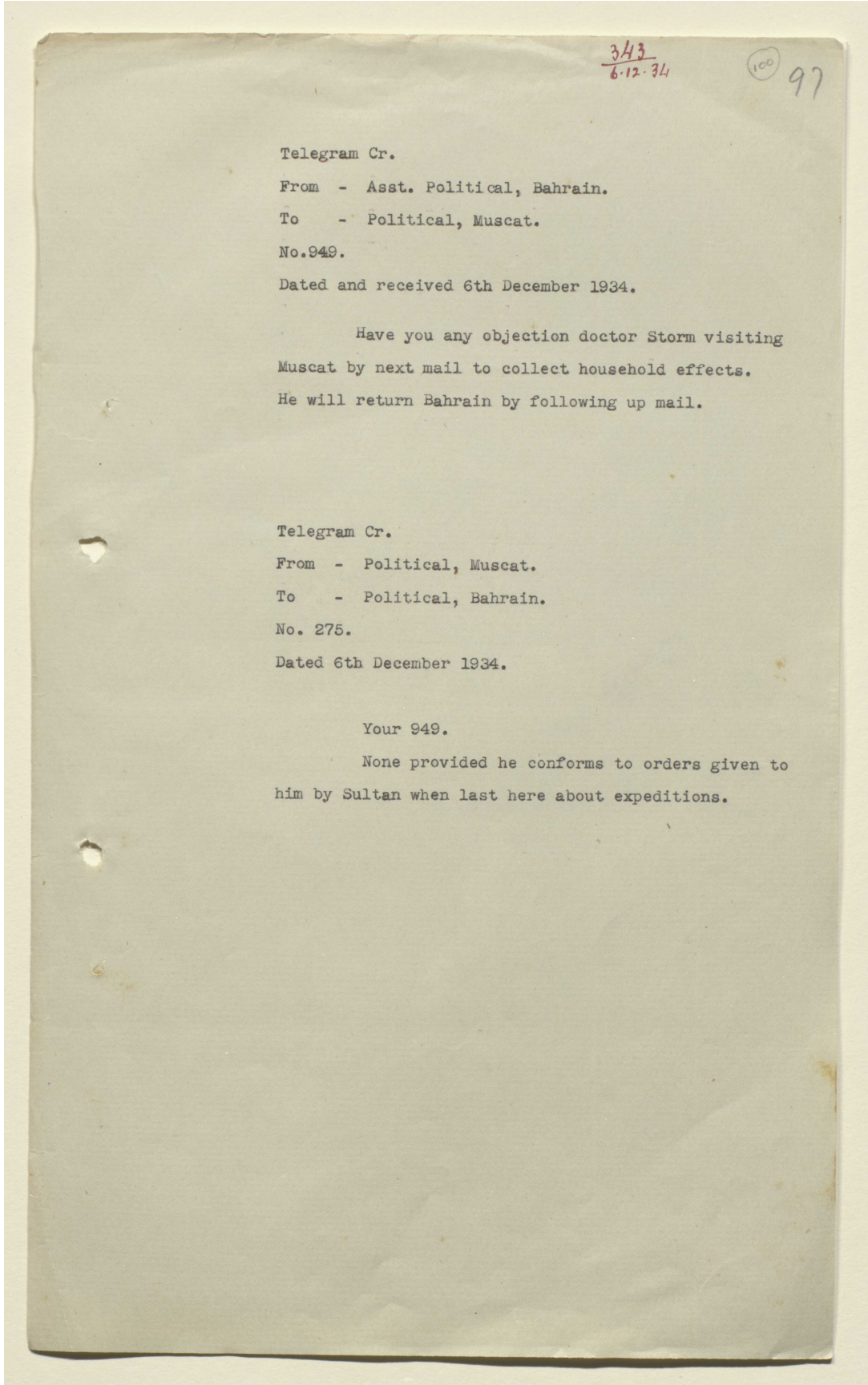
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٩ و]
(٢١٠ / ١٩٧)



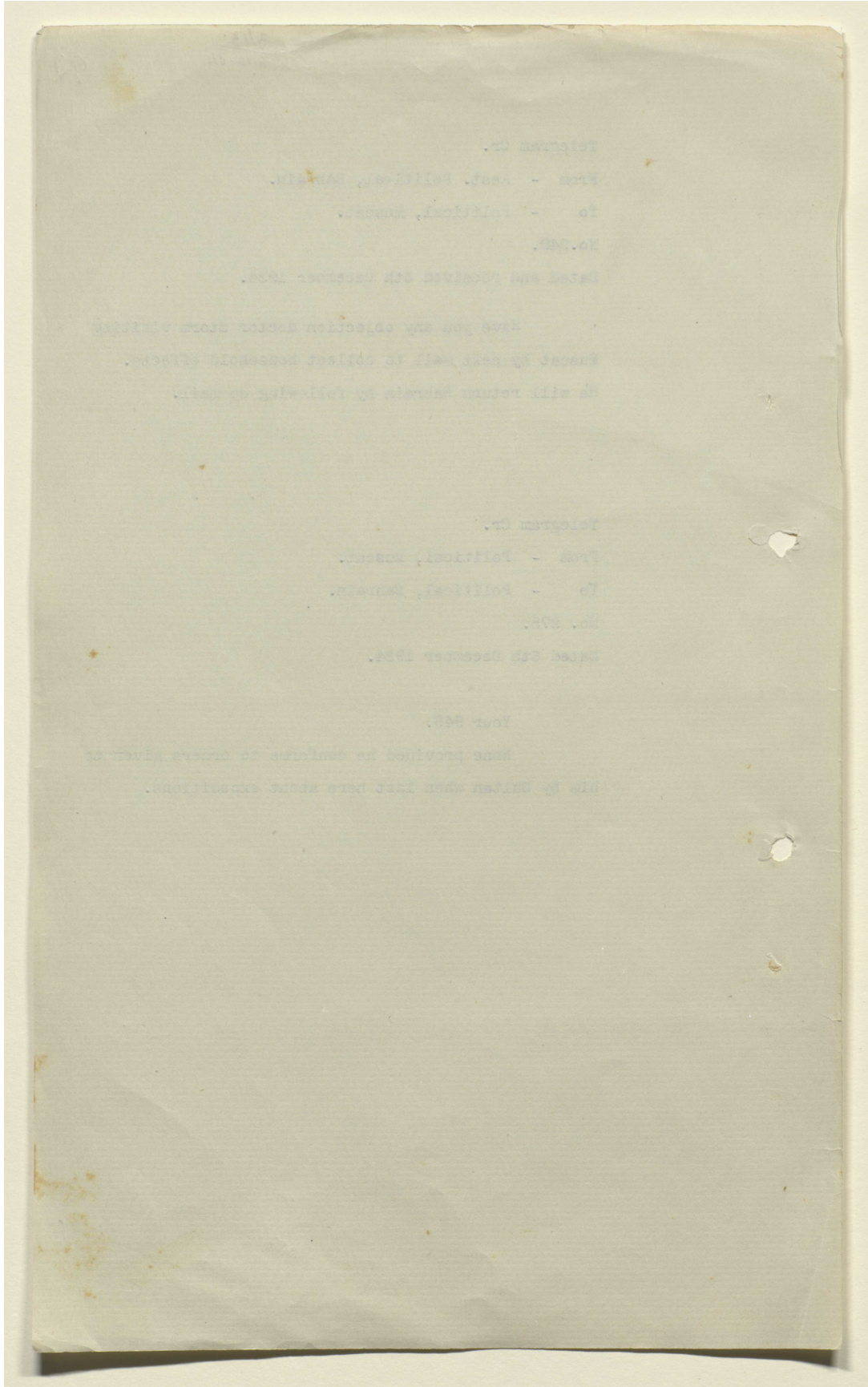
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [٩٩ ظ]
(٢١٠/١٩٨)



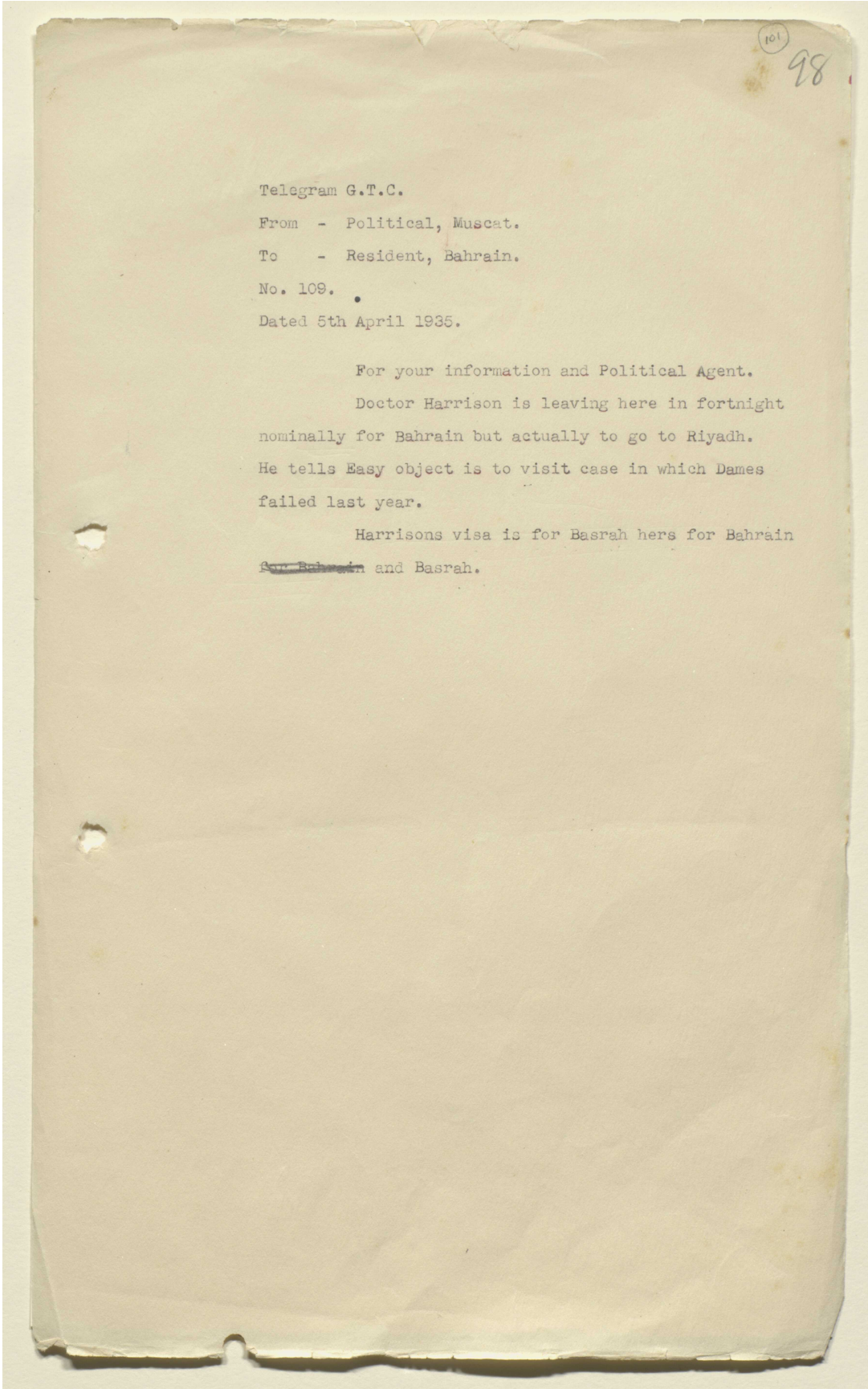
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠٠]
(٢١٠/١٩٩)



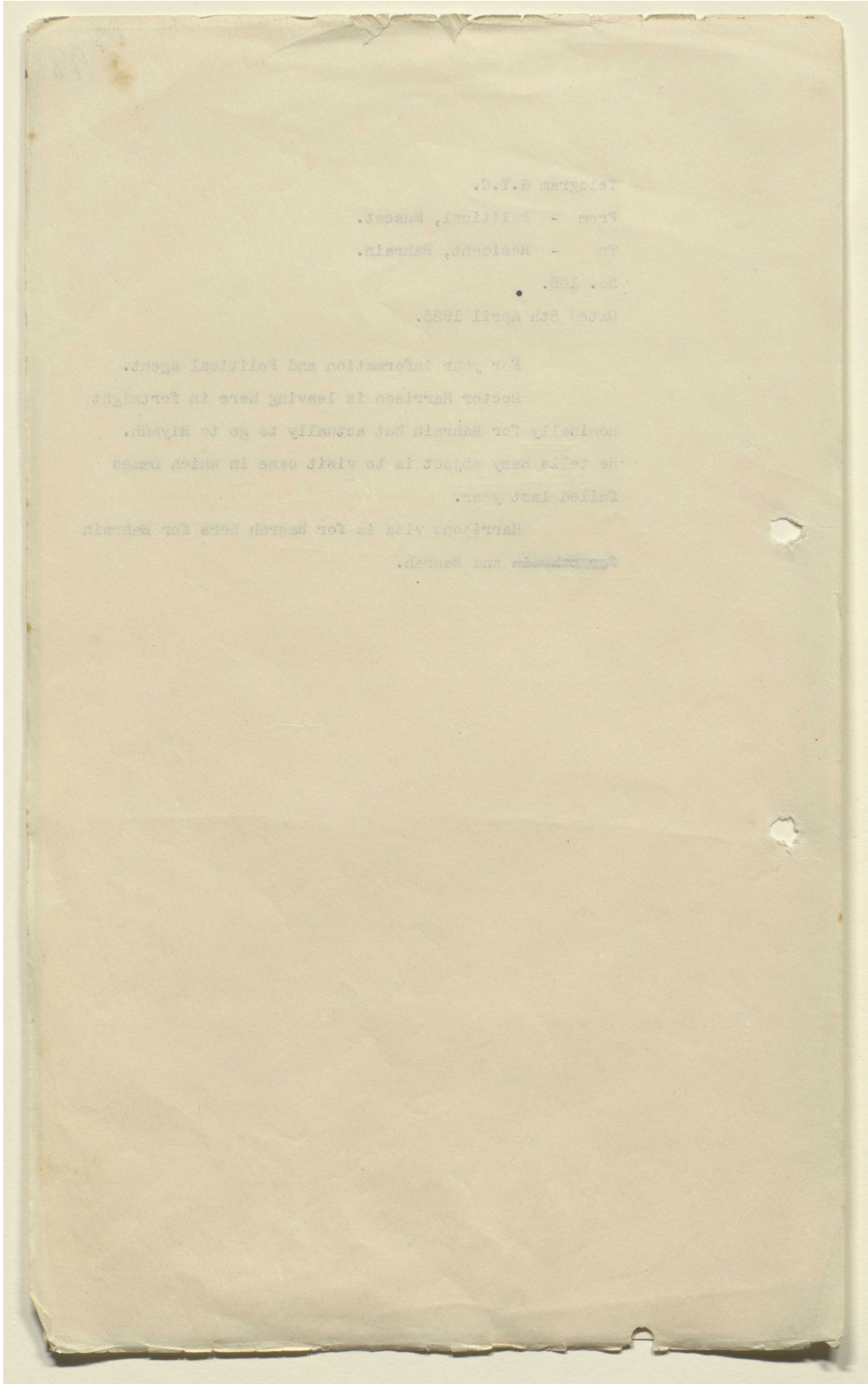
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠٠ ظ]
(٢١٠/٢٠٠)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠١ و]
(٢١٠/٢٠١)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠١ ظ]
(٢١٠/٢٠٢)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠٢]
(٢١٠/٢٠٣)

45 (102) 99

No. 1020-16/1

The Political Agent, Bahrain, presents his compliments to:—

Major C.E.U. Bremner, M.C.,
Political Agent,
Muscat,

and has the honour to send him a copy of the undermentioned document (s).


THE AGENCY,
BAHRAIN, PERSIAN GULF.

Dated.....7th June 1935.

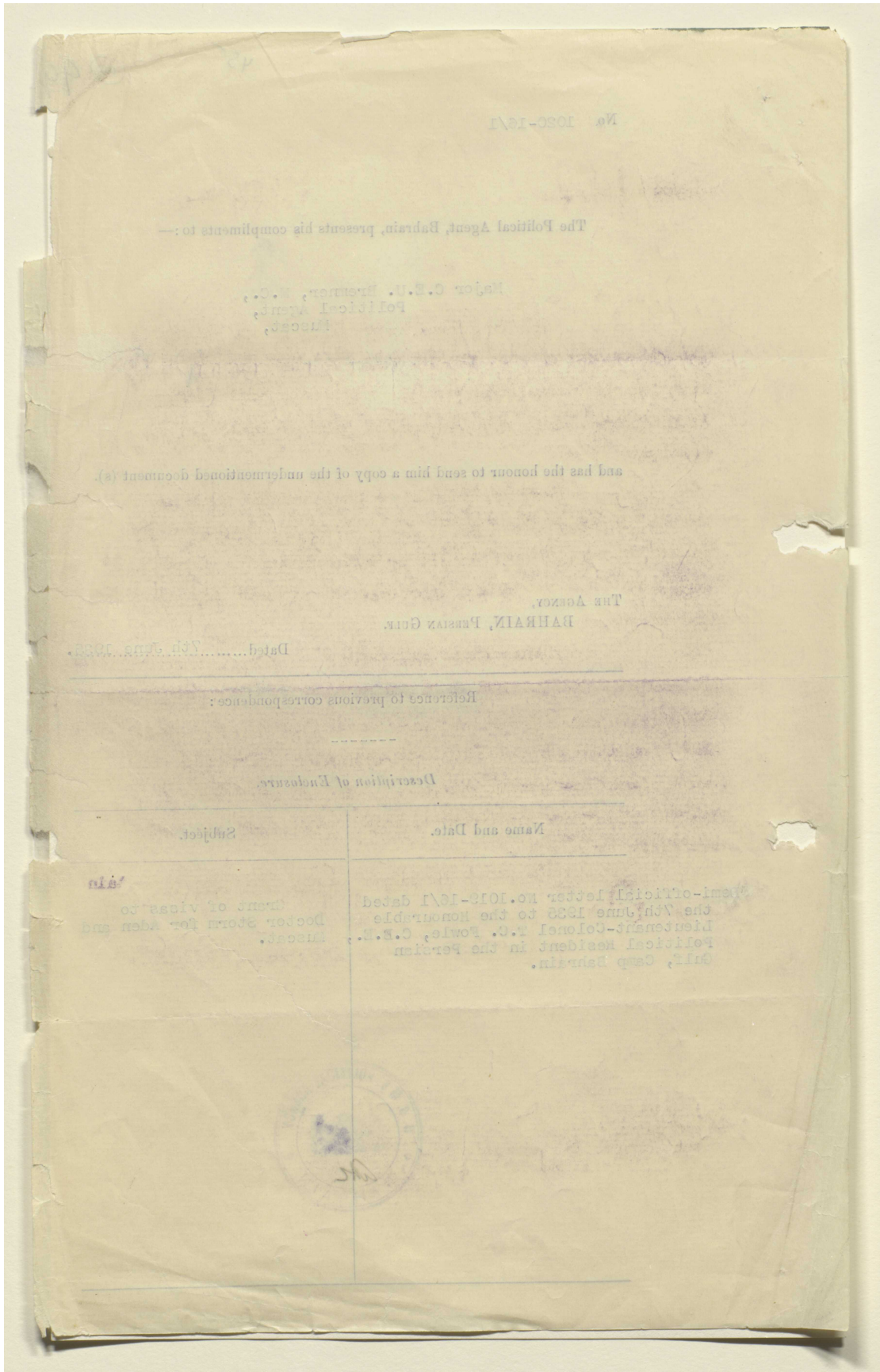
Reference to previous correspondence :

Description of Enclosure.

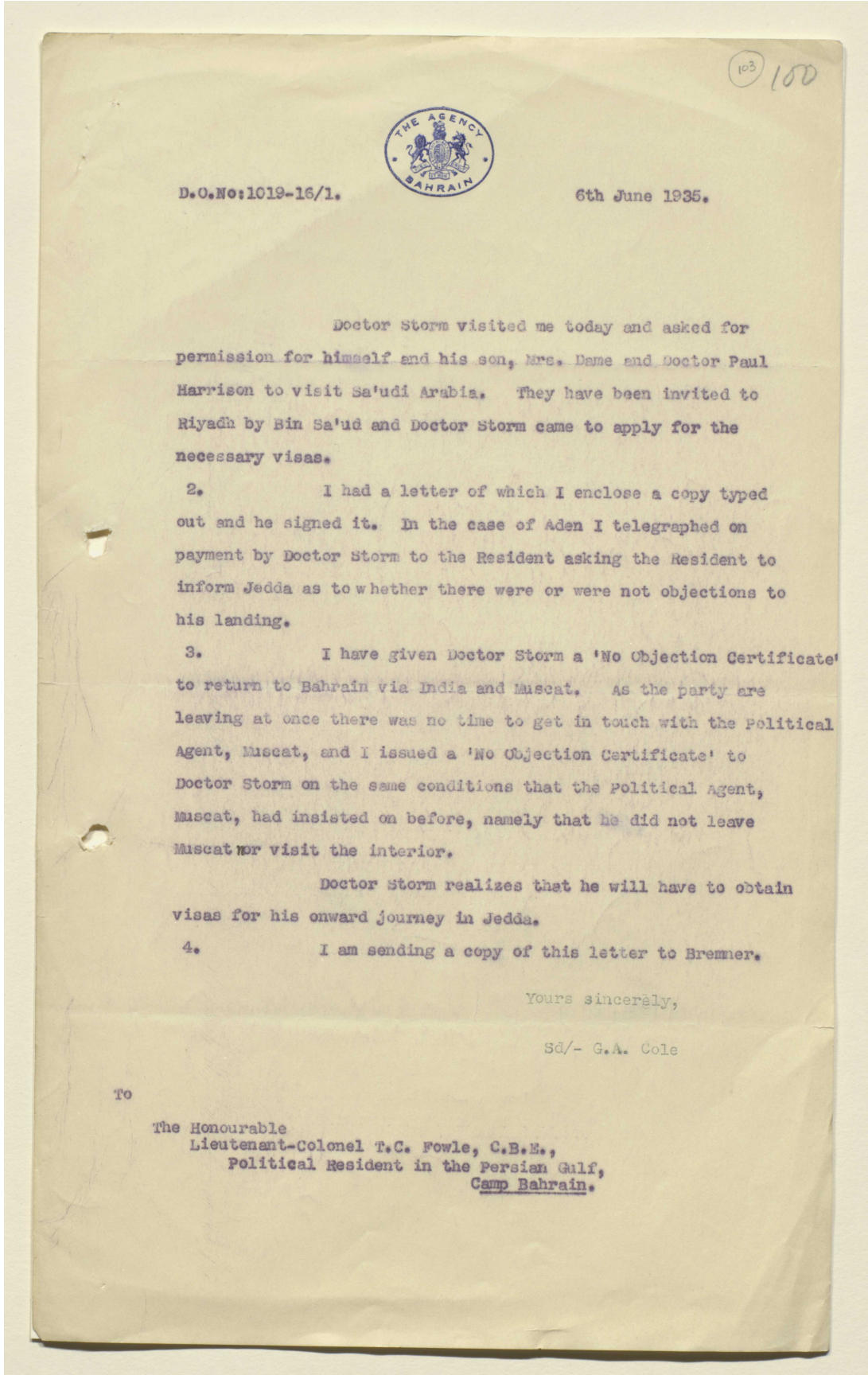
| Name and Date. | Subject. |
|--|---|
| Demi-official letter No.1019-16/1 dated the 7th June 1935 to the Honourable Lieutenant-Colonel F.C. Fowle, C.B.E., Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, Camp Bahrain. | Grant of visas to Doctor Storm for Aden and Muscat. |



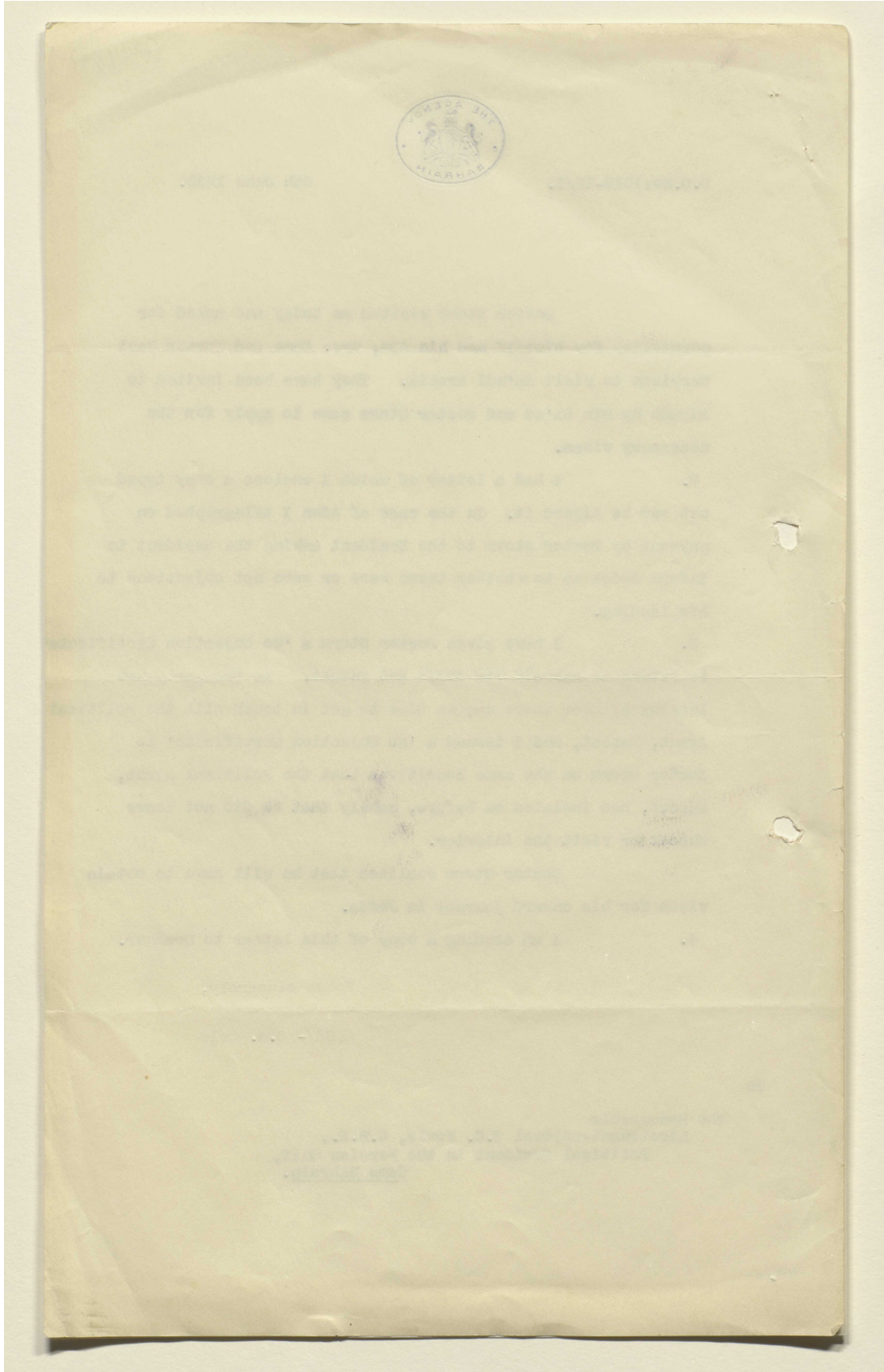
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠٢ ظ]
(٢١٠/٢٠٤)



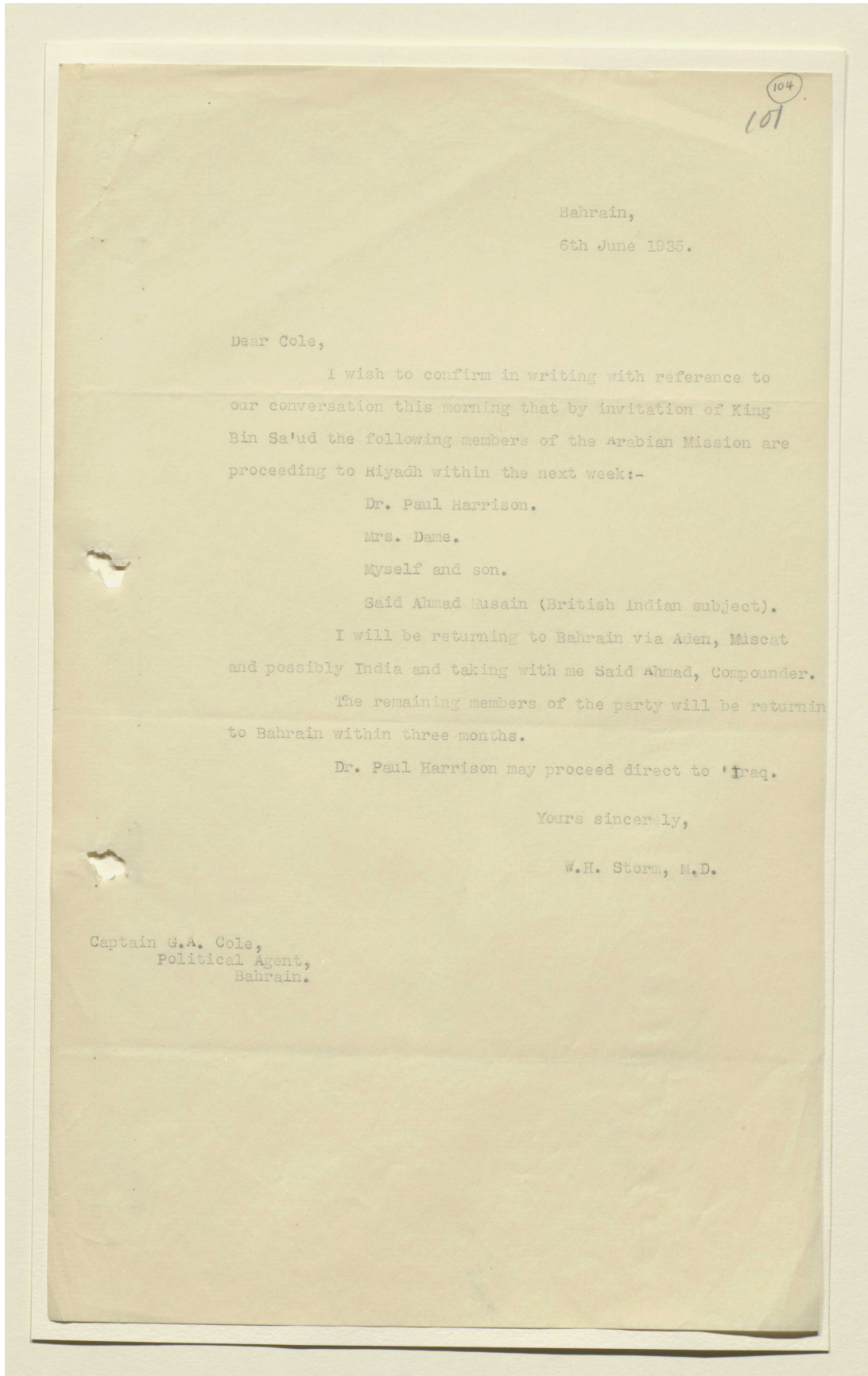
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(٢١٠/٢٠٥)



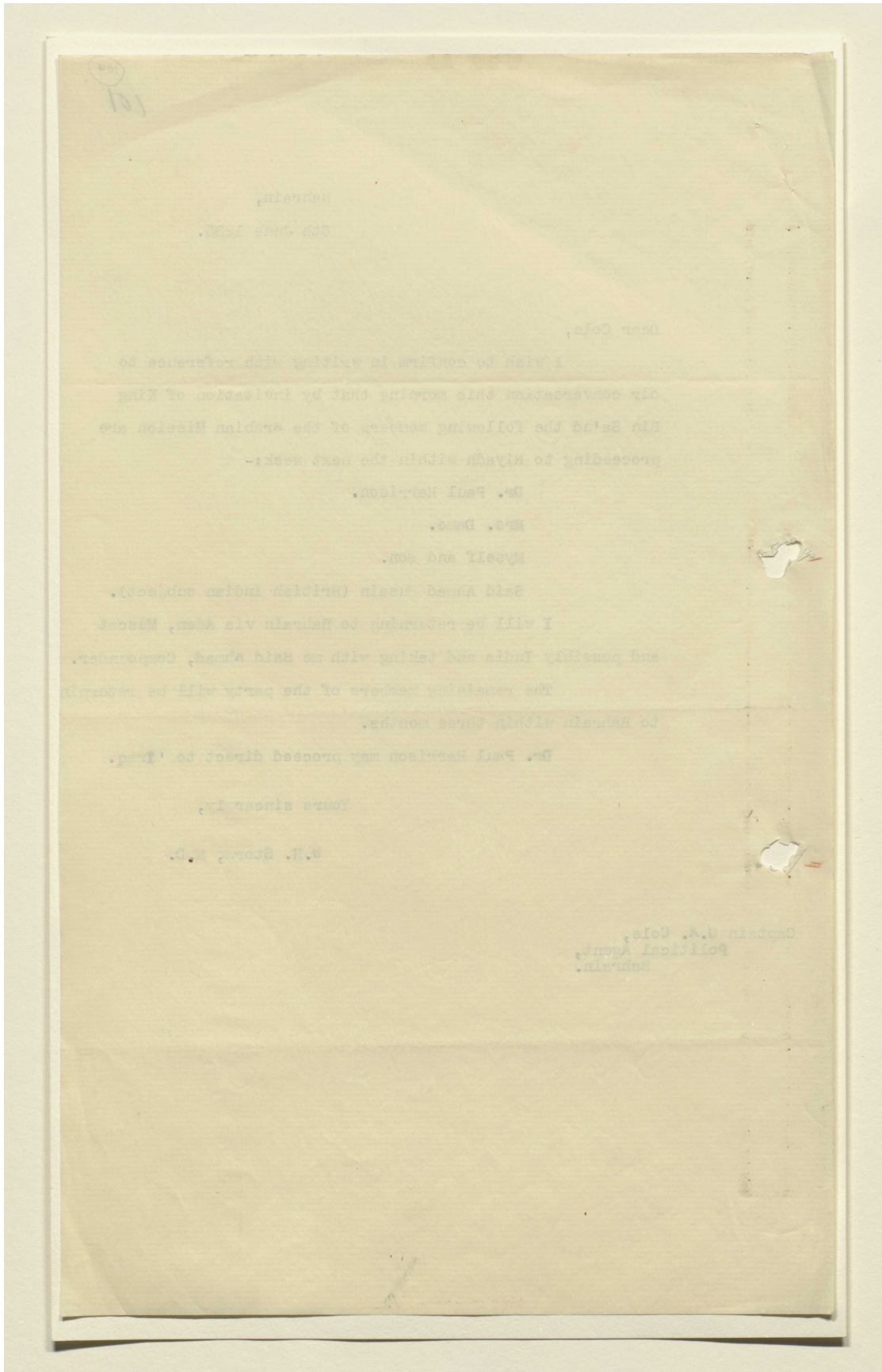
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠٣ ظ]
(٢١٠/٢٠٦)



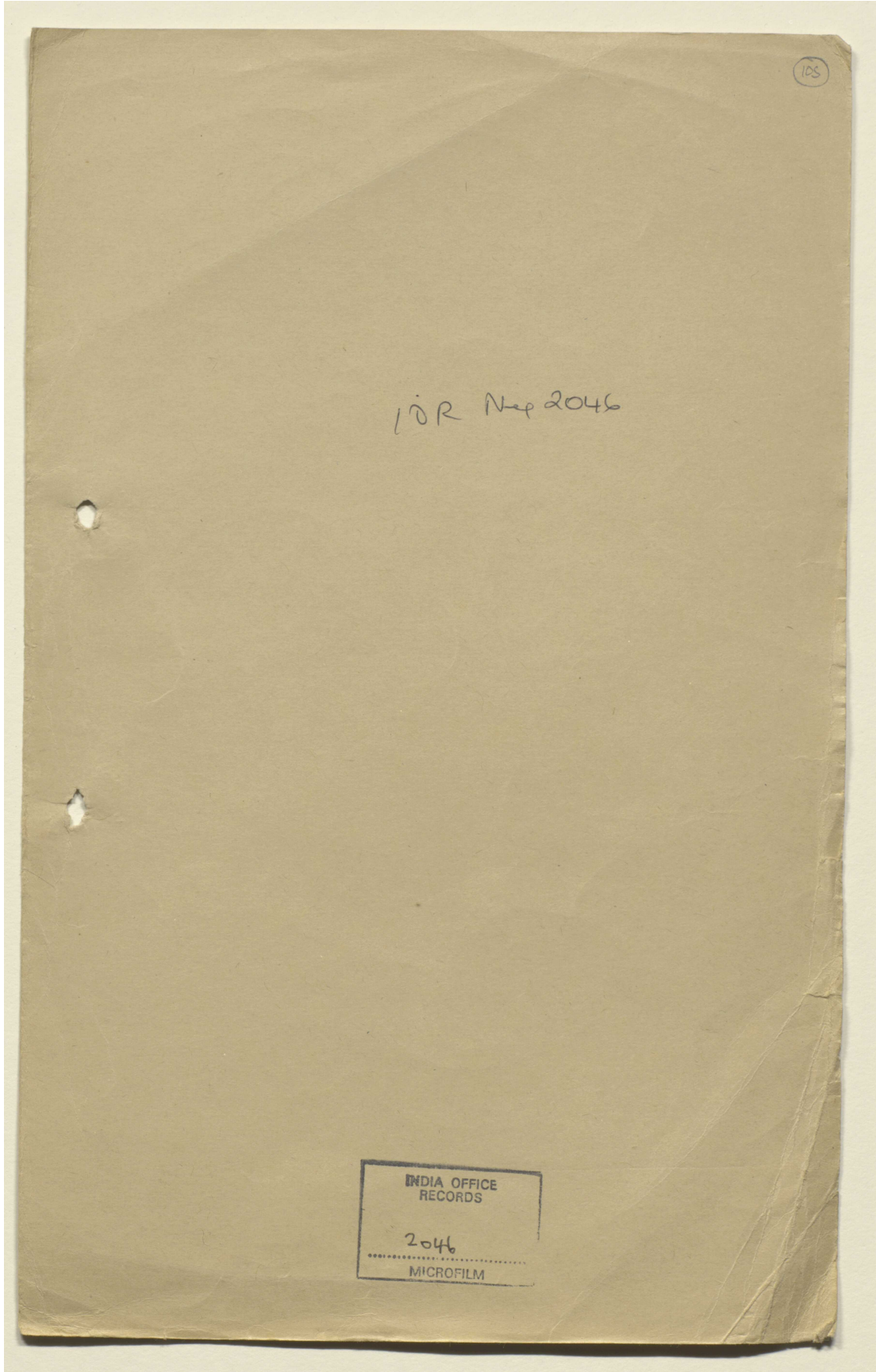
"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠٤ و]
(٢١٠/٢٠٧)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [١٠٤ ظ]
(٢١٠/٢٠٨)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [خلفي-داخلي]
(٢١٠/٢٠٩)



"ملف ١ / ٦ المصالح الأجنبية: الإرسالية الأمريكية في مسقط" [خلفي]
(٢١٠/٢١٠)

